

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.
ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.
Calcutta, the 19th March, 1894.

No. 1470-A.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

February, 1894.

[Lakhs of Rupees]

	IN FEBRUARY		TO END OF FEBRUARY		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	BUDGET, 1893-94.	ACTUAL, 1892-93.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	3.12	3.02	20.40	20.14	25.98	25.63
Opium	52	58	6.17	7.35	7.32	7.99
Salt	66	66	7.43	7.80	8.59	8.66
Stamps	37	35	4.13	4.02	4.43	4.45
Excise	39	40	4.76	4.63	5.14	5.24
Provincial Rates	30	35	3.09	3.19	3.71	3.71
Customs	22	23	1.38	1.36	1.66	1.62
Assessed Taxes	11	10	1.49	1.46	1.57	1.56
Forest (Madras and Bombay only)	7	4	47	37	54	48
Registration	3	3	38	39	43	43
Tributes from Native States	5	8	54	60	77	70
Other Civil Revenue	40	43	3.30	3.28	3.76	3.83
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT:						
GROSS	6.24	6.27	53.54	51.59	63.90	64.44
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	— 63	— 62	— 4.15	— 4.12	— 4.11	— 4.15
Opium	— 5	— 5	— 1.86	— 1.58	— 2.25	— 1.40
Other Civil Expenditure	— 1.95	— 2.00	— 20.92	— 20.56	— 25.08	— 24.57
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT:						
GROSS	— 2.63	— 2.67	— 26.93	— 26.26	— 31.44	— 30.12
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments.						
[The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.]						
Post Office (Net : + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than issues)	— 11	— 2	+ 46	+ 67	+ 87	+ 90
Forest, Marine (Net as above)	+ 1	+ 1	+ 32	+ 28	+ 24	+ 39
Guaranteed and Subsidized Railways (Net as above)	+ 44	+ 41	+ 3.93	+ 3.81	+ 4.07	+ 4.11
Do. Repayment of surplus profits, etc.	...	...	— 50	— 57	— 57	— 58
Military Receipts	+ 2	+ 12	+ 58	+ 75	+ 80	+ 1.01
Military Issues	— 1.24	— 1.29	— 13.99	— 13.60	— 15.11	— 15.15
Telegraph Receipts	+ 6	+ 6	+ 69	+ 67	+ 4	+ 70
Do. Issues	— 6	— 6	— 66	— 63	+ 4	— 72
Public Works Department—						
State Railways Receipts	+ 1.04	+ .96	+ 10.85	+ 9.70		+ 11.01
Do. Issues	— .71	— .80	— 8.34	— 8.17		— 8.81
East Indian Railway Receipts	+ 41	+ 36	+ 4.04	+ 3.94	— 7	+ 4.39
Do. Issues	— 12	— 12	— 1.50	— 1.34		— 1.67
Ordinary Branches Receipts	+ 24	+ 26	+ 2.00	+ 2.22		+ 2.59
Do. Issues	— 70	— 66	— 6.24	— 6.34		— 7.51
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	— 72	— 77	— 8.36	— 8.52	— 9.73	— 9.53
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net : + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than payments)	— 4	...	+ 2.65	+ 25	+ 3.22	+ 25
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	+ 10	— 1	— 41	+ 2	...	— 10
Exchange on Remittance Accounts	— 76	— 87	— 3.95	— 8.42	— 10.85	— 9.14
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs 10 per £	— 62	— 3	— 7.95	— 53	— 18.37	— 17.93
Other Debt heads (Net as above)	— 35	— 1.19	+ 1.16	— 14.99	+ 71	— 51
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	— 1.67	— 2.10	— 8.50	— 23.67	— 25.29	— 26.53
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	+ 1.22	+ .73	+ 9.75	— 3.86	— 2.56	— 2.00
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	23.80	12.70	15.27	17.29	15.20	17.29
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	25.02	13.43	25.02	13.43	12.64	15.37

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 22nd March 1894.

No. 1488-P.—Mr. R. E. Hamilton, Comptroller, India Treasuries, is provisionally appointed Accountant General, Punjab, with effect from such date as he may assume charge of that office.

Mr G. H. R. Hart is appointed Comptroller, India Treasuries, *vice* Mr. Hamilton.

No. 1489-P.—Mr. G. D. Pudumjee, Assistant Comptroller, Burma, is posted as Assistant Accountant General, Bengal.

Moung Hla Oung, Assistant Comptroller General in charge of Outside Audits, is posted as Assistant Comptroller, Burma.

Mr. G. C. Ray is posted as Assistant Comptroller General in charge of Outside Audits.

The 23rd March, 1894.

No. 1497-P.—The services of Mr. A. Mayne, Assistant Accountant General, Bengal, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his duties as Assistant Accountant General.

STATISTICS AND COMMERCE,
CUSTOMS.*The 24th March, 1894.*

No. 91-S.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 22 of the Sea Customs Act, VIII of 1878, and in supersession of the values entered in No. 5 of Schedule IV (Import Tariff) of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, the Governor General in Council is pleased to fix the tariff valuations of sugar as follows :—

	Per.	Tariff valuation
Sugar, China, candy	cwt.	20
" loaf	"	23
" crystallised, beet	"	14
" " and soft, from China	"	13
" " and soft, from Mauritius	"	12
" soft and raw, other than from Mauritius and China	"	10
" all other sorts, including saccharine produce of all kinds and confectionery	<i>ad valorem.</i>	

No. 1548-S.R.—In exercise of the power conferred by the Indian Tariff Act, VIII of 1894, and in supersession of the Notification in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 3493, dated the 12th August, 1893, the Governor General in Council directs that on and from the date of this Notification a duty at the rate of six annas a maund of 82½ lbs. avoirdupois shall be levied on salted fish, dry and wet, imported into any customs port from any place beyond the limits of British India.

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 23rd March, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 281.—Lieutenant C. S. D. Leslie, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, on probation, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 1st February, 1893.

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

No. 282.—*1st Lancers—*

Lieutenant W. E. G. Lillingston, officiating Squadron Officer, to be Squadron Officer, sub. *pro tem.*, *vice* Lieutenant J. L. Orr, seconded, for service with the Burma Military Police. Dated 1st February, 1894.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 283.—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India :—

Lieutenants—

Francis Beville Prideaux, Middlesex Regiment, officiating Wing Officer, 31st (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—16th September, 1892.

John Charles Massy Wheeler, Derbyshire Regiment, officiating Wing Officer, 28th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—14th August, 1892.

William Bradley Hickie, Liverpool Regiment, Officiating Wing Officer, 28th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—22nd September, 1892.

No. 284.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, Second-Lieutenant John Savile Bogle, Unattached List, attached to the (The Queen's Own) Corps of Guides, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the 2nd March, 1894, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 285.—The undermentioned officers appointed to the Unattached List of the British Army for service in the Indian Staff Corps, are posted as follows, with effect from the date of their arrival in India :—

*Bengal.**Second-Lieutenants—*

H. LeM. Fellowes.
F. S. Keen.
A. H. Babington.
B. D. Fitzpatrick.

*Madras.**Second-Lieutenants—*

H. M. Moore.
T. E. M. Lane.

*Bombay.**Second-Lieutenants—*

M. H. Anderson.
H. S. Strong.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 286.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India :—

Colonel C. L. Prendergast, General List, Infantry, Commandant, 28th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, (p. a.) for one year, under rule IX of the regulations of 1868.

Captain H. G. Burton, Indian Staff Corps, 4th Regiment of Sikh Infantry, Commandant, Military Police, Burma (p. a.), for one year, under rule I of the regulations of 1875.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel R. L. Dutt, M.D., Civil Surgeon, Hooghly, (p. a.) for eight months, under rule IX of the regulations of 1868.

No. 287.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India, on private affairs, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty :—

Lieutenant-Colonel A. J. Brander, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Commander and 2nd-in-Command, 19th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for one year. Pension service—27th year commenced 6th November, 1893.

Major R. F. Trotter, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander, 17th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, for one year. Pension service—25th year commenced 8th December, 1893.

Captain F. Hawkins, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Commander and 2nd-in-Command, 1st Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for one year. Pension service—20th year commenced 21st September, 1893.

Captain F. H. Hancock, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Commander, 26th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for one year. Pension service—16th year commenced 22nd January, 1894.

Captain T. H. Smith, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander, 12th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, for one year. Pension service—15th year commenced 31st January, 1894.

Lieutenant A. Grant, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment, for one year. Pension service—9th year commenced 29th May, 1893.

Lieutenant T. S. Barton, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 3rd Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, for one year. Pension service—8th year commenced 5th February, 1894.

Surgeon-Major W. A. Mawson, 11th (Prince of Wales' Own) Regiment of Bengal Lancers, for one year. Pension service—18th year commenced 14th July, 1893.

Surgeon-Captain R. J. Marks, 14th Regiment of Bengal Lancers, for one year. Pension service—7th year commenced 4th July, 1893.

No. 288.—The undermentioned Warrant Officers are granted leave to proceed out of India, on medical certificate, under Article 934, Army Regulations, India, Vol. I, Part I; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India :—

Sub-Conductor E. Stewart, Assistant Barrack

Master, Military Works Department, for one year.

Conductor W. Devine, Ordnance Department, for one year.

No. 289.—Lieutenant C. A. Edwards, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Quartermaster, 35th (Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, is granted one year's (p. a.) leave out of India, in extension of the leave granted to him in G. G. O. No. 220, dated 10th March, 1893.

No. 290.—Mr. G. A. Boswell, Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, Military Accounts Department, is granted furlough out of India for eight months from date of departure in April, under article 371, Civil Service Regulations.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 291.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

"*London Gazette*," dated the 23rd February 1894, pages 1160 and 1161.

INDIA OFFICE,

23rd February, 1894.

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps, and admissions to the Staff Corps, made by the Governments in India :—

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Major Ernle Edmund Money. Dated 18th December, 1893.

Major Benjamin Horatio Pollard. Dated 25th December, 1893.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Walter Binny Douglas, from the Gloucestershire Regiment. Dated 4th May, 1892, but to rank from 1st October, 1890.

Lieutenant George William Maxwell West, from the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers. Dated 5th May, 1892, but to rank from 5th February, 1891.

Lieutenant Herbert Campbell Holman, from the Devonshire Regiment. Dated 3rd May, 1892, but to rank from 25th March, 1891.

Lieutenant Stewart William King, from the East Lancashire Regiment. Dated 3rd April, 1892, but to rank from 23rd May, 1891.

Second-Lieutenant Bernhard Oswald Roe, from the Connaught Rangers. Dated 20th October, 1891.

Lieutenant Arthur Kennedy Rawlins, from the East Surrey Regiment. Dated 19th May, 1892, but to rank from 15th December, 1891.

Second-Lieutenant Gronow John Davis, from the Scottish Rifles. Dated 15th February, 1892.

Lieutenant Cyril Bertram Byers, from the Lincolnshire Regiment. Dated 30th March, 1892, but to rank from 2nd March, 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Francis Herbert Goldthorp, from the Norfolk Regiment. Dated 4th March, 1892.

Lieutenant Herbert Cheselden Wooldridge, from the Worcestershire Regiment. Dated 6th April, 1892, but to rank from 9th March, 1892.

Lieutenant Fleetwood George Campbell Ross, from the Wiltshire Regiment. Dated 9th April, 1892, but to rank from 14th March, 1892.

Second-Lieutenant William Best Greig, from the North Lancashire Regiment. Dated 16th March, 1892.

Lieutenant Francis Spring Walker, from the Royal Munster Fusiliers. Dated 11th April, 1892, but to rank from 1st April, 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Charles Mackenzie, from the Bedfordshire Regiment. Dated 5th April, 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Arthur Seymour Holland Teed, from the Liverpool Regiment. Dated 13th September, 1892.

BENGAL SUBORDINATE MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

To be Senior Apothecary. Second Grade, ranking as Honorary Lieutenant.

Apothecary, first grade, Edward Swainson. Dated 29th August, 1893.

The Queen has also approved of the retirement from the service of the undermentioned officers:—

BENGAL INFANTRY.

Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Millett Forbes. Dated 30th November, 1893.

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ERRATUM.

The Christian names of Captain Pelly, Indian Staff Corps, whose resignation of the service was notified in the *London Gazette* of the 23rd January, 1894, should have been given as *Saville Herbert*.

"*London Gazette*," dated the 27th February, 1894, page 1226.

WAR OFFICE, PALL MALL,
27th February, 1894.

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MEMORANDA.

* * * *

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Thomas Jameson, Bengal Establishment, is granted the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 25th November, 1893.

Deputy Assistant Commissary Charles Powis, Bengal Establishment, is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 25th November, 1893.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Colonel Charles Hallyburton Grace is transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 15th February, 1894.

INDIAN ARMY.

Colonel William Henry Beckett, Bengal Infantry, is transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 18th February, 1894.

PENSIONS.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 292.—First grade Assistant Apothecary John Charles Raddick, Subordinate Medical Department, is transferred to the pension establishment.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 293.—The following promotion is made subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

To be Captain.

Lieutenant Frank Rowley Metcalfe Charles De Rittich Mauduit, 21st March, 1894.

COLONEL'S ALLOWANCE.

No. 294.—Colonel Edward Cunningham, Indian Staff Corps, is admitted to the Colonel's allowance, with effect from the 20th March, 1894.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE

No. 295.—6th Regiment of Punjab Infantry—

Subadar Jalabuddin to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Ghulam Rasul to be Subadar, and Havildar Ditta Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Mowaz Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st January, 1894.

Jemadar Dayal Singh to be Subadar, and Havildar Jaimal Singh, to be Jemadar, *vice* Ganga Singh, deceased, with effect from the 13th February, 1894.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 296.—Rangoon Volunteer Engineers—
Surgeon-Lieutenant J. R. Home-Ross resigns his commission.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 15.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 60, dated the 13th October 1893, Mr. A. P. Robinson has been appointed a Sub-Lieutenant in the Royal Indian Marine by the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 16th January, 1894, *vice* Mr. A. G. Craighead.

LEAVE.

No. 16.—The undermentioned officer has been granted leave in or out of India, on private affairs, under the leave rules contained in Marine Circular No. 7, dated the 26th April, 1892, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:—

Chief Engineer W. A. Collins, Royal Indian Marine, for six months.

No. 17.—The undermentioned officer has been granted leave in India, on private affairs, under the leave rules contained in Marine Circular No. 7, dated the 26th April, 1892, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:—

Assistant Engineer V. A. Brown, Royal Indian Marine, for six months.

No. 18.—In Marine G. G. O. No. 10 of 16th February, 1894, for Lieutenant T. J. Walker, read Sub-Lieutenant A. R. S. Warden.

E. H. H. COLLEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 23rd March, 1894.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the under-mentioned Commissioned Officer, on the date specified, was received in the Military Department between the 24th February and the 23rd March, 1894:—

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
2nd Battalion, King's Own Scottish Borderers.	2nd Lieutenant P. H. Oakes.	4th March, 1894.	Rawal Pindi.		

E. H. H. COLLEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 19th March, 1894.

No. 134.—Mr. D. F. Hogarth, Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, temporary rank, State Railways, is permitted, at his own request, to retire from the service of Government, under Article 712 (c) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the forenoon of the 19th March, 1894.

The 20th March, 1894.

No. 135.—In supersession of Public Works Department Notification No. 123, dated the

13th March, 1894, Mr. F. G. Heaven, Officiating Government Examiner of Accounts, Bengal and North-Western Railway Company, is granted furlough out of India for one year and five months, under Article 340 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 136.—Mr. M. H. Gaynor, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, attached to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is transferred to the office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Burma.

No. 137.—Mr. F. W. Eicke, Examiner of Public Works Accounts, employed as Senior Deputy in the office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Rangoon, is transferred at the end of his privilege leave, in the same capacity, to the office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Madras.

No. 138.—The following is published for general information:—

No. 0042 R. T.

GOVT. OF INDIA, PUBLIC WORKS DEPT.—RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

Calcutta, the 19th March 1894.

General Rules for working railways open for traffic.

Read—

Sections 8 and 47 of the Indian Railways Acts of 1879 and 1890, respectively.

Public Works Department notification No. 299, dated the 13th September 1880, publishing the General Rules for all railways in India, and Government of India circular No. 17 Railway, dated the 21st August 1880, promulgating those General Rules.

Government of India resolution No. 467 R. T., dated the 15th August 1890, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 28th August 1890, under Public Works Department notification No. 361, dated the 28th August 1890.

Endorsement by the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Lucknow, No. 421, dated the 3rd March 1894, forwarding letter from the Agent of the Bengal and North Western and Tirhoot railways, No. 1120, dated the 26th February 1894.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Agent of the Bengal and North Western and Tirhoot railways has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in India, which have been published under Public Works Department notification No. 299, dated the 13th September 1880,—*vide the Gazette of India* of the 18th September 1880—as modified by Government of India resolution No. 467 R.T., dated the 15th August 1890, which was published under Public Works Department notification No. 361, dated the 28th August 1890,—*vide the Gazette of India* of the 28th August 1890,—may be made applicable to that portion of the Bengal and North Western railway which is situate between the Gogra Ghât station of that railway and the Bahramghât station of the Oudh and Rohilkhand railway, from the date on which it may be opened for the public carriage of passengers, animals, or goods.

RESOLUTION.—With the exception of rules 385, 386 and 387 which refer to the working of a single line of railway on the system termed "Train Despatching" in rule 3 of the said rules, the Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules for Indian railways, with the modifications cited in the foregoing observations, to that portion of the Bengal and North Western railway which is situate between the Gogra Ghât station of that railway and the Bahramghât station of the Oudh and Rohilkhand railway.

ORDER.—Ordered that the General Rules, with the modifications cited in the foregoing observations, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 18th September 1880 and the 28th August 1890, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection, free of any charge, in the office of the station master of every station on the said railway.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Lucknow, for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

No. 139.—The Governor General in Council is pleased, under section 16 (1) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890, to sanction the use of locomotive engines, and of rolling stock to be drawn or propelled thereby, on that portion of the Bengal and North Western Railway which is situated between the Gogra Ghât station of that Railway and the Bahram Ghât station of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

No. 140.—With reference to Public Works Department Code, Volume I, chapter II, paragraph 65, Mr. Harold Mackenzie Cortlandt Trotter is appointed to the Superior Accounts Branch in the rank of Deputy Examiner, class II, temporary, on probation, and is posted to the office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.

No. 141.—The undermentioned officers of the Subordinate Revenue Establishment of State Railways, lent to the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company, are appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as Assistant Engineers, 3rd grade, supernumerary, on the State Railway List:—

Mr. J. Harkness.

„ H. G. Arnott.

The 22nd March, 1894.

No. 142.—During the absence of the Governor General in Council from Calcutta, Mr. G. W. Forrest, the officer in charge of the Records of the Government of India, and *ex-officio* Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, will have charge of that portion of the Public Works Department of the Government of India which is left in Calcutta.

No. 143.—The following reversions are ordered in the Accounts Branch:—

Names.	From	To	With effect from
Quinlan, F. P.	Examiner, 1st class, temporary.	Examiner, 2nd class.	8th March, 1894.
Stuart, H.	Examiner, 2nd class, temporary.	Examiner, 3rd class.	Ditto.
Sherlock-Hubbard, I. S.	Examiner, 3rd class, temporary.	Examiner, 4th class, 1st grade.	Ditto.
Wolfe, G. C.	Examiner, 4th class, 3rd grade, temporary.	Deputy Examiner, 1st grade.	Ditto.

No. 144.—Mr. A. J. Oldham, Executive Engineer, 1st grade, State Railways, is granted furlough for one year six months and twenty-six days, under Article 340 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 145.—The following are published for general information :—

No. 0043 R. T.

GOVT. OF INDIA, PUBLIC WORKS DEPT.—RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

Calcutta, the 20th March 1894.

General Rules for railways under construction.

Read—

Sections 3 (1), 16 (2), 47 and 148 (1) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890.

Public Works Department notification No. 480½, dated the 30th October 1890, publishing in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 8th November 1890, Government of India resolution No. 736 R. T., dated the 17th October 1890, and the general rules for working railways under construction and not open for traffic which were framed by the Railway Conference of 1888 and recorded in Appendix M of its proceedings, with rules 7, 16 and 25 as modified in the memorandum accompanying Government of India letter No. 233 R. T., dated the 12th June 1890.

Endorsement by the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for railways, Lucknow, No. 450, dated the 7th March 1894, forwarding letter from the Agent of the Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway Company, No. ⁹⁵³⁰_{G-7}, dated the 5th March 1894.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Agent of the Rohilkund-Kumaon Railway Company has applied for leave to adopt on the Sonaripur extension of the Dudwa branch, and on the Bareilly grain siding, of the Rohilkund-Kumaon Railway the general rules for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods which rules were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, under Public Works Department notification No. 480½, dated the 30th October 1890.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the 'General Rules for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods', which were published under the notification referred to in the foregoing observations, to such portion or portions of the Sonaripur extension of the Dudwa branch, and of the Bareilly grain siding, of the Rohilkund and Kumaon railway as may on this date be under construction and not open for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

ORDER.—Ordered, that the general rules, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection, free of any charge, in the office of the engineer in charge of the construction of the railway.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for railways, Lucknow, for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

No. 0044 R. T.

GOVT. OF INDIA, PUBLIC WORKS DEPT.—RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

Calcutta, the 20th March 1894.

General Rules for working railways open for traffic.

Read—

Sections 8 and 47 of the Indian Railways Acts of 1879 and 1890, respectively.

Public Works Department notification No. 299, dated the 13th September 1880, publishing the General Rules for all railways in India, and Government of India

circular No. 17 Railway, dated the 21st August 1880, promulgating those General Rules.

Government of India resolution No. 467 R.T., dated the 15th August 1890; published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 28th August 1890, under Public Works Department notification No. 361, dated the 28th August 1890.

Endorsement by the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for railways, Lucknow, No. 451, dated the 7th March 1894, forwarding letter from the Agent of the Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway Company, No. ⁹⁵²⁹ 6.7, dated the 5th March 1894.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Agent of the Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway Company has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in India, which have been published under Public Works Department notification No. 299, dated the 13th September 1880,—*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 18th September 1880—as modified by Government of India resolution No. 467 R. T., dated the 15th August 1890, which was published under Public Works Department notification No. 361, dated the 28th August 1890—*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 28th August 1890—may be made applicable to the Sonaripur extension of the Dudwa branch, and to the Bareilly grain siding, of the Rohilkund and Kumaon railway, from the date they may be opened for the public carriage of passengers, animals, or goods.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules for Indian railways, with the modifications cited in the foregoing observations, to the Sonaripur extension of the Dudwa branch, and to the Bareilly grain siding, of the Rohilkund and Kumaon railway.

ORDER.—Ordered, that the General Rules, with the modifications cited in the foregoing observations, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 18th September 1880 and the 28th August 1890, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection, free of any charge, in the office of the station master of every station on the said railway.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for railways, Lucknow, for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

No. 146.—The Governor General in Council is pleased, under section 16 (1) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890, to sanction the use of locomotive engines, and of rolling stock to be drawn or propelled thereby, on the Sonaripur extension of the Dudwa branch, and on the Bareilly grain siding, of the Rohilkund-Kumaon Railway.

TELEGRAPHS.

The 19th March, 1894.

No. 133.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following temporary pro-

motions in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified :—

Name.	From	To	Date.
O'Kelly, H. M.	Superintendent, Class V, 1st grade.	Chief Superintendent, Class IV.	7th February, 1894.
Lees, R. O.	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 1st grade.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd grade.	17th February, 1894.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 13.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT No. 13.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Calcutta, the 27th March, 1894.

No. 648.—Under the provisions of Section 9 of the Statute 24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that His Excellency's Council shall assemble at Simla, in the jurisdiction of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 30th March, 1894.

No. 165.—Mr. F. Venning is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 15th April, 1893, or the subsequent date on which he may sail from India or relinquish charge of office in the event of his not taking subsidiary leave.

No. 169.—Mr. A. W. B. Power is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 2nd April, 1894, or the subsequent date on which he may sail from India or relinquish charge of office in the event of his not taking subsidiary leave.

MEDICAL.

The 28th March, 1894.

No. 179.—With effect from the date on which Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel D. O'C. Raye, M.D., is promoted to the Administrative grade, Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel J. O'Brien, M.D., C.M., is appointed to be Professor of Surgery in the Medical College, Calcutta, and *ex-officio* First Surgeon to the College Hospital.

No. 180.—Surgeon-Captain R. H. Charles, M.D., M.Ch., F.R.C.S.I., Professor of Anatomy in the Lahore Medical College, is appointed to be Professor of Surgical and Descriptive Anatomy in the Medical College, Calcutta, and *ex-officio* Second Surgeon to the College Hospital, *vice* Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel J. O'Brien.

The 29th March, 1894.

No. 182.—Surgeon-Colonel G. C. Ross, at present officiating as Administrative Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner, Central Provinces, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 1st January, 1894.

No. 185.—The services of Surgeon-Major E. F. H. Dobson, M.B., I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 190.—Surgeon-Captain J. C. Lamont, M.B., I.M.S. (Bengal), Civil Surgeon of Dhubri, Assam, is appointed to be Professor of Anatomy in the Lahore Medical College, with effect from the 1st April, 1894, or the subsequent date on which he may assume charge of his duties.

The 30th March, 1894.

No. 197.—The services of Surgeon-Captain P. C. H. Strickland, I.M.S. (Madras), are, at his own request, replaced at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

JAILS.

The 29th March, 1894.

No. 173.—The Governor General in Council is pleased, under Section 33 of Act V of 1871, as amended by Section 2 of Act IX of 1882, to appoint the Montgomery Central Jail to be a place to which persons sentenced to transportation may be sent.

JUDICIAL.

The 22nd March, 1894.

No. 327.—The Honourable Sir H. T. Prinsep, Kt., a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained furlough for five months and seven days, with effect from the 5th April, 1894, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 28th March, 1894.

No. 346.—Under the provisions of Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, as amended by Act II of 1885, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. William Haslett, Honorary Magistrate, Mussoorie, to be a Notary Public, and to exercise his functions as such within the Dehra Dun District.

The 29th March, 1894.

No. 352.—Mr. H. F. Aston, Indian Civil Service, Bombay Establishment, is appointed to officiate as Judicial Commissioner of Lower Burma during the absence, on leave, of Mr. E. Hosking.

No. 354.—With effect from the date on which he may assume charge of the office, Mr. J. F.

Stevens, Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be Judicial Commissioner of the Central Provinces, *vice* Mr. J. W. Neill about to retire.

No. 356.—Under the provisions of the Act of Parliament 24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 104, Section 7, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. H. W. Gordon, Indian Civil Service, to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, during the absence, on furlough, of the Honourable Justice Sir H. T. Prinsep, or until further orders.

The 30th March, 1894.

No. 365.—Sir H. M. Plowden, Kt., Barrister-at-Law, Senior Judge of the Chief Court, Punjab, is permitted to resign his appointment, with effect from the date on which he may relinquish charge of his duties.

No. 366.—Under the provisions of Section 4 of the Punjab Courts Act, 1884, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments with effect from the date of the retirement of Sir H. M. Plowden —

Mr. H. T. Rivaz, Barrister-at-Law, temporary Additional Judge of the Chief Court, Punjab, to be a Judge of that Court.

Mr. A. W. Stogdon, I.C.S., at present officiating as a Judge of the Chief Court, Punjab, during the absence, on furlough, of Mr. J. Frizelle, I.C.S., to be Additional Judge temporarily, until further orders, *vice* Mr. H. T. Rivaz.

Babu Protul Chandar Chatterji, Rai Bahadur, to officiate as a Judge of the Chief Court, Punjab, during the absence, on furlough, of Mr. J. Frizelle, or until further orders.

No. 367.—Under the provisions of Section 4 of the Punjab Courts Act, 1884, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. F. C. Channing, I.C.S., to officiate as a Judge of the Chief Court, Punjab, during the absence, on special leave, of Mr. A. H. Benton, I.C.S., or until further orders.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 29th March, 1894.

No. 63.—The Reverend W. P. G. Field, a Chaplain, on probation, on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, reported his arrival at Calcutta on the forenoon of the 21st March, 1894.

Mr. Field's services are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 22nd idem, or the subsequent date on which he may have assumed charge of his duties.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EMIGRATION.

Calcutta, the 27th March, 1894.

No. 756-29.—The following draft of a proposed amendment of the rules under the Indian Emigration Act (XXI of 1883) is published under Section 81 of that Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice

is hereby given under that section that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council after the expiry of one month from this date.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be made by any person with respect to the draft before that date will be received and considered by the Governor General in Council.

Draft of proposed amendment.

In the heading of column 15 of Form No. 4 appended to Rule 18 and of column 14 of Forms Nos. 5 and 10 appended to Rules 26 and 52 respectively of the Rules relating to Colonial Emigration made under Section 80 of the Indian Emigration Act (XXI of 1883) the words "and residence" shall be inserted.

FORESTS.

The 27th March, 1894.

No. 354-F.—With reference to the Notification of this Department, No. 199-F., dated the 15th ultimo, Mr. Ribbentrop resumed charge, on return from privilege leave, of the Office of Inspector General of Forests, on the forenoon of 22nd March, 1894, from which date Mr. Hill reverted to his appointment of Conservator of the Central Forest Circle in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

SURVEYS.

The 28th March, 1894.

No. 873—50.—Lieutenant P. J. F. Macaulay,

R.E., is appointed to the Survey of India Department as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, with effect from 17th March, 1894.

The 29th March, 1894.

No. 784-26.—ERRATUM.—In the amendment published with Notification No. 659, dated the 16th March, 1894, in the *Gazette of India* of the 24th March, 1894, for "31 days" read "31st day."

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Port William, the 26th March, 1894.

No. 445-G.—During the absence of the Governor-General in Council from Calcutta, the Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Judicial, Political, and Appointment Departments, will have charge of that portion of the Foreign Department which is left in Calcutta.

The 28th March, 1894.

No. 460-G.—The services of Lieutenant C. B. Thornhill, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Wing Officer, Bhopal Battalion, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 7th November, 1893.

The 29th March, 1894.

No. 467-G.—The following appointments are made in the Berar Commission, with effect from

the 28th January, 1894, and until further orders, consequent on the grant of furlough to Captain W. Hastings, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd class:—

Mr. C. E. Biddulph, Assistant Commissioner of the 1st class, and Officiating Special Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as a Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd class, as a temporary measure.

Captain C. Chamier, Indian Staff Corps (since deceased), Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd (officiating 1st) class, to officiate as a Special Assistant Commissioner, up to the 4th February, 1894.

Mr. R. A. Simpson, Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd class, to officiate as an Assistant Commissioner of the 1st class.

Mr. Balkrishna Kashinath Joshi, Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd class, to officiate as an Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd class.

No. 646-E.—The following Order of Her Majesty in Council, published in the *London Gazette* of the 30th January, 1894, is republished for general information:—

AT the Court at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, the 29th day of January, 1894.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord Steward.
Sir William Vernon Harcourt.
Sir Henry Ponsonby.

Sir John Cowell.
Sir Philip Currie.

WHEREAS by the Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873, it was amongst other things enacted that, where an arrangement has been made with any foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said

Acts shall apply in the case of such foreign State; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be deemed expedient; and that if, by any law made after the passing of the Act of 1870 by the Legislature of any British possession, provision is made for carrying into effect within such possession the surrender of fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in such British possession, Her Majesty may, by the Order in Council applying the said Acts in the case of any foreign State, or by any subsequent Order, suspend the operation within any such British possession of the said Acts, or of any part thereof, so far as it relates to such foreign State, and so long as such Law continues in force there and no longer:

And whereas by an Act of the Parliament of Canada passed in 1886, and entitled "An Act respecting the Extradition of Fugitive Criminals," provision is made for carrying into effect within the Dominion the surrender of fugitive criminals:

And whereas by an Order of Her Majesty the Queen in Council, dated the seven teenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, it was directed that the operation of the Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873, should be suspended within the Dominion of Canada so long as the provision of the said Act of the Parliament of Canada of 1886 should continue in force and no longer:

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the twenty-second day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, between Her Majesty and The President of the Argentine Republic, for the mutual extradition of fugitive criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following:—

HER Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Excellency the President of the Argentine Republic having judged it expedient, with a view to the better administration of justice and to the prevention of crime within the two countries and their jurisdictions, that persons charged with or convicted of the crimes or offences hereinafter enumerated, and being fugitives from justice, should, under certain circumstances, be reciprocally delivered up, have named as their Plenipotentiaries to conclude a Treaty (that is to say):

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Her Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim* Mr. George Jenner;

And His Excellency the President of the Argentine Republic, His Excellency Doctor Don Norberto Quirno Costa, Secretary of State for the Department of Foreign Affairs;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective Full Powers, found in good and due and form, have agreed upon and concluded following Articles:—

ARTICLE I.

The High Contracting Parties engage to deliver up to each other, under certain circumstances and conditions stated in the present Treaty, those persons who, being accused or convicted of any of the crimes or offences enumerated in Article II, committed in the territory of the one Party, shall be found within the territory of the other Party.

ARTICLE II.

Extradition shall be reciprocally granted for the following crimes or offences:—

1. Murder (including assassination, parricide, infanticide, poisoning), or attempt or conspiracy to murder.
2. Manslaughter.
3. Administering drugs or using instruments with intent to procure the miscarriage of women.
4. Rape.
5. Carnal knowledge or any attempt to have carnal knowledge of a girl under 16 years of age, if the evidence produced justifies committal for those crimes according to the laws of both the Contracting Parties.

JUZGANDO conveniente Su Majestad la Reina del Reino Unido de la Gran Bretaña e Irlanda, y su Excelencia el Presidente de la República Argentina, á objeto de una mejor administracion de justicia y de impedir la perpetracion de crímenes dentro de los dos países y sus jurisdicciones, que los individuos acusados ó convictos de los crímenes ó delitos mas adelante enumerados, y que hayan huido de la justicia, sean reciprocamente entregados en ciertas circunstancias, han nombrado sus Plenipotenciarios para concluir un Tratado, á saber:

Su Majestad la Reina del Reino Unido de la Gran Bretaña e Irlanda á su Encargado Interino de Negocios en la República, Señor Jorge Jenner;

Y su Excelencia el Presidente de la República, Argentina, á su Ministro Secretario de Estado en el Departamento de Relaciones Exteriores, Doctor Don Norberto Quirno Costa;

Los cuales, despues de haberse comunicado sus respectivos Plenos Poderes, hallados en buena y debida forma, han convenido y concluido los Art culos siguientes:—

ARTICULO I.

Las Altas Partes Contrataantes se comprometen á entregarse reciprocamente, en las circunstancias y condiciones expuestas en el presente Tratado, aquellas personas que, acusadas ó convictas de cualquiera de los crímenes ó delitos enumerados en el Artículo II, cometidos en el territorio de una de las Partes, fueran halladas dentro del territorio de la otra.

ARTICULO II.

La extradicion se concederá reciprocamente por los siguientes crímenes delitos:—

1. Asesinato (incluso el asesinato con violencia, parricidio, infanticidio, ó envenenamiento), ó la tentativa ó conspiracion para asesinar.
2. Homicidio.
3. La administracion de drogas ó el empleo de instrumentos con el proposito de procurar el aborto.
4. Estupro.
5. Conocimiento carnal ó las tentativas de tenerlo con una niña menor de diez y seis años, siempre que el testimonio aducido justifique el enjuiciamiento por esos crímenes, segun las leyes de las dos Altas Partes Contratantes.

6. Indecent assault.
7. Kidnapping and false imprisonment, child-stealing.
8. Abduction.
9. Bigamy.
10. Maliciously wounding or inflicting grievous bodily harm.
11. Assault occasioning actual bodily harm.
12. Threats by letter or otherwise, with intent to extort money or other things of value.
13. Perjury or subornation of perjury.
14. Arson.
15. Burglary or housebreaking, robbery with violence, larceny, or embezzlement.
16. Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, director, member, or public officer of any Company, punishable with imprisonment for not less than one year by any law for the time being in force.

17. Obtaining money, valuable security, or goods by false pretences; receiving any money, valuable security, or other property, knowing the same to have been stolen or unlawfully obtained, the value thereof exceeding 1,000 dollars, or £200 sterling.

18.—(a.) Counterfeiting or altering money, or bringing into circulation counterfeited or altered money.

(b) Knowingly making, without lawful authority, any instrument, tool, or engine adapted and intended for the counterfeiting of the coin of the realm.

(c.) Forgery, or uttering what is forged.

19. Crimes against bankruptcy law.
20. Any malicious act done with intent to endanger the safety of any person travelling or being upon a railway.

21. Malicious injury to property, if such offence be indictable.

22. Piracy and other crimes or offences committed at sea against persons or things which, according to the laws of the High Contracting Parties, are extradition offences, and are punishable by more than one year's imprisonment.

23. Dealing in slaves in such manner as to constitute a criminal offence against the laws of both States.

The extradition is also to be granted for participation in any of the aforesaid crimes, provided such participation be punishable by the laws of both Contracting Parties.

Extradition may also be granted at the discretion of the State applied to in respect of any other crime for which, according to the laws of both the Contracting Parties for the time being in force, the grant can be made.

ARTICLE III.

Either Government reserves the right to refuse or grant the surrender of its own subjects or citizens to the other Government.

ARTICLE IV.

The extradition shall not take place if the person claimed on the part of Her Majesty's Government, or the person claimed on the part

6. Atentado contra el pudor.
7. Robo y secuestro de un ser humano, sustraccion de niño.
8. Rapto.
9. Bigamia.
10. Lesiones ó daño corporal grave hecho intencionalmente.
11. Ataque á las personas del que resulte grave daño corporal.
12. Amenazas, ya sea por medio de cartas ó de otra manera, con la intencion de sacar dinero ó otros objetos de valor.
13. Perjurio ó tentativas de conseguirlo.
14. Incendio voluntario.
15. Robo, ó otros crímenes ó sus tentativas cometidas con fractura, robo con violencia, hurto y malversacion de valores publicos ó particulares.
16. Fraude cometido por un depositario, banquero, agente, comisionado, fideicomisario, director, miembro ó empleado publico de qualquiera Compania, siempre que sea considerado como crimen con pena no menor de un año por una ley que esté en vigor.

17. El obtener dinero, garantías de valor, ó mercaderías con pretextos falsos; recibir dinero, garantías de valor ó otros bienes, sabiendo que han sido robados ó habidos indebidamente, y excedido su valor de mil pesos ó 200/. (doscientas).

18.—(a.) Falsificacion ó alteracion de moneda, circulacion de moneda falsificada ó alterada.

(b) Fabricacion á sabiendas y sin autorizacion legal de cualquier instrumento, herramienta, ó aparato adaptado y destinado á la falsificacion de la moneda nacional.

(c) Falsificacion ó alteracion de firmas ó valores, ó circulacion de lo falsificado ó alterado.

19. Crímenes contra las leyes de bancarrota.

20. Cualquier acto hecho con intencion criminal, y que tenga por objeto poner en peligro la seguridad de una persona que se encuentre viajando en un ferro-carril, ó que se halle en él.

21. Daño hecho con intencion criminal á la propiedad, siempre que la ofensa sea procesable.

22. Pirateria, y otros crímenes ó delitos cometidos en el mar sobre las personas ó sobre las cosas, y que, segun las leyes respectivas de las dos Altas Partes Contratantes, sean delitos de extradicion y tengan mas de un año de pena.

23. Trata de esclavos, de manera tal que constituya una ofensa criminal contra las leyes de ambos Estados.

Debe tambien concederse la extradicion por la participacion en cualesquiera de los precitados crímenes, siempre que esa participacion sea punible por las leyes de ambas Partes Contratantes.

Puede tambien concederse la extradicion segun lo juzgue conveniente el Estado al que se hiciere el pedido con motivo de cualquier otro crimen que, segun las leyes que esten vigentes á la sazón, dé lugar á ella.

ARTICULO III.

Cada una de las dos Altas Partes Contratantes se reserva el derecho de negar ó conceder la entrega de sus propios súbditos ó ciudadanos.

ARTICULO IV.

La extradicion no tendrá lugar si el individuo reclamado por el Gobierno de Su Majestad, ó el individuo reclamado por el Gobierno de la

petent authorities of the State applied to shall proceed to the arrest of the fugitive.

autoridades competentes del Estado requerido procederán á la prision del fugitivo.

ARTICLE X.

A fugitive criminal may be apprehended under a warrant issued by any Police Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or other competent authority in either country, on such information or complaint, and such evidence, or after such proceedings, as would, in the opinion of the authority issuing the warrant, justify the issue of a warrant if the crime had been committed or the person convicted in that part of the dominions of the two Contracting Parties in which the Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or other competent authority exercises jurisdiction: provided, however, that in the United Kingdom the accused shall, in such case, be sent as speedily as possible before a Police Magistrate in London. He shall, in accordance with this Article, be discharged, as well in the Argentine Republic as in the United Kingdom, if within the term of thirty days a requisition for extradition shall not have been made by the Diplomatic Agent of his country in accordance with the stipulations of this Treaty. The same rule shall apply to the cases of persons accused or convicted of any of the crimes or offences specified in this Treaty, and committed on the high seas on board any vessel of either country which may come into a port of the other.

ARTICLE XI.

The extradition shall take place only if the evidence be found sufficient, according to the laws of the State applied to, either to justify the committal of the prisoner for trial, in case the crime had been committed in the territory of the same State, or to prove that the prisoner is the identical person convicted by the Courts of the State which makes the requisition, and that the crime of which he has been convicted is one in respect of which extradition could, at the time of such conviction, have been granted by the State applied to; and no criminal shall be surrendered until after the expiration of fifteen days from the date of his committal to prison to await the warrant for his surrender.

ARTICLE XII.

In the examinations which they have to make in accordance with the foregoing stipulations, the authorities of the State applied to shall admit as valid evidence the sworn depositions or statements of witnesses taken in the other State, or copies thereof, and likewise the warrants and sentences issued therein, and certificates of, or judicial documents stating, the fact of a conviction, provided the same are authenticated as follows:—

1. A warrant must purport to be signed by a Judge, Magistrate or officer of the other State.

2. Depositions or affirmations, or the copies thereof, must purport to be certified under the hand of a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of the other State, to be the original depositions or affirmations, or to be true copies thereof, as the case may require.

3. A certificate of, or judicial document stating, the fact of a conviction must purport to be

ARTICULO X.

Puede aprehenderse á un criminal fugitivo en virtud de un mandato de prision, dictado por cualquier Juez de Instruccion ó de Paz, ú otra autoridad competente en cualquiera de los dos paises, mediante aquellas pruebas, informes ó denuncias, y aquellos procedimientos, que en la opinion de la autoridad que dé el mandato justificarian análogo mandato si el crimen se hubiera cometido ó la persona hubiera sido condenada en aquella parte de los dominios de las dos Partes Contratantes donde ejerza jurisdiccion el Juez de Instruccion ó de Paz, ú otra autoridad competente: bajo la condicion, sin embargo, que en el Reino Unido el acusado ha de ser remitido, en tal caso, á la mayor brevedad, á Londres, á disposicion de algun Juez de Instruccion. De conformidad con este Artículo, el acusado será puesto en libertad tanto en la República Argentina como en el Reino Unido, si dentro del plazo de treinta dias no hubiera hecho una requisitoria para la extradicion el Agente Diplomático de su pais de acuerdo con las estipulaciones de este Tratado. La misma regia se aplicará á los casos de personas acusadas ó condenadas por cualquiera de los crímenes ó delitos especificados en el presente Tratado, y que se hubieran cometido en alta mar abordo de un buque de cualquiera de los dos paises que entrase en un puerto del otro.

ARTICULO XI.

Solo tendrá lugar la extradicion, en el caso de hallarse suficiente el testimonio, segun las leyes del pais requerido, ya sea para justificar el enjuiciamiento en el caso de que se hubiera cometido el crimen en el territorio del mismo Estado, ya sea para comprobar la identidad del preso como la persona condenada por los Tribunales del Estado que hace la requisitoria, y que el crimen por el que se le haya condenado es de aquellos con motivo de los cuales podria, en la época de dicha condenacion, haberse concedido la extradicion por el Estado requerido; y ni gun criminal será entregado hasta despues de pasados quince dias, contados desde la fecha de su encarcelacion á esperar la orden para su entrega.

ARTICULO XII.

En los exámenes que deben practicar de conformidad con las precedentes estipulaciones, las autoridades del Estado requerido aceptarán como testimonio válido las deposiciones juramentadas ó las declaraciones de testigos tomadas en el otro Estado, ó copia de ellas, y tambien las ordenes de prision y sentencias allí dictadas y certificados del hecho de una condena ó documentos judiciales que le declaren, con tal que esten, autenticados como sigue:—

1. Una orden de prision debe parecer firmada por algun Juez, Magistrado, ó empleado del otro Estado.

2. Las deposiciones, ó afirmaciones, ó las copias de estas, deben demostrar que certifican, mediante la firma de algun Juez, Magistrado, ó empleado del otro Estado, ser las deposiciones ó afirmaciones originales, ó copias fieles de ellas, segun lo requiera el caso.

3. Un certificado del hecho de una condena ó documento judicial que la declare, debe demos-

certified by a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of the other State.

4. In every case such warrant, deposition, affirmation, copy, certificate, or judicial document must be authenticated either by the oath of some witness, or by being sealed with the official seal of the Minister of Justice, or some other Minister of the other State; but any other mode of authentication for the time being permitted by the law of the country where the examination is taken may be substituted for the foregoing.

ARTICLE XIII.

If the individual claimed by one of the High Contracting Parties in pursuance of the present Treaty should be also claimed by one or several other Powers on account of other crimes or offences committed upon their respective territories, his extradition shall be granted to that State whose demand is earliest in date.

ARTICLE XIV.

If sufficient evidence for the extradition be not produced within two months from the date of the apprehension of the fugitive, or within such further time as the State applied to, or the proper Tribunal thereof, shall direct, the fugitive shall be set at liberty.

ARTICLE XV.

All articles seized which were in the possession of the person to be surrendered at the time of his apprehension shall, if the competent authority of the State applied to for the extradition has ordered the delivery of such articles, be given up when the extradition takes place; and the said delivery shall extend not merely to the stolen articles, but to everything that may serve as a proof of the crime.

ARTICLE XVI.

All expenses connected with extradition shall be borne by the demanding State.

ARTICLE XVII.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable to the Colonies and foreign possessions of Her Britannic Majesty, so far as the laws for the time being in force in such Colonies and foreign possessions respectively will allow.

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in any of such Colonies or foreign possessions shall be made to the Governor or chief authority of such Colony or possession by the Chief Consular officer of the Argentine Republic in such Colony or possession.

Such requisition may be disposed of, subject always, as nearly as may be, and so far as the law of such Colony or foreign possession will allow, to the provisions of this Treaty, by the said Governor or chief authority, who, however, shall be at liberty either to grant the surrender or to refer the matter to his Government.

Her Britannic Majesty shall, however, be at liberty to make special arrangements in the British Colonies and foreign possessions for the surrender of Argentine criminals who may take refuge within such Colonies and foreign possessions, on the basis, so far as the law of such

trar que está otorgada por algun Juez, Magistrado, ó empleado del otro Estado.

4. En todos los casos dicha orden, deposicion, afirmacion, copia, certificado, ó documento judicial debe autenticarse, ya sea mediante juramento de algun testigo, ya sea mediante el sello oficial del Ministro de Justicia, ó de algun otro Ministro del otro Estado; pero cualquiera otra manera de autenticar que esté permitida á la sazón por la ley del país donde se practique el exámen, puede sustituirse á las precedentes.

ARTICULO XIII.

Si el individuo reclamado por una de las Altas Partes Contratantes conforme al presente Tratado tambien lo fuera por otra ó otras Potencias con motivo de otros crímenes ó delitos cometidos en sus respectivos territorios se concederá la extradicion al Estado cuya requisicion fuere de fecha mas antigua.

ARTICULO XIV.

Si no se exhibiera testimonio bastante para la extradicion dentro de los dos meses despues de la fecha en que se aprehendió al fugitivo, ó dentro del nuevo plazo que designe el Estado requerido ó el correspondiente Tribunal del mismo, el fugitivo será puesto en libertad.

ARTICULO XV.

Todo objeto que esté en posesion del individuo que haya de entregarse y que se le tome al tiempo de aprehenderlo, será entregado al efectuarse la extradicion si la autoridad competente del Estado requerido para la extradicion ha ordenado la entrega de dichos objetos; y dicha entrega se hará extensiva no solo á los objetos robados, sino á cualquier otro que pueda servir de comprobante del crimen

ARTICULO XVI.

Todos los gastos conexos á la extradicion estarán á cargo del Estado que la requiera.

ARTICULO XVII.

Las estipulaciones del presente Tratado se aplicarán á las Colonias y posesiones exteriores de Su Majestad Británica, en cuanto lo permitan las leyes que estan á la sazón en vigor en dichas Colonias y posesiones exteriores.

La requisitoria para la entrega de un criminal fugitivo refugiado en alguna de, dichas Colonias ó posesiones exteriores, será, hecha al Gobernador ó autoridad principal de dicha Colonia ó posesion por el Agente principal Consular de la República Argentina en dicha Colonia ó posesion.

Conocerá de dicha requisitoria (sugetándose siempre, en cuanto le sea dado y en cuanto lo permitan las leyes de dicha Colonia ó posesion exterior, á las prescripciones de este Tratado) dicho Gybernador ó autoridad principal, el cual tendrá, sin embargo, la facultad ó bien de conceder la entrega ó de referir el asunto á su Gobierno.

Su Majestad Británica tendrá, no obstante, la facultad de hacer arreglos especiales en las Colonias y posesiones exteriores Británicas para la entrega de criminales Argentinos que se refugien en dichas Colonias y posesiones exteriores, sobre la base, en cuanto lo permita la

Colony or foreign possession will allow, of the provisions of the present Treaty.

Requisitions for the surrender of a fugitive criminal emanating from any Colony or foreign possession of Her Britannic Majesty shall be governed by the rules laid down in the preceding Articles of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE XVIII.

The present Treaty shall come into force ten days after its publication, in conformity with the forms prescribed by the laws of the High Contracting Parties. It may be terminated by either of the High Contracting Parties by a notice not exceeding one year, and not less than six months.

The Treaty, after receiving the approval of the Congress of the Argentine Republic, shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Buenos Ayres as soon as possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at Buenos Ayres, on the twenty-second day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

(L.S.) G. JENNER.

ley de dicha Colonia ó posesion exterior, de las estipulaciones del presente Tratado.

Las requisitorias para la entrega de un criminal fugitivo que emanen de alguna Colonia ó posesion exterior de Su Majestad Británica serán regidas por las reglas sentadas en los precedentes Artículos del presente Tratado.

ARTICULO XVIII.

El presente Tratado entrará en vigor diez dias de publicado conforme á las formas prescriptas por las leyes de las Altas Partes Contratantes.

Podrá darlo por terminado cualquiera de las Altas Partes Contratantes, previo aviso que no pase de un año y no baje de seis meses.

El Tratado, despues de aprobado por el Congreso de la República Argentina, será ratificado, y las ratificaciones serán cangeadas en Buenos Aires á la posible brevedad.

En fé de lo cual los respectivos Plenipotenciarios lo han firmado, y le han puesto el sello de sus armas.

Hecho en Buenos Aires, á los veintedos dias del mes de Mayo de mil ocho cientos ochento y nueve.

(L.S.) N. QUIRNO COSTA.

And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty were exchanged at Buenos Ayres on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited Acts, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the ninth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, the said Acts shall apply in the case of the Argentine Republic and of the said Treaty with the Argentine Republic.

Provided always, and it is hereby further ordered, that the operation of the said Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873, shall be suspended within the Dominion of Canada so far as relates to the Argentine Republic and to the said Treaty, and so long as the provisions of the Canadian Act aforesaid of 1886 continue in force, and no longer.

C. L. Peel.

No. 1131-I.—Whereas His Highness the Maharaja of Bikanir (Bikanir being a Native State within the meaning of the Native Coinage Act, IX of 1876) has, pursuant to the authority contained in section 5 of the said Act, caused to be provided at the Mint of Bombay silver which has been coined under the said Act into four lakhs and ten thousand rupees, and has requested the Government of India to declare that a tender of payment of money, if made in rupees so coined, shall be a legal tender in British India:

And whereas the silver so provided has been coined into rupees of fineness identical with that prescribed by law for rupees of the Government of India:

And whereas the rupees so coined are identical in weight with the rupees of the Government of India, and the devices upon their obverse and reverse differ from the devices on coins now made or issued by the Bikanir State, and have been approved by the Governor-General in Council, and upon each of the rupees so coined its value in money of the Government of India is inscribed in the English language:

And whereas the said Maharaja on behalf of himself, his heirs, and successors has undertaken to abstain, during a term of thirty years from the date of this notification, from coining silver and copper in his own Mint, and has also undertaken that no coins resembling coins for

the time being a legal tender in British India shall, after the expiration of the said term, be struck under his or their authority or with his or their permission at any place within or without his or their jurisdiction:

And whereas the said Maharaja has formally declared that a tender of payment of money, if made in silver coins of the Government of India, shall, in the territories subject to His Highness, be a legal tender in the cases in which payment made in such coins would under the law for the time being in force, be a legal tender in British India:

And whereas the said Maharaja, for himself, his heirs, and successors, has agreed that the law and rules for the time being in force respecting the cutting and breaking of coin of the Government of India reduced in weight by reasonable wearing or otherwise, or counterfeit, or called in by proclamation, shall apply to the coins made for the said Bikanir State under the said Act, and that the said State will defray the cost of cutting and breaking them:

And has also agreed not to issue the same coins below their nominal value, and not to allow any discount or other advantage to any person in order to bring them into circulation:

And has also agreed that, if at any time the Government of India call in their coinage in silver and copper, he, the said Maharaja, his heirs, or successors, will, if so requested by the

Government of India, call in, at his or their own expense, all the said rupees so coined for him :

Now, therefore, the Governor-General in Council, in consideration of the premises and in exercise of the power conferred by the Native Coinage Act (IX of 1876), section 3, is pleased to declare that a tender of payment of money, if made in the said rupees coined under the said Act for the said State of Bikanir, shall, subject to the provisions of the Indian Coinage Act (XXIII of 1870), be a legal tender in British India.

The 30th March, 1894.

No. 473-G.—Colonel W. F. Prideaux, Indian Staff Corps, Resident of the 2nd class, and Resident in Meywar, is appointed to be Resident at Jeypore, with effect from the date of assuming charge, *vice* Colonel H. P. Peacock, Bengal Cavalry, whose services are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. C. Wyllie, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 1st (additional 1st) class, and Political Agent in Kotah, is appointed to be a Resident of the 2nd class, and Resident in Meywar, with effect from the date of assuming charge, *vice* Colonel Prideaux.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Calcutta, the 27th March, 1894.

No. 1565-P.—Mr. R. N. Ray, Officiating Deputy Auditor General, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from such date in April next as he may be permitted to avail himself of the leave.

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 30th March, 1894.

No 1578-P.—Substitute the following for the second paragraph of the Notification in this Department, No. 1488-P., dated 22nd March, 1894, published at page 171 of Part I of the *Gazette of India* of 24th March, 1894 :—

Mr. G. H. R. Hart is appointed to officiate as Comptroller, India Treasuries.

STATISTICS AND COMMERCE. CUSTOMS.

The 31st March, 1894.

No. 105-S.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 22 of the Sea Customs Act, VIII of 1878, the Governor-General in Council

is pleased to fix for tortoise shell, in No. 51 of Schedule IV (Import Tariff) of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, the undermentioned valuations :—

	Per	Tariff valuation.
Tortoise Shell .	lb.	Rs 7
" Nakh .	"	" 1

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 30th March, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 297.—The following extract, being paragraphs 1 and 2 of a Military letter from the Secretary of State for India, No. 21, dated the 22nd February, 1894, is published for general information :—

"The undermentioned probationers for the Indian Medical Service, having completed a course of instruction at the Army Medical School and being reported qualified, have been appointed Surgeon-Lieutenants on the Bengal Establishment :—

George Lamb.

Henry Burden.

John Fisher.

Edward Surman Peck.

Charles Harford Evans.

Stanley Arthur Harriss.

Ewan Cameron MacLeod.

Charles Thomson.

2. Their commissions will bear date 29th January, 1894, the day of their passing out of the Army Medical School, from which date their service for pension will also reckon."

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 298.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave out of India under Article 704, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part I :—

Colonel T. G. Crawley, British Service, Assistant Adjutant General, Allahabad District, (m. c.) for eight months.

No. 299.—The undermentioned officer is granted furlough out of India :—

Lieutenant H. S. Langhorne, Royal Artillery, Subaltern, No. 1, Field Battery, Hyderabad Contingent, (p. a.) for one year and six months, under rule IX of the regulations of 1868.

No. 300.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty :—

Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. C. Halkett, Indian Staff Corps, Commandant, 31st (Punjab)

Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for eight months. Pension service—30th year commenced 9th September, 1893.

Major J. Haughton, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Commander and 2nd-in-Command, 35th (Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for six months. Pension service—23rd year commenced 19th March, 1894.

Captain A. Hamilton, Indian Staff Corps, 25th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, District Recruiting Officer, Rawal Pindi, for six months. Pension service—14th year commenced 11th August, 1893.

Captain L. W. Shakespear, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 2nd Battalion, 2nd (Prince of Wales' Own) Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment (The Sirmoor Rifles), for one year. Pension service—14th year commenced 22nd January, 1894.

Captain A. P. Williamson, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander, 5th Regiment of Punjab Cavalry, for one year. Pension service—20th year commenced 11th February, 1894.

Lieutenant H. C. Edwards, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 4th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, for six months. Pension service—9th year commenced 30th January, 1894.

Lieutenant E. M. J. Molyneux, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 12th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, for one year. Pension service—8th year commenced 5th February, 1894.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel F. A. Smyth, 2nd Battalion, 3rd Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment, for one year. Pension service—25th year commenced 31st December, 1893.

Surgeon-Lieutenant H. A. Smith, for six months. Pension service—2nd year commenced 27th July, 1893.

No. 301.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:—

Captain H. L. Dodgson, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer, and (The Queen's Own) Regiment of Bengal (Light) Infantry, for six months. Pension service—14th year commenced 22nd January, 1894.

No. 302.—The undermentioned warrant officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under Article 934, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part I; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:—

Conductor M. Larkin, Sub-Engineer, 3rd grade, Military Works Department, for one year.

No. 303.—Major H. L. Smith-Dorrien, D.S.O., the Sherwood Foresters (Derbyshire Regiment), Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Oudh District, is granted leave (p. a.) from 5th to 15th December, 1893, inclusive, on the regimental pay

of his rank, in extension of the leave allowed in G. G. O. No. 382 of 1893.

No. 304.—Lieutenant W. H. Manning, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 1st Regiment of Sikh Infantry, is granted one year's (p. a.) leave out of India, in extension of the leave granted to him in G. G. O. No. 718, dated 28th July, 1893.

No. 305.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Major W. F. Montresor, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander, 17th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, (p. a.) for seven days.

Major H. G. Ryland, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary General, 4th class, (p. a.) for one month.

Captain H. H. Ozzard, Indian Staff Corps, 14th (The Ferozepore Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, Cantonment Magistrate, 2nd class, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, (p. a.) for one year.

Captain H. Rose, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Commander, 2nd Battalion, 3rd Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment, (p. a.) for six months.

Captain G. J. C. Hall, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander, 12th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, (p. a.) for one week.

Captain G. W. Priestley, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 2nd Regiment of Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, (m. c.) for three months.

Lieutenant W. C. Knight, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 4th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, (p. a.) till 15th October, 1894.

Lieutenant G. M. Audain, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Quarter Master, 5th Regiment of Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, (p. a.) for three months.

Lieutenant E. A. W. Stotherd, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 4th Regiment of Lancers Hyderabad Contingent, (p. a.) for four months.

Lieutenant H. O. Parr, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 7th (The Duke of Connaught's Own) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, (m. c.) for six months.

Surgeon-Major P. Mullane, M.D., 7th (The Duke of Connaught's Own) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, (p. a.) for six months.

Surgeon-Captain S. H. Henderson M.B., 35th (Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, (p. a.) for one month.

No. 306.—Lieutenant A. Roberts, Indian Staff Corps, 24th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class (on probation), Commissariat Transport Department in India, was on leave in India (p. a.) from 2nd to 19th February, 1894, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps.

No. 307.—Colonel A. J. C. Birch, Indian Staff Corps, is permitted to reside out of India.

ORGANIZATION.

MOBILIZATION.

No. 308.—With the approval of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the

Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following regulations for the Indian Army Reserve of Officers:—

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE OF OFFICERS.

Retired Officers not liable to further service, Volunteers, Civil Officers, and Private Gentlemen—

1. The following officers and gentlemen may be granted commissions as officers of the Indian Army Reserve:—

For Infantry.

- (a) Officers who having retired from Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces are not liable for further service.
- (b) Officers who having retired from Her Majesty's other Regular Forces are not liable to recall to military service under War Office rules.
- (c) Indian Volunteers, except soldiers on the Unattached List.
- (d) Officials other than Military Officers in the service of the Government in India.
- (e) Private gentlemen residing in India.

For Cavalry.

Any of the above who are serving in mounted corps.

Officers thus commissioned shall, during their employment on army service, have and exercise the authority of officers of corresponding rank in Her Majesty's Regular Forces (but junior in each grade), with respect to any of Her Majesty's Regular Forces in India.

OFFICERS RETIRED FROM THE ARMY.

2. An officer who was retired from Her Majesty's Regular Forces in India, without liability for further service, shall be eligible for appointment as—

- a Field Officer up to the age of 45 years;
- Captain up to the age of 40 years;
- Lieutenant or Second-Lieutenant up to the age of 35 years;

and may be granted a commission as an Indian Army Reserve Officer in a rank not higher than that in which he retired.

No such officer will be eligible for employment after the age of 57.

INDIAN VOLUNTEERS, CIVIL OFFICIALS IN THE SERVICE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA AND PRIVATE GENTLEMEN.

3. A commission as Second-Lieutenant may be given to any gentleman fulfilling the conditions of clauses (c), (d), (e), of paragraph 1 up to the age of 30 years: provided—

- (a) that he is recommended for a commission by the Local Government, and
- (b) that he has obtained a certificate of proficiency such as is granted to a Captain of Volunteer Forces in India, for which purpose, if not an officer of Indian Volunteers, he may be attached to a Volunteer corps in India and appear before a board of Officers under Army Regulations, India, Volume IX, Section V; or that he shall, after being attached to

a regiment or battalion of the Regular Forces for a period of not less than one month, satisfy a board of officers composed as directed in Army Regulations, India, Volume II, paragraph 1312, and the Queen's Regulations, 1892, Section IX, paragraph 19, that he possesses a satisfactory amount of military knowledge for the rank of Lieutenant.

General Regulations.

4. Commissions will be issued to officers of the Indian Army Reserve when they are actually called up for service. If, however, an officer desires it, his commission may be prepared and issued at any time on payment of the stamp duty of thirty shillings.

5. Commissions will not be granted to candidates who are not medically fit for service or whose character and qualifications are not satisfactory, but the limitation as to age and the qualifications prescribed may, subject to the approval of Her Majesty, be dispensed with in cases where the Governor-General in Council may, on the recommendation of the Commander-in-Chief in India, consider that the exigencies of the service rendered it desirable that those provisions should not be enforced.

6. The name of every officer shall be borne on one of two special lists, one for Cavalry and one for Infantry, from which Subalterns and Captains shall be removed at the age of forty-five years, Majors at the age of fifty years, Lieutenant-Colonels at the age of fifty-five years, and the Colonels at the age of fifty-seven years; unless the Governor-General in Council, on the recommendation of the Commander-in-Chief in India, shall in any particular case consider that the exigencies of the service render it desirable that this rule should not be enforced.

7. Officers of the Indian Army Reserve of proved merit in the field may, under special circumstances, be recommended to Her Majesty for commissions in the Regular Army.

8. Officers desirous of resigning the Indian Army Reserve must, if in India, submit their applications to the Local Government, and, if residing out of India, to the Secretary of State for India.

9. The Governor General in Council may at any time dispense with the services of an officer, subject to the approval of Her Majesty the Queen.

10. Officers of the Indian Army Reserve who desire to proceed out of India for any longer period than six months, must submit their applications for leave of absence to the Local Government in whose territories they may be residing, or to the Government of India if employed in any department directly subordinate to that Government.

Employment on Army Service.

11. All Officers of the Indian Army Reserve shall be liable to be called to army service in time of emergency by general or special notification in the *Gazette of India*.

12. Any such officer may, with his own consent and on the recommendation of the Commander-in-Chief in India, be recalled to army service at any time by special notification in the *Gazette of India*.

13. An officer called to army service may be employed in the Indian Army regimentally, or on the army staff, or in any department, and shall, on being called to army service,—

(a) if appointed to a corps, have no claim arising out of his rank to any appointment in such corps, except such as he may be nominated to by competent authority.

(b) if appointed to a department, be placed at the bottom of the lowest grade of that department: Provided that an ex-departmental staff officer re-appointed to the same department shall be posted to the grade in which he last served, and that the head of the department shall with the approval of the Government of India have power, under exceptional circumstances, to appoint an officer to any grade which he may consider to be best in the interests of the service.

14. Officers called to army service shall rank among themselves according to the dates of their respective commissions, but junior in their rank to officers who have retired from the Indian Army with liability for further service.

15. An officer belonging to the Volunteer Forces shall, while on army service, be borne as a supernumerary to the establishment of the regiment of Volunteer Forces to which he belongs.

Promotion.

16. An officer shall at any time be eligible for promotion.

17. Promotion to a Lieutenancy will be given by the Governor-General in Council, subject to Her Majesty's approval, after a service of not less than three years as a Second-Lieutenant and on the recommendation of the Commander-in-Chief in India or the Local Government.

Declaration.

18. Every officer before receiving a commission will be required to make a declaration before a Magistrate in the following form:—

"I, the undersigned, hereby promise and declare that I will serve Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, her heirs and successors, as an officer of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, until my resignation shall be accepted, and, if I am called to army service, be accepted by notification in the *Gazette of India*, and that I will serve in any part of India or in any other place in which any portion of Her Majesty's Indian Forces may be serving and in any branch or department of the service to which I may be appointed.

Signed this day of 18 "

Witness.

19. Applicants for commissions may state the branch or department of the Army in which they would prefer to be employed in the event of their being called out for service. These wishes will be recorded, and will, as far as the exigencies of the service may permit, be considered in appointing the officers to corps and departments.

Pay, Pensions, Gratuities, Passages.

20. Officers shall be entitled to receive, from the date of the notification in the *Gazette of*

India calling them to army service, to the date on which they cease to be employed on army service, the same rates of pay and allowances as officers of the Indian Army of corresponding rank and holding similar appointments in the same branch or department of the service. In the case of officers residing out of India, the pay and service will be held to commence from the date of landing in India.

21. Officers shall also be entitled to free passage from and to their homes, in India or elsewhere, when called out and when no longer required for army service.

22. An officer who has been called to army service, and whose services are no longer required, shall, unless his services have been dispensed with for misconduct, be entitled to three months' full pay and allowances of the appointment in which he was last serving, reckoned from the date on which he ceased to be employed on army service.

23. Officers shall, while on army service, be entitled to the same advantages, as regards pensions for wounds, as may be accorded by Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part I, to officers of the same rank of the regular forces. They shall also be entitled to receive medals, batta, and compensation for losses on the same scale as officers of the Regular Forces of corresponding rank.

24. The widows and children of officers called to service, under paragraphs 11 and 12, and dying while on army service, shall have the same rights in regard to pensions and compassionate allowances as may be accorded by the Royal Warrant in force for the time being to the widows and children of officers of the Regular forces.

Special Rules for Cavalry Reserve Officers appointed under Rule 1.

25 (A) Officers of the Native Cavalry Reserve will be required, until they attain the age of 40, to attend the Head-Quarters of the Native Cavalry regiment most conveniently placed with respect to their homes for an annual training of 14 days, which at their own request may be extended up to two months. Such training will be accepted as qualifying for the capitation grant in the Volunteer Corps to which the officers belong. The details of attendance will be arranged by General Officers Commanding the districts to which the Volunteer Corps belong, in communication with the districts in which the training is to be undergone.

(B) The rank of these officers while going through their annual training will be that held by them in the Indian Army Reserve, irrespective of any rank they may hold in their Volunteer Corps. During the actual period of training they will receive pay at the rate of Rs 10 per diem, and free passage by rail from and to their homes for themselves, one charger, and one personal servant.

(C) Officers on attaining the age of 40 will not be required to undergo further training, nor will they be liable to be called up for active service except in cases of emergency. They will, however, remain in the Reserve subject to retirement at the ages and under the conditions laid down in rule 6.

(D) Officers detailed to serve with a regiment of Native Cavalry in the field will be required to

join with one charger. A second charger and if necessary, saddlery will be provided on loan by Government, or on payment, subject to repurchase by Government at a valuation. They will receive Staff Corps rates of pay and staff pay as squadron officers from date of leaving their station to join. They will rank among themselves according to the date of their commissions as Lieutenants, those not already promoted to that rank being so promoted on joining.

Uniform.

26. Officers, as officers of the Indian Army Reserve, are not required to provide themselves with any uniform until their services are actually required.

They are however authorised, when not actually in performance of duty with the Volunteer Forces, or in a Government Department for which a special uniform is prescribed, to wear the following uniform:—

- (A) *Tunic*.—Scarlet cloth, with blue cloth collar and cuffs. The collar ornamented with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch lace along the top, and gold Russia braid at the bottom, the cuffs pointed with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch lace round the top, and a tracing of gold Russia braid $\frac{1}{2}$ inch below the lace, terminating in a crow's foot and eye; eight buttons in front and two at the waist behind; the skirt closed behind with a plait at each side, and lined with white; the front, collar and skirt plaits edged with white cloth, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch wide; shoulder-straps of twisted round gold cord, universal pattern, lined with scarlet, a small gilt button at the top, badges of rank in silver, the letters "I. A. R." in silver or silver embroidery will be worn below the badges of rank.

Field Officers have a row of braided eyes below the lace on the collar; three bars of lace along the top of the cuff, showing $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of the facings between the bars; and the braiding on the sleeve is in the form of eyes below the lace for Colonels and Lieutenant-Colonels only. The lace on the sleeve extends to ten inches from the bottom of the cuff.

Captains have no braided eyes on the collar, and only two bars of lace along the top of the cuff; the tracing of the braid below the lace on the sleeves is plain without eyes.

Lieutenants have one bar of lace only on the cuff, extending to 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches from the bottom of the cuff. In other particulars the lace and braiding are the same as those of Captains.

Second-Lieutenants.—As for Lieutenants but without badges of rank.

Lace.—Gold, two-vellum pattern.

Buttons.—Gilt, burnished, with crowns and scalloped edge.

Waist-plate.—Round gilt clasp, with Royal Cypher and crown on the centre piece, and the words "Indian Army Reserve" on the outer circle.

Helmet.—As worn by Infantry officers in India.

Puggie.—White Muslin.

Forage cap.—As for Infantry of the line, with Royal Cypher and crown embroidered in gold in front.

All the other articles of uniform as for officers of Infantry of the line, but with the letters "I. A. R." on the shoulder-straps in gilt metal or in gold embroidery on garments for which cloth or serge straps are authorized.

(B) An officer retired from the army may wear the uniform of his late regiment.

(C) Officers of the Native Cavalry reserve called up for training under Rule 25-A, will wear the uniform of the Volunteers Corps to which they belong.

27. When called to army service, all officers of the Indian Army Reserve, if not already in possession of khaki uniform, will be required to provide themselves with a field service uniform of the pattern prescribed for the corps or department to which they may be appointed for duty.

PROMOTIONS.

No 309.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Captains to be Majors.

26th March, 1894.

Francis Macdonald Drury.

Charles John Dennys.

28th March, 1894.

Edward William Dun, D.S.O.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 310.—Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel A. Stephen, Indian Medical Service, Bengal Establishment, is granted the temporary rank of Surgeon-Colonel while officiating as Principal Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner, Assam, *vice* Surgeon-Colonel W. P. Warburton appointed Officiating Inspector General, Civil Hospitals, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with effect from the 8th March, 1894.

No. 311.—Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels to be Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels—

Richard Careless Sanders, M.D., *vice* Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel E. A. Birch, retired.—Dated 4th October, 1893.

Benjamin Franklin, Honorary Surgeon to the Viceroy, *vice* Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel G. C. Ross, promoted.—Dated 1st January, 1894.

Robert Temple Wright, M.D., *vice* Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel E. R. Johnson, retired.—Dated 2nd January, 1894.

George McBride Davis, M.D., *vice* Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel W. P. Warburton, promoted.—Dated 17th January, 1894.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 312.—13th (The Shekhawati) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Havildar Anand Singh to be Jamadar, *vice* Nakchhed Singh, transferred to the pension

establishment, with effect from the 1st January, 1894.

No. 313.—43rd Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Abiram Gurung to be Subadar, and Havildar Aitadhoz Rai to be Jemadar. *vice* Jaman Sing Rai, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 9th December, 1893.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 314.—The undermentioned Medical Officers are permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Brigade Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Denis Francis Keegan, M.D., Residency Surgeon, Indore, 1st April, 1894.

Surgeon-Colonel Edward Ord Tandy, Principal Medical Officer, Bundelkhand and Nerbudda Districts, 2nd April, 1894.

No. 315.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenant-Colonel Arnold Dashwood Strettell, Indian Staff Corps, Commandant, 5th Regiment of Punjab Infantry, 16th April 1894.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel James Reid, M.B., Medical Store-keeper to Government, Calcutta, 7th April, 1894.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 316.—Lieutenant J. Carmichael, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, Military Works Department, temporarily employed in the Public Works Department, on the Burma Provincial Establishment, is promoted to Executive Engineer, 4th grade, temporary, with effect from the 6th January, 1894.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

No. 19.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of leave by the Secretary of State for India :—

Commander R. D. P. Jones, Royal Indian Marine, till 30th June, 1894, on p. a.

Lieutenant J. C. G. DuPlat Taylor, Royal Indian Marine, for six months on m. c.

No. 20.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs, under the leave rules contained in Marine Circular No. 7 of 26th April, 1892; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty :—

Lieutenant C. F. Fletcher, Royal Indian Marine, for one year.

Engineer J. Andrews, Royal Indian Marine, for twelve months.

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 30th March, 1894.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned commissioned officer, on the date specified, was received in the Military Department between the 24th and the 30th March, 1894 :—

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
Indian Staff Corps (16th Madras Infantry).	Lieutenant G. M. MacHutchin	20th March, 1894	Gilgit.		

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 24th February and the 30th March, 1894.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
John Charles Greenwood (a).	Lieutenant	2nd Battalion, Royal Sussex Regiment.	18th November, 1893.	No will found	R s. p. 679 3 5	...	29th May, 1894.
Joseph Bustace Cullinan (b).	Captain	2nd Battalion, Royal Irish Regiment.	6th August, 1893.	Intestate	949 0 0	...	29th May, 1894.

(a) *Next-of-kin—*

*Mother—*Mrs. Greenwood,
7, Arlington Villas, Clifton, Bristol.

(b) *Next-of-kin—*

*Father—*M. Cullinan, Esq.,
Caherhugh House, Tuam, Co Galway.

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 26th March, 1894.

No. 149.—Mr. W. J. Chamberlain, class I, grade 3 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, is appointed to officiate as Traffic Superintendent of the North Western Railway in class I, grade 2, during the absence of Mr. E. F. Jacob on furlough, or until further orders.

No. 150.—Mr. C. J. Keene, class II, grade 1 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, with temporary rank in class I, grade 3.

No. 151.—With reference to Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 143, dated the 12th April, 1893, it is hereby notified that the entrance examination qualifying for admission to the Superior Traffic Department of State Railways will be held this year from the 19th to the 23rd November, inclusive.

The 27th March, 1894.

No. 152.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. W. Ottley, C.I.E., R.E., Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of the Punjab in the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, is appointed to officiate as Inspector General of Irrigation and Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, during the absence, on privilege leave, of Colonel F. J. Home, C.S.I., R.E., or until further orders.

No. 153.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 152, dated 27th March, 1894, Mr. T. Higham, Superintending Engineer, 1st class, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of the Punjab in the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. W. Ottley, C.I.E., R.E., or until further orders.

No. 154.—Mr. Mallasamudram Ramayya, passed student of the Poona College of Science,

is appointed to the Public Works Department as an Apprentice Engineer, and posted to Hyderabad.

No. 155.—CORRIGENDUM.—In Public Works Department Notification No. 105, dated 2nd March, 1894, relative to the retirement of Mr. A. H. Mason, *for*, forenoon of the 2nd February, 1894, *read*, afternoon of the 2nd February, 1894.

The 28th March, 1894.

No. 156.—Mr. F. D. Fowler, Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, State Railways, is granted furlough for nine months, under Article 340(b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 15th May, 1894, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

The 29th March, 1894.

No. 157.—Mr. C. L. S. Fouracres, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, class III, grade 3 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is transferred from the establishment under the Director General of Railways to that under the Chief Commissioner, Burma.

TELEGRAPH.

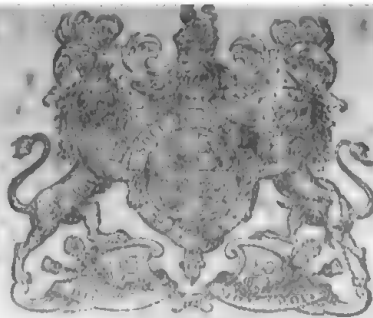
The 26th March, 1894.

No. 147.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Mr. C. Duffin, Superintendent, class V, 2nd grade, Indian Telegraph Department, to retire from the service, with effect from the 26th February, 1894.

No. 148.—Mr. C. H. Reynolds, Director, Indian Telegraph Department, who, in Public Works Department Notification No. 81, dated the 21st February, 1894, was temporarily deputed on special duty to the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, with effect from the forenoon of the 25th January, 1894, resumed his duties of Director, Indian Telegraph Department, from the forenoon of the 12th March, 1894.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 14.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for Publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 22:—

Nothing for Publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 27th March 1894:—

Discussion of the Financial Statement for 1894-95.

SUPPLEMENT No. 14.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

PUBLIC.

Calcutta, the 27th March, 1894.

No. 648.—Under the provisions of section 9 of the Statute 24 and 25 Victoria, Chapter 67, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that His Excellency's Council shall assemble at Simla in the jurisdiction of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 5th April, 1894.

No. 490-G.—The following promotions are made in the Merwara Battalion, with effect from the 1st March, 1894:

Jemadar Dewa to be Subadar, *vice* Pitha, transferred to the pension establishment.

Havildar Tila to be Jemadar, *vice* Dewa, promoted.

No. 493-G.—Major A. Masters, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander and 2nd-in-Command, 2nd Regiment, Central India Horse, is appointed to officiate as Political Agent in Western Malwa with effect from the date of assuming charge, and during the absence on privilege leave of Colonel M. G. Gerard, C.B.

No. 495-G.—Lieutenant R. L. Kennion, Indian Staff Corps, Boundary Settlement Officer in Bhopawar, is appointed to officiate temporarily as a Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, and is posted as Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent in Central India with effect from the date of assuming charge, and during the absence on privilege leave of Lieutenant C. E. Ross, Indian Staff Corps, officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, or until further orders.

No. 497-G.—Surgeon-Major H. Armstrong, Indian Medical Service (Madras), officiating Medical Officer, Queen's Own Madras Sappers and Miners, is appointed to officiate as Residency Surgeon at Bangalore, in addition to his

other duties, with effect from the date of assuming charge, and during the absence on privilege leave of Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel A. F. Dobson, M.B., or until further orders.

H. M. DURAND,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 5th April, 1894.

No. 1806-P.—The following reversions of officers of the Account Department during the month of February 1894 are notified :

With effect from the 13th February 1894,—

Mr. F. J. Atkinson to revert to Class III ;

Mr. A. Mayne to revert to Class IV ;

Mr. K. B. Wagle to revert to Class V ;

Mr. F. D. Gordon to revert to Class VI ;

Mr. C. W. C. Carson to revert to the class of Probationers.

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 6th April, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 317.—Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel A. Cameron, M.D., Indian Medical Service, Bengal Establishment, is granted the temporary rank of Surgeon-Colonel, with effect from the 16th February 1894, while officiating as Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, during the absence on furlough of Surgeon-Colonel J. G. Pilcher.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 318.—Lieutenant Godfrey Drage, Oxfordshire Light Infantry, officiating wing officer, 30th Regiment (5th Burma Battalion) Madras Infantry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 24th July 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 319.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officers of the Unattached List are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates

specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India :

Second-Lieutenants—

Theodore Julian Bolland, officiating wing officer, 16th (the Lucknow) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—27th February 1894.

Edward Gardiole Delacour de Labilliere, officiating wing officer, 38th (Dogra) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—2nd March 1894.

No. 320.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officers of the Unattached List are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India :

Second-Lieutenants—

Reginald William Sidney Elliott, attached to the 8th Madras Infantry,—3rd April 1894.

Sidney Mervyn Rice, attached to the 4th Madras Infantry (Pioneers),—3rd April 1894.

Adrian Victor Webley Hope, attached to the 27th Madras Infantry,—3rd April 1894.

Robert Walter Edmund Knollys, attached to the 20th Madras Infantry,—28th March 1894.

Sidney Veale Byland, attached to the 5th Madras Infantry,—28th March 1894.

Edward Moore Taylor, attached to the 2nd Madras Lancers,—28th March 1894.

Charles Louis Perrin, attached to the 27th Madras Infantry,—3rd April 1894.

Charles Reginald Scott-Elliott, attached to the 22nd Madras Infantry,—5th April 1894.

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

No. 321.—Veterinary Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. Queripel is appointed Inspecting Veterinary Officer, Eastern Circle, with effect from the 13th December 1893.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 322.—The following extracts are published for general information :

"London Gazette," dated the 6th March 1894, pages 1372 and 1373.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 6th March, 1894.

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MEMORANDA.

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The promotions to the rank of Lieutenant of the undermentioned Second-Lieutenants are cancelled, those officers having been transferred to the Indian Staff Corps with anterior dates :

B. O. Roe, the Connaught Rangers.

G. J. Davis, the Cameronians (Scottish Rifles).

F. H. Goldthorpe, the Norfolk Regiment.

W. B. Greig, the Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

C. Mackenzie, the Bedfordshire Regiment.

A S. H. Teed, the King's (Liverpool Regiment).

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INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Colonel Charles Henry Plowden is transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 22nd February 1894.

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INDIA OFFICE,
6th March, 1894.

The Queen has approved of the following admissions to Her Majesty's Indian Medical Service:

To be Surgeon-Lieutenants.

Dated 29th January, 1894.

BENGAL.

George Lamb.

Henry Burden.

John Fisher.

Edward Surman Peck.

Charles Harford Evans.

Stanley Arthur Harriss.

Ewan Cameron MacLeod.

Charles Thomson.

• • • • •

PROMOTIONS.

COLONEL'S ALLOWANCE.

No. 323.—Colonel Alexander Tulloch Rolland, Indian Staff Corps, is admitted to the colonel's allowance, with effect from the 4th April 1894:

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. 324.—The Christian names of Sergeant Allen, promoted to Sub-Conductor in G. G. O. No. 357 of 1893, are *Clarke Houston* and not as therein notified.

VOLUNTEER CORPS

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 325.—1st Administrative Battalion, North-Western Provinces Volunteers—

Captain W. S. J. Barry, Royal Irish Fusiliers, to be Adjutant, with effect from the 1st February 1894, *vice* Captain Reid, whose tenure of appointment has expired.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 326.—Oudh Volunteer Rifle Corps—

Second-Lieutenant William John McElhinney, Royal Engineers, to be Captain, *vice* Bonham-Carter, transferred to the supernumerary list.

No. 327.—Hyderabad Volunteer Rifle Corps—

Second-Lieutenant Godfrey Stanton Evans to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 24th November 1893, *vice* Schoeffler, deceased.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 328.—Oudh Volunteer Rifle Corps—

Captain F. W. Thurstan resigns his commission.

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 5th April, 1894.

No. 158.—The transfer of Mr. E. E. A. Küster, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, State Railways, to the Local Administration list and posting to Assam, notified in Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 7, dated 2nd January 1894, is hereby cancelled.

No. 159.—Mr. E. E. A. Küster, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, State Railways, has been permitted, at his own request, to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Article 712 (c) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 18th January 1894.

The 6th April, 1894.

No. 160.—The services of Surgeon-Captain H. Smith, M.D., I.M.S., Bengal Establishment, Medical Officer of the Mushkaf-Bolan State Railway, are placed at the disposal of the Home Department.

No. 161.—The services of Mr. E. P. Henderson, Indian Civil Service, Government Advocate, Punjab, on special duty under the Government of India in the Public Works Department, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the afternoon of the 14th April 1894.

No. 162.—Rai Bahadur Baroda Prosad Bosu, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade, State Railways, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the afternoon of the 31st March 1894.

No. 163.—Mr. G. S. Morley, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Punjab, is transferred to Hyderabad.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 15.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, APRIL 14, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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Nothing for publication.

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Nothing for publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 29th March, 1894:—

Questions and Answers.

Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882, Amendment Bill.

Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, Amendment Bill.

Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Acts, 1879 to 1886, Amendment Bill.

SUPPLEMENT No. 15.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Simla, the 12th April, 1894.

No. 702.—The relative rank of officers of the Royal Indian Marine having been determined by Her Majesty's Orders in Council, dated the 20th March and 30th July 1891, clauses (1) and (2) of section (a) of Home Department Notification No. 26, dated the 8th January 1884, are hereby cancelled. The entries of "Commanders of the Indian Marine" in the second class and of "First grade officers of six years' seniority and Chief Engineers of the Indian Marine" in the third class of the supplementary graded list of civil offices not reserved for members of the Indian Civil Service, appended to the Warrant of Precedence for India, will accordingly be deleted from that list.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 7th April, 1894.

No. 182.—The services of Mr. A. Mayne, of the Indian Civil Service, are replaced at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

The 11th April, 1894.

No. 188.—Mr. H. G. Sharp has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 24th January 1894.

The 12th April, 1894.

No. 193.—The services of the following officers serving in Assam are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal:

Mr. J. D. Anderson, I.C.S., Officiating Deputy Commissioner, 1st grade, Darrang.

Mr. J. L. Herald, I.C.S., Officiating Deputy Commissioner, 3rd grade, Cachar.

Mr. G. Gordon, I.C.S., Deputy Commissioner, 4th grade, Goalpara.

Mr. H. E. Ransom, I.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, 1st grade, Mangaldai.

No. 194.—The services of the following officers are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam:

Mr. A. E. Harward, I.C.S., Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Bogra.

Mr. F. MacBlaine, I.C.S., substantive *pro tempore*, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Monghyr.

Mr. B. B. Newbould, I.C.S., Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jalpaiguri.

Mr. H. F. Samman, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Dacca.

No. 198.—Mr. J. W. Neill is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service from the 1st April 1894, or the subsequent date on which he may sail from India or relinquish charge of office in the event of his not taking subsidiary leave.

No. 203.—Mr. F. E. Elliot is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 17th March 1894.

MEDICAL.

The 13th April, 1894.

No. 226.—The services of Surgeon-Captain E. C. Hare, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

POLICE.

The 13th April, 1894.

No. 187.—The services of Mr. W. F. S. Allen, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 12th April, 1894.

No. 70.—The services of the Reverend S. Scott, Officiating Chaplain of Saugor, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 2nd April 1894, or from the subsequent date on which he may be relieved of his duties.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 9th April, 1894.

No. 1383.—Sir E. C. Buck having returned on the forenoon of the 9th April 1894 from the privilege leave granted him in this Department's

Notification No. 967-C, dated the 3rd March 1894, the services of Mr. M. Finucane, C.S., who was officiating as Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the same date.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Under-Secretary to the Government of India.

HORSE-BREEDING AND AGRICULTURAL STOCK.

The 10th April, 1894.

No. 835-59.—The services of Veterinary-Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. B. Hallen, C.I.E., Inspector General, Civil Veterinary Department, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 19th May 1894.

FORESTS.

The 11th April, 1894.

No. 378-F.—Major C. T. Bingham, I.S.C., Conservator of Forests, 3rd Grade, Tenasserim Circle, Lower Burma, is granted, under Article 282 (a) (i), Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for three months, and fifteen days, with effect from 1st March 1894.

EMIGRATION.

The 12th April, 1894.

No. 851-26.—In the Notification No. 822-10-3 of the 30th April 1891, which has been amended by Notification No. 659-26 of the 16th March 1894, the word "while" in the fourth line should be omitted.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 9th April, 1894.

No. 503-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. W. J. Davidson as Acting Consular Agent for the United States of America at Moulmein, *vice* Mr. J. E. Orr, resigned.

No. 506-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Cowasji Dinshaw as Acting Consul for Portugal at Aden, *vice* Mr. Hormasji Cowasji, and during the absence of Mr. Dorabji Dinshaw.

The 10th April, 1894.

No. 511-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Charles Gairdner as Acting Consular Agent for the United States of America at Rangoon during the absence of Mr. W. G. Reddie.

No. 514-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of

Mr. Gustav Schmidt as Acting Consul for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Rangoon during the absence of Mr. G. A. Schröder.

The 11th April, 1894.

No. 517-G.—Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel R. Caldecott, Indian Medical Service (Bombay), Medical Officer of the 2nd Regiment, Central India Horse, and of the Western Malwa Political Agency, is appointed to be Residency Surgeon and Civil Administrative Medical Officer in Central India, with effect from the 26th March, 1894, *vice* Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel D. F. Keegan, M.D., retired.

No. 519-G.—Surgeon-Captain C. M. Moore, M.D., Indian Medical Service (Bombay), Medical Officer, 3rd Bombay Cavalry, is appointed to be Medical Officer of the 2nd Regiment, Central India Horse, and of the Western Malwa Political Agency, with effect from the 26th March, 1894, *vice* Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel R. Caldecott, appointed Residency Surgeon and Civil Administrative Medical Officer in Central India.

No. 522-G.—Lieutenant H. T. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, is, on reversion from boundary duty in Rajputana, re-appointed to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, and is posted temporarily as Cantonment Magistrate at Nasirabad, with effect from the date of assuming charge, and during the absence on privilege leave of Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, or until further orders.

No. 524-G.—Captain C. J. B. H. Dressner, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander, 1st Regiment, Central India Horse, is granted leave in India on private affairs for six months, under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps, with effect from the 15th April, 1894, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 526-G.—Mr. A. Williams, Indian Civil Service, Under-Secretary to the Government of the Punjab, is appointed to be a Political Agent of the 3rd Class, with effect from the 15th March, 1894. Mr. Williams will continue to officiate as Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

No. 528-G.—The leave to study the Native languages granted in Foreign Department notification, No. 217-G., dated the 8th February, 1894, to Lieutenant S. A. Cooke, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Squadron Officer, 2nd Regiment, Central India Horse, is extended to the 10th April, 1894.

The 12th April, 1894.

No. 533-G.—Mr. C. S. Bayley, Indian Civil Service, Political Agent of the 1st (Additional 1st) Class and Political Agent in Bikanir, is appointed to officiate as a Resident of the 2nd Class and as General-Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thagi and Dakaiti, with effect from the date of assuming charge, and during the absence on furlough of the *Honourable* Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel A. S. Lethbridge, C.S.I., M.D., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), or until further orders.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. Loch, Indian Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 2nd (Additional 2nd) Class and Boundary Settlement Officer in

Marwar and Assistant to the Resident in the Western States of Rajputana, is appointed, on return from furlough, to officiate as an Additional Political Agent of the 1st Class and as Political Agent in Bikanir, with effect from the date of assuming charge, *vice* Mr. Bayley.

No. 536-G.—Captain C. Herbert, Indian Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 3rd Class, is, on return from privilege leave, appointed to be an Additional Political Agent of the 1st Class and Political Agent in Kotah, with effect from the 15th March, 1894, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. C. Wyllie, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, appointed Resident of the 2nd Class and Resident in Meywar.

No. 1204-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions of Act I of 1894 (The Land Acquisition Act, 1894) to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, subject to the following modifications, namely:

- (1) For the words "Local Government" and "official gazette," or "local official gazette," wherever they occur in the Act, the words "Resident at Hyderabad" and "Hyderabad Residency Orders" respectively shall be read.
- (2) In section 1, the sub-sections (2) and (3) shall be omitted.
- (3) In section 2, the words "and section 74 of the Punjab Courts Act, 1884," shall be omitted, and for the word "are" in the same section the word "is" shall be read.
- (4) In section 4, sub-section (2), for the words "such Government," the words "the Resident at Hyderabad" shall be substituted.
- (5) In section 6, for the words "a Secretary to such Government," the words "the Secretary for Berar to the Resident at Hyderabad" shall be read.
- (6) In section 47, the words "or (within the towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay) to the Commissioner of Police" and the words "or Commissioner (as the case may be)" shall be omitted.
- (7) In section 54, for the words "High Court" the words "Judicial Commissioner, Hyderabad Assigned Districts," shall be substituted.

2. So much of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 212-J., dated the 24th October, 1873, as applied the Land Acquisition Act (X of 1870) to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and the notification of the said Government in the same Department, No. 209-I.J., dated the 20th October, 1881, are hereby cancelled.

No. 1219-1.—Whereas the Governor-General in Council has power and jurisdiction within the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore; In exercise of such power and jurisdiction, and of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, XXI of 1879, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in

Council is pleased to apply to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore the provisions of Act IV of 1889 (The Merchandise Marks Act), as amended by Act IX of 1891, so far as they may be suitable.

2. In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Act as so applied, the Governor-General in Council is further pleased to direct that the provisions of Home Department notification No. 1474, dated the 13th November, 1891, shall apply to that station.

The 13th April, 1894.

No. 1221-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the regulation of the manufacture, preparation, and sale of articles of food and drink within the Cantonment of Secunderabad:

1. The Cantonment Committee at Secunderabad may by bye-law—

- (a) prohibit the manufacture or preparation for sale of any specified articles of food or drink in any premises not licensed by the Cantonment Committee;
- (b) regulate the grant and withdrawal of licenses to premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of such specified articles of food or drink;
- (c) regulate the hours and manner of transport within the cantonment of any specified articles of food or drink;
- (d) fix the places in which any specified article of food or drink may be sold or exposed for sale, or the places in which it may not be sold or exposed for sale:

Provided that no person shall be punishable for breach of any such bye-law made under clause (a) or clause (d) of this rule by reason of the continuance of such manufacture, preparation, or exposure for sale, or sale upon any premises which are at the time of the making of such bye-law used for such purpose, until he has received from the Cantonment Committee six months' notice in writing to discontinue such manufacture, preparation, or exposure for sale or such sale in such premises.

2. In making any bye-law under the last foregoing rule, the Cantonment Committee may direct that a breach of it shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

3. (1) No bye-law made under the powers hereby conferred shall come into force in the Cantonment of Secunderabad until it has been confirmed by the Resident at Hyderabad, and published for such time and in such manner as the Resident may prescribe in this behalf.

(2) The Resident may cancel his confirmation of any such bye-law, and thereupon the bye-law shall cease to have effect.

4. Nothing in these rules shall be deemed to confer power on the Cantonment Committee with regard to alcoholic drinks.

H. M. DURAND,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 13th April, 1894.

No. 1869-P.—Mr. J. C. Mitra, Probationer in the Office of the Comptroller, Burma, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from 2nd April 1894.

PAPER CURRENCY.

The 11th April, 1894.

No. 1865-A.—Abstract of the Accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 31st March 1894 published, as required, by Section 27 of the Indian Paper Currency Act, XX of 1882.

CIRCLES OF ISSUE.	Whole amount of Notes in circulation.	RESERVE IN SILVER COIN AND BULLION.		
		Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Calcutta	12,80,79,620	3,88,38,202	...	3,88,38,202
Allahabad	1,14,53,975	3,35,21,505	...	3,35,21,505
Lahore	1,31,39,645	2,78,24,510	...	2,78,24,510
Bombay	10,36,24,265	6,35,31,668	...	6,35,31,668
Kurrachee	71,65,385	59,69,445	...	59,69,445
Madras	3,64,79,620	3,46,09,795	...	3,46,09,795
Calicut	12,20,420	9,37,345	...	9,37,345
Rangoon	39,53,380	1,88,83,840	...	1,88,83,840
TOTAL	30,41,16,310	22,41,16,310	...	22,41,16,310
Net Total				22,41,16,310
Price paid for Government Securities of the nominal value of Rs. 8,15,95,000 held under Section 19 of the Act				8,00,00,000
GRAND TOTAL				30,41,16,310

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 13th April, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY STAFF.

No. 329.—Captain H. S. Mayhew, Border Regiment, to be a Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry, *vice* Major Irwin, whose tenure has expired. Dated 31st March 1894.

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 330.—Lieutenant T. G. P. Lawrenson, Indian Staff Corps, 6th Madras Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 9th

February 1894, in the vacancy caused by the retirement of Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. M. Francklyn, Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, Madras Commissariat-Transport Department.

(Joined his appointment on the 13th March 1894.)

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

No. 331.—*2nd Infantry*—

Lieutenant A. T. Kirkwood, officiating wing officer, on probation, 1st Infantry, to be wing officer, on probation, *vice* Lieutenant Buckle, resigned. Dated 3rd April 1894.

No. 332.—*5th Infantry*—

Lieutenant W. L. Cotton, officiating wing officer, on probation, to be wing officer, *vice* Lieutenant Smith, resigned. Dated 23rd February 1894.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 333.—Lieutenant S. Lethbridge, Royal Artillery, to officiate as an ordnance officer, 4th class, to fill an existing vacancy, with effect from the 23rd March 1894.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 334.—*15th Bengal Lancers*—

Ressaidar Faizullah Khan, appointed on probation in G. G. O. No. 1148 of 1892, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from the 15th March 1892.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 335.—Captain J. A. Gibbon, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, 4th grade, Military Works Department, is granted leave out of India, (p. a.) for six months, under the leave rules applicable to regimental officers of the British Army serving in India.

No. 336.—Colonel R. H. F. Rennick, Indian Staff Corps, commandant, 18th Bengal Infantry, is granted an extension of leave, (p. a.) till the 6th March 1894, inclusive.

PENSIONS.

No. 337.—Conductor Bernard Smith Crumey, Commissariat-Transport Department, Bengal, is transferred to the pension establishment.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 338.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-Majors who have completed twenty years' full pay service to be Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 31st March 1894.

Samuel Haslett Browne, M.D.

Edward Mair, M.B.

James Armstrong, M.B.

Horace Parr Yeld.

John Campbell Fullerton, M.B.

Charles James Hislop Warden.

Surgeon-Captains who have completed twelve years' full pay service to be Surgeon-Majors.

Dated 1st April 1894.

Richard Havelock Charles, M.D.

George Duncan, M.B.

William Ainley Sykes, D.S.O., M.B.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 339.—The following promotions are made in the undermentioned regiments:

18th Bengal Lancers.

Dafadar Gul Mawaz Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Sher Muhammad Khan, resigned, with effect from the 1st March 1894.

Corps of Bengal Sappers and Miners.

Subadar Sudh Singh, *Bahadur*, to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Abdur Rahim Khan to be Subadar, and Havildar Jag Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sundar Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st March 1894.

4th (Prince Albert Victor's) Regiment of Bengal Infantry.

Havildar Ram-Parshad Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bhola Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st March 1894.

10th Regiment of Bengal Infantry.

Havildar Chur Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jai Ram, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 16th January 1894.

17th (The Loyal Purbyia) Regiment of Bengal Infantry.

Color-Havildar Hussain Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Inayat Ullah, deceased, with effect from the 16th October 1893.

36th (Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry.

Havildar Diwan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Dewa Singh, deceased, with effect from the 29th January 1894.

39th (The Garhwal Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry.

Havildar Sher Bahadur Mal to be Jemadar, *vice* Gopj Negi, deceased, with effect from the 25th January 1894.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

(The Queen's Own) Corps of Guides.

Dafadar Nawab Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Malik Muhammad Muzafar Khan, resigned, with effect from the 1st March 1894.

2nd Sikh Infantry.

Jemadar Surain Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Naurang Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bhag Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st January 1894.

Havildar Isar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sham Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 15th February 1894.

and Punjab Infantry.

Jemadar Buta Ram to be Subadar and Havildar Atru to be Jemadar, *vice* Gur Baksh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st March 1894.

REWARDS.

No. 340.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotion under the provisions of clause 48, India Army Circulars of 1884, in recognition of services rendered while serving in the Commissariat-Transport Department in Gilgit:

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

Bengal.

Sub-Conductor Alfred Stoddard to be Conductor.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 341.—*Punjab Light Horse—*

Philip Morton, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant to complete the establishment.

No. 342.—*Assam Valley Mounted Rifles—*

Harry Playfair, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant to complete the establishment.

No. 343.—*St. Michael's School Cadet Corps—*

The Revd. Father Bartholomew to be Honorary Chaplain, *vice* Petronius, resigned.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 344.—*Surma Valley Light Horse—*

Second-Lieutenant Charles Macalister Thomson to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 6th June 1893, *vice* Steward, promoted.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 345.—*1st Punjab Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Second-Lieutenant L. Christie resigns his commission.

No. 346.—*North-Western Railway Volunteer Rifles—*

Lieutenant C. H. C. Bickerton, Unattached List, resigns his commission, with effect from the 14th March 1894.

No. 347.—*Presidency Volunteer Rifle Battalion—*

Captain J. Stevenson (supernumerary) resigns his commission, with effect from the 6th March 1894.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 21.—Mr. Arthur St. Clare Bowden has been appointed by the Secretary of State for India a Sub-Lieutenant in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 25th January 1894.

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 11th April, 1894.

No. 164.—Mr. W. F. O'Donoghue, Examiner of Accounts, is, on return from leave, appointed to officiate as Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Madras, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. I. S. Sherlock-Hubbard.

The 12th April, 1894.

No. 165.—Public Works Department Notification No. 160, dated the 6th April 1894, placing the services of Surgeon-Captain H. Smith, M.D., I.M.S., Bengal Establishment, at the disposal of the Home Department, is hereby cancelled.

No. 166.—Mr. H. J. Strickland, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, has been permitted, at his own request, to resign the service of Government, with effect from the 31st January 1894.

No. 167.—Mr. G. W. Faulkner, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Burma, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, with effect from the afternoon of the 29th March 1894, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. M. King.

The 13th April, 1894.

No. 168.—Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 118, dated 9th March 1894, transferring Major W. J. Lister, R.E., from the Bombay Public Works Department to Burma, is hereby cancelled.

No. 169.—Mr. A. H. Barron, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer during the absence on privilege leave of Lieutenant-Colonel F. V. Corbett, R.E.

No. 170.—Mr. W. Good, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer during the absence on furlough of Mr. A. Grant.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 16.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for publication.

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Nothing for publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 16.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 18th April, 1894.

No. 7.—The Governor General in Council has been pleased to grant Mr. Kenworthy Brown, Barrister-at-Law, Reporter for the Indian Law Reports in the High Court, Madras, leave of absence from 7th April 1894 to 1st November 1894, or until further orders.

No. 8.—Mr. R. A. Nelson, B.A., LL.B., Barrister-at-Law, Principal of the Law College, Madras, has been appointed to officiate as Reporter for the Indian Law Reports in the High Court, Madras, during the absence on leave of Mr. Kenworthy Brown, or until further orders.

The 20th April, 1894.

No. 9.—Whereas the non-official Additional Members of the Council of the Governor of the

Presidency of Fort St. George have, in accordance with the Regulations published in the Notification of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, No. 19, dated 23rd June 1893, recommended the Hon'ble V. Bhashyam Aiyangar, B.A., B.L., Rai Bahadur, for nomination as an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mir Humayun Jah Bahadur, C.I.E., His Excellency the Governor General, under the authority vested in him by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Chap. 67), and section 1 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892 (55 and 56 Vict., Chap. 14), has been pleased to nominate the said Hon'ble V. Bhashyam Aiyangar, B.A., B.L., Rai Bahadur, to be an Additional Member of the said Council of the Governor General.

S. HARVEY JAMES,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Simla, the 19th April, 1894.

No. 733.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the first sentence of Home Department Notification No. 591, dated the 29th April 1886, so far as it relates to bullets, and the second sentence of that Notification altogether.

No. 734.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that leaden bird-shot and bullets, when possessed in quantities exceeding 1 cwt. at any one time throughout India and in any quantity in Burma, shall be deemed to be military stores within the meaning of the said Act, and shall be subject to the same restrictions as those placed on lead by clause (b) of Home Department Notification No. 508, dated the 1st March 1888.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 19th April, 1894.

No. 215.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the 16th April 1894:

Mr. Henry Babington Smith to be Private Secretary.

MEDICAL.

The 19th April, 1894.

No. 237.—The services of Surgeon-Captain C. Duer, M.B., F.R.C.S., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

The 20th April, 1894.

No. 239.—Surgeon-Major F. F. Perry, Professor of Surgery in the Lahore Medical College, to officiate as Ophthalmic Surgeon and Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery in the Medical College, Calcutta, during the absence on special leave on urgent private affairs of Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel R. O. Sanders, with effect from the 24th April 1894.

JUDICIAL.

The 16th April, 1894.

No. 426.—Under section 26, sub-section (2), of the Petroleum Act, 1886, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prescribe that drafts of proposed rules relating to Upper Burma under the Act shall be published:

- (a) When the authority making the rules is the Chief Commissioner, in one issue of the local official Gazette in English and in such other language or languages as the Chief Commissioner may direct; and

- (b) When the authority making the rules is the Governor General in Council, in one issue of the *Gazette of India* in English and in one issue of the local official Gazette in English and in such other language or languages as the Chief Commissioner may direct.

The 19th April, 1894.

No. 443.—Mr. H. W. Gordon, Indian Civil Service, took his seat as an officiating Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the afternoon of the 9th April 1894.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BURMA.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Rangoon, the 16th April, 1894.

No. 134.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act (XIV of 1874), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Chief Commissioner of Burma is pleased to extend Act XII of 1850 (for avoiding loss by the default of public Accountants) to the whole of Upper Burma (except the Shan States).

By order,

F. C. GATES,

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Burma.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SURVEYS.

Simla, the 18th April, 1894.

No. 1007.—The services of Colonel G. Strahan, R.E., Deputy Surveyor General, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 1st May 1894.

No. 1010.—The appointment of Deputy Surveyor General, in charge Trigonometrical Branch, is abolished, with effect from 1st May 1894.

Major St. G. C. Gore, R.E., Deputy Superintendent, 1st Grade, is appointed to be Superintendent, Trigonometrical Surveys, with effect from the same date.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 18th April, 1894.**No. 12-S.I.*

The following extract from the *London Gazette*, dated the 23rd February, 1894, is republished for general information:

INDIA OFFICE, *February 23rd, 1894.*

The Queen has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint His Highness Saiyid Hamad-bin-Thoweni, Sultan of Zanzibar, to be an Honorary Knight Grand Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

By Order of the Grand Master,

A. WILLIAMS,

for *Secretary to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.*

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 14th April, 1894.

No. 543-G.—Lieutenant E. G. Jones, Indian Staff Corps, officiating Wing Officer, 16th Madras Infantry, is appointed to officiate as Wing Officer and Adjutant, Deoli Irregular Force, with effect from date of joining, *vice* Lieutenant F. C. L. Waller.

The 16th April, 1894.

No. 557-G.—Captain H. Daly, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 3rd Class, is reappointed to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd Class, and is posted as Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 3rd April, 1894.

Lieutenant W. M. Cubitt, Indian Staff Corps, officiating Political Agent of the 3rd Class, and is posted as Attaché in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 3rd April, 1894.

The 17th April, 1894.

No. 562-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointments of Messrs. A. Rehling and R. Tocke as Acting Vice-Consuls for Denmark at Bassein and Moulmein respectively.

H. M. DURAND,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 18th April, 1894.

No. 566-G.—Surgeon-Captain P. J. Lumsden, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), is confirmed in the appointment of Residency Surgeon in

the Persian Gulf, with effect from the 25th December, 1893, *vice* Surgeon-Major D. R. Ross, M.D., retired.

No. 1299-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions, so far as they are suitable, of the Indian Registration Act (III of 1877), and of all subsequent amending Acts, to the lands (hereinafter styled the railway lands) in the territory of His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad, which are or may be hereafter occupied by the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway Company, by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, by the Dhond-Manmad Railway, and by the Madras Railway respectively (including the lands occupied as stations and out-buildings and for other railway purposes), subject to the following modifications:

(1) The third paragraph of section 1 and section 2 shall be omitted.

(2) References to British India and a Local Government shall be read respectively as referring to the aforesaid railway lands in His Highness the Nizam's territory and the Resident at Hyderabad.

(3) For the first paragraph of section 17 the following shall be read:

"The documents next hereinafter mentioned shall be registered if the property to which they relate is situate within the railway lands in His Highness the Nizam's territory (that is to say,)—"

(4) For clauses (a), (b), and (c) of section 33 the following clauses shall be read:

"(a) If the principal at the time of executing the power of attorney resides within the railway lands in His Highness the Nizam's territory, a power of attorney executed before, and authenticated by, the Registrar within the railway lands in His Highness the Nizam's territory;

"(b) If the principal at the time aforesaid resides in any part of British India in which the Indian Registration Act, 1877, is for the time being in force, a power of attorney executed before, and authenticated by, the Registrar or Sub-Registrar within whose district or sub-district, as defined in the said Act, the principal resides;

"(c) If the principal at the time aforesaid does not reside within the railway lands in His Highness the Nizam's territory or in any part of British India in which the Indian Registration Act, 1877, is for the time being in force, a power of attorney executed before, and authenticated by, a notary public, or any Court, Judge, Magistrate, British Consul or Vice-Consul, or representative of Her Majesty or of the Government of India."

(5) For the words "clauses (a) and (b)" in the proviso to section 33 the words "clause (a)" shall be read.

(6) In section 4 for the words "territories subject to such Government" and in section 69 for the words "territories under the Local Government," the words "railway lands in His Highness the Nizam's territory" shall be read.

So much of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1144-I., dated the 22nd March, 1888, Part I., as relates to Act III of 1877 is hereby superseded.

No. 1300-I.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 35 of the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870), as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 212-J., dated the 24th October, 1873, and in supersession of the orders contained in clause (6) under heading A of the notification by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 4650, dated the 10th September, 1889, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1015-I., dated the 26th March, 1890, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of the notification No. 4344-S. R., dated the 6th October, 1893, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce under the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870), section 35, shall apply to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

No. 1301-I.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 35 of the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870), as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 213-J., dated the 24th October, 1873, and in supersession of the orders contained in clause (6) under heading A of the notification by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 4650, dated the 10th September, 1889, as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1244-I., dated the 19th March, 1891, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of the notification No. 4344-S. R., dated the 16th October, 1893, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce under the Court Fees Act (VII

of 1870), section 35, shall apply to the Cantonment of Secunderabad.

No. 1304-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 9 respectively of the Indian Christian Marriage Act (XV of 1872) as modified by Act II of 1891, the Governor-General in Council is pleased—

(a) to grant a license to the Reverend Stephen H. Kearsey, Wesleyan Chaplain at Jhansi, to solemnise marriages within the Central India Agency; and

(b) to grant a license to the said Reverend Stephen H. Kearsey authorising him to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians within the said Agency.

The 20th April, 1894.

No. 800-F.—The following letter is published for information:

No. 766-F., dated Simla, the 18th April, 1894.

From—W. J. CUNNINGHAM, Esq., C.S.I., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department,

To—SIR H. MORTIMER DURAND, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E.

I am directed to convey to you the acknowledgment by the Government of India and by Her Majesty's Government of the very efficient manner in which your recent special duty in Kabul was performed.

2. The Government of India thus expressed themselves in writing on this subject to the Secretary of State—"We desire to place upon record our high sense of the service rendered by Sir Mortimer Durand in discharging the arduous and difficult task confided to him. A settlement such as that which has been arrived at would, in our opinion, have been altogether unattainable but for the confidence with which Sir Mortimer Durand was able to inspire the Amir. That confidence was probably in some measure due to Sir Mortimer Durand's decision to enter Afghan territory without any escort and as the Amir's guest, and there can be no doubt that, as the negotiations proceeded, His Highness became more and more impressed with the sincerity and goodwill of our representative and of the British Government, and gradually abandoned all idea of suspicion or mistrust. To conduct a protracted negotiation of this kind to a successful close required no ordinary qualities of tact and patience—qualities which, together with all others required for so exceptional a negotiation, have been found united to a remarkable degree in Sir Mortimer Durand." To this Lord Kimberley replied—"The warm terms in which your Government acknowledge the services of Sir M. Durand and of the officers attached to him are fully deserved by the admirable tact and discretion with which this most difficult negotiation has been carried through from the beginning to its very satisfactory conclusion. I des-

Telegram, dated the 10th November, 1893.

From—The Secretary of State,
To—The Viceroy.

"Your telegram of 8th. I congratulate Your Excellency and Sir Mortimer Durand on the successful result of the mission to the Amir. The arrangements seem very satisfactory. I await detailed report before commenting on them."

to Sir M. Durand the entire approval by Her

patched to you on the 10th November the telegram quoted on the margin, and I now take this opportunity of requesting that you will communicate

Majesty's Government of his conduct of the important and difficult mission entrusted to him." The Governor-General in Council has much pleasure in thus complying with His Lordship's request.

3. The Government of India cannot but regret, however, that the occasion for conveying to you the sentiments of Her Majesty's Government should also be that on which they must bid you farewell on your departure from India.

4. You entered the Foreign Department Secretariat twenty years ago, and have almost uninterruptedly served in the same office with conspicuous merit and great distinction, occupying in quick succession all grades up to the highest, to which you attained nine years ago. You have, however, been more than once employed for a time outside this office; and your distinguished service on the occasion of your mission to Kabul last year was not the first which you had rendered to your country in Afghanistan, where you served as political officer in the field with credit in the years 1879 and 1880.

5. During your whole service you have sought little relaxation by taking leave of absence, and only when your health temporarily broke under the severe strain of your duties did you once remain absent for any long time. Besides the protracted and critical negotiations which have resulted in the settlement of the boundary and improved relations with Afghanistan, you have had to deal with many matters of the highest importance, among which may be mentioned the settlement of the boundary between Afghanistan and the Russian dominions, coupled with the negotiations conducted with the Amir on the occasion of His Highness's visit to India in 1885; the conquest, annexation, and consolidation of the administration of Upper Burma; the altered relations of the Government of India with Kashmir; the reconstitution of the Gilgit Agency and extension of political influence in Chitral, Hunza, and Nagar; the negotiations with China relative to the Sikkim frontier; the institution of a British protectorate on the Somali Coast and improvement of British relations with the tribes round Aden; the negotiations relating to the boundary of Burma with Siam and China; and the association of Native States in India with the British Government in furnishing troops for the defence of the Empire.

6. A record so distinguished as the history of your service in India cannot be closed without feelings of regret on both sides. The Governor-General in Council rejoices, however, to think that in the high office to which you have been called in Persia you will still be in a position materially to serve the interests of India, and that this country will not lie altogether beyond the horizon of your regard.

7. The Governor-General in Council now bids you a cordial farewell. You have before you the opportunity of winning great fame and distinction in a career which offers far wider scope than service in India can; and you leave behind you a record which gives brilliant promise of success in the future, while it is one upon which you may always look back with pride.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 19th April, 1894.

No. 1942-P.—The following substantive promotions are made in the Enrolled List of the Financial Department, with effect from 1st April 1894:

Mr. T. H. S. Biddulph to Class I;
Mr. C. J. Rivett-Carnac to Class II;
Mr. H. G. H. Keene to Class III;
Mr. D. J. Burbridge to Class IV;
Mr. M. A. Hydari to Class V; and
Mr. H. G. Tomkins to Class VI.

No. 1992-P.—Mr. Chuni Lal is posted as Assistant Accountant General, Punjab, with effect from 30th March 1894.

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 20th April, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY STAFF.

No. 348.—The following appointment has been made by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India:

Captain and Brevet Major S. C. H. Monro, Seaforth Highlanders, to be station staff officer, Rawal Pindi, *vice* Major Watson. Dated the 22nd January 1894.

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

No. 349.—1st Lancers—

Lieutenant F. W. C. Turner, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer and officiating adjutant, to be adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Armstrong. Dated 3rd March 1894.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 350.—The undermentioned Surgeon-Lieutenant, appointed to the Bengal establishment in G. G. O. No. 890 of 1893, reported his arrival at Bombay on the date specified:

Gordon Travers Birdwood ... 27th October 1893.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 351.—Second-Lieutenant Maxwell Hume Henderson, 7th Dragoon Guards, squadron officer, 4th Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 17th November 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

Second-Lieutenant Henderson will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the above date, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 352.—Second-Lieutenant Archibald Henry Tylden Rouse, Royal West Kent Regiment, officiating wing officer, 1st Madras Infantry (Pioneers), is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 30th October 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

Second-Lieutenant Rouse will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the above date, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 353.—The undermentioned officers, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenants—

Arthur Berkeley Drummond, Northumberland Fusiliers, officiating wing officer, 39th (the Garhwal Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—18th August 1892.

Oswald Head Lawson, Northumberland Fusiliers, officiating wing officer, 26th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—18th September 1892.

No. 354.—The undermentioned officers, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenant Hopton Arthur Scott, Hampshire Regiment, wing officer, 11th Madras Infantry,—17th September 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Alexander Hazelwood Butler, Cheshire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 5th Madras Infantry,—28th August 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Butler will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the 28th August 1892, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 355.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officer of the Unattached List is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Second-Lieutenant Edward Barnes Peacock, officiating wing officer, 31st (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—25th March 1894.

No. 356.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officers of the Unattached List are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Second-Lieutenants—

Alleyn Robert Seymour Methven, attached to the 2nd Bombay Lancers,—22nd March 1894.

Alan Hewlett, attached to the 2nd Bombay Lancers,—23rd March 1894.

William Alfrey Light, wing officer, 24th (Baluchistan) Regiment of Bombay Infantry,—24th March 1894.

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

No. 357.—Veterinary-Lieutenant-Colonel F. Duck to be Principal Veterinary Officer in India, *vice* Veterinary-Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Russell, whose tour of Indian service has expired. Dated 22nd March 1894.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

358.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave out of India under article 704, Army Regulations, India, vol. I, part I:

Surgeon-Colonel J. Cleghorn, M.D., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, (p. a.) for eight months.

359.—The undermentioned officer is granted furlough out of India:

Major S. B. Beatson, 11th (Prince of Wales' Own) Regiment of Bengal Lancers, Inspecting officer, Jodhpore Imperial Service Lancers, (p. a.) for two years, under rule I of the regulations of 1875.

No. 360.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Lieutenant G. R. Lamb, Royal Artillery, subaltern, No. 3 (Peshawar) Mountain Battery, for one year. Pension service 9th year commenced 29th April 1893.

No. 361.—Mr. Saishia R. Naidoo, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, Bombay Circle, is granted furlough for one year from the 1st May 1894.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 362.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"*London Gazette*," dated the 27th March 1894, page 1793.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 27th March, 1894.

Hong Kong Regiment.—The following is substituted for the notification which appeared in the Gazette of 28th November 1893:

The undermentioned appointments to the rank of Jemadar are antedated as follows, such antedates not to carry precedence in the regiment prior to 7th June 1893:

Muhammad Abdullah to 1st April 1892.

Sirdar Khan to 1st April 1892.

Ghulam Jilani Khan to 1st March 1892.

Pay-Havildar Zarif Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Gulab Din, deceased. Dated 15th December 1893.

MEMORANDA.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Colonel George Augustus Way is transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 6th March 1894.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 363.—The following promotion is made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

To be Surgeon-Colonel.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Daniel O'Connell Raye, M.D., with effect from the 2nd April 1894, *vice* Surgeon-Colonel E. O. Tandy, retired.

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

Bengal.

No. 364.—Sub-Conductor (supernumerary Conductor) Thomas Green is absorbed in the grade of conductor and sergeant (supernumerary Sub-Conductor) George Tacchi is absorbed in the grade of sub-conductor, with effect from the 5th March 1894, *vice* Conductor Barnard Smith Crummy, transferred to the pension establishment.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 365.—*44th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—*

Jemadar Rajendra Sâhi to be Subadar and Color-Havildar Bahâdur Râna to be Jemadar, *vice* Partab Singh Rai, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st April 1894.

Havildar Mardbîr Râna to be Jemadar, *vice* Gajbir Gurûng, deceased, with effect from the 28th March 1894.

Color-Havildar Dhup Chand Thakur to be Jemadar, *vice* Kishnabir Gurûng, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st April 1894.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 366.—Lieutenant-Colonel John Adrias Davidson Gordon, General List, Infantry, commandant, 2nd (The Queen's Own) Regiment of Bengal (Light) Infantry, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 1st May 1894, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 367.—*East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Frederick Palmer, Esquire, to be Honorary Captain.

William Colebrooke Costley, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Pearce, resigned.

No. 368.—*Rangoon Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Percy Hamilton Beechey, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Mills, promoted.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 369.—*Rangoon Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Lieutenant John Henry Mills to be Captain, *vice* Gairdner, transferred to the supernumerary list.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 370.—*East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Captain F. Palmer resigns his commission.

No. 371.—*Burma State Railway Volunteer Corps—*

Surgeon-Captain C. G. R. Naylor resigns his commission.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 22.—Sub-Lieutenant E. G. Mills, Royal Indian Marine, to be an Assistant Surveyor, 4th class, Marine Survey of India, *vice* Sub-Lieutenant F. Dobson, Royal Indian Marine, who has vacated.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 23.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in Marine Circular No. 7, dated the 26th April 1892, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Commander W. Chandler, Royal Indian Marine, for one year.

Lieutenant J. H. D. St. John, Royal Indian Marine, for one year.

No. 24.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules contained in Marine Circular No. 7, dated the 26th April 1892; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:

Lieutenant T. A. L. de Berry, Royal Indian Marine, for one year.

Sub-Lieutenant T. H. H. Hand, Royal Indian Marine, for six months.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 20th April, 1894.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned commissioned and warrant officers on the dates specified were received in the Military Department between the 31st March and the 20th April 1894:

Corps.	Rank and names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
Army Medical Staff	Surgeon-Captain F. L. Carte.	2nd April 1894.	Allahabad.		
Ordnance Department, Bengal.	Sub-Conductor J. R. P. Evans	11th April 1894.	Allahabad.		

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 14th April, 1894.

No. 171.—Mr. F. J. McLaughlin, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Local Administration List, is permitted, at his own request, to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Article 712 (c) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the forenoon of the 19th April 1894.

The 18th April, 1894.

No. 173.—Mr. J. W. Parry, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade, State Railways, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the forenoon of the 7th April 1894.

TELEGRAPHS.

The 17th April, 1894.

No. 172.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following officiating and temporary promotions in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified:

Name.	From	To	Date.
C. H. Reynolds	Director, Class III	Deputy Director General of Telegraphs, Class II, officiating.	20th March 1894.
W. F. Melhuish	Chief Superintendent, Class IV	Director, Class III, temporary rank.	20th March 1894.

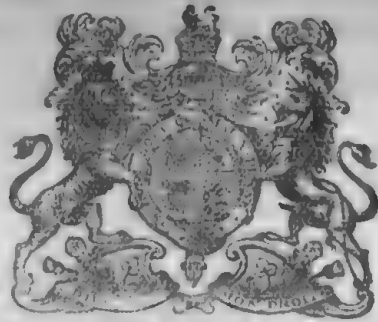
The 19th April, 1894.

No. 174.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following reversion in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the date specified:

Name.	From	To	Date.
H. W. Smith	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, officiating.	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 1st Grade.	13th March 1894.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 17.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, APRIL 28, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for publication.

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Nothing for publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 17.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 26th April, 1894.

No. 1092-M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General will hold a Levée at Viceregal Lodge, Simla, at 9-45 P.M. on Saturday, the 26th May 1894.

All Civil and Military Officers and the Native Officers of the Detachment of the 2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkhas, are invited to attend.

All Officers and Gentlemen attending the Levée are requested to bring with them two cards, with their names legibly written thereon—one card to be delivered on entering Viceregal Lodge, and the other to the Aide-de-Camp in waiting at the time of presentation.

Gentlemen who have not already been presented at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court are requested to send their names and addresses to the Aide-de-Camp in waiting not later than Monday, the 14th May 1894; and, when attending the Levée, to have the names of those Gentlemen who are to present them also written on their cards. Gentlemen presenting others should themselves attend the Levée.

Gentlemen wearing uniform will appear in full dress.

Gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform will appear in evening dress.

By Command,

A. DURAND, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Simla, the 25th April, 1894.

No. 777.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to confer the privilege of private entrée to Government House upon the Inspector-General of Imperial Service Troops.

The 27th April, 1894.

No. 783.—The Birthday of Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, will be kept in India on Saturday, the 26th May 1894.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 25th April, 1894.

No. 226.—The services of Mr. J. A. Baines, C.S.I., late Census Commissioner for India, are, on completion of his special duty in England, replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

MEDICAL.

The 27th April, 1894.

No. 264.—Surgeon-Colonel D. O'C. Raye, M.D., I.M.S. (Bengal), Principal Medical Officer, Bundelkhand and Nerbudda Districts, is appointed to officiate as Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, during the absence on furlough to Europe on private affairs for eight months of Surgeon-Colonel J. Cleghorn, M.D., with effect from the 28th April 1894, or the subsequent date on which he may assume charge of his duties.

No. 266.—With effect from the forenoon of the 29th March 1894, the services of Surgeon-Captain M. A. Ker, I.M.S. (Bengal), are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 268.—*Erratum.*—In Home Department Notification No. 239, dated the 20th April 1894, for "Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel R. O. Sanders" read "Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel R. C. Sanders."

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 27th April, 1894.

No. 83.—The Reverend J. F. W. Gompertz, a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, to be a Senior Chaplain, with effect from the 16th April 1894.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st April, 1894.

No. 598-G.—Mr. H. G. Waterfield, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, 3rd grade, Punjab, is appointed to officiate as Assistant in Rajputana to the General-Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thagi and Dakaiti, with effect from the date of assuming charge, and during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. W. A. Gayer, or until further orders.

No. 601-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Mr. William W. Bryant as Vice and Deputy Consul-General for the United States of America at Calcutta, *vice* Mr. S. Merrill, Junior.

The 23rd April, 1894.

No. 619-G.—Surgeon-Captain J. R. Roberts, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), is confirmed in the appointment of Agency Surgeon at Gilgit, with effect from the 27th January, 1894, *vice* Surgeon-Major G. S. Robertson, C.S.I., who has been appointed British Agent at Gilgit.

The 25th April, 1894.

No. 638-G.—Lieutenant H. L. Showers, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class and Assistant Commissioner, Thal-Chotiali, and Assistant Political Agent, Loralai and Railway District, is granted privilege leave for two months and five days, with effect from the 3rd May, 1894.

The 26th April, 1894.

No. 646-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Robert Alexander Scott as Acting Consul for the Netherlands at Akyab during the absence of Mr. Michael Halliday.

No. 1419-I.—Captain M. Cowper, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Inspecting Officer, Kashmir and Punjab Imperial Service Cavalry, is granted privilege leave for ninety days, with effect from the 1st May, 1894, or date of departure.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 21st April, 1894.

No. 2076-A.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

March 1894.

(Lakhs of Rupees.)

	In MARCH.		To END OF MARCH.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	Budget, 1893-94.	Actuals, 1892-93.
[For the explanation of these heads, see <i>Gazette of India</i> , dated 22nd December 1883, Part I, page 497.]						
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	5.96	5.41	26.36	25.55	25.98	25.63
Opium	46	64	6.63	7.99	7.32	7.99
Salt	80	86	8.22	8.66	8.59	8.66
Stamps	39	43	4.51	4.45	4.43	4.45
Excise	63	61	5.39	5.24	5.14	5.24
Provincial Rates	49	56	3.57	3.75	3.71	3.71
Customs	30	25	1.68	1.61	1.66	1.62
Assessed Taxes	11	10	1.61	1.53	1.57	1.56
Forest (Madras and Bombay only)	11	7	56	45	54	48
Registration	4	4	42	43	43	43
Tributes from Native States	21	19	76	79	77	79
Other Civil Revenue	34	38	3.64	3.65	3.76	3.88
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS	9.84	9.54	63.35	64.13	63.90	64.44
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	— 12	— 14	— 4.26	— 4.25	— 4.11	— 4.25
Opium	— 2	— 2	— 1.88	— 1.60	— 2.25	— 1.60
Other Civil Expenditure	— 3.61	— 3.31	— 24.56	— 23.88	— 25.08	— 24.57
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS	— 3.75	— 3.47	— 30.70	— 29.73	— 31.44	— 30.42
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments:						
[The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance Transactions.]						
Post Office (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Issues)	— 6	...	+ 41	+ 67	+ 87	+ 92
Forest, Marine (Net as above)	+ 4	+ 5	+ 36	+ 34	+ 24	+ 39
Guaranteed and Subsidized Railways (Net as above)	+ 54	+ 44	+ 4.49	+ 4.25	+ 4.07	+ 4.11
Ditto Repayment of Surplus Profits, &c.	— 5	— 1	— 57	— 58	— 57	— 58
Military Receipts	+ 5	+ 14	+ 67	+ 90	+ 80	+ 1.01
Ditto Issues	— 1.41	— 1.42	— 15.43	— 15.03	— 15.11	— 15.15
Telegraph Receipts	+ 8	+ 9	+ 78	+ 76	+ 76	+ 76
Ditto Issues	— 7	— 9	— 73	— 72	+ 4	— 72
Public Works Department—						
State Railways—Receipts	+ 1.12	+ 1.17	+ 11.99	+ 10.96	— 7	+ 11.01
Issues	— 1.05	— 92	— 9.48	— 9.09		— 8.87
East Indian Railway—Receipts	+ 42	+ 38	+ 4.47	+ 4.32		+ 4.32
Issues	— 23	— 29	— 1.75	— 1.63		— 1.67
Ordinary Branches—Receipts	+ 21	+ 25	+ 2.21	+ 2.48		+ 2.51
Issues	— 1.18	— 1.16	— 7.43	— 7.51		— 7.55
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	— 1.59	— 1.37	— 10.01	— 9.88	— 9.73	— 9.51
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Payments)	— 5	...	+ 2.60	+ 25	+ 3.22	+ 25
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	...	— 12	— 42	— 10	...	— 10
Exchange on Remittance Accounts	— 1.41	— 51	— 5.30	— 8.93	— 10.85	— 9.14
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at R 10 per £	— 2.29	— 2.04	— 10.23	— 17.03	— 18.37	— 17.03
Other Debt Heads (Net as above)	— 21	— 19	+ 1.00	— 73	+ 71	— 51
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	— 3.96	— 2.86	— 12.35	— 26.54	— 25.29	— 26.53
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	+ 54	+ 1.84	+ 10.29	— 2.02	— 2.56	— 2.02
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	25.02	13.43	15.27	17.29	15.20	17.29
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	25.56	15.27	25.56	15.27	12.64	15.27

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 24th April, 1894.

No. 2039-P.—The following appointments are made in the Postal Department in consequence of the retirement of Mr. E. de C. Williams, with effect from 1st April 1894, and until further orders :

Mr. J. Cornwall to officiate as Deputy Post Master General, 2nd grade; and

Mr. C. Goodburn to officiate as Deputy Post Master General, 3rd grade.

The 27th April, 1894.

No. 2141-P.—Mr. O. T. Barrow, Accountant General, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for one month and fifteen days, with effect from 22nd April 1894.

Mr. J. C. E. Branson, Deputy Accountant General, Bombay, is appointed to officiate as Accountant General, Bombay, *vice* Mr. O. T. Barrow, or until further orders.

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 27th April, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY STAFF.

No. 372.—Captain W. E. Sturges, Northumberland Fusiliers, to be a Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry, *vice* Major Pennington, vacated. Dated 20th April 1894.

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

No. 373.—*1st Lancers*—

The date of appointment of Lieutenant Lillingston, as notified in G. G. O. No. 282 of 1894, should be the 8th and not the 1st February 1894.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 374.—Lieutenant Henry George Young, Royal Fusiliers, officiating squadron officer, 10th Bengal Lancers, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 25th November 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 375.—The undermentioned officers, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenant George Henry Fitzmaurice Kelly, Leinster Regiment, officiating wing officer, 23rd (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry (Pioneers),—22nd June 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Andrew Alexander Irvine, Lincolnshire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 3rd Bengal Infantry,—12th October 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Irvine will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the 12th October 1892, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 376.—The undermentioned officers, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Second-Lieutenant Vincent Francis William Tregear, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, officiating wing officer, 24th Madras Infantry,—24th September 1892.

Second-Lieutenant George Callander Burn, Gloucestershire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 13th Madras Infantry,—11th October 1892.

Second-Lieutenants Tregear and Burn will rank as Lieutenants in the Indian Staff Corps from the above dates, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 377.—The undermentioned officer is, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India, admitted to the Indian Staff Corps on the conditions laid down in the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, for admission to the Staff Corps of officers of the unattached list, with effect from the date specified:

Second-Lieutenant Leslie Swinton Browne, 2nd Battalion, Royal Irish Regiment, officiating wing officer, 38th (Dogra) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—27th February 1894.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 378.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. D. Vanrenen, Indian Staff Corps, commandant, 5th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, for seven months. Pension service—30th year commenced 12th December 1893.

Captain and Brevet-Major W. duG. Gray, Indian Staff Corps, 4th Regiment of Punjab Infantry, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Narbudda district, for eight months. Pension service—19th year commenced 10th September 1893.

Captain W. J. Newell, Indian Staff Corps, 11th Regiment of Bengal Infantry, District Recruiting Officer, Lucknow, for eight months. Pension service—16th year commenced 11th May 1893.

Lieutenant W. S. Fraser, Indian Staff Corps, attached 19th Regiment of Bengal Lancers, for one year. Pension service—8th year commenced 23rd March 1894.

Surgeon-Major H. Hamilton, M.D., attached 5th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, for seven months. Pension service—18th year commenced 14th July 1893.

No. 379.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the leave to have effect in India from the

date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:

Captain W. F. M. I. Fraser, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 18th Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for one year. Pension service—15th year commenced 2nd July 1893. (This cancels the leave granted to him in G. G. O. No. 262 of 1894.)

Lieutenant J. C. D. Pinney, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer, 1st Regiment, Central India Horse, for eight months. Pension service—5th year commenced 8th June 1893.

No. 380.—Lieutenant C. B. Farwell, Royal Engineers, attached Military Works Department, is granted leave out of India, (m. c.) for nine months, under the leave rules applicable to regimental officers of the British Army serving in India.

No. 381.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India:

Major-General Sir W. S. A. Lockhart, K.C.B., C.S.I., Infantry, commanding Punjab Frontier Force, (p. a.) for four months.

Captain C. E. Hodgson, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer, 1st Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, (m. c.) for six months.

Lieutenant A. E. Barnard, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer, 4th Regiment of Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent, (u. p. a.) for two days.

Lieutenant F. G. Fuller, Royal Engineers, Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, Military Works Department, (m. c.) for six months.

Lieutenant L. N. Leeds, Indian Staff Corps, 5th Regiment of Punjab Cavalry, Assistant Commandant, Military Police, Burma, (m. c.) for six months.

No. 382.—First grade Assistant Apothecary G. S. Collett is granted an extension of leave to the 18th January 1894.

No. 383.—Major H. R. Marrett, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, Superintendent, Hissar Cattle Farm, is granted leave within Indian limits, (p. a.) for six months, under rule X of the regulations of 1875 (the first ninety days being on full staff pay under subsidiary rule III), to be availed of on or after the 17th May 1894.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 384.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"*London Gazette*," dated the 30th March 1894, pages 1832 and 1833.

INDIA OFFICE;

30th March, 1894.

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Medical Services, and admissions to

the Staff Corps, made by the Governments in India:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 8th January 1894.

Charles Henry Ellison Adamson, C.I.E.

Richard Kirby Ridgeway, V.C.

Geffery Lawrence Eliot.

Frederick Babington Peile.

James Beverley Lynch.

Robert Gordon.

Herbert Edward Penton.

Dated 22nd January 1894.

Edward Locke Elliot, D.S.O.

Clayton William James Hingston.

To be Major.

Captain Malcolm Thomas Lyde. Dated 21st January 1894.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Frederick John Fraser, from the Liverpool Regiment. Dated 24th April 1892, but to rank from 9th July 1890.

Lieutenant Trevor Chichele Plowden, from the Royal West Surrey Regiment. Dated 6th April 1892, but to rank from 24th December 1890.

Lieutenant Guy Archibald Hastings Beatty, from the Royal Irish Regiment. Dated 27th May 1892, but to rank from 29th April 1891.

Lieutenant George Mortimer Morris, from the Devonshire Regiment. Dated 7th September 1892, but to rank from 19th May 1891.

Lieutenant Frederick Frere Solly-Flood, from the Royal Fusiliers. Dated 26th June 1892, but to rank from 7th July 1891.

Lieutenant Henry Andrew Harington, from the Manchester Regiment. Dated 19th May 1892, but to rank from 14th July 1891.

Lieutenant Charles Louis Gaussen, from the 18th Hussars. Dated 11th May 1892, but to rank from 5th August 1891.

Second-Lieutenant John Wilmot Harley Lyon, from the Leinster Regiment. Dated 22nd August 1891.

Lieutenant Frank Macdonald Lane, from the Lancashire Fusiliers. Dated 1st March 1892, but to rank from 20th September 1891.

Lieutenant John Fortescue Finnis, from the Manchester Regiment. Dated 31st March 1892, but to rank from 21st October 1891.

Lieutenant William Henry Francis Basevi, from the South Wales Borderers. Dated 12th April 1892, but to rank from 3rd November 1891.

Lieutenant Arthur Wellesley Bailey, from the Middlesex Regiment. Dated 2nd June 1892, but to rank from 17th February 1892.

Lieutenant George Dashwood Maxwell Moore, from the Lancashire Fusiliers. Dated 18th March 1892, but to rank from 1st March 1892.

Lieutenant Clifford Boardman Winter, from the Lincolnshire Regiment. Dated 9th June 1892, but to rank from 30th March 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Henry Warwick Berthon, from the Middlesex Regiment. Dated 14th April 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Oscar Michael John da Costa, from the 21st Hussars. Dated 15th April 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Harry Gilbert Peyton Beville, from the Suffolk Regiment. Dated 15th April 1892.

Second-Lieutenant George Louis Stuart Ward, from the Royal Berkshire Regiment. Dated 16th April 1892.

Lieutenant William Magill Kennedy, from the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers. Dated 31st July 1892, but to rank from 21st April 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Herbert Courtenay Scott, from the Norfolk Regiment. Dated 2nd May 1892.

Lieutenant Robert Clarence Wellesley Lukin, from the Yorkshire Light Infantry. Dated 16th June 1892, but to rank from 11th May 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Robert John Camac Eastwood, from the Gloucestershire Regiment. Dated 3rd June 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Henry Kellett Harley, from the Royal Dublin Fusiliers. Dated 13th June 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Edward Kirkpatrick, from the Somersetshire Light Infantry. Dated 14th June 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Hugh William Fothergill Cooke, from the Cheshire Regiment. Dated 22nd June 1892.

Second-Lieutenant John Molyneux Spottiswoode Groves, from the 18th Hussars. Dated 14th September 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Charles Blackwell Monypenny, from the Royal West Kent Regiment. Dated 22nd October 1892.

BENGAL MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

To be Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Reginald Johnson. Dated 1st October 1893.

The Queen has approved of the transfer of the undermentioned officers to the half-pay list:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Lieutenant George Alexander Leslie Buchanan. Dated 14th March 1894.

Lieutenant Cecil Herbert Peterson. Dated 4th March 1894.

The Queen has also approved of the retirement from the service of the undermentioned officers:

BENGAL CAVALRY.

Colonel Christopher George Cautley. Dated 8th February 1894.

MADRAS INFANTRY.

Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Stokoe. Dated 25th March 1894.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Montagu Dale. Dated 28th February 1894.

BENGAL SUBORDINATE MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Senior Apothecary, first grade, ranking as Honorary Captain, Robert Crossley. Dated 3rd December 1893.

"London Gazette," dated the 3rd April 1894, pages 1883 and 1884.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 3rd April 1894.

MEMORANDA.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Charles Johnson, Madras establishment, is granted the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 6th January 1894.

Deputy Assistant Commissary Thomas Southam, Madras establishment, is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 6th January 1894.

INDIAN ARMY.

Major-General John Mackie Stewart, Bengal Infantry, to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 10th February 1894.

Colonel Robert Hastie Inglis, Bengal Infantry, to be Major-General. Dated 10th February 1894.

ORGANISATION.

No. 385.—With reference to paragraph 25 (A) of G. G. O. No. 308 of 1894, it is hereby notified that the annual training of officers of the Native Cavalry Reserve therein authorised will not take place during 1894-95.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 386.—With reference to G. G. O. Nos. 231 and 251 of 1890, it is hereby notified that the caste constitution of the 33rd Regiment (3rd Burma Battalion) of Madras Infantry as therein laid down is modified, the authorised composition of the regiment being changed from five companies of Sikhs and three of Punjabi Mahomedans to five companies of Sikhs; two companies of Punjabi Mahomedans, and one company of Pathans, the latter company being recruited from no other classes than those noted below:

Yusufzais	} Cis-frontier.
Momands	
Khalils.	
Gaduns.	
Swatis.	

PENSIONS.

No. 387.—Sub-conductor Samuel Dukes, Military Works Branch, Public Works Department, is transferred to the pension establishment.

PROMOTIONS.

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

Madras.

No. 388.—Honorary Lieutenant and Assistant Commissary J. H. Dickson to be Deputy Commissary, and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Honorary Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary E. Delmege to be Assistant Commissary;

Conductor W. Doughty to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

Sub-Conductor (supernumerary conductor) S. Collard is absorbed in the grade of conductor;

Sergeant R. Harding to be sub-conductor,—with effect from the 3rd November 1893, *vice* Honorary Captain and Deputy Commissary H. Hann, transferred to the pension establishment.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 389.—*Corps of Bengal Sappers and Miners—*

Color-Havildar Hazara Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Chattar Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st April 1894.

No. 390.—*32nd (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry (Pioneers)—*

Jemadar Prem Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Sher Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jawahir Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 6th April 1894.

No. 391.—*33rd (Punjabi Mahomedan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—*

Jemadar Mihr Shah to be Subadar and Havildar Bahawal Bakhsh to be Jemadar, *vice* Mansur Ali, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st April 1894.

No. 392.—*2nd Battalion, 1st Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment—*

Jemadar Belaram Newar to be Subadar and Havildar Padam Sing Rána to be Jemadar, *vice* Drig Sing Gurung, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 3rd February 1894.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

No. 393.—*(The Queen's Own) Corps of Guides, Cavalry—*

Jemadar Sharbat Ali to be Ressaidar, *vice* Faiz Talab Khan, promoted, with effect from the 1st January 1894.

REWARDS.

GOOD CONDUCT MEDALS.

No. 394.—The undermentioned non-commissioned officers and men of the Bengal Army and Punjab Frontier Force are granted meritorious service medals with annuities, with arrears of annuities from dates specified, and long service and good conduct medals with and without gratuities, for the year ending 31st March 1895,

under the provisions of clause 115, India Army Circulars, 1888, and article 342, Army Regulations, India, vol. I, part II :

Medals inscribed "For Meritorious Service," with annuity.

No. 84, Dafadar Karam Khan, 13th Bengal Lancers, *vice* Dafadar Jit Singh, invalided; from 1st May 1893.

No. 88, Drum-Major Abdul Samad Khan, 4th Bengal Infantry, *vice* Havildar Mátadín Tribedi, pensioned; from 1st May 1893.

No. 12, Havildar Shaikh Husain Bakhsh, 5th Bengal Infantry, *vice* Havildar Zálím Singh, pensioned; from 1st July 1893.

No. 8, Havildar Shiudas Tiwári, 9th Gurkha Rifles, *vice* Havildar Ramharakh Missir, pensioned; from 1st November 1893.

No. 1545, Havildar Nihál Singh, 16th Bengal Infantry, *vice* Havildar Jagjít Singh, pensioned; from 5th July 1893.

No. 6, Havildar Mir Tajammul Husain, 17th Bengal Infantry, *vice* Havildar Rustam Khan, promoted; from 15th May 1893.

No. 2102, Havildar Hussain Khan, 19th Bengal Infantry, *vice* Havildar Luchman Singh, pensioned; from 14th September 1893.

No. 1148, Pay-Havildar Rám Dayál, 29th Bengal Infantry, *vice* Color-Havildar Kán Singh, pensioned; from 16th August 1893.

No. 1116, Second Bugle-Major Sába Singh, 32nd Bengal Infantry, *vice* Color-Havildar Nihál Singh, pensioned; from 23rd August 1893.

No. 14, Havildar Bágh Ali, 33rd Bengal Infantry, *vice* Havildar Shamsdín, pensioned; from 1st October 1893.

No. 1165, Havildar Krishnabír Chatri, 43rd Gurkha Rifles, *vice* pensioned Havildar Bakhthbír Gurung, deceased; from 1st May 1893.

No. 1038, Color-Havildar Sarup Singh, 45th Bengal Infantry, *vice* Color-Havildar Basant Singh, pensioned; from 1st September 1893.

No. 3229, Havildar Ahmad Dín, 1st Punjab Infantry, *vice* Havildar Iláhi Bakhsh, pensioned; from 1st October 1893.

No. 16, Havildar Kishnmán Khatri, 2nd Battalion, 5th Gurkha Rifles, *vice* Havildar Ghanbír Thápa, pensioned; from 1st January 1894.

Medals inscribed "For Long Service and Good Conduct," with gratuity.

No. 146, Sowar Núr Muhammad Khan, 1st Bengal Cavalry.

No. 167, Sowar Ahmad Beg, 1st Bengal Cavalry.

No. 204, Sowar Ishar Singh, 2nd Bengal Lancers.

No. 265, Sowar Sheikh Tajammul Husain, 2nd Bengal Lancers.

No. 284, Sowar Mazhar Ali, 3rd Bengal Cavalry.

No. 318, Sowar Sawant Singh, 3rd Bengal Cavalry.

No. 255, Lance-Dafadar Sheikh Rustam, 4th Bengal Cavalry.

- No. 781, Lance-Dafadar Ramasra, 4th Bengal Cavalry.
- No. 13, Sowar Dirgaj Singh, 5th Bengal Cavalry.
- No. 1948, Sowar (Farrier) Ashrat Mir Khan, 5th Bengal Cavalry.
- No. 773, Sowar Jiwan Khan, 6th Bengal Cavalry.
- No. 1476, Lance-Dafadar Din Dayál Singh, 7th Bengal Cavalry.
- No. 1411, Sowar Muhammad Hasan Khan, 7th Bengal Cavalry.
- No. 246, Sowar Rúr Singh, 8th Bengal Cavalry.
- No. 258, Sowar Asghar Ali Khan, 8th Bengal Cavalry.
- No. 575, Sowar Santokh Singh, 9th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 1051, Sowar Kishan Singh, 9th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 896, Sowar Híra Singh, 10th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 948, Sowar Muhammad Ali Khan, 10th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 1416, Lance-Dafadar Ata Muhammad Khan, 11th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 1382, Sowar Díwán Singh, 11th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 1089, Sowar Díwán Singh, 12th Bengal Cavalry.
- No. 1245, Sowar Laddha Singh, 12th Bengal Cavalry.
- No. 1541, Sowar Rádha Kishan, 13th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 180, Sowar Sheikh Bhulái, 13th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 977, Lance-Dafadar Rámji Lal, 14th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 991, Sowar (Farrier) Shibbu, 14th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 373, Sowar Ahmad-dín Khan, 15th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 422, Sowar Alam Khan, 15th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 100, Sowar Gurditt Singh, 16th Bengal Cavalry.
- No. 713, Sowar Muhammad Husain Khan, 18th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 805, Sowar Ludde Khan, 18th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 1064, Lance-Dafadar Mohar Singh, 19th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 1096, Sowar Jamál Khan, 19th Bengal Lancers.
- No. 1514, Sowar Tára Chand, 1st Punjab Cavalry.
- No. 1539, Sowar Kharak Singh, 1st Punjab Cavalry.
- No. 1840, Lance-Dafadar Kásim Ali, 2nd Punjab Cavalry.
- No. 1875, Lance-Dafadar Mangal Singh, 2nd Punjab Cavalry.
- No. 72, Sowar Ghulám Rasúl, 3rd Punjab Cavalry.
- No. 1565, Sowar Allahdád Khan, 5th Punjab Cavalry.
- No. 1641, Sowar Sher Singh, 5th Punjab Cavalry.
- No. 2210, Naick Baldeo Singh, Bengal Sappers and Miners.
- No. 2144, Sapper Máhabír, Bengal Sappers and Miners.
- No. 61, Naick Shiuratan, 1st Bengal Infantry.
- No. 109, Sepoy Rámjattan Tiwári, 1st Bengal Infantry.
- No. 106, Sepoy Ram-ishwár Misr, 2nd Bengal Infantry.
- No. 109, Sepoy Rati-Pál Ráe, 2nd Bengal Infantry.
- No. 1249, Drummer Sheikh Amánat Ali, 3rd Bengal Infantry.
- No. 2993, Sepoy Ramautar Tiwári, 3rd Bengal Infantry.
- No. 87, Drummer Sheikh Jeddu, 4th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 109, Sepoy Lachman Singh, 4th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 49, Naick Ghulám Husain Khan, 5th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 89, Sepoy Ali Bakhsh Khan, 5th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 114, Sepoy Ujágar Rám, 6th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 99, Sepoy Deo Náráyan Singh, 7th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 101, Sepoy Surit Singh, 7th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 90, Sepoy Sankar, 8th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 52, Naick Saligrám Páthak, 11th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 83, Sepoy Guptár Singh, 11th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 98, Sepoy Shamsheer Khan, 12th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 99, Sepoy Sálár Khan, 12th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 3, Naick Shera, 13th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 2, Sepoy Máhabír Rám, 13th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 1317, Naick Sher Singh, 15th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 1158, Sepoy Abdulla, 15th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 278, Sepoy Shiubalak Singh, 16th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 285, Sepoy Bishnáth Singh, 16th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 95, Sepoy Mahmúd Khan, 17th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 1768, Naick Bháwal Ali, 19th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 1889, Naick Jiwan Singh, 19th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 2341, Lance-Naick Phúman, 20th Bengal Infantry.
- No. 2344, Lance-Naick Gunneah, 20th Bengal Infantry.

No. 1478, Naick Rúlde Shah, 21st Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1489, Sepoy Hashmat Ali, 21st Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1859, Naick Húkam, 22nd Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1813, Sepoy Hari Singh, 23rd Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1840, Sepoy Játa Singh, 23rd Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1807, Naick Búta Khan, 24th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1682, Lance-Naick Muhammad Khan, 24th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 259, Naick Nawáb, 25th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 284, Sepoy Muhammad Husain, 25th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1411, Sepoy Dhúman, 26th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 2261, Sepoy Ganda-Singh, 27th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1462, Sepoy Prem Singh, 27th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1489, Sepoy Jodh Singh, 29th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1516, Sepoy Dharam Singh, 29th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1267, Naick Fazl Dín, 30th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1600, Naick Hazára Singh, 30th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 464, Sepoy Jání, 31st Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1372, Naick Mangal Singh, 32nd Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1353, Sepoy Sarmukh Singh, 32nd Bengal Infantry.
 No. 54, Naick Fakír Muhammad, 33rd Bengal Infantry.
 No. 65, Naick Nathu, 33rd Bengal Infantry.
 No. 86, Naick Jiwan Singh, 34th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 87, Naick Rúr Singh, 34th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 91, Sepoy Káku Singh, 36th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 51, Naick Moti, 37th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1845, Naick Singbír Nagarkotí, 42nd Gurkha Rifles.
 No. 2397, Naick Jawáhir Singh, 45th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 1291, Sepoy Ganda Singh, 45th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 2503, Sepoy Tíkarám Thápa, 1st Battalion, 1st Gurkha Rifles.
 No. 2551, Sepoy Jasbír Pán, 1st Battalion, 1st Gurkha Rifles.
 No. 807, Naick Kishnu Damái, 1st Battalion, 2nd Gurkha Rifles.
 No. 849, Lance-Naick Jagbír Damái, 1st Battalion, 2nd Gurkha Rifles.
 No. 1873, Naick Dhanráj Ráaa, 1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 No. 1847, Rifleman Balbír Thápa, 1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha Rifles.

No. 2066, Sepoy Fateh Jang, Corps of Guides, Infantry.

No. 4048, Naick Ganpat, 1st Sikh Infantry.
 No. 2910, Sepoy Lála, 2nd Sikh Infantry.
 No. 2921, Sepoy Sheru, 2nd Sikh Infantry.
 No. 412, Sepoy (Musician) Mohkam Dín, 3rd Sikh Infantry.
 No. 426, Sepoy (Lance Naick) Kán Singh, 3rd Sikh Infantry.
 No. 3287, Naick Mana Singh, 4th Sikh Infantry.
 No. 3434, Naick Mul Singh, 1st Punjab Infantry.
 No. 121, Naick Ganga Rám, 4th Punjab Infantry.
 No. 58, Lance Naick Ahmad, 4th Punjab Infantry.
 No. 109, Naick Natha Singh, 5th Punjab Infantry.
 No. 385, Sepoy Mayya, 5th Punjab Infantry.
Medals inscribed "For Long Service and Good Conduct," without gratuity.
 No. 197, Sowar Ahmad Khan, 15th Bengal Lancers.
 No. 1095, Sowar Bisakhi Ram, 19th Bengal Lancers.
 No. 110, Sepoy Ismaíl Khan, 4th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 92, Sepoy Imám Bakhsh, 5th Bengal Infantry.
 No. 421, Naick Harnám Singh, 3rd Sikh Infantry.

No. 395.—The undermentioned non-commissioned officers and men of the Hyderabad Contingent are granted medals for meritorious service with annuity, and for long service and good conduct with and without gratuity, for the year ending 31st March 1895, under the provisions of clause 115, India Army Circulars, 1888:

Medals inscribed "For Meritorious Service," with annuity.

No. 2061, Havildar Gayadín Singh, 6th Infantry, *vice* Color-Havildar Nagojee, pensioned.

Medals inscribed "For Long Service and Good Conduct," with gratuity.

No. 485, Sowar Mohi-ud-dín Khan, 1st Lancers.
 No. 551, Sowar Natha Singh, 1st Lancers.
 No. 318, Sowar Nazar Muhammad, 2nd Lancers.
 No. 443, Sowar Abdul Karím Khan, 2nd Lancers.
 No. 327, Sowar Mirza Hasan Beg, 3rd Lancers.
 No. 340, Sowar Sheikh Abdul Wáhid, 3rd Lancers.
 No. 241, Sowar Muhammad Yásín, 4th Lancers.
 No. 513, Sowar Muhammad Nabi Khan, 4th Lancers.

- No. 360, Sepoy Subarmani, 1st Infantry.
 No. 576, Sepoy Swami, 1st Infantry.
 No. 2189, Sepoy Abel Antho, 2nd Infantry.
 No. 2216, Sepoy Ramcharan, 2nd Infantry.
 No. 373, Sepoy Sheikh Iláhi Bakhsh, 4th Infantry.
 No. 417, Sepoy Sheikh Bari, 4th Infantry.
 No. 926, Naick Vankatram, 5th Infantry.
 No. 1041, Sepoy Ghure Khan, 5th Infantry.
 No. 2150, Sepoy Gayadín Singh, 6th Infantry.
 No. 2293, Sepoy Shaikh Subhán, 6th Infantry.

Medals inscribed "For Long Service and Good Conduct," without gratuity.

- No. 550, Sowar Harnám Singh, 1st Lancers.
 No. 485, Sowar Mahbúb Ali, 2nd Lancers.
 No. 474, Sowar Imám Ali Khan, 3rd Lancers.
 No. 536, Sowar Haidar Khan, 4th Lancers.
 No. 807, Sepoy Safdar Ali, 1st Infantry.
 No. 2101, Sepoy Ballaiya, 2nd Infantry.
 No. 1702, Sepoy Kisan, 3rd Infantry.
 No. 798, Naick Dhanu Rái, 4th Infantry.
 No. 1340, Sepoy (Lance Naick) Baldeo Singh, 5th Infantry.
 No. 2195, Sepoy Duniyán Singh, 6th Infantry.

No. 396.—The undermentioned non-commissioned officers and men of the Madras Army are granted meritorious service medals with annuities, and long service and good conduct medals with and without gratuities, for the year ending 31st March 1895, under the provisions of clause 115, India Army Circulars, 1888, and article 342, Army Regulations, India, vol. I, part II:

Medals inscribed "For Meritorious Service," with annuity.

- No. 784, Havildar-Major Rámáswámy, 13th Madras Infantry, *vice* Havildar Arrikum, deceased,—12th March 1893.
 No. 1013, Havildar Muhammad Husain, 20th Madras Infantry, *vice* Havildar Permalloo, pensioned,—16th August 1893.

Medals inscribed "For Long Service and Good Conduct," with gratuity.

- No. 1306, Private Kádir Ap Khán, 1st Madras Lancers.
 No. 1300, Private Mahadava Rao, 1st Madras Lancers.
 No. 1149, Naick Sayyid Ahmad, 2nd Madras Lancers.
 No. 126, Private Sada Rám Singh, 3rd Madras Lancers.
 No. 155, Private Muhammad Usmán, 3rd Madras Lancers.
 No. 316, Sapper Veeraswámy, Queen's Own Sappers and Miners.
 No. 356, Sapper Arokium, Queen's Own Sappers and Miners.

No. 203, Private Luchman Singh, 1st Madras Infantry (Pioneers).

No. 205, Private Yelliah, 1st Madras Infantry (Pioneers).

No. 585, Private Audennah, 2nd Madras Infantry.

No. 618, Private Muhammad Sulaimán, 2nd Madras Infantry.

No. 653, Private Abdur-Rahmán, 3rd Madras Light Infantry.

No. 747, Private Rámáswámy, 3rd Madras Light Infantry.

No. 1126, Private Akbar Khán, 4th Madras Infantry (Pioneers).

No. 1194, Private Mooniswámy, 4th Madras Infantry (Pioneers).

No. 2760, Private Sheikh Sarwar, 5th Madras Infantry.

No. 2792, Private Sunnassee, 5th Madras Infantry.

No. 2275, Private Nursanah, 6th Madras Infantry.

No. 1642, Private Guddiah, 6th Madras Infantry.

No. 425, Private Venkiah, 7th Madras Infantry.

No. 407, Private Vellerian, 8th Madras Infantry.

No. 491, Private Shamsud-dín, 8th Madras Infantry.

No. 1521, Private Michel, 9th Madras Infantry.

No. 1522, Private Kristamah, 9th Madras Infantry.

No. 318, Private Venkanah, 11th Madras Infantry.

No. 478, Private Muhammad Husain, 11th Madras Infantry.

No. 788, Private Sayyid Kásim, 13th Madras Infantry.

No. 813, Private Sayyid Kásim, 13th Madras Infantry.

No. 2714, Private Abdul-Kádir, 14th Madras Infantry.

No. 2749, Private Venketswámy, 14th Madras Infantry.

No. 688, Private Sheikh Ahmad, 15th Madras Infantry.

No. 465, Private Govindarajaloo, 15th Madras Infantry.

No. 1048, Private Chinnaswámy, 16th Madras Infantry.

No. 1128, Private Appanah, 16th Madras Infantry.

No. 2599, Private Azíz Khán, 17th Madras Infantry.

No. 3189, Private Sayyid Ali, 17th Madras Infantry.

No. 3049, Private Lál Ahmad, 19th Madras Infantry.

No. 3061, Private Appanah, 19th Madras Infantry.

No. 1036, Private Sheikh Latíf, 20th Madras Infantry.

No. 645, Private Appanah, 20th Madras Infantry.

No. 549, Private Sayyid Ibráhím, 21st Madras Infantry (Pioneers).

No. 627, Private Venkanah, 21st Madras Infantry (Pioneers).

No. 66, Private Yákúb Khán, 22nd Madras Infantry.

No. 79, Private Vizaramiah, 22nd Madras Infantry.

No. 958, Private Soobroydoo, 23rd Madras Light Infantry.

No. 991, Private Seetunnah, 23rd Madras Light Infantry.

No. 158, Private Francis, 24th Madras Infantry.

No. 159, Private Muhammad Ali, 24th Madras Infantry.

No. 744, Private Fazlullah Beg, 25th Madras Infantry.

No. 748, Private Sayyid Haidar, 25th Madras Infantry.

No. 553, Private Ramiah, 25th Madras Infantry.

No. 1144, Private Rettamallay, 26th Madras Infantry.

No. 438, Private Murád Beg, 27th Madras Infantry.

No. 552, Private Boomiah, 27th Madras Infantry.

No. 822, Private Sayyid Rahmán, 28th Madras Infantry.

No. 897, Private Brimiah, 28th Madras Infantry.

Medals inscribed "For Long Service and Good Conduct," without gratuity.

No. 714, Private Sheikh Imám, 3rd Madras Light Infantry.

No. 589, Private Jáfar Beg, 15th Madras Infantry.

No. 66, Drummer J. Peacock, 17th Madras Infantry.

No. 504, Private Rámáswámy, 21st Madras Infantry (Pioneers).

No. 750, Private Sheikh Latff, 25th Madras Infantry.

No. 577, Private Pentiah, 27th Madras Infantry.

No. 397.—The undermentioned non-commissioned officers and men of the Bombay Army have been granted medals for meritorious service with annuities, and for long service and good conduct with and without gratuities, for the year ending 31st March 1895, under the provisions of clause 115, India Army Circulars, 1888:

Medals inscribed "For Meritorious Service," with annuity.

No. 74, Dafadár Abdul Azíz, 6th Bombay Cavalry, *vice* Dafadár Lál Muhammad, pensioned.

No. 13, Dafadár (Trumpeter-Major) Sheikh Ján Muhammad, 7th Bombay Lancers, *vice* Dafadár Kutb Shah, promoted.

Medals inscribed "For Long Service and Good Conduct," with gratuity.

No. 84, Farrier Sheikh Hussain, Governor's Body-Guard.

No. 773, Sowar Kasé Ráo Kadam, 1st Bombay Lancers.

No. 560, Naick Jagdeo Singh, 2nd Bombay Lancers.

No. 542, Sowar Hidáyatuliah Kháu, 2nd Bombay Lancers.

No. 431, Sowar Balvant Ráo Tingré, 4th Bombay Cavalry.

No. 433, Sowar Sheikh Ghulám Nabi, 4th Bombay Cavalry.

No. 285, Naick Hazar Mír Khán, 5th Bombay Cavalry.

No. 203, Naick Kázim Ali Khán, 6th Bombay Cavalry.

No. 105, Trumpeter Sher Gúl Khán, 6th Bombay Cavalry.

No. 162, Sapper Hari Ahír, Bombay Sappers and Miners.

No. 599, Sapper Itnák Krishnák, Bombay Sappers and Miners.

No. 1319, Naick Apnák Sámnák, 1st Bombay Infantry.

No. 954, Lance-Naick Ráwajnákh Jánnák, 1st Bombay Infantry.

No. 2364, Naick Raoji Bhoslé, 2nd Bombay Infantry.

No. 2305, Lance-Naick Balvati Málsuré, 2nd Bombay Infantry.

No. 5073, Lance-Naick Ganu Sindé, 3rd Bombay Infantry.

No. 54, Private Bháu Vágh, 3rd Bombay Infantry.

No. 831, Naick Gonnák Pándnák, 4th Bombay Infantry.

No. 613, Bugler Gunnák Rajnák, 4th Bombay Infantry.

No. 1645, Naick Krishnaji Bedar, 5th Bombay Infantry.

No. 1892, Private Háráji Bedar, 5th Bombay Infantry.

No. 799, Naick Sheikh Ismail, 7th Bombay Infantry.

No. 745, Naick Rágmehtar, 7th Bombay Infantry.

No. 1649, Private Lakshman Powár, 8th Bombay Infantry.

No. 1689, Lance-Naick Pándu Kadam, 8th Bombay Infantry.

No. 1601, Naick Esnák Laknák, 10th Bombay Infantry.

No. 1622, Private Sheikh Sulemán, 10th Bombay Infantry.

No. 59, Naick John Francis Attaide, 12th Bombay Infantry.

No. 1991, Private Háji Khán, 12th Bombay Infantry.

No. 459, Fife-Major Gannák Rámnák, 13th Bombay Infantry.

No. 533, Private Rájnák Itnák, 13th Bombay Infantry.

- No. 2364, Naick Mhádnák Sonnák, 14th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 2451, Private Banáji Israel, 14th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 1242, Private Sakháram Lád, 16th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 1281, Private Itu Nigdé, 16th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 2217, Private Rámji Chálka, 17th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 2227, Private Lakshman Parab, 17th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 899, Naick Bhágnák Harnák, 19th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 893, Lance-Naick Sheikh Ali Bakhsh, 19th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 1154, Private Subhánráo Gujar, 20th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 1179, Private Pándji Sáwant, 20th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 1612, Private Máhadmehtar Rámmehtar 21st Bombay Infantry.
- No. 1622, Private Gannák Itnák, 21st Bombay Infantry.
- No. 770, Private Daji Naringnekar, 22nd Bombay Infantry.
- No. 803, Private Subhánráo Shirké, 22nd Bombay Infantry.
- No. 168, Private Sheikh Abbás, 23rd Bombay Infantry.
- No. 206, Private Lakshman Chandé, 23rd Bombay Infantry.
- No. 2060, Bugler Sheikh Muhammad, 25th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 1714, Private Abdulla Khán, 27th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 390, Lance-Naick Máruti Powár, 28th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 511, Private Gunáji Toraskar, 28th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 2658, Naick Jahán Khán, 29th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 2719, Private Ahmad Khán, 29th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 96, Naick Isá Khán, 30th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 1000, Naick Háshim Khán, 30th Bombay Infantry.

Medals inscribed "For Long Service and Good Conduct," without gratuity.

- No. 50, Sowar Umar Khán, Governor's Body-Guard.
- No. 664, Sowar Gopál Ráo Mirgé, 1st Bombay Lancers.
- No. 801, Sowar Sheikh Kamarud-dín, 4th Bombay Cavalry.
- No. 793, Sapper Bálu Sambu, Bombay Sappers and Miners.
- No. 898, Private Gangnák Laknák, 1st Bombay Infantry.
- No. 2308, Private Bhágu Sakpál, 2nd Bombay Infantry.

- No. 43, Private Rámji Sindé, 3rd Bombay Infantry.
- No. 1925, Private Lakshman Ráo Moré, 5th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 815, Private Rámji Báné, 7th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 1769, Private Hari Yesu Harmalkar, 8th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 2387, Private Bábáji Ghág, 10th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 134, Private Dáji Sagdaré, 12th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 458, Drummer Lakhnák Gondnák, 13th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 2461, Private Farsu Girkar, 14th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 2377, Private Hanmantá Lokhandé, 17th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 838, Private Tuknák Bhivnák, 19th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 1160, Private Kánoji Amré, 20th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 828, Private Rámcharan Páthak, 22nd Bombay Infantry.
- No. 261, Private Mukund Ráo Sindé, 23rd Bombay Infantry.
- No. 1963, Private Jairám Rawut, 25th Bombay Infantry.
- No. 2741, Private Sardár Khan, 29th Bombay Infantry.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

- No. 398.—Surma Valley Light Horse—**
Arthur Frederick Rich, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant to complete the establishment.
- No. 399.—4th Administrative Battalion, North-Western Provinces Volunteers—**
Henry Farrington Evans, Esquire, to be Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant during the absence on leave of Colonel J. H. Rivett-Carnac, C.I.E., Aide-de-Camp to the Queen.
- No. 400.—Naini Tal Volunteer Rifle Corps—**
Franklin Eden Taylor, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Stewart-Wilson, transferred to the supernumerary list.
George Frederick MacLeod, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant to complete the establishment.

RESIGNATIONS.

- No. 401.—Rangoon Naval Volunteers—**
Sub-Lieutenant W. D. D. Morgan resigns his commission.
- No. 402.—Assam Valley Mounted Rifles—**
Lieutenant D. J. Macrae resigns his commission.
- No. 403.—Burma State Railway Volunteer Corps—**
Second-Lieutenant D. W. A. MacDonald resigns his commission.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 25.—The following notification of the Home Department, No. 702, dated 12th April 1894, is republished for information:

"The relative rank of officers of the Royal Indian Marine having been determined by Her Majesty's Orders in Council, dated the 20th March and 30th July 1891, clauses (1) and (2) of section (a) of Home Department notification No. 26, dated the 8th January 1884, are hereby cancelled. The entries of 'Commanders of the Indian Marine' in the second class and of 'first grade officers of six years' seniority and Chief Engineers of the Indian Marine' in the third class of the supplementary graded list of civil officers not reserved for members of the Indian Civil Service appended to the Warrant of Precedence for India will accordingly be deleted from that list."

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 26.—G. G. O. No. 16 of 1894, granting Chief Engineer W. A. Collins, Royal Indian Marine, leave for six months, is cancelled.

PENSIONS.

No. 27.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India, to notify in continuation of G. G. O. No. 56 of 1893 that all officers and engineers of the Royal Indian Marine who have been enrolled as subscribers under the Indian Military Service Family Pension Regulations with effect from 1st January 1893, and who having made other provision for their wives do not wish to subscribe on their behalf, will be permitted to subscribe for their children only on payment of the unmarried rate of subscriptions of their class, as in the case of widowers, in addition to the donations and subscriptions due for children.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 27th April, 1894.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 31st March and the 27th April 1894.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. s. p.		
Frederick Burness (a)	Surgeon-Major.	Indian Medical Service (28th Bombay Infantry).	14th May 1893	No will found.	2,696 13 5	...	26th June 1894.
Averell Daniell (b)	Major	Indian Staff Corps (1st Punjab Infantry).	5th March 1893.	Intestate	2,971 3 0	...	Ditto.
Henry Frederic Tiarks (c)	Lieutenant.	5th Dragoon Guards.	14th November 1893.	Intestate	1,293 1 2	...	Ditto.

(a) Nephew—Brother—James Burness, Esq. Address—No. 6, George Street, Edinburgh.

(b) Nephew—Brother—Major R. H. Daniell (Retired). Address—No. 19, Wetherley Gardens, South Kensington, London.

(c) Nephew—Father—H. F. Tiarks, Esq. Address—Foxbury, Chislehurst, Kent.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th April, 1894.

No. 176.—With reference to Notification No. 363, dated the 29th September 1893, Mr. J. Shaw officiated in the rank of Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade, from the 28th November to the 13th December 1893, both days inclusive.

No. 177.—Mr. P. E. Raven, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, Durma, is permanently transferred to Hyderabad.

No. 178.—The following promotions are ordered in the Accounts Branch:

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Becher, A. R.	Examiner, 2nd Class	Examiner, 1st Class	Temporary	28th March 1894.
Stuart, H.	Examiner, 3rd Class	Examiner, 2nd Class	Temporary	28th March 1894.
Godfrey, F. E.	Examiner, 3rd Class	Examiner, 2nd Class	Temporary	1st April 1894.
Sherlock Hubbard, I. S.	Examiner, 4th Class, 1st Grade.	Examiner, 3rd Class	Temporary	28th March 1894.
Hoskyn, Major, C. R., R.E.	Examiner, 4th Class, 1st Grade.	Examiner, 3rd Class	Temporary	1st April 1894.
Wolfe, G. C.	Deputy Examiner, 1st Grade	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	27th March 1894.
White, D. R.	Deputy Examiner, 1st Grade	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	28th March 1894.
Sowerby, C.	Deputy Examiner, 1st Grade	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	1st April 1894.

No. 179.—Mr. E. E. Oliver, Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, temporary rank, Punjab, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer and Secretary to that Government in the Public Works Department, Buildings and Roads Branch, with effect from the forenoon of the 16th April 1894, during the absence of Lieutenant-Colonel G. F. L. Marshall, C.I.E., R.E., on privilege leave.

Mr. J. M. Campion, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Punjab, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, *vice* Mr. Oliver.

No. 180.—Mr. J. Manson, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, State Railways, whose services were lent to the Bengal Dooars Railway Company, Limited, is granted furlough for eight months, under Article 340 (b), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd May 1894, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

The 25th April, 1894.

No. 181.—The services of Lieutenant J. W. Petavel, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, State Railways, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

The 26th April, 1894.

No. 182.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 461, dated the 23rd December 1892, the services of Mr. W. H. Nightingale, Officiating Superintending Engineer and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam in the Public Works Department, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 183.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. Bigg-Wither, Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, is, on return from furlough, posted to Assam, and appointed Superintending Engineer and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner in the Public Works Department.

No. 184.—Mr. G. J. Perram, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Burma, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, with effect from the afternoon of the 6th April 1894, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. E. W. Oates, or until further orders.

TELEGRAPHS.

The 21st April, 1894.

No. 175.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following reversion in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the date specified:

Name.	From	To	Date.
W. F. Melhuish	Director, Class III, officiating.	Chief Superintendent, Class IV.	12th March 1894.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 18.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

PART I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations.

PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 22:—

Nothing for publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 18.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 4th May, 1894.

No. 10.—The Governor General in Council has been pleased to accept the resignation by Mr. T. A. Pearson of his office of Reporter for the Indian Law Reports in the High Court, Calcutta, with effect from the date on which he may assume charge of the office of Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta.

S. HARVEY JAMES,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 4th May, 1894.

No. 233.—Sir A. Mackenzie, K.C.S.I., on return from leave, resumed charge of the office of Chief

Commissioner of Burma from Mr. F. W. R. Fryer, C.S.I., on the forenoon of the 3rd instant.

No. 235.—The services of Mr. F. W. R. Fryer, C.S.I., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 3rd instant.

MEDICAL.

The 1st May, 1894.

No. 281.—The services of the undermentioned officers of the Indian Medical Service (Bengal), which were placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab by the Notifications marginally noted, are placed permanently at the disposal of that Government, with effect from the dates noted

against their names:

Surgeon-Captain D. M. Davidson, M.B., C.M.,—
2nd December 1892.

Surgeon-Captain W. R. Clark, M.B.,—2nd April 1893.

Surgeon-Captain G. F. W. Braide, M.B.,—1st January 1894.

JUDICIAL.

The 3rd May, 1894.

No. 468.—*Erratum*.—In Home Department Notification No. 443, dated the 19th April 1894, for "9th April 1894" read "7th April 1894."

The 4th May, 1894.

No. 97.—With reference to the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1173, dated the 19th July 1888, publishing the rules made under Sections 26, 28 and 36 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, VI of 1886, the following rule, which it is proposed to substitute for Rule 20 of the above rules, is published for general information, in accordance with the provisions of Section 37, sub-section 1, of the aforesaid Act.

The draft will be taken into consideration on the expiration of two months from the date of this Notification :

"20. Every Registrar-General and every Registrar who is a Government servant and not a Minister of Religion shall keep a register in the form set forth in Schedule L of all fees realized under these rules, and shall forward such fees at the end of each month to the nearest treasury to be credited to Government. The Treasury Officer shall give each Registrar a certificate of the amount so credited, and the Registrar shall send a copy of the certificate to the Registrar-General. Registrars who are not Government servants or who are Ministers of Religion may retain for their own use any fees which they may realize under these rules."

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EMIGRATION.

Simla, the 1st May, 1894.

No. 1036—29.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 80 of the Indian Emigration Act, XXI of 1883, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following additions to the Rules relating to Colonial Emigration published with Department of Revenue and Agriculture Notification No. 94-E., dated the 18th March 1886 :

In the heading of column 15 of Form No. 4 appended to Rule 13 and of column 14 of Forms Nos. 5 and 10 appended to Rules 26 and 52 respectively the words "and residence" shall be inserted.

FORESTS.

The 3rd May, 1894.

No. 443-F.—In consequence of the death of Mr. R. H. C. Whittall, Conservator of Forests, 2nd grade, Punjab—

Mr. A. E. Wild, Conservator, 3rd (officiating 2nd) grade, is confirmed in the 2nd grade.

Mr. P. J. Carter, Conservator, 3rd grade, Pegu Circle, Lower Burma, is appointed to officiate in the 2nd grade.

Mr. J. A. McKee, Deputy Conservator, 1st grade, Central Provinces, and Officiating Conservator, 3rd grade, is confirmed in the latter grade.

With effect from
23rd February
1894.

Mr. E. Forrest, Deputy Conservator, 2nd grade, Punjab, officiated as Conservator, 3rd grade, in charge of the Punjab Forest Circle, from 26th February to 31st March 1894, both dates inclusive.

Mr. C. F. Elliott, Deputy Conservator, 1st grade, Baluchistan, is appointed Officiating Conservator, 3rd grade, Punjab, with effect from 1st April 1894, and until further orders.

Mr. A. M. Reuther, Deputy Conservator, 3rd grade, Punjab, is transferred temporarily to Baluchistan, *vice* Mr. Elliott, with effect from 26th March 1894.

No. 449-F.—The following reversions are ordered with effect from 22nd March 1894:

Mr. C. Bagshawe, Conservator of Forests, 2nd (officiating 1st) grade, Berar, to his substantive grade.

Mr. P. J. Carter, Conservator, 3rd (officiating 2nd) grade, Pegu Circle, Lower Burma, to his substantive grade.

No. 452-F.—Mr. J. A. McKee, Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, Assam, is granted leave on medical certificate for eight months under Article 369 of the Civil Service Regulations, together with such subsidiary leave as may be admissible to him, with effect from 2nd April 1894.

Mr. A. Smythies, Deputy Conservator, 2nd grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and Deputy Director of the Imperial Forest School, is appointed Officiating Conservator, 3rd grade, Assam, with effect from 2nd April 1894, and until further orders.

Mr. J. Nisbet, Deputy Conservator, 1st grade, Burma, is appointed Deputy Director of the Imperial Forest School, with effect from 6th April 1894, and until further orders.

No. 457-F.—With reference to the Notification of this Department, No. 309-F., dated the 8th March last, Mr. A. E. Wild, Conservator, 2nd grade, relieved Mr. H. H. Davis, Officiating Conservator, 3rd grade, of charge of the Bengal Forest Circle, with effect from 8th April 1894, from which date Mr. Davis reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Conservator, 1st grade.

No. 459-F.—Mr. J. W. Oliver, Conservator of Forests, 2nd grade, Eastern Circle, Upper Burma, availed himself on the afternoon of 31st March 1894 of the furlough granted him in the Notification of this Department, No. 294-F., dated the 28th February last.

Mr. P. J. Carter, Conservator, 3rd grade, Pegu Circle, Lower Burma, is appointed to officiate in the 2nd grade, with effect from 1st April 1894, and until further orders.

Mr. T. H. Aplin, Deputy Conservator, 2nd grade, Burma, officiated as Conservator, 3rd grade, in charge of the Eastern Forest Circle, from 1st to 8th April 1894, both dates inclusive.

Mr. F. B. Dickinson, Deputy Conservator, 1st grade, Central Provinces, is appointed, on return from the furlough granted him in the Notification of this Department, No. 339-F., dated 17th March 1893, to officiate as Conservator, 3rd grade, in charge of the Eastern Forest Circle, Upper Burma, with effect from 9th April 1894, and until further orders.

Mr. A. Weston, Deputy Conservator, 3rd grade, Burma, officiated as Conservator, 3rd grade, in charge of the Tenasserim Forest Circle, Lower Burma, *vice* Major Bingham on privilege leave, from 1st March to 12th April 1894, both dates inclusive.

Mr. Aplin, Deputy Conservator, 2nd grade, Burma, is appointed to officiate as Conservator, 3rd grade, in charge of the Tenasserim Forest Circle, with effect from 13th April 1894, and until Major Bingham's return from leave.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 28th April, 1894.

No. 657-G.—Surgeon-Captain E. W. Hore, M.B., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), officiating Medical Officer, 35th Bengal Infantry, is appointed to the medical charge of the Bundelkhand Political Agency, in addition to his military duties, with effect from the 8th April, 1894.

No. 663-G.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Browne, Indian Staff Corps, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he relinquished charge of his duties as Cantonment Magistrate at Quetta.

The 30th April, 1894.

No. 669-G.—Major M. T. Lyde, Indian Staff Corps, Acting 3rd Assistant to the Political Agent in Kathiawar, is appointed to officiate as Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent at Baroda, in charge of the Amreli Mahals, with effect from the date of assuming charge, *vice* Major W. B. Ferris, whose services are replaced temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

The 1st May, 1894.

No. 683-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of M. Joseph de Pina de St. Didier as Acting Consul for France at Rangoon during the absence of M. E. Lorgeou.

The 2nd May, 1894.

No. 689-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. G. P. Glendinning as Acting Consul for Siam at Rangoon during the absence of Mr. L. H. J. Andrews.

No. 1478-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Indian Christian

No. 1482-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, XXI of 1879, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions, as modified below, of Act XII of 1886 (the Petroleum Act, 1886) to the lands in the territory of His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad, which are occupied, or may be hereafter occupied, by the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway Company, by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, by the Dhond-Manmad Railway, and by the Madras Railway respectively (including the lands occupied as stations and outbuildings for other railway purposes).

Preliminary.

Short title, commencement and local extent.

1. This Act may be called the Petroleum Act, 1886.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is something repugnant in this subject or context,—

(1) "petroleum" includes also the liquids commonly known by the names of rock oil, Rangoon oil, Burma oil, kerosine, paraffine oil, mineral oil, petroline, gasoline, benzol, benzoline, bezine, and any inflammable liquid which is made from petroleum, coal, schist, shale, peat or any other bituminous substance, or from any products of petroleum; but it does not include any oil ordinarily used for lubricating purposes and having its flashing point at or above two hundred degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer:

(2) "dangerous petroleum" means petroleum having its flashing point below seventy-six degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer: Provided that, when all or any of the petroleum in the possession of a dealer is declared by the dealer to be of one uniform quality, the petroleum shall

Marriage Act (XV of 1872), as modified by Act II of 1891, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to grant a license to the Reverend O. W. E. Grant, Wesleyan Chaplain at Mhow, to solemnize marriages within the territories of the Native States under the Central India Agency.

The 3rd May, 1894.

No. 697-G.—Lieutenant C. B. Baldock, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer, Bhopal Battalion, is appointed to officiate as Adjutant, with effect from the 2nd March, 1894, *vice* Lieutenant C. C. Jackson, and until further orders.

No. 699-G.—Lieutenant F. T. C. Hughes, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Adjutant, Erinpura Irregular Force, officiated as Commandant, in addition to his other duties, from the 28th March to the 2nd April, 1894, inclusive.

Captain R. A. Cole, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander and 2nd-in-Command, Erinpura Irregular Force, officiated as Commandant from the 3rd to the 5th April, 1894, inclusive.

Lieutenant F. T. C. Hughes, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Adjutant, Erinpura Irregular Force, officiated as Squadron Commander and 2nd-in-Command, in addition to his other duties, from the 3rd to the 5th April, 1894, inclusive.

No. 701-G.—The following appointments are made in the Bhopal Battalion, with effect from the 3rd April, 1894:

Lieutenant C. B. Baldock, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer and officiating Adjutant, to officiate as Wing Commander and 2nd-in-Command during such time as Lieutenant-Colonel C. Ransford may officiate as Commandant of the Erinpura Irregular Force, or until further orders.

Lieutenant C. C. Jackson, Indian Staff Corps, officiating Wing Officer, to officiate as Adjutant, in addition to his other duties, *vice* Lieutenant Baldock, and until further orders.

not be deemed to be dangerous if the samples selected from the petroleum have their flashing points on an average at or above seventy-three degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer, and if no one of those samples has its flashing point below seventy degrees of that thermometer:

(3) "import" means to bring into lands occupied by railways in His Highness the Nizam's territory by land; and

"importation" means the bringing into land occupied by railways in His Highness the Nizam's territory as aforesaid:

(4) "transport" means to remove from one place to another within lands occupied by railways in His Highness the Nizam's territory; and

(5) "ship" includes anything made for the conveyance by water of human beings or property.

3. (1) The flashing point of petroleum means the lowest temperature at which the petroleum

Matters supplemental to the definitions.

yields a vapour which will furnish a momentary flash or flame when tested in accordance with the directions in the schedule to this Act with an apparatus which has been stamped and certified as provided by this Act within a period of five years immediately preceding the date on which the apparatus is used for the testing, and after the corrections (if any) which the certificate declares are to be applied to the results of the testing have been made.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in the definitions of "import," "importation" and "transport," the Resident at Hyderabad may, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, from time to time, by notification in Hyderabad Residency Orders, declare that petroleum imported into the lands occupied by railways in His Highness the Nizam's territory from any part of such lands across intervening territory, not being part of such lands, shall for all or any of the purposes of this Act be deemed to be transported; and

thereupon the provisions of this Act, and of the rules made under this Act with respect to transport, shall apply to petroleum so imported.

Dangerous Petroleum.

4. (1) No quantity of dangerous petroleum exceeding forty gallons shall be imported or transported, or kept by any one person or on the same premises, except under, and in accordance with the conditions of, a license from the Resident at Hyderabad granted as next hereinafter provided.

Dangerous petroleum in quantities exceeding forty gallons.

(2) Every application for such a license shall be in writing, and shall declare—

(a) the quantity of the petroleum which it is desired to import, transport or possess, as the case may be;

(b) the purpose for which the applicant believes that the petroleum will be used; and

(c) that petroleum, other than dangerous petroleum, cannot be used for that purpose.

(3) If the Resident at Hyderabad sees reason to believe that the petroleum will be used for that purpose, and that no petroleum other than dangerous petroleum can be used for the purpose, he may grant the license for the importation, transport or possession (as the case may be) of the petroleum absolutely or subject to such conditions as he thinks fit.

5. No quantity of dangerous petroleum equal to or less than forty gallons shall be kept or

Dangerous petroleum in quantities not exceeding forty gallons.

transported without a license:

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply in any case when the quantity of the petroleum kept by any one person or on the same premises, or transported, does not exceed three gallons, and the petroleum is placed in separate glass, stoneware or metal vessels, each of which contains not more than a pint, and is securely stopped.

Vessels containing dangerous petroleum to be labelled.

6. Dangerous petroleum—

(a) which is kept at any place after seven days from the date on which it is imported, or

(b) which is transported, or

(c) which is sold or exposed for sale,

shall be contained in vessels having attached thereto a label in conspicuous characters stating the description of the petroleum, with the addition of the words "highly inflammable," and with the addition—

(d) in the case of a vessel kept, of the name and address of the consignee or owner;

(e) in the case of a vessel transported, of the name and address of the sender; and

(f) in the case of a vessel sold or exposed for sale, of the name and address of the vendor.

Petroleum Generally.

7. No quantity of petroleum exceeding five hundred gallons shall be kept by any one person,

Possession and transport of petroleum.

or on the same premises, or shall be transported, except under, and in accordance with the conditions of, a license granted under this Act.

8. (1) The Resident at Hyderabad, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, may make rules consistent with this Act as to the granting of licenses to possess or transport petroleum in cases where such licenses are by law required.

(2) The rules may provide for the following among other matters, that is to say :

in the case of licenses to possess petroleum—

- (a) the nature and situation of the premises for which they may be granted, and
- (b) the inspection of the premises and the testing of petroleum found thereon ;

in the case of licenses to transport petroleum—

- (c) the manner in which the petroleum is to be packed, the mode and time of transit, and the route by which it is to be taken, and
- (d) the stoppage and inspection of it during transit ;

in the case of both such licenses—

- (e) the authority by which the license may be granted ;
- (f) the fee to be charged for it ;
- (g) the quantity of petroleum it is to cover ;
- (h) the conditions which may be inserted in it ;
- (i) the time during which it is to continue in force ; and
- (j) the renewal of the license.

9. Any officer specially authorised by name or by virtue of his office in this behalf by the Resident at Hyderabad may require any dealer in petroleum to show him any place and any of the vessels in which any petroleum in his possession is stored or contained, to give him such assistance as he may require for examining the same, and to deliver to him samples of the petroleum on payment of the value of the samples.

10. When any such officer has, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 or by purchase, obtained a sample of petroleum in the possession of a dealer, he may give a notice in writing to the dealer informing him that he is about to test the sample, or cause it to be tested, with the apparatus and in the manner described in the schedule to this Act, at a time and place to be fixed in the notice, and that the dealer or his agent may be present at the testing.

11. On any such testing, if it appears to the officer or other person so testing that the petroleum from which the sample has been taken is or is not dangerous petroleum, the officer or other person may certify the fact ; and the certificate so given shall be receivable as evidence in any proceedings which may be taken under this Act against the dealer in whose possession the petroleum was found, and shall, until the contrary is proved, be evidence of the fact stated therein ; and a certified copy of the certificate shall be given free of charge to the dealer at his request.

Penalties.

12. Any person who, in contravention of this Act or of any rules made under this Act, imports, possesses or transports any petroleum, and any person who otherwise contravenes any such rules or any condition contained in a license granted under this Act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

13. Any person keeping, transporting, selling or exposing for sale petroleum in vessels not labelled as prescribed by section 6 shall be punished with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

14. Any dealer in petroleum who refuses or neglects to show to any officer authorised under section 9 any place or any of the vessels in which petroleum in his possession is stored or contained, or to give him such assistance as he may require for examining the same, or to give him samples of the petroleum on payment of the value of the samples, shall be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.

15. In any case in which an offence under section 12 or section 13 has been committed, the convicting Magistrate may direct that—

- (a) the petroleum in respect of which the offence has been committed, or
- (b) where the offender is importing or transporting, or is in possession of, any petroleum exceeding the quantity (if any) which he is permitted to import, transport or possess, as the case may be, the whole of the petroleum which he is importing or transporting or is in possession of shall, together with the tins or other vessels in which it is contained, be confiscated.

16. The criminal jurisdiction under this Act shall be exercised by a Magistrate of the first class, or (where especially empowered by the Resident at Hyderabad to try cases under this Act) a Magistrate of the second class.

Jurisdiction.

Test apparatus.

17. A model of the apparatus for testing petroleum under this Act, constructed in accordance with the description contained in the schedule to this Act, shall be deposited in the office of the Chemical Examiner to Government, Calcutta, and be marked with the words "Model test-apparatus."

Model test-apparatus.

18. (1) The Chemical Examiner shall on payment of such fee (if any) as the Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, prescribe, compare with the said model test-apparatus, and verify every apparatus for testing petroleum which is submitted to him for the purpose.

Verification of test-apparatus.

(2) If any apparatus for testing petroleum, when compared and verified as provided by subsection (1), is found correct, or correct subject to certain corrections to be applied to the results of the tests, the Chemical Examiner shall stamp the same with a special number, and with the date of the verification, and shall further give a certificate in writing under his hand, in a form to be prescribed by the Governor-General in Council, to the effect that on the date aforesaid the apparatus was compared and verified by him and found to be correct, or correct subject to certain specified corrections to be applied to the results of the tests.

(3) A certificate granted under this section shall, until the contrary is proved, be conclusive proof of the matters stated therein.

(4) The Chemical Examiner shall keep a register, in a form to be prescribed by the Governor-General in Council, of the certificates granted under this section.

(5) Subject to the payment of such fees as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, prescribe in this behalf, the said model test-apparatus shall be at all reasonable times open to inspection by any person desiring to inspect it.

Miscellaneous.

19. The Resident at Hyderabad may, from time to time, by notification in Hyderabad Residency Orders, exempt from the operation of all or any of the provisions of this Act, or of all or any of the rules made under this Act, any petroleum which has its flashing point at or above one hundred and twenty degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer, and is imported as ordinary goods and in quantity not exceeding that specified in the notification.

Power to exempt petroleum from operation of this Act.

20. The Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, apply the whole or any portion of this Act to any inflammable fluid other than petroleum, and may by the notification fix, in substitution for the quantities of petroleum fixed by sections 4, 5 and 7, the quantities of the fluid to which those sections shall apply.

Power to apply this Act to other fluids.

21. The Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, and in the local official gazette, limit in any manner he deems fit the operations of any enactment for the time being in force relating to municipalities in any local area or to any particular municipality, and the exercise of any power conferred by any such enactment in so far as the enactment relates to the possession or transport of petroleum.

Power to limit operation of enactments relating to municipalities.

22. A notification made under this Act may be revoked or varied by the authority making it by a notification published in the same manner as the notification so revoked or varied.

Power to revoke or vary notifications.

23. (1) The Resident at Hyderabad shall, before making rules under this Act, publish a draft of the proposed rules for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

Procedure for making and publication of rules.

(2) The publication shall be made in the Hyderabad Residency Orders in English and such other language or languages as the said Resident may consider necessary, and also in such other manner (if any) as the Resident may think proper.

(3) There shall be published with the draft a notice specifying a date at or after which the draft will be taken into consideration.

(4) The said Resident shall receive and consider any objection or suggestion which may be made by any person with respect to the draft before the date so specified.

(5) A rule made under this Act shall not take effect until it has been published in the manner aforesaid.

(6) The publication in Hyderabad Residency Orders of a rule purporting to be made under this Act shall be conclusive proof that it has been duly made.

(7) All powers to make rules conferred by this Act may be exercised from time to time as occasion requires.

THE SCHEDULE.

I.—Nature of the Test-apparatus.

The apparatus consists of the following parts :

- (1) the oil cup ;
- (2) the cover, with slide, test-lamp, and clock-work arrangement for opening and closing the holes in the cover and for dipping the test-flame ;
- (3) the water-bath or heating vessel ;
- (4) the tripod stand, with jacket and spirit-lamp for heating the water-bath ;
- (5) the thermometer for indicating the temperature of the oil in the oil-cup ;
- (6) the thermometer for indicating the temperature of the water in the water-bath ;
- (7) the thermometer for indicating the temperature of the oil before it is poured into the oil-cup ;
- (8) the dropping bottle or *pipette* for replenishing the test-lamp ; and
- (9) a barometer standardised at such Meteorological Office or other place as the Resident at Hyderabad may appoint in this behalf.

The oil-cup is a cylindrical flat-bottomed vessel made of gun-metal or brass, and tinned or silvered inside. A gauge is fixed to the inside of the cup to regulate the height to which it is to be filled with the sample under examination.

The cup is provided with a close-fitting overlapping cover, which carries the thermometer, the test-lamp and the adjuncts thereto. The test-lamp is suspended upon two supports by means of trunnions, which allow it to be easily inclined to a particular angle and restored to its original position. The socket in the cover, which is to hold a round bulb thermometer for indicating the temperature of the oil during the testing operation, is so adjusted that the bulb of the latter is always inserted in a definite position below the surface of the liquid.

The cover is provided with three holes, one in the centre and two smaller ones close to the sides. These are closed and opened by means of a pivoted slide. When the slide is moved so as to uncover the holes, the suspended lamp is caught by a projection fixed on the slide, and tilted in such a way as to bring the end of the spout just below the surface of the lid. As the slide moves back so as to cover the holes, the lamp returns to its original position. Upon the cover in front of and in a line with the nozzle of the lamp is fixed a white bead, the diameter of which represents the size of the test-flame to be used.

The water-bath or heating vessel is so constructed that, when the oil-cup is placed in position in it, an air-space or air-chamber intervenes between the two ; consequently, in applying the test under ordinary circumstances, the heat is transmitted gradually to the oil from the hot water through the air-space. The water-bath is fitted with a socket for receiving a long bulb thermometer to indicate the temperature of the water. It is also provided with a funnel, an overflow-pipe, and two handles.

The water-bath rests upon a tripod stand, which is fitted with copper cylinder or jacket, so that the bath is surrounded by an enclosed air-space, which retains and regulates the heat. One of the legs of the stand serves as a support for a spirit-lamp, which is attached to it by a small swing bracket.

The clock-work arrangement, by which during the operation of testing the slide is withdrawn and the test-flame dipped into the cup and raised again as the slide is replaced, is provided with a ratchet key for setting it in action for each test and with a trigger for starting it each time that the test-flame is applied.

II.—Directions for drawing the sample and preparing it for testing.

1. *Drawing the sample.*—In all cases the testing officer or some person duly authorised by him shall personally superintend the drawing of the sample from an original unopened tin or other vessel.

An opening sufficiently large to admit of the oil being rapidly poured or syphoned from the tin or other vessel shall be made.

Two bottles, each of the capacity of about 40 fluid ounces, are to be filled with the oil. One of these, the contents of which is intended to be preserved for reference in case of need, is to be carefully corked, the cork being well driven home, cut off level with the neck, and melted sealing-wax worked into it. The other bottle may be either stoppered or corked.

2. *Preparing the sample for testing.*—About ten fluid ounces of the oil, sufficient for three tests, are transferred from the bottle into which the sample has been drawn to a pint flask or bottle, which is to be immersed in water artificially cooled until a thermometer introduced into the oil indicates a temperature not exceeding 50° Fahrenheit.

III.—Directions for preparing and using the test-apparatus.

Preparing the water-bath.—The water-bath is filled by pouring water into the funnel until it begins to flow out at the overflow-pipe. The temperature of the water at the commencement of each test, as indicated by the long bulb thermometer, is to be 130° Fahrenheit, and this

is attained in this first instance by mixing hot and cold water, either in the bath or in a vessel from which the bath is filled, until the thermometer which is provided for testing the temperature of the water gives the proper indication; or the water is heated by means of the spirit-lamp (which is attached to the stand of the apparatus) until the required temperature is indicated.

2. *Preparing the test-lamp.*—The test-lamp is fitted with a piece of cylindrical wick of such thickness that it fills the wick-holder, but may readily be moved to and fro for the purpose of adjusting the size of the flame. In the body of the lamp, upon the wick, which is coiled within it, is placed a small tuft of cotton wool, moistened with petroleum, any oil not absorbed by the wool being removed. When the lamp has been lighted, the wick is adjusted by means of a pair of forceps until the flame is of the size of the bead fixed on the cover of the oil-cup; should a particular test occupy so long a time that the flame begins to get smaller through the supply of oil in the lamp becoming exhausted, three or four drops of petroleum are allowed to fall upon the tuft of wool in the lamp from the dropping bottle or *pipette* provided for that purpose. This can be safely done without interrupting the test.

3. *Filling the oil-cup.*—The oil-cup having been previously cooled by placing it bottom downwards in water at a temperature not exceeding 50° Fahrenheit is to be rapidly wiped dry, placed on a level surface in a good light, and the oil to be tested is poured in very slowly, without splashing, until its surface is level with the point of the gauge which is fixed in the cup. The round bulb thermometer is inserted into the lid of the cup, care being taken that the projecting rim of the collar touches the edge of the socket; the test lamp, prepared as already described, is placed in position, and the cover is then put on to the cup and pressed down so that its edge rests on the rim of the cup.

4. *Application of the test.*—The water-bath with its thermometer in position is placed in some locality where it is not exposed to currents of air, and where the light is sufficiently subdued to admit of the size of the entire test-flame being compared with that of the bead on the cover. The cup is carefully lifted without shaking it, and placed in the bath, the test-lamp is lighted, and the clock-work wound up by turning the key. The thermometer in the oil-cup is now watched, and when the temperature has reached 56° Fahrenheit, the clock-work is set in motion by pressing the trigger.

If no flash takes place, the clock-work is at once re-wound, and the trigger pressed at 57° Fahrenheit, and so on, at every degree rise of temperature, until the flash occurs, or until a temperature of 95° Fahrenheit has been reached.

If the flash takes place at any temperature below 77° Fahrenheit, the temperature at which it occurs is to be recorded. Two fresh portions of the sample are then to be successively tested in a similar manner and the results recorded. If no greater difference than 2° Fahrenheit exists between any two of the three recorded results, and if in no instance the flash has taken place within 8° of the temperature at which the testing is commenced, each result is to be corrected for atmospheric pressure as hereafter described, and the average of the three corrected results is the flashing point of the sample. In the event of there being a greater difference than 2° Fahrenheit between any two of the results, while in no instance has the flash taken place within 8° of the temperature at which the testing was commenced, the series of tests is to be rejected, and a fresh series of three similarly obtained, and so on, until a sufficiently concordant series is furnished, when the results are to be corrected and the average taken in the manner already described.

If, however, a flash has occurred at or below 64° when the test is applied in the manner above described, the next testing shall be commenced 10° lower than the temperature at which the flash had been previously obtained (that is to say, at 54° or thereunder), and this procedure shall be continued until the results of three consecutive tests do not show a greater difference than 2°, and until a flash has not occurred in any of the three tests within 8° of the temperature at which the testing is commenced: Provided always that if at the commencement of the series of tests a flash has occurred on the first application of the test-flame at 56°, and if a flash has also occurred on the first application of the flame in each of three successive tests in which thereupon the test-flame is first applied at 46° as above directed, the testing officer shall certify that the petroleum has a flashing point below 47°, and the sample shall be reported dangerous.

If a temperature of 76° Fahrenheit has been reached without a flash occurring, the application of the test-flame is to be continued at every degree rise of temperature until a temperature of 95° Fahrenheit has been reached. If no flash has occurred up to this point, and if the petroleum is declared to be imported subject to the provisions of the Act, the tests shall not be continued, and the testing officer shall certify that the petroleum has a flashing point over 95° and is not dangerous. But if the petroleum is oil ordinarily used for lubricating purposes, and is declared to have its flashing point at or above 200°, or oil to which a notification of the Local Government exempting it from the operation of the Act will be applicable in the event of the flashing point being found to be at or above 120°, the test shall be continued as follows:—The oil-cup is to be removed from the water-bath, and the temperature of the water in the water-bath is to be reduced to 95° Fahrenheit by pouring cold water into the funnel (the hot water escaping by the overflow pipe). The air chamber is then to be filled to a depth of 1½ inches with water at a temperature of about 95° Fahrenheit, the oil-cup is to be replaced in the water-bath, and the spirit-lamp attached to the water-bath is to be lighted and placed underneath. The test-flame is then to be again applied from 96° Fahrenheit at every degree rise of temperature as indicated by the thermometer in the oil-cup until a flash takes place or until a temperature of 200° Fahrenheit or 120° Fahrenheit, as the case may be, has been reached. If during this operation the test-flame appears to diminish in size, the lamp is to be replenished in the manner prescribed at (2) without interrupting the test.

If a flash occurs at any temperature between 76° and 200° Fahrenheit, the temperature at which it occurs, subject to correction for atmospheric pressure, is the flashing point of the sample.

In repeating a test a fresh sample of oil must always be used, the tested sample being thrown away, and the cup must be wiped dry from any adhering oil and cooled, as already described, before receiving the fresh sample.

5. *Correction for atmospheric pressure.*—As the flashing point of an oil is influenced by changes in atmospheric pressure to an average extent of 1·6° Fahrenheit for every inch of the barometer, a correction of the observed flashing point may become necessary. The height of the barometer must therefore be determined at the time of making the test for the flashing point. The true height of the barometer for the purpose of the test shall be considered to be the height of the column of mercury measured at 32° Fahrenheit, which is supported by the air-pressure at the time of the experiment,—that is, the actual height of the barometer at the time of observation duly corrected for any error of the instrument and for its temperature if necessary. For the purpose of applying the correction to the flashing point of the oil obtained by the test, a table is appended to this schedule giving the flashing points of oils ranging from 65° to 80° Fahrenheit under pressure ranging from 27 to 31 inches of mercury.

The table is used in the following manner :

Example.—An oil has given a flashing point of 71°, the barometer being at 28·6 inches; take the nearest number to 71° in the vertical column headed 28·6. This number is 70·8. Substitute for this the number in the same horizontal line in the column headed 30 (the normal height of the barometer). The substituted number, that is, the true flashing point of the oil, is 73°.

Table for correction of Flashing Points indicated by the Test for variations in Barometric Pressure on either side of Thirty Inches.

Barometer in Inches.																				
27	27·2	27·4	27·6	27·8	28	28·2	28·4	28·6	28·8	29	29·2	29·4	29·6	29·8	30	30·2	30·4	30·6	30·8	31
Flashing Point in Degrees Fahrenheit.																				
60·2	60·3	60·8	61·2	61·3	61·8	62·1	62·4	62·8	63·1	63·4	63·7	64	64·4	64·7	65	65·3	65·6	66	66·3	66·6
61·2	61·5	61·8	62·2	62·5	62·8	63·1	63·4	63·8	64·1	64·4	64·7	65	65·4	65·7	66	66·3	66·6	67	67·3	67·6
62·2	62·5	62·8	63·2	63·5	63·8	64·1	64·4	64·8	65·1	65·4	65·7	66	66·4	66·7	67	67·3	67·6	68	68·3	68·6
63·2	63·5	63·8	64·2	64·5	64·8	65·1	65·4	65·8	66·1	66·4	66·7	67	67·4	67·7	68	68·3	68·6	69	69·3	69·6
64·2	64·5	64·8	65·2	65·5	65·8	66·1	66·4	66·8	67·1	67·4	67·7	68	68·4	68·7	69	69·3	69·6	70	70·3	70·6
65·2	65·5	65·8	66·2	66·5	66·8	67·1	67·4	67·8	68·1	68·4	68·7	69	69·4	69·7	70	70·3	70·6	71	71·3	71·6
66·2	66·5	66·8	67·2	67·5	67·8	68·1	68·4	68·8	69·1	69·4	69·7	70	70·4	70·7	71	71·3	71·6	72	72·3	72·6
67·2	67·5	67·8	68·2	68·5	68·8	69·1	69·4	69·8	70·1	70·4	70·7	71	71·4	71·7	72	72·3	72·6	73	73·3	73·6
68·2	68·5	68·8	69·2	69·5	69·8	70·1	70·4	70·8	71·1	71·4	71·7	72	72·4	72·7	73	73·3	73·6	74	74·3	74·6
69·2	69·5	69·8	70·2	70·5	70·8	71·1	71·4	71·8	72·1	72·4	72·7	73	73·4	73·7	74	74·3	74·6	75	75·3	75·6
70·2	70·5	70·8	71·2	71·5	71·8	72·1	72·4	72·8	73·1	73·4	73·7	74	74·4	74·7	75	75·3	75·6	76	76·3	76·6
71·2	71·5	71·8	72·2	72·5	72·8	73·1	73·4	73·8	74·1	74·4	74·7	75	75·4	75·7	76	76·3	76·6	77	77·3	77·6
72·2	72·5	72·8	73·2	73·5	73·8	74·1	74·4	74·8	75·1	75·4	75·7	76	76·4	76·7	77	77·3	77·6	78	78·3	78·6
73·2	73·5	73·8	74·2	74·5	74·8	75·1	75·4	75·8	76·1	76·4	76·7	77	77·4	77·7	78	78·3	78·6	79	79·3	79·6
74·2	74·5	74·8	75·2	75·5	75·8	76·1	76·4	76·8	77·1	77·4	77·7	78	78·4	78·7	79	79·3	79·6	80	80·3	80·6
75·2	75·5	75·8	76·2	76·5	76·8	77·1	77·4	77·8	78·1	78·4	78·7	79	79·4	79·7	80	80·3	80·6	81	81·3	81·6

W. J. CUNNINGHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 4th May, 1894.

No. 710-G.—Mr. W. J. Cunningham, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, Deputy Secretary, is appointed to be Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 18th April, 1894, *vice* Sir H. M. Durand, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. Talbot, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, Resident of the 2nd class and Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, is appointed, on return from furlough, to be Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the date of assuming charge, *vice* Mr. Cunningham.

Captain H. Daly, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class and Assistant Secretary, is appointed to officiate temporarily as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 18th April, 1894, and until the arrival of Lieutenant-Colonel Talbot.

Lieutenant W. M. Cubitt, Indian Staff Corps, officiating Political Agent of the 3rd Class and Attaché, is posted temporarily as Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 18th April, 1894, *vice* Captain Daly.

A. WILLIAMS,

Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

No. 2235-A.

Simla, the 3rd May, 1894.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

Read—

The Finance and Revenue Accounts for 1892-93 and the Comptroller and Auditor-General's Appropriation Report on these Accounts.

RESOLUTION.—The following table compares the leading figures of the Accounts for the year 1892-93 with the Estimates of that year and with the Accounts of the preceding year :

			1891-92, Accounts.	1892-93.			Accounts 1892-93 better + or worse than Budget Esti- mate.	
				Budget Estimate.	Revised Estimate.	Accounts.		
Revenue—								
India	.	Rx.	88,773,360	88,066,700	89,683,000	89,819,707	+ 1,753,007	
England	.	£	257,919	200,800	211,400	220,233	+ 19,433	
Exchange	.	Rx.	112,004	100,400	126,800	132,498	+ 32,098	
Total			Rx.	89,143,283	88,367,900	90,021,200	90,172,438	+ 1,804,538
Expenditure—								
India	.	Rx.	66,004,760	65,457,400	64,965,100	65,021,394	+ 436,006	
Provincial Adjustment	.	Rx.	—240,924	—1,161,700	—363,800	—177,359	— 984,341	
England	.	£	15,974,699	15,950,400	16,563,600	16,334,541	— 384,141	
Exchange	.	Rx.	6,937,213	7,975,200	9,938,200	9,827,274	— 1,852,074	
Total			Rx.	88,675,748	88,221,300	91,103,100	91,005,850	— 2,784,550
Surplus (+) Deficit (—)			Rx.	+467,535	+146,600	—1,081,900	—833,422	— 980,013
Expenditure not charged against Revenue—								
Capital expenditure on Railways and Irriga- tion Works	.	Rx.	3,500,000	4,035,000	3,986,700	3,986,290	+ 48,710	

2. The accounts of 1892-93 showed a deficit of Rx. 833,412 against a surplus of Rx. 467,535 realised in 1891-92. This deterioration of Rx. 1,300,947 is due not to any falling off of revenue, but to an increase of expenditure caused by a heavy fall in Exchange and to some additional charges in England peculiar to the year 1892-93. In fact, the deficit shown in the accounts would have been considerably larger but for a satisfactory increase in the revenues in India, which counterbalanced to some extent the increased charges for Exchange and sterling expenditure. The increase in the net charge for exchange was no less than Rx. 2,869,567, of which Rx. 2,696,469 was due to the fall in the average rate of Exchange from 1s. 4'733*d.* in 1891-92 to 1s. 2'985*d.* in 1892-93. The net sterling expenditure in 1892-93 exceeded that of the preceding year by £397,528. On the other hand, the increase in the net revenues in India in 1892-93 amounted to Rx. 1,966,148 as compared with the previous year.

3. The Budget Estimate of 1892-93 anticipated a small surplus of Rx. 146,600; but the large deficit in the Accounts is the net result of a fall in Exchange and an increase in sterling expenditure counterbalanced by an improvement in the revenue and expenditure in India. The increase of revenue and reduction of expenditure in India as compared with the Budget Estimate amounted to Rx. 1,753,007 and Rx. 436,006 respectively, resulting in a net improvement of Rx. 2,189,013, of which Rx. 1,204,672 occurred in the Imperial section and Rx. 984,341 in the Provincial and Local section of the Accounts. The sterling receipts and expenditure were higher than the estimates by £19,433 and £384,141 respectively, while the increase in the net charge under Exchange amounted to Rx. 1,819,976.

4. The total increase of Rx. 1,753,007 in the revenues in India is distributed as follows:

	Increase+	Decrease—
	Rs.	
Principal Heads of Revenue	+	1,198,975
Interest	—	43,082
Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint	+	111,918
Civil Department	—	10,104
Miscellaneous	—	104,897
Railways	+	245,635
Irrigation	+	202,202
Buildings and Roads	+	44,017
Army	+	108,343
		<hr/>
TOTAL	+	1,753,007

All the heads comprised in the Principal Heads of Revenue contribute to the increase under the group except Customs.

The Customs Revenue fell short of the estimates by Rx. 74,167 owing mainly to smaller exports of rice from Burma and Bengal.

The increase under the other heads of the group amounted to Rx. 1,273,142, and occurred principally under Land Revenue (Rx. 229,828), Opium (Rx. 358,580), Salt (Rx. 111,404), Stamps (Rx. 218,940), Excise (Rx. 140,043), and Provincial Rates (Rx. 83,398).

The decrease in the Interest receipts is connected mainly with the capital transactions of Guaranteed Railway Companies.

The greater part of the increase under the group "Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint" occurred under the head Mint, and was obtained from the unexpected heavy silver coinage of the year.

The main feature about the falling off under the group Miscellaneous is a decrease of Rx. 158,814 under "Exchange," which is a very uncertain head of Revenue.

As regards the group "Irrigation," the increase occurred chiefly under "Major Works—Direct Receipts," the larger revenue from extended irrigation not having been fully anticipated.

The major portion of the enhanced receipts under Army was on account of effective services.

5. The most important saving in the expenditure in India occurred under the group Direct Demands on the Revenues, under which the decrease was Rx. 822,170, due mainly to a falling off under Opium (Rx. 632,304) owing to the partial failure of the opium crop. The other important decreases were: Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments, Rx. 120,680; Famine Relief and Insurance, Rx. 96,336; and Buildings and Roads, Rx. 88,735. On the other hand, there was an increase of Rx. 582,391 under Army and of Rx. 93,260 under Interest. The variations in the other groups are unimportant.

6. The improvement of Rx. 984,341 in the Provincial and Local section of the accounts was the result of an increase in revenue of Rx. 748,885 and a saving in expenditure of Rx. 235,456. The improvements were largest in Madras, Burma, and Bombay.

7. The increase of £19,433 in the revenue in England is distributed under several heads, the major part occurring under the heads Telegraph, Miscellaneous, and Army.

8. As regards the expenditure in England, there was a total excess over the Budget of £384,141, which appeared mainly under the heads Marine (£112,776) and Army (£294,296). There were also some increases under Interest (£37,717) and Superannuation Allowances and Pensions (£62,346); but these and other excesses were counterbalanced by savings under other heads, the most important being the head "Special Defence Works," under which a reduction of £102,768 occurred owing to smaller payments for stores and armaments.

9. Of the increase of Rx. 1,819,976 in the net charge for exchange, Rx. 1,637,622 was due to the fall in Exchange from the Budget rate of 1s. 4d. to 1s. 2'985d. actually realised on the drawings of the year. The remainder, Rx. 182,354, represents the Exchange on the increased sterling expenditure at the Budget rate.

10. The several heads of Revenue and Expenditure are noticed in detail in the following paragraphs:

PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE.

11. *Land Revenue.*—The collections of the year exceeded those of the preceding year and the Budget Estimate by Rx. 988,671 and Rx. 247,734 respectively. Of the increase of Rx. 988,671 over 1891-92, Rx. 735,214 were realised in Madras, and the remainder chiefly

		I.—Land Revenue. Rx.	Portion due to Irrigation. Rx.	Total. Rx.	
1891-92	Accounts	23,965,774	673,189	24,638,963	in Bombay and Burma. The increase in Madras was due to the recovery of arrears from the previous year, the collections having been postponed on account of scarcity. In Burma the increase was due to the progress of settlement operations and to a favourable season, and in Bombay part of the increase was nominal as representing the adjustment of alienated Land Revenue by a corresponding increase under Expenditure, and part represented normal growth of the Revenue and recovery of arrears. The improvement as compared with the Budget Estimate occurred chiefly in Burma and Bombay, and was due to the same causes that account for the increases over 1891-92. There was also a moderate improvement in Madras. In no Province were the collections below the Budget Estimate, except in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, where floods and unfavourable weather in certain districts and the non-recovery of arrears to the extent anticipated caused a reduction of Rx. 82,988 below the estimate.
1892-93	Budget	24,675,500	704,400	25,379,900	
	Revised	24,857,600	725,600	25,583,200	
	Accounts	24,905,228	722,306	25,627,534	

The collections of the past five official years (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation) and those of the last five revenue years ending with 30th September were as follow :

	Year ending 31st March Rx.	Year ending 30th September. Rx.
1888-89	23,687,400	23,961,700
1889-90	24,671,200	24,782,300
1890-91	24,754,200	24,890,900
1891-92	24,639,000	24,700,400
1892-93	25,627,600	25,845,800

12. *Opium*.—The sale proceeds of Bengal provision opium exceeded those of the previous year by Rx. 143,605 and the Budget Estimate of the year by Rx. 423,265. The number of chests sold in 1892-93 was 48,852 against 56,250 chests sold

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	8,012,380
Budget	7,634,600
1892-93 { Revised	7,966,500
Accounts	7,593,180

in the preceding year and 54,000 chests taken in the Budget Estimate. This reduction in the quantity was necessitated by a very poor crop of opium, in consequence of which the quantity of the drug offered for sale from October 1892 was reduced to 3,642 chests a month against 4,500 chests sold in each of the preceding six months. The average price realised was, however, Rs. 1,247 per chest against Rs. 1,058 obtained in 1891-92 and Rs. 1,050 assumed in the Budget, and this large improvement in the price over the Budget Estimate more than counterbalanced the effect of the reduction in the quantity sold. The receipts from the Bombay Pass-fees were less than those of 1891-92 by Rx. 168,540, and less than the Budget Estimate by Rx. 75,270. The number of chests of Malwa opium weighed for export in 1892-93 was 27,313 chests against 31,236 chests weighed in 1891-92. The falling off in the revenue is less than the difference in the weighments would indicate owing to the realisation in 1892-93 of certain hundies issued in payment of opium weighed in 1891-92.

	Number of chests of provision opium manufactured.
1885-86	64,925
1886-87	64,500
1887-88	57,500
1888-89	69,500
1889-90	38,305
1890-91	44,760
1891-92	44,522
1892-93	33,079

As already stated, the Bengal opium crop was again a very poor one. The figures in the margin show the outturn of provision opium for the last eight years. The outturn in 1892-93 was the lowest on record since 1861-62.

13. *Salt*.—The Salt revenue in 1892-93 for all India shows a slight improvement over 1891-92, mainly

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	8,636,182
Budget	8,544,700
1892-93 { Revised	8,648,600
Accounts	8,656,104

the result of a large increase of Rx. 146,955 under Northern India, counterbalanced by a falling off in Madras and Bombay of Rx. 51,713 and Rx. 82,150 respectively. The important variations from the Budget Estimate were an increase of Rx. 138,090 in Northern India and a reduction of Rx. 35,542 in Bombay.

14. *Stamps and Excise*.—The Stamp revenue shows a satisfactory increase

	Stamps. Rx.	Excise. Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	4,262,156	5,117,264
Budget	4,229,600	5,102,400
1892-93 { Revised	4,458,200	5,203,600
Accounts	4,448,540	5,242,443

in nearly all the provinces, the largest increase in 1892-93 having been realised in Madras. Next in order come Bengal and Bombay. The Excise revenue also shows the usual tendency to rise. The improvement in 1892-93 is shared by all the provinces, except Assam, Madras, and the Punjab, where there have been only small decreases due to

temporary causes. The growth in the Stamp and Excise revenue in the last five years is indicated by the following figures :

	Stamps. Rx.	Excise. Rx.
1888-89	3,927,088	4,705,346
1889-90	4,087,908	4,891,894
1890-91	4,068,969	4,947,780
1891-92	4,262,156	5,117,264
1892-93	4,448,540	5,242,443

The Stamp revenue received a check in 1890-91 ; but a renewed improvement began in 1891-92, which has continued during the following year.

15. *Provincial Rates.*—As usual, the variations in the receipts under this head follow those under Land Revenue, and the largest increase over 1891-92 appears in Madras, where the collections in that year were abnormally low in consequence

of the scarcity in the Presidency. In Bengal there was an increase of Rx. 48,766 over the Budget Estimate owing to the revaluations going on in that Province.

16. *Customs : Import duties.*—The receipts of 1892-93 exceeded those of the preceding year and the Budget by Rx. 47,693 and Rx. 32,374 respectively. The improvement occurred chiefly in Burma and Bengal owing to increased imports of kerosine oil, liquor, and wines.

	Total Customs Revenue. Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	1,701,288
Budget	1,691,800
1892-93 { Revised	1,616,800
Accounts	1,617,633

Export duties.—The receipts from export duties were lower than those of 1891-92, and the Budget Estimate by Rx. 138,601 and Rx. 111,644 respectively. The falling off was mainly in the export of rice from Burma and Bengal, and was due to the depression of trade in Europe and to high prices in this country.

17. *Assessed Taxes.*—The improvement under this head was general, being the necessary accompaniment of the increase in wealth and population and the more effective administration of the tax. In Bombay there was a special increase over

1891-92 of Rx. 5,199 in the tax on the surplus profits of Railway Companies.

18. *Forest Revenue.*—The improvement in the revenue over that of 1891-92 and the Budget Estimate occurred almost entirely in Burma, and was due generally to a rise of prices and to an exceptionally favourable season for floating down timber. The increase in that Province over 1891-92

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	1,490,582
Budget	1,567,200
1892-93 { Revised	1,627,600
Accounts	1,591,332

and the Budget Estimate of 1892-93 amounted to Rx. 147,458 and Rx. 99,000 respectively ; but these excesses were counterbalanced to some extent by a decline in the larger provinces due generally to a slackness in the demand for timber and fuel.

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	399,802
Budget	392,200
1892-93 { Revised	430,700
Accounts	430,064

was a very small decrease.

19. *Registration.*—This head shows the usual growth. The improvement is distributed over all the provinces except Assam, where there

20. *Tributes.*—The increases were chiefly under the Baroda Tribute and in the recoveries from the Shan States and Manipur. A special claim for refund out of the Baroda Tribute was not settled in the year as expected, and the recoveries from the Shan States were not fully anticipated.

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	775,961
Budget	762,100
1892-93 { Revised	798,600
Accounts	790,112

DIRECT DEMANDS ON THE REVENUE.

21. *Refunds.*—The charges under this head fluctuate considerably. The excess over the Budget Estimate of 1892-93 was the result of a number of variations, of which the more important were a refund to the Bombay Port Trust in connection with the composition of stamp duty chargeable on their debentures and increased payments to the Portuguese Indian Government on account of its share of the common customs receipts.

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	254,353
Budget	242,700
1892-93 { Revised	257,900
Accounts	257,288

1892-93 was the result of a number of variations, of which the more important were a refund to the Bombay Port Trust in connection with the composition of stamp duty chargeable on their debentures and increased payments to the Portuguese Indian Government on account of its share of the common customs receipts.

22. *Assignments and Compensation.*—The increased payments in 1892-93 are more than accounted for by the special adjustments of alienated Land Revenue in Bombay mentioned in paragraph 11.

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	1,531,860
Budget	1,515,700
1892-93 { Revised	1,517,500
Accounts	1,567,776

are more than accounted for by the special adjustments of alienated Land Revenue in Bombay mentioned in paragraph 11.

23. *Land Revenue.*—The expenditure in 1892-93 exceeded that of the previous year by Rx. 101,219. Of the excess, Rx. 35,760 occurred in the charges for District Administration, and Rx. 56,449 under Survey and Settlement.

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	3,835,126
Budget	4,031,000
1892-93 { Revised	3,950,100
Accounts	3,936,345

exceeded that of the previous year by Rx. 101,219. Of the excess, Rx. 35,760 occurred in the charges for District Administration, and Rx. 56,449 under Survey and Settlement.

The increase under the first head is distributed over nearly all the provinces, and follows the general growth of revenue and improvement of administration. The Survey and Settlement charges were higher chiefly in Burma and Bengal. The Budget Estimate proved too high for all the provinces except Bengal, where the charges for District Administration and Survey and Settlement were not sufficiently provided for.

24. *Opium.*—The expenditure consists almost entirely of the payments for Bengal opium. As already mentioned, there was a very poor crop in 1892-93; and though the expenditure has been reduced by successive failures of the crop for several years, the prospects of the Opium revenue have been rendered uncertain by the almost complete depletion of the reserve in stock.

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	1,861,813
Budget	2,234,800
1892-93 { Revised	1,595,000
Accounts	1,602,496

As already mentioned, there was a very poor crop in 1892-93; and though the expenditure has been reduced by successive failures of the crop for several years, the prospects of the Opium revenue have been rendered uncertain by the almost complete depletion of the reserve in stock.

25. *Salt.*—The charges in 1892-93 were about the same as in 1891-92, but the saving on the Budget Estimate was Rx. 38,793. About half of this saving occurred in the charges for manufacture and excavation at Sambhar, and the other half in the payments for salt purchase and freight in Madras. The short expenditure at the Sambhar lake was due to a bad season for manufacture; and the failure to manufacture and the consequent depletion of stock have prejudicially affected the revenue of the following year. In Madras the outturn in some of the Government factories was smaller, and some new factories and extensions provided for in the Budget Estimate could not be opened.

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	459,934
Budget	497,500
1892-93 { Revised	465,300
Accounts	458,707

but the saving on the Budget Estimate was Rx. 38,793. About half of this saving occurred in the charges for manufacture and excavation at Sambhar, and the other half in the payments for salt purchase and freight in Madras. The short expenditure at the Sambhar lake was due to a bad season for manufacture; and the failure to manufacture and the consequent depletion of stock have prejudicially affected the revenue of the following year. In Madras the outturn in some of the Government factories was smaller, and some new factories and extensions provided for in the Budget Estimate could not be opened.

26. *Stamps.*—The excess in the charges as compared with the actuals of 1891-92 and the Budget was only slightly less than that appearing under the head of Exchange, an increase in the Indian expenditure being more than counterbalanced by diminished sterling payments.

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	138,447
Budget	140,900
1892-93 { Revised	141,400
Accounts	141,264

1891-92 and the Budget was only slightly less than that appearing under the head of Exchange, an increase in the Indian expenditure being more than counterbalanced by diminished sterling payments.

27. *Excise.*—Of the total saving on the Budget Estimate of Rx. 13,087, almost three-fourths occurred in Madras and the remainder chiefly in Bombay.

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	190,097
Budget	206,100
1892-93 { Revised	194,100
Accounts	193,013

Of the total saving on the Budget Estimate of Rx. 13,087, almost three-fourths occurred in Madras and the remainder chiefly in Bombay.

28. *Provincial Rates, Customs, Assessed Taxes, and Registration.*—The noticeable points in connection with these figures are (1) the construction of a steam launch for the Calcutta Customs House, and larger payments of commission to Registrars and Sub-Registrars caused an increase in

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	432,506
Budget	447,000
1892-93 { Revised	440,740
Accounts	439,580

The noticeable points in connection with these figures are (1) the construction of a steam launch for the Calcutta Customs House, and larger payments of commission to Registrars and Sub-Registrars caused an increase in

the charges for 1892-93 over the previous year; and (2) the termination of the revaluation work for the purpose of assessing the Provincial rates in Bengal and vacancies in certain establishments produced a saving on the estimates.

The excess in 1892-93 over the previous year would have been larger but for a change of classification by which the cost of certain combined appointments hitherto shown as Registration charges was transferred to a different head.

29. *Forests.*—The Estimates under this head generally prove too high.

The large saving in 1892-93 of Rx. 105,275 is distributed among all the provinces except India, the larger part having occurred in Madras and Bombay. The saving is attributed to a general contraction of departmental operations. The following figures compare the Forest Revenue and Expenditure of the last five years:

	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Net revenue.
1888-89	1,349,047	792,000	557,047
1889-90	1,486,303	780,035	706,268
1890-91	1,448,002	784,113	663,889
1891-93	1,490,582	843,926	646,655
1892-93	1,591,332	865,225	726,107

INTEREST.

30. *Revenue.*—The receipts in 1892-93 were less than those in the preceding year by Rx. 9,716. There was

	Rx.	
1891-92 Accounts	879,443	a decrease in England of £33,923,
1892-93 { Budget	911,000	equivalent with Exchange to Rx.
Revised	868,600	44,546, and an increase in India
Accounts	869,727	

of Rx. 34,830. The receipts were also below the Budget Estimate by Rx. 41,273, the falling off occurring entirely in India. In England the amounts obtained by the investment of surplus cash balances were not so large as in the previous year. In India the receipts are increasing with the yearly additions to the advances to Municipalities and others; but in 1892-93 the Budget Estimate was not reached chiefly because the Guaranteed Railways did not find it necessary to overdraw their capital account to the extent anticipated, and the receipts from Interest on Overdrawn Capital were less than the Estimate by Rx. 36,632.

31. *Expenditure: Interest on Debt.*—No new debt was incurred in India during 1892-93 except a Railway loan of Rx. 250,000 from the Rampur State, on which, however, no interest was paid during the year. The excess over the Budget was due chiefly to the conversion during the year of the greater portion of the outstanding balance of the 4½ per cent. Rupee loans into 4 per cents.

India.			
	Charged to Ordinary Debt.	Charged to Railways and Irrigation.	Total.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	54,368	4,114,254	4,168,622
Budget	123,200	4,269,200	4,176,000
1892-93 { Revised	66,400	4,306,500	4,240,100
Accounts	40,067	4,307,908	4,267,841

England:			
	£	£	£
1891-92 Accounts	2,639,288	1,163,871	3,803,159
Budget	2,395,800	1,237,200	3,633,000
1892-93 { Revised	2,433,460	1,222,200	3,655,660
Accounts	2,433,496	1,222,191	3,655,687

Exchange.			
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	1,146,144	505,425	1,651,569
Budget	1,197,900	618,600	1,816,500
1892-93 { Revised	1,460,000	733,300	2,193,300
Accounts	1,464,053	735,301	2,199,354

in the interest charged to Railway Debt is due to fresh advances made to the Railway Companies. The funds for these advances are obtained by

sterling loans, and a corresponding increase in the total interest charge in England is the result.

32. *Interest on other Obligations.*—The main factor producing the increase

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	475,376
Budget	506,600
1892-93 { Revised	516,200
Accounts	516,781

under this head from year to year is the increase in the Savings Bank Deposits. Excluding the adjustment of interest, the net addition

to these deposits in the year amounted to Rx. 548,922 against Rx. 517,904 in 1891-92, and the interest charges were Rx. 306,227 in 1891-92 and Rx. 339,362 in 1892-93. Sufficient provision for these increases was not made in the estimate. The interest on the deposits of Service Funds was also higher than in the previous year and the Budget.

POST OFFICE, TELEGRAPH, AND MINT.

REVENUE.

33. *Post Office.*—The revenue continues to expand ; the falling off below

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	1,446,355
Budget	1,498,400
1892-93 { Revised	1,491,400
Accounts	1,488,875

the Budget Estimate was due chiefly to a larger deduction from the receipts of the year on account of payments to English, Colonial, and other Foreign Post Offices.

34. *Telegraph.*—These receipts for 1891-92 were considered abnormally high,

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	919,335
Budget	892,600
1892-93 { Revised	937,700
Accounts	937,743

and the Budget Estimate for 1892-93 was therefore placed at a lower figure as compared with them ; but an increase of Rx. 18,408 over

the high figure of the previous year was realised in the actual result. This was due to the general expansion of the department.

The following table compares the receipts and expenditure of the Telegraph Department for the last five years :

	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Net Revenue.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1888-89	742,148	704,092	38,056
1889-90	766,815	731,355	35,510
1890-91	781,035	763,980	17,055
1891-92	919,335	838,720	80,615
1892-93	937,743	875,073	62,670

35. *Mint.*—The silver coinage in 1892-93 was very high, the importation

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	210,046
Budget	227,000
1892-93 { Revised	326,400
Accounts	310,335

of silver having been enhanced by speculations about the closure of the Indian Mints. The increase due to the larger coinage was counter-

balanced to some extent by a smaller gain on copper coinage, the issues of copper having been somewhat less than usual. The gain amounted to Rx. 37,893 in 1892-93 against Rx. 83,831 realised in 1891-92 and Rx. 65,000 taken in the Budget.

EXPENDITURE.

36. *Post Office.*—The expenditure in India, like the revenue, increases from

	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	1,493,359
Budget	1,555,400
1892-93 { Revised	1,517,600
Accounts	1,518,545

year to year with the growth of the department. The saving on the Budget Estimate of Rx. 36,855 was due chiefly to smaller expenditure

than was anticipated for stationery and printing in India. There were other small savings in India, but these were counterbalanced by an increase in the charge for exchange on sterling expenditure.

37. *Telegraph*.—As in the case of the Postal Department, the increase in the

		Rx.	
1891-92	Accounts	838,720	expenditure follows the expansion
	Budget	877,200	of the operations of the department.
1892-93	Revised	867,200	Though the Telegraph revenue in
	Accounts	875,073	1892-93 was far in excess of the

Budget Estimate, the provision for expenditure proved sufficient, and was closely followed by the actuals.

38. *Mint*.—Under this head also the expenditure was within the Budget

		Rx.	
1891-92	Accounts	97,109	Estimate, for though the large in-
	Budget	115,300	crease in the coinage necessitated
1892-93	Revised	113,600	charges for extra hours not contem-
	Accounts	112,007	plated in the estimates, the savings

under other items fully covered these extra charges. The variation from the accounts of the preceding year is accounted for by the larger coinage in 1892-93.

CIVIL DEPARTMENT.

REVENUE.

39. *Civil Department*.—Under the heads comprised in this group there

		Rx.	
1891-92	Accounts	1,656,157	were no important variations in the
	Budget	1,615,800	receipts of 1892-93 as compared
1892-93	Revised	1,660,800	either with the corresponding
	Accounts	1,607,876	receipts of 1891-92 or with the

Budget Estimate. The apparent decrease in the total receipts of the year is due mainly to a change of classification introduced in the accounts of 1892-93 by which recoveries by the Marine Department for work done by it for other departments and Local Governments were deducted from expenditure instead of being credited as receipts. The only other point requiring notice in connection with this group was a general increase in the Police receipts in 1892-93 as compared with the estimates.

EXPENDITURE.

40. *General Administration*.—The expenditure on General Administration

		Rx.	
1891-92	Accounts	1,791,317	necessarily increases with the
	Budget	1,831,600	increasing efficiency and complexity
1892-93	Revised	1,881,900	of the administration. The Indian
	Accounts	1,871,825	Expenditure closely followed the

estimates, but in England there was some additional charge connected with the management of the conversion of the 4½ per cent. Rupee loans. Nearly three-fourths of the total excess over the Budget is, however, accounted for by the heavy fall in exchange during the year.

41. *Law and Justice : Courts of Law*.—The charges are increasing yearly.

		Rx.	
1891-92	Accounts	2,840,007	The excess over the Budget Esti-
	Budget	2,855,900	mate in 1892-93 occurred in the
1892-93	Revised	2,873,700	expenditure of Civil and Sessions
	Accounts	2,876,430	Courts in Bengal, the North-West-

ern Provinces and Oudh, and Madras either on account of new courts opened or new judicial establishments entertained during the year.

42. *Law and Justice : Fails*.—The expenditure in 1892-93 exceeded that

		Rx.	
1891-92	Accounts	899,732	of 1891-92 chiefly in Port Blair
	Budget	913,600	and Bengal. The excess over the
1892-93	Revised	917,100	Budget was largest in Madras, and
	Accounts	918,742	was due to an increase in the jail

population and an advance in the manufacturing industry.

43. *Police*.—Certain schemes for Police reorganisation were contemplated

		Rx.	
1891-92	Accounts	3,868,610	in framing the Estimates of 1892-93
	Budget	3,910,000	for Madras and Bombay; but they
1892-93	Revised	3,856,000	were not carried out during the
	Accounts	3,873,645	year. This fact, combined with the

short strength of the District Executive Force in Burma, produced a large saving on the Estimates. On the other hand, the expenditure in Bengal exceeded the

estimate owing to the measures taken in connection with the administration of the Lushai country, and that in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh was higher than expected owing to a reorganisation scheme sanctioned by the Secretary of State. On the whole, a larger saving was anticipated in the Revised Estimate than was actually realised.

44. *Marine*.—The reduction in the Indian expenditure is more apparent than real owing to the change in the method of accounting for recoveries for work done by the Marine Department mentioned in paragraph 39.

	India. Rs.	England. £.	Exchange. Rs.
1891-92 Accounts .	436,553	133,447	57,951
Budget .	513,600	177,700	88,900
1892-93 { Revised .	480,000	301,100	130,700
Accounts .	391,875	290,476	174,758

The increase in the expenditure in England was special, and was due to payments made for the construction of two troopships and a dredger.

45. *Education, Ecclesiastical, and Medical*.—The provision made in the estimates on account of Education charges was not fully spent in the Central Provinces, Madras, and Bombay. The large increase in the Medical charges of Rs. 56,958

	Education. Rs.	Ecclesiastical. Rs.	Medical. Rs.
1891-92 Accounts .	1,424,796	161,596	884,684
Budget .	1,496,700	169,300	931,100
1892-93 { Revised .	1,445,900	168,300	935,300
Accounts .	1,437,024	168,107	941,642

over the previous year was distributed over all the provinces.

46. *Political*.—The expenditure in 1892-93 exceeded that of the preceding year by Rs. 74,406. The more important of the excesses were: (1) an increase of Rs. 30,180 under Political Agents chiefly on account

	Rs.
1891-92 Accounts	767,711
Budget	771,600
1892-93 { Revised	824,700
Accounts	842,117

of the North Lushai and the Gilgit Agencies; (2) increased payment of Political Subsidies to the extent of Rs. 25,349 on account of arrears due to the Amir of Afghanistan from previous years; and (3) higher expenditure for entertainment of Envoys and Chiefs (Rs. 7,383) owing to the visit of the Prime Minister of Nepal. The Special Political expenditure in 1892-93 connected with missions and expeditions on the frontiers, amounting to Rs. 23,747, was also higher than in the previous year. The greater part of this as well as the other excesses mentioned could not be anticipated in the estimates.

47. *Scientific and other Minor Departments*.—The difference under this head between the actual expenditure of the two years was mainly in the Census charges, only Rs. 15,594 having been incurred on account of

	Rs.
1891-92 Accounts	587,438
Budget	472,500
1892-93 { Revised	479,400
Accounts	473,271

the Census in 1892-93 against Rs. 182,082 expended in 1891-92. The Budget Estimate was closely followed as regards the total expenditure, certain savings in India having been counterbalanced by an increase in the sterling expenditure and in the charge for exchange.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RECEIPTS.

48. *Superannuation*.—The receipts on account of contributions for pensions and gratuities were specially high in 1891-92 owing to the recovery of the arrears of previous years in Bengal and Madras. The subscriptions to the Military, Military Orphan,

	India. Rs.	England. Rs.	Exchange. Rs.
1891-92 Accounts .	217,223	100,605	43,689
Budget .	206,300	98,400	49,200
1892-93 { Revised .	199,000	101,000	60,600
Accounts .	200,741	101,000	60,764

and Medical Retiring Funds are declining yearly; but sufficient allowance was not made for the decline in the Budget Estimate.

49. *Stationery and Printing*.—The receipts in 1891-92 included large recoveries on account of printing work done for the Census Department. There were no corresponding receipts in 1892-93; but, on the

	Rs.
1891-92 Accounts	83,408
Budget	74,000
1892-93 { Revised	80,500
Accounts	80,841

other hand, the recoveries on account of stationery supplied to State Railways and to the Berar Administration were larger than in the previous year, and were not fully anticipated in the Budget.

50. *Exchange*.—This is a very uncertain head of revenue depending on a

		Rx.
1891-92	Accounts	31,529
	Budget	78,500
1892-93	Revised	57,800
	Accounts	19,686

number of factors, and the receipts are not susceptible of reliable forecast. The large divergence of the actuals from the Budget was due to the loss on miscellaneous remit-

ances owing to the difference between the official rate and the average rate obtained by the Secretary of State for his bills having been as much as $1\frac{3}{4}d$.

51. *Miscellaneous*.—There are always some extraordinary receipts under

		Rx.
1891-92	Accounts	420,830
	Budget	353,500
1892-93	Revised	399,500
	Accounts	413,962

this head not foreseen in the Estimates. The amounts of such unforeseen receipts were Rx. 13,625 only in 1892-93 against Rx. 30,890

in 1891-92; but the receipts from unclaimed deposits, from miscellaneous fees, fines, and forfeitures, and from rents and the recoveries of insurance and other departmental charges on English stores supplied to Provincial Governments exceeded the actuals of 1891-92 and the Budget Estimate.

EXPENDITURE.

52. *Territorial and Political Pensions*.—The payments in India in 1892-93

		Rx.
1891-92	Accounts	557,959
	Budget	536,200
1892-93	Revised	542,100
	Accounts	541,592

exceeded those of the preceding year by Rx. 14,607, while there was a decrease under England and Exchange of Rx. 30,274. The pay-

ments in England in 1891-92 included large arrears of pension drawn by the late Maharaja Duleep Singh. In India the excess over 1891-92 was caused chiefly by the grant of certain commutations of pensions and by payments of arrears. In England certain special payments on account of the Maharaja Duleep Singh were also made in 1892-93, which caused an excess over the Budget.

53. *Civil Furlough and Absentee Allowances*.—The whole of the excess

		Rx.
1891-92	Accounts	276,362
	Budget	314,500
1892-93	Revised	335,400
	Accounts	334,194

over the Budget under this head and more than two-thirds of the excess over the actuals of 1891-92 were due to the fall in the rate of

Exchange.

54. *Superannuation Allowances and Pensions*.—These charges continue to

		India. Rx.	England. £	Exchange. Rx.
1891-92	Accounts	848,506	1,726,046	749,557
	Budget	875,300	1,748,000	874,100
1892-93	Revised	873,300	1,830,100	1,098,100
	Accounts	881,190	1,810,546	1,089,270

grow both in India and in England; but, apart from the addition to the pension list, the payments in England in 1892-93 were specially high owing to the adoption in that year

of a rule for the payment of pensions monthly instead of quarterly.

55. *Stationery and Printing*.—The expenditure under this head increases

		Rx.
1891-92	Accounts	602,885
	Budget	576,800
1892-93	Revised	627,100
	Accounts	647,973

with the growth of public business. In 1892-93 the excess over the Budget occurred in nearly all the provinces, notably in Bengal, where

large supplies were made to the Survey and Settlement Department. Larger demands of stores from England and the fall in Exchange also contributed to the increase to some extent.

56. *Miscellaneous*.—The savings on the Budget Estimate occur chiefly in

		Rx.
1891-92	Accounts	285,307
	Budget	245,800
1892-93	Revised	253,000
	Accounts	233,975

the Remittance charges and in the cost of petty Provincial and Local establishments. In 1891-92 the charges for Municipal taxes on

Government buildings in Bombay were high, and certain special Commissions of Enquiry necessitated considerable expenditure. There was also a special adjustment in 1891-92 on account of the loss at Manipur. The payments in England on account of stores lost in transit to India were also much less than in 1891-92.

FAMINE RELIEF AND INSURANCE.

57. As in the preceding year, the Famine Insurance grant was maintained at Rx. 1,500,000 in 1892-93, including the net charge on the Revenues on account of the Indian Midland and Bengal-Nagpur Railways. The

following are the details making up the total of the grant :

	1891-92.	1892-93.		
	Accounts.	Budget.	Revised.	Accounts.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Famine Relief	23,423	130,000	76,800	70,841
Construction of Protective Railways	484,795	1,011,700	993,900	984,469
Construction of Protective Irrigation	77,931	65,000	63,000	60,793
Reduction of Debt	682,170	...	...	...
Loss on the Bengal-Nagpur and Indian Midland Railways	231,681	293,300	366,300	383,897
Total	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000

The expenditure for the relief of distress chargeable to the grant was much less than was anticipated in Madras and Bombay; but, on the other hand, some expense was incurred on account of the distress in Ajmere-Merwara, which was not foreseen when the Budget was framed. The capital expenditure on Protective Railways shown above represented only such a portion of the total expenditure on those Railways as would, with the other authorised charges against the grant, raise the total to the fixed limit of Rx. 1,500,000.

CONSTRUCTION OF RAILWAYS CHARGED AGAINST REVENUE IN ADDITION TO THAT UNDER FAMINE INSURANCE.

58. The expenditure under this head in 1891-92 was wholly on account of lines constructed from the balances of Provincial Governments. The similar expenditure in 1892-93 amounted to Rx. 138,262 against a

Budget provision of Rx. 183,200, the outlay on the Mayavaram-Mutupet Railway having been smaller than expected. But, in addition to the expenditure charged to Provincial Revenues, Rx. 201,225 out of the total Imperial expenditure on the construction of railways was shown under this head in 1892-93. This was necessary, as the capital expenditure chargeable to the Famine grant and to loans and balances could not exceed a fixed limit, and the amount above mentioned represented the excess of the total expenditure of the year above these limits taken together.

RAILWAYS.

59. *Earnings.*—The figures in the margin show the net earnings of railways,

both State and Guaranteed, since 1888-89. The earnings of 1891-92 were exceptionally heavy owing to a combination of favourable circumstances, such as an exceptionally heavy export traffic of wheat and

seeds, and a large pilgrim traffic connected with certain Hindu religious festivals. The Budget Estimates of 1892-93 therefore anticipated the normal receipts according to previous experience. The result shows that there was a moderate improvement of Rx. 178,335 over the Budget Estimate. This improvement was made up of a number of differences, of which the more important are the following:

Improvements—

	Rx.
Rajputana-Malwa System	298,193
East Indian Railway	147,969
Burma Railway	83,259
Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway	75,810
Carried forward	605,231

	Rx.
Brought forward	605,231
<i>Deduct falling off on—</i>	
	Rx.
North-Western Railway	241,959
Great Indian Peninsula Railway	123,714
Bengal-Nagpur Railway	31,422
Other Railways (net)	29,801
Total	426,896
Net	178,335

The traffic on the Rajputana-Malwa Railway proved to be exceptionally heavy in 1892-93, and a long pending claim against the Indian Midland Railway for certain interest charges was settled in that year, though no credit for such settlement was taken in the estimate. The estimates for the East Indian Railway were too low. There was a general development of traffic and an exceptionally good passenger traffic on the Burma Railway. The improvement on the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway was in the traffic in cotton, oil seeds, coal, and railway materials.

The falling off on the North-Western Railway was the result partly of reduced grain exports following an unfavourable crop, and partly of breaches on the line during the monsoon of 1892-93. There were also large outstandings at the end of the year which have been realised in 1893-94. The failure of the linseed crops in the Central Provinces and the small movement of food grains to Southern India account for a part of the falling off on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway. The decrease on the Bengal-Nagpur Railway occurred in the goods traffic.

	India and England. Rx.	Exchange. Rx.	
1888-89	8,351,697	2,629,890	
1889-90	8,385,403	2,517,221	
1890-91	8,586,321	1,863,201	
1891-92	8,702,362	2,454,962	
1892-93 { Budget	8,952,500	2,871,000	
{ Revised	8,904,800	3,434,000	
{ Accounts	8,906,378	3,443,396	

Railway Company could not also pay up their subscribed capital to the extent anticipated.

61. *Other Expenditure.*—This expenditure in 1892-93 was less than in the preceding year by Rx. 252,593. The differences were mainly in the charges for surplus profits paid to Guaranteed Railways and the expenditure on Railway Surveys. The payments for surplus profits were Rx. 155,735 less as a result of the smaller traffic earned in 1892-93; and a sum of Rx. 81,572 on account of past expenditure on the Bengal-Assam Railway Survey was recovered from the Company in 1892-93 and deducted from expenditure. No provision was made for this deduction in the Budget Estimate.

62. *Loss on Railway Revenue Account.*—The following figures show the net loss to Government on the Railway Revenue Account from its connection with railways since 1888-89:

	Net receipts, excluding charge for Exchange.	Charge for Exchange.	Net loss.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1888-89	396,498	2,629,890	2,233,392
1889-90	664,620	2,517,221	1,852,601
1890-91	1,175,910	1,863,201	687,291
1891-92	2,139,098	2,454,962	315,864
1892-93	1,596,344	3,443,396	1,847,052

The year 1891-92 was exceptional, and, allowing for the specially heavy railway traffic of that year, the net receipts, excluding the charge for Exchange, show a steady improvement; but, though this improvement amounted in 1892-93 to

Rx. 931,724 as compared with 1889-90, the charge for Exchange has been so great as to counterbalance the whole of this improvement, and to leave the net loss at about the same figure as in 1889-90.

IRRIGATION.

MAJOR WORKS.

63. *Net earnings, excluding Land Revenue.*—These earnings showed in

		Rx.	1892-93 an advance of Rx. 73,487
1891-92	Accounts	641,292	over the previous year owing chiefly
	Budget	552,200	to an extension of irrigation from
1892-93	Revised	696,600	canals in the Punjab, to the re-
	Accounts	716,779	covery of arrears of water rates in Bengal, and to the seasons having been more

favourable for canal irrigation in Madras and Bombay. The estimates were too low.

64. *Interest.*—These figures require no remarks, except that the charge

		Rx.	continues to grow with the pro-
1891-92	Accounts	1,109,678	gress in the construction of irriga-
	Budget	1,138,900	tion works.
1892-93	Revised	1,138,900	
	Accounts	1,138,386	

MINOR WORKS.

		Rx.	65. <i>Receipts.</i> —The variations are
1891-92	Accounts	194,174	unimportant. The actuals of 1891-
	Budget	189,100	92 included certain arrears of clear-
1892-93	Revised	191,500	ance rates.
	Accounts	185,866	

66. *Expenditure.*—The decrease in the expenditure in 1892-93 as com-

		Rx.	pared with the previous year
1891-92	Accounts	1,077,896	occurred almost entirely in Lower
	Budget	1,009,600	Burma and Madras. The Budget
1892-93	Revised	1,052,800	Estimate was closely followed as a
	Accounts	1,008,142	whole. There was, however, a considerable excess in the Imperial expenditure

on account of Famine Relief works in Upper Burma which was counterbalanced by savings chiefly in Bombay and Lower Burma.

BUILDINGS AND ROADS.

67. *Receipts.*—The increase in the receipts as compared with 1891-92 and

		Rx.	with the Budget was the largest in
1891-92	Accounts	627,124	the North-Western Provinces and
	Budget	606,400	Oudh owing to the sale of the
1892-93	Revised	639,100	bridge-of-boats over the rivers
	Accounts	653,188	Gogra and Chowka at Byramghat. The receipts on account of contributions

from Municipalities in Bombay were also higher than expected.

68. *Expenditure.*—The Imperial expenditure in 1891-92 was unusually

		Imperial. Rx.	Provincial and Local. Rx.	high owing to special grants for the
1891-92	Accounts	2,095,876	4,112,876	restoration of buildings at Quetta
	Budget	2,025,800	3,891,300	damaged by rain and for expendi-
1892-93	Revised	1,904,800	3,932,600	ture on famine relief works. The
	Accounts	1,969,530	3,876,950	lapse on the Budget Estimate of

1892-93 was partly nominal, as a portion of the grant under India was transferred to Upper Burma for expenditure on minor irrigation works required for famine relief.

As regards Provincial and Local charges, the expenditure in 1892-93 was lower than in the previous year in all the larger provinces. One cause of this general reduction was the fact that the year 1892-93 was the first year of the new Provincial Contracts; and, though the contracts did not entail a material reduction in the rate of expenditure of the Provincial Governments, the usual tendency appears to be to increase the Public Works expenditure towards the end of the term for which the contracts are framed.

ARMY.

69. *Receipts*.—The increase over the receipts of 1891-92 and the Budget

		Rx.	
1891-92	Accounts	780,404	Estimate occurred mainly under
	Budget	739,000	Commissariat, Remount, and Veteri-
1892-93	Revised	793,300	nary Establishments, and was due
	Accounts	804,320	(1) to larger sales of Commissariat

provisions, stores, and malt liquor; (2) to the transfer of certain cast remounts to the Bengal Cavalry regiments on payment; and (3) to the credit of the value of 260 horses taken by the 7th Dragoon Guards on their transfer to Egypt. There were also larger sales of regimental necessities and unserviceable ordnance stores. In England a special credit was received in 1892-93 on account of the sale of the troopship *Jumna*.

70. *Expenditure: India*.—The expenditure in 1892-93 was less than that of the preceding year by Rx. 151,971.

		Rx.	
1891-92	Accounts	15,741,062	The charges for Special Military
	Budget	15,006,700	expeditions were considerably less in
1892-93	Revised	15,522,200	the year than in 1891-92; but, on
	Accounts	15,589,091	

the other hand, there was a large increase in Commissariat charges owing to a rise in the price of food for men and animals and an increase in the pay of British troops due to the fall in the rate of Exchange for converting their sterling pay into rupees. The Budget Estimate was exceeded to the extent of Rx. 582,391. The excess was due chiefly to the following items of additional expenditure:

	Rx.
Increased cost of food for men and animals	242,900
Kashmir transport arrangements	86,662
Kajuri Kach Force	84,936
Kuram Escort	39,216
Lushai operations	47,203
Chin Hill operations	30,319
Isazai Field Force	32,515
Arrear charges of Missions and Expeditions undertaken in previous years	11,477
Total	575,228

The Revised Estimate did not provide sufficiently for the increase in the cost of food for men and animals.

71. *Expenditure: England and Exchange*.—The sterling expenditure in 1892-93 exceeded that of the previous year and the Budget Estimate by £329,283 and £294,296 respectively. The important variations comprised in these excesses

	Sterling.	Exchange.
	£	Rx.
1891-92 Accounts	4,559,513	1,980,026
Budget	4,594,500	2,297,300
1892-93 Revised	5,022,300	3,013,400
Accounts	4,888,796	2,941,224

were the following:

	Increase+ Decrease—	
	Compared with actuals, 1891-92.	Compared with Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
<i>Effective Services.</i>		
Payment to the War Office in respect of British Forces serving in India	+ 264,303	+ 206,766
Furlough allowances of officers of the Indian service	+ 35,351	+ 41,654
Stores for India	—197,793	—138,824
<i>Non-effective Services.</i>		
Payment to the War Office in respect of British Forces for service in India	+ 38,974	+ 11,182
Pay and pensions of non-effective and retired officers of the Indian service	+ 199,471	+ 181,360
Total	+ 340,306	302,138

The increase in the payments to the War Office represented chiefly amounts paid in settlement of arrear claims.

The rise in the charges for furlough allowances and pensions was connected with the payment of the allowances monthly instead of quarterly. The figures for stores were affected by a falling off in the demands for special ordnance stores.

SPECIAL DEFENCE WORKS.

72. The expenditure for these works is diminishing yearly. The decrease in 1892-93 as compared with the previous year and the Budget was largest in England. The Budget Estimate was too high.
- | | | Rx. |
|---------|--------------------|---------|
| 1891-92 | Accounts | 604,848 |
| | Budget | 614,500 |
| 1892-93 | Revised | 559,300 |
| | Accounts | 458,060 |

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE NOT CHARGED TO REVENUE.

73. In 1891-92 the total expenditure not charged to Revenue was shown as Rx. 3,500,000. This was the maximum limit of the expenditure not so charged at the time the Budget Estimate of 1892-93 was framed; but, as a special case, the Secretary of State authorised the expenditure in 1892-93 on the Jherriah Extension of the East Indian Railway and on the Rampur-Moradabad Railway, the funds for which were to be advanced by the Rampur Durbar, to be treated as outside the fixed limit. The Budget Estimates for outlay on the Jherriah Extension and the Rampur-Moradabad Railway were taken at Rx. 160,000 and Rx. 375,000 respectively; and, in accordance with the decision of the Secretary of State just alluded to, the estimate of the total capital expenditure not charged to Revenue was placed at Rx. 4,035,000,—namely, outlay on Railway construction at Rx. 3,485,000, and that on Irrigation Works at Rx. 550,000.

74. *Railways.*—The total expenditure on the construction of railways from Imperial Funds exceeded the Budget Estimate by Rx. 25,893. This excess was made up of a reduction of Rx. 48,710 in the expenditure on the Bareilly-Rampur-Moradabad Railway and the Jherriah Extension, and an increase of Rx. 74,603 under all the other Railways taken together. As there was a saving of Rx. 18,909 on the estimate of capital outlay on Irrigation Works not charged to Revenue, the total outlay on Railways not so charged was (Rx. 48,710—Rx. 18,909) Rx. 29,801 less than the estimate. The Railway Capital Expenditure that could be charged to the Famine Grant (paragraph 57) was also Rx. 27,231 less than the estimate; and the excess in the total being Rx. 25,893, the excess over the estimate that was charged in the Imperial section of the head "37—Construction of Railways" (paragraph 58) amounted to (29,801 + 27,231 + 25,893) Rx. 82,925.
- | | | Rx. |
|---------|--------------------|-----------|
| 1891-92 | Accounts | 2,770,336 |
| | Budget | 3,485,000 |
| 1892-93 | Revised | 3,436,700 |
| | Accounts | 3,455,199 |

75. *Irrigation.*—The expenditure in 1891-92 was high owing to special grants for the more rapid completion of the Chenab Canal and the Periyar Project. The lapse on the Budget Estimate of 1892-93 occurred in Bengal and the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.
- | | | Rx. |
|---------|--------------------|---------|
| 1891-92 | Accounts | 729,664 |
| | Budget | 550,000 |
| 1892-93 | Revised | 550,000 |
| | Accounts | 531,091 |

ORDER.—Ordered, that the Resolution be communicated to the Comptroller and Auditor-General, and that a copy of it be forwarded to the Secretary of State.

Ordered also, that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 4th May, 1894.

No. 2265-P.—The following substantive promotions are made in the Postal Department, with effect from 1st April 1894, *vice* Mr. E. de C. Williams, retired:

Mr. L. G. Wait to be Deputy Postmaster General, 2nd grade, and

Mr. F. Whymper to be Deputy Postmaster General, 3rd grade.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS (NON-JUDICIAL).

*Exemptions and Reductions under the Act.**The 3rd May, 1894.*

No. 2196-S.R.—Whereas under the terms of the Resolution in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 3646, dated the 13th November 1880, the Municipality of Sukkur has paid into the Government Treasury the sum of Rupees 1,000 as composition for the stamp-duty chargeable on a sum of Rupees 2,00,000 which the said Municipality was authorized to borrow, and which is to be raised by the issue of the undermentioned debentures of Rupees 500 each, *vis*:

Nos. 1 to 130, dated the 21st June 1894;

Nos. 131 to 140, dated the 10th July 1894;

Nos. 141 to 152, dated the 13th July 1894;

Nos. 153 to 162, dated the 15th July 1894;

Nos. 163 to 174, dated the 17th July 1894;

Nos. 175 to 184, dated the 27th July 1894;

Nos. 185 to 204, dated the 30th July 1894;

Nos. 205 to 212, dated the 2nd August 1894;

Nos. 213 & 214, dated the 3rd August 1894;

Nos. 215 to 257, dated the 5th August 1894;

Nos. 258 to 285, dated the 9th August 1894;

Nos. 286 to 295, dated the 13th August 1894;

Nos. 296 to 337, dated the 14th August 1894;

Nos. 338 to 397, dated the 10th September 1894;

Nos. 398 & 399, dated the 12th September 1894;

No. 400, dated the 14th September 1894:

In exercise of the power conferred by section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, the Governor General in Council has exempted the said debentures from any stamp-duty with which they might otherwise be chargeable, whether on issue, renewal, sub-division, or consolidation.

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 4th May, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY STAFF.

No. 404.—The undermentioned officers are appointed Colonels on the Staff, with effect from the dates specified:

Colonel R. C. R. Clifford, C.B., Indian Staff Corps, commandant, 2nd Punjab Cavalry, *vice* Colonel A. H. Prinsep, C.B., who has vacated. Dated 28th March 1894.

Colonel (Brigadier-General) H. M. Evans, Indian Staff Corps, 43rd Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, officiating in command of the Allahabad district, *vice* Colonel A. J. C. Birch, who has resigned. Dated 31st March 1894.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 405.—Surgeon-Colonel C. McD. Cuffe, C.B., Army Medical Staff, is brought on the Administrative Medical Staff of the Army, *vice* Surgeon-Colonel T. Walsh, appointed Principal Medical Officer, Madras Army. Dated 20th March 1894.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 426.—The tenure of the appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel E. B. Standbridge, Royal Artillery, superintendent, Gun Carriage Factory, Fatehgarh, in the Ordnance Department in India, is extended for five years, with effect from the 27th March 1894.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 407.—The undermentioned officer is, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India, admitted to the Indian Staff Corps on the conditions laid down in the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, for admission to the Staff Corps of officers of the unattached list, with effect from the date specified:

Second-Lieutenant Henry Turnbull Marshall, 2nd Battalion, Welsh Regiment, officiating wing officer, 1st Bengal Infantry,—19th December 1893.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 408.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave out of India under article 704, Army Regulations, India, volume I, part I:

Major the Hon'ble A. E. Dalzell, Oxfordshire Light Infantry, Inspector of Gymnasias, Bengal, (p. a.) for six months.

No. 409.—The undermentioned officer is granted furlough out of India:

Lieutenant L. W. P. East, Royal Artillery, in charge mountain guns with Native Infantry, Assam, (m. c.) for one year, under rule XIV, clause 1, of the regulations of 1868.

No. 410.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Captain G. H. Weller, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer, 14th Regiment of Bengal Lancers, for five months and fifteen days. Pension service—15th year commenced 13th August 1893.

Lieutenant E. C. Bayley, Indian Staff Corps, 15th (Cureton's Multani) Regiment of Bengal Lancers, for one year. Pension service—7th year commenced 14th September 1893.

Lieutenant M. R. W. Nightingale, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 2nd Battalion, 5th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment, for one year. Pension service—5th year commenced 1st March 1894.

No. 411.—The undermentioned officer was granted leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, with effect from the 2nd December 1893:

Lieutenant H. N. Waymouth, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, for six months.

No. 412.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:

Lieutenant E. W. Wall, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer, 17th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, for one year. Pension service—9th year commenced 30th January 1894.

Lieutenant R. L. Carnegie, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 9th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for six months. Pension service—5th year commenced 8th June 1893.

No. 413.—In G. G. O. No. 287 of 1894 granting leave out of India to Lieutenant-Colonel A. J. Brander, 19th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for "wing commander and second-in-command" read "commandant."

No. 414.—The undermentioned officers and warrant officer have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India:

Colonel W. G. Nicholson, C.B., Royal Engineers, Superintending Engineer, 1st class, Military Works Department, (p. a.) for one year.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. Talbot, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, Resident, 2nd class, and Political Resident, Persian Gulf, (p. a.) for seven months.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. H. Elliott, Indian Staff Corps, squadron commander and second-in-command, 3rd Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, (p. a.) for three days.

Major F. P. L. White, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander, 5th Regiment of Punjab Infantry, (p. a.) for one month.

Major E. W. Dun, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, wing commander, 20th (The Duke of Cambridge's Own Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, (m. c.) for three months.

Major G. D. C. Gastrell, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander and second-in-command, 8th Regiment of Bengal Infantry, (p. a.) for six months.

Captain J. A. Dealy, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, 4th grade, Military Works Department, (m. c.) for six months.

Lieutenant N. J. H. Powell, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 23rd Punjab Regiment of Bengal Infantry (Pioneers), (m. c.) till 4th July 1894.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel A. B. Seaman, 1st Battalion, 1st Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment, (p. a.) for one month.

Sub-Conductor E. W. M. Hollis, overseer, 1st grade, Military Works Department, (m. c.) for two months.

No. 415.—Major J. L. O'Bryen, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander and second-in-command, 30th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, is granted an extension of leave to the 31st March 1894 inclusive.

No. 416.—Lieutenant-Colonel E. B. Bishop, Indian Staff Corps, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to reside out of India, with effect from the 26th April 1894, on vacating the command of the 1st Battalion, 3rd Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment.

PENSIONS.

No. 417.—Sub-Conductor James Jones, Ordnance Department, Bengal, has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 21st April 1894.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 418.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Captains to be Majors.

Halford Dumergue Gerrard,—29th April 1894.

Robert Hutchinson Campbell Tufnell,—4th May 1894.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 419.—30th (Dogra) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Bahadur Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Sri Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bija Singh, deceased, with effect from the 7th April 1894.

No. 420.—2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment—

Jemadar Hastabir Gharti to be Subadar and Havildar Dilman Rai to be Jemadar, *vice* Amar Singh Bhandari, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st April 1894.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 421.—Major Halford Dumergue Gerrard, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander, 17th Regiment of Madras Infantry, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the 30th April 1894, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 422.—Surgeon-Colonel John Richardson, M.B., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the 19th May 1894, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 423.—*Gorakhpur Light Horse*—

Aubury Hay Cooper, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Tullock, promoted.

William Claxton Peppe, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Turnbull, promoted.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 424.—*Gorakhpur Light Horse*—

Lieutenant James Tullock to be Captain, *vice* Holdsworth, promoted.

Lieutenant Walter James Turnbull to be Captain to complete the establishment.

No. 425.—*Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Lieutenant William Henry Haughton James to be Captain, *vice* Anderson, resigned.

No. 426.—*Burma State Railway Volunteer Corps*—

Lieutenant Henry Denby to be Captain, *vice* Brown, resigned.

Lieutenant Frederick George Royal Dawson to be Captain, *vice* Cantopher, resigned.

Lieutenant Lawrence Potter Johnson to be Captain to complete the establishment.

Lieutenant Peter Rainier to be Captain, *vice* Maxwell, transferred to the supernumerary list.

Second-Lieutenant Arthur Strachan Wyman to be Lieutenant, *vice* Denby, promoted.

Second-Lieutenant Charles Condon Swetenham to be Lieutenant, *vice* Dawson, promoted.

Second-Lieutenant Herbert Cecil Vincent Sage to be Lieutenant, *vice* Johnson, promoted.

Second-Lieutenant William Thomas Hall to be Lieutenant, *vice* Rainier, promoted.

No. 427.—*Moulmein Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Second-Lieutenant Robert Benjamin to be Lieutenant, *vice* Bodeker, resigned.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 428.—*Agra Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Captain G. J. Nicholls resigns his commission.

No. 429.—*Bengal-Nagpur Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Second-Lieutenant L. H. Barker resigns his commission.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 430.—Lieutenant G. A. Beazeley, Royal Engineers, is appointed to the Military Works Department as an Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, supernumerary, with effect from 23rd March 1894, in terms of paragraph 3, clause 159, India Army Circulars, 1891.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 28.—The appointment of Sub-Lieutenant A. S. Balfour, Royal Indian Marine, as an Assistant Surveyor, 4th class, Marine Survey of India, is cancelled, and he will revert to the establishment of the Marine.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 1st May, 1894.

No. 186.—Mr. O. Höernle, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Assam, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the 14th April 1894.

No. 187.—*Addendum*—In Public Works Department Notification No. 4, dated the 5th January 1893, transferring Mr. T. W. Miles, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, from State Railways to Rajputana and Central India, after the word "Administrations" add "with effect from the 17th April 1892."

No. 188.—Mr. T. W. Miles, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Rajputana and Central India, whose services are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department for employment in the Kotah and Jhallawar States, is promoted to Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, *temporary rank* (super-numerary), from the 17th to 18th April 1892 inclusive, and substantive *pro tempore* (super-numerary), with effect from the 16th January 1893.

The 4th May, 1894.

No. 189.—Mr. G. Moyle, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, has been granted by the Agent and Chief Engineer, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, furlough for two years, with effect from the 5th May 1894, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

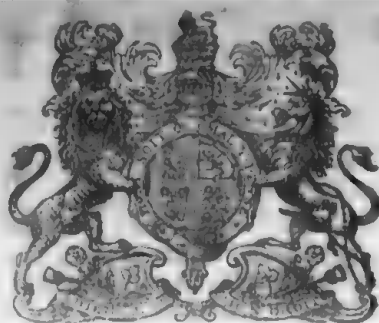
TELEGRAPHS.

The 1st May, 1894.

No. 185.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following temporary promotions in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified :

Name.	From	To	Date.
C. P. Landon . . .	Superintendent, Class V, 1st Grade.	Chief Superintendent, Class IV	20th March 1894.
H. W. Smith . . .	Assistant Superintendent, Class Vi, 1st Grade.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade.	20th March 1894.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 19.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, MAY 12, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 22:—

Nothing for publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 19.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 8th May, 1894.

No. 246.—The services of Mr. A. H. Collins, of the Indian Civil Service, are placed on his return from furlough at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma.

MEDICAL.

The 10th May, 1894.

No. 294.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon Charles Arthur Lafrenais,

L.M.S., Madras, to be an Honorary Assistant Surgeon on His Excellency's personal staff, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Iyasawmy Pillai, Rao Bahadur, deceased.

The 11th May, 1894.

No. 299.—The services of Surgeon-Captain C. N. Bensley, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

JUDICIAL.

The 9th May, 1894.

No. 480.—The services of Major A. W. D. Campbell, I.S.C., Cantonment Magistrate, Lucknow, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with effect from the 11th April 1894.

The 11th May, 1894.

No. 489.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 139 of Act XXVI of 1881 (the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, as amended by Act II of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the

guidance and control of Notaries Public appointed under that Act, and fixing the fees payable to such Notaries exercising their functions in Upper Burma :

1. Notaries Public shall, in transacting business under the Act, use the forms set forth in the Appendix to this notification.

2. Besides recording declarations of payment for honour (section 113), Notaries Public shall, following the practice existing in the presidency-towns, also register notings and protests made by them. No particular form of register is necessary for these purposes, but Notaries Public shall keep a substantial blank book in which to enter copies of all the letters which they may write presenting bills for acceptance or payment or better security ; of all bills* noted or protested, or paid for honour, together with all endorsements thereon (including that made by themselves, to the effect that the bill has been noted or protested for non-acceptance, or non-payment, or want of better security) ; and of all protests made by themselves and of all declarations made by payers for honour. Notaries Public shall further, after examination of each entry in the book, affix their signature thereto, and where demand of acceptance or payment, or better security, was made by a clerk, shall cause him to affix his signature also to the entry relating to the demand.

3. The book shall be known as the Notarial Register, and the pages thereof shall be numbered consecutively.

4. Every Notary Public shall permit the District Judge or such officer as the Local Government from time to time appoints in this behalf to inspect his register at such times, not oftener than twice a year, as the District Judge or officer may fix.

5. When the original instrument is in an Oriental language, any noting or protest, or entry in his register which has to be made in respect of the instrument by a Notary Public, may be made either in that language or in English.

6. In making presentments of bills or notes, Notaries Public shall observe the provisions of Chapter V of the Act :

Provided that it shall not be necessary for a Notary Public to allow the drawee of a bill of exchange time for deliberation as provided by section 63.

7. Every Notary Public shall use a plain circular seal, bearing, if he has been appointed by name, his name and the name of the local area within which he has been appointed to exercise his functions and the circumscription "Notary Public," and, if he has been appointed by virtue of his office, the name of his office and of the local area within which he has been appointed to exercise his functions and the circumscription "Notary Public."

8. Every Notary Public shall have an office at such place within the local area for which he has been appointed as may be approved in this behalf by the District Judge.

9. Notaries Public shall charge fees at the rates mentioned below, namely :

(1) For noting an instrument—

			Rs.	Rs.
If the amount of the instrument does not exceed	...	...	1,000	2
If it exceeds Rs. 1,000, but does not exceed	...	...	5,000	3
Ditto „ 5,000, ditto	...	...	20,000	5
Ditto „ 20,000, ditto	...	...	30,000	6
Ditto „ 30,000, ditto	...	...	50,000	7
Ditto „ 50,000, ditto	...	...	...	8

(2) For protesting an instrument—

			Rs.	Rs.
If the amount of the instrument does not exceed	...	...	1,000	6
If it exceeds Rs. 1,000, but does not exceed	...	...	5,000	7
Ditto „ 5,000, ditto	...	...	20,000	10
Ditto „ 20,000, ditto	...	...	30,000	11
Ditto „ 30,000, ditto	...	...	40,000	12
Ditto „ 40,000, ditto	...	...	50,000	13
Ditto „ 50,000, ditto	...	...	60,000	14
Ditto „ 60,000, ditto	...	...	70,000	15
Ditto „ 70,000, ditto	...	...	80,000	16
Ditto „ 80,000, ditto	...	...	90,000	17
Ditto „ 90,000, ditto	...	...	1,00,000	18
Ditto „ 1,00,000, ...	...	...	...	22

(3) For recording a declaration of payment for honour ... 2-8

(4) Duplicate protests,—half the charge for the original.

NOTE.—In addition to the above fees, travelling allowance at the rate of three annas a mile by rail and eight annas a mile by road may be charged when the Notary Public is required to attend at any place more than one mile from his office.

10. These rules shall come into force on the first day of January 1887.

* In cases where the language of the bill is unknown to the Notary Public, and where it is impossible to find any one acquainted with the language of the bill to copy it into the register, an entry in the register of an abstract of the bill will be sufficient.

APPENDIX.

I.

FORM OF NOTING.

(SEE SECTION 99.)

(To be made upon the instrument or upon a paper attached thereto or partly upon each.)

Reference to page in Notarial Register.

Date of presentment and dishonour.

Reason, if any, assigned for dishonour (or, if the instrument has not been expressly dishonoured, reason why holder treats it as dishonoured).

Date of Note

Notary's charges—

(Sd.) A. B.,

Notary Public.

II.

FORM OF PROTEST OF BILL OF EXCHANGE FOR NON-ACCEPTANCE.

(SEE SECTION 101.)

On the day of 18 , I, A.B., a Notary Public appointed under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, of in *(here state the local area for which the Notary Public has been appointed)* in British India, at the request of C.D., of , did, at *(in person) (by my clerk) (by registered letter)* cause due and customary presentment to be made to, and did demand acceptance of, the bill of exchange hereto annexed (or "a literal transcript whereof and of everything written or printed thereupon is hereto annexed") from E.F., the person upon whom the said bill is drawn, to which demand he made answer *(state terms of answer if any)* (or "to which demand he gave no answer"); wherefore I, the said Notary, at the request aforesaid by this writing do, in the presence of M.N. and O.P., witnesses, protest against the drawer of the said bill of exchange and all other parties thereto and all others concerned for all exchange, re-exchange, and all costs, damages, and interest present and to come for want of acceptance of the said bill.

Which I attest.

(Sd.) A. B.,

Notary Public.

M. N. }
O. P. } Witnesses.

NOTE.—When, after a bill is protested and before the protest is drawn up, it is accepted for honour, the protest should further state the name of the person by whom and of the person for whom and the manner in which such acceptance was offered and effected.

III.

FORM OF PROTEST OF BILL OF EXCHANGE FOR NON-ACCEPTANCE WHEN THE DRAWEE CANNOT BE FOUND.

(SEE SECTION 101.)

(a) Where search was made by Notary Public in person or by his clerk.

On the day of 18 , I, A.B., a Notary Public appointed under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, of in *(here state the local area for which the Notary Public has been appointed)* in British India, at the request of C.D. of , did *(in person) (by my clerk)* make due search at for E.F. in order to present to, and demand from, him acceptance of the bill of exchange hereto annexed (or "a literal transcript whereof and of everything written or printed thereupon is hereto annexed") which is drawn upon the said E.F., but was unable to find him, wherefore I, the said Notary, at the request aforesaid by this writing, do, in the presence of M.N. and O.P., witnesses, protest against the drawer of the said bill of exchange and all other parties thereto and all others concerned for all exchange, re-exchange, and all costs, damages, and interest present and to come for want of acceptance of the said bill.

(b) Where registered letter was sent to the drawee.

On the day of 18 , I, A.B., a Notary Public appointed under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, of in *(here state the local area for which the Notary Public has been appointed)* in British India, at the request of C.D. of , did send by post a registered letter addressed to E.F. at , wherein I enclosed and demanded from him acceptance of the bill of exchange hereto annexed (or

"a literal transcript whereof and of everything written or printed thereupon is hereto annexed") which is drawn upon the said *E.F.*, but the letter was returned undelivered, because the said *E.F.* could not be found; wherefore I, the said Notary, at the request aforesaid by this writing, do, in the presence of *M.N.*, and *O.P.*, witnesses, protest against the drawer of the said bill of exchange and all other parties thereto and all others concerned for all exchange, re-exchange, and all costs, damages, and interest present and to come for want of acceptance of the said bill.

Which I attest.

(Sd.) *A. B.*,

Notary Public.

M. N. }
O. P. } Witnesses.

NOTE.—When, after a bill is protested and before the protest is drawn up, it is accepted for honour, the protest should further state the name of the person by whom, and of the person for whom, and the manner in which such acceptance was offered and effected.

IV.

FORM OF PROTEST OF PROMISSORY NOTE OR BILL OF EXCHANGE FOR NON-PAYMENT.

(SEE SECTION 101.)

On the day of 18 , I, *A.B.*, a Notary Public appointed under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, of

in (*here state the local area for which the Notary Public has been appointed*) in British India, at the request of *C.D.* of , did

cause due and customary presentment to be made at (*in person*)

(*by my clerk*) (*by registered letter*) to and did demand payment of the promissory note

(or bill of exchange *as the case may be*) hereto annexed (or "a literal transcript whereof

and of everything written or printed thereupon is hereto annexed") from *E.F.*, the maker

of the said promissory note (or drawee or acceptor of the said bill of exchange, *as the case*

may be), to which demand he made answer (*state the terms of his answer, if any*) or ("to

which demand he gave no answer"): wherefore I, the said Notary, at the request aforesaid,

by this writing, do, in the presence of *M.N.* and *O.P.*, witnesses, protest against the

maker of the said promissory note (or the drawer of the said bill of exchange, *as the case*

may be) and all other parties thereto and all others concerned for all exchange, re-exchange,

and all costs, damages, and interest present and to come for want of payment of the said

promissory note (or bill of exchange, *as the case may be*).

Which I attest.

(Sd.) *A. B.*,

Notary Public.

M. N. }
O. P. } Witnesses.

NOTE.—When, after a bill is protested and before the protest is drawn up, it is paid for honour, the protest should further state the name of the person by whom, and of the person for whom, and the manner in which, such payment was offered and effected.

V.

PROTEST OF PROMISSORY NOTE OR BILL OF EXCHANGE FOR NON-PAYMENT WHEN THE MAKER, DRAWEE, OR ACCEPTOR (AS THE CASE MAY BE) CANNOT BE FOUND.

(SEE SECTION 101.)

(a) *Where search was made by Notary Public in person or by his clerk.*

On the day of 18 , I, *A.B.*, a Notary Public appointed under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, of in (*here state*

the local area for which the Notary Public has been appointed) in British India, at the

request of *C.D.* of , did (*in person*) (*by my clerk*) make due search at

for *E.F.*, the maker (or drawee or acceptor, *as the case may be*) in order to present

to and demand from him payment of the promissory note (or "bill of exchange," *as the*

case may be) hereto annexed (or "a literal transcript whereof and of everything written

or printed thereupon is hereto annexed"), but was unable to find him; wherefore I, the

said Notary, at the request aforesaid, by this writing, do, in the presence of *M.N.* and *O.P.*,

witnesses, protest against the maker of the said promissory note (or drawer of said bill of

exchange, *as the case may be*) and all other parties thereto and all others concerned for all

exchange, re-exchange, and all costs, damages, and interest present and to come for want

of payment of the said promissory note (or bill of exchange, *as the case may be*).

(b) *Where registered letter was sent to the maker, drawee, or acceptor.*

On the day of 18 , I, *A.B.*, a Notary Public appointed under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, of

in (*here state the local area for which the Notary Public has been appointed*) in British

India, at the request of *C.D.* of , did send by post a

registered letter addressed to *E.F.* at , the maker (or drawee or

acceptor, *as the case may be*), wherein I enclosed and demanded from him payment of the promissory note (or "bill of exchange," *as the case may be*) hereto annexed (or "a literal transcript whereof and of everything written or printed thereupon is hereto annexed"), but the letter was returned undelivered because the said *E.F.* could not be found; wherefore I, the said Notary, at the request aforesaid, by this writing, do, in the presence of *M.N.* and *O.P.*, witnesses, protest against the maker of the said promissory note (or the drawer of the said bill of exchange, *as the case may be*) and all other parties thereto and all others concerned for all exchange, re-exchange, and all costs, damages, and interest present and to come for want of payment of the said promissory note (or bill of exchange, *as the case may be*.)

Which I attest.

(Sd.) *A. B.*,
Notary Public.

M. N. } Witnesses.
O. P. }

NOTE.—When, after a bill is protested and before the protest is drawn up, it is paid for honour, the protest should further state the name of the person by whom, and of the person for whom, and the manner in which, such payment was offered and effected.

VI.

FORM OF PROTEST OF BILL OF EXCHANGE FOR BETTER SECURITY.

(SEE SECTION 101.)

On the day of 18 , I, *A.B.*, a Notary Public appointed under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, of in (*here state the local area for which the Notary Public has been appointed*) in British India, at the request of *C.D.* of , did exhibit the bill of exchange hereto annexed (or "a literal transcript whereof and of everything written or printed thereupon is hereto annexed") to *E.F.*, the person on whom the said bill is drawn and whose acceptance appears thereon, and did demand better security for the payment thereof when the same should become payable in consequence of the said *E.F.* having become insolvent (or "his credit having been publicly impeached," *as the case may be*), to which demand he made answer (or "to which demand he gave no answer"); wherefore I, the said Notary, at the request aforesaid, by this writing, do, in the presence of *M.N.* and *O.P.*, witnesses, protest against the drawer of the said bill of exchange and the acceptor and all other parties thereto and all others concerned for all exchange, re-exchange, and all costs, damages and interest present and to come for want of better security for the payment of the said bill when due and payable.

Which I attest.

(Sd.) *A. B.*,
Notary Public.

M. N. } Witnesses.
O. P. }

NOTE.—When, after a bill is protested and before the protest is drawn up, it is accepted for honour, the protest should further state the name of the person by whom, and of the person for whom, and the manner in which, such acceptance was offered and effected.

VII.

FORM OF PROTEST OF BILL OF EXCHANGE FOR BETTER SECURITY WHEN THE ACCEPTOR CANNOT BE FOUND.

(SEE SECTION 101.)

(a) *Where search was made by Notary Public in person or by his clerk.*

On the day of 18 , I, *A.B.*, a Notary Public appointed under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, of in (*here state the local area for which the Notary Public has been appointed*) in British India, at the request of *C.D.* of , did (*in person*) (*by my clerk*) make due search at for *E.F.* in order to exhibit the bill of exchange hereto annexed (or "a literal transcript whereof and of everything written or printed thereupon is hereto annexed") to the said *E.F.*, the person on whom the said bill is drawn, and whose acceptance appears thereon, and demand better security for the payment thereof when the same should become payable in consequence of his having become insolvent (or "his credit having been publicly impeached," *as the case may be*), but was unable to find him; wherefore I, the said Notary, at the request aforesaid, by this writing, do, in the presence of *M.N.* and *O.P.*, witnesses, protest against the drawer of the said bill of exchange and the acceptor and all other parties

thereto and all concerned for all exchange, re-exchange, and all costs, damages, and interest present and to come for want of better security for the payment of the said bill when due and payable.

(b) Where registered letter was sent to the acceptor.

On the _____ day of _____ 18____, I, A.B., a Notary Public appointed under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, of _____ in (here state the local area for which the Notary Public has been appointed) in British India, at the request of C.D. of _____, did send by post a registered letter addressed to E.F. at _____ wherein I enclosed the bill of exchange hereto annexed (or "a literal transcript whereof and of everything written or printed thereupon is hereto annexed"), and did by such letter demand from the said E.F., the person on whom the said bill is drawn and whose acceptance appears thereon, better security for the payment thereof when the same should become payable in consequence of his having become insolvent (or "his credit having been publicly impeached," as the case may be), but the said letter was returned undelivered because the said E. F. could not be found; wherefore I, the said Notary, at the request aforesaid, by this writing, do, in the presence of M. N. and O. P., witnesses, protest against the drawer of the said bill of exchange and the acceptor and all other parties thereto and all others concerned for all exchange, re-exchange, and all costs, damages, and interest present and to come for want of better security for the payment of the said bill when due and payable.

Which I attest.

(Sd.) A. B.,
Notary Public.

M. N. } Witnesses.
O. P. }

NOTE.—When, after a bill is protested and before the protest is drawn up, it is accepted for honour, the protest should further state the name of the person by whom, and of the person for whom, and the manner in which, such acceptance was offered and effected.

VIII.

FORM OF NOTICE OF PROTEST TO DRAWER TO BE GIVEN BY A NOTARY PUBLIC.

(SEE SECTION 102.)

TAKE notice that a bill of exchange for (here state the amount) drawn by you under date the _____ and payable at _____ on _____ has been dishonoured by non-acceptance (or non-payment, as the case may be) and protested, and that you will be held liable thereon.

(Sd.) A. B.,
Notary Public.

IX.

FORM OF NOTICE OF PROTEST TO INDORSER TO BE GIVEN BY A NOTARY PUBLIC.

(SEE SECTION 102.)

TAKE notice that a bill of exchange for (here state the amount) drawn by _____ under date the _____ and payable at _____ on _____ and bearing your endorsement has been dishonoured by non-acceptance (or non-payment, as the case may be) and protested, and that you will be held liable thereon.

(Sd.) A. B.,
Notary Public.

X.

FORM OF NOTARIAL ACT OF DECLARATION HAVING BEEN MADE BY A PAYER FOR HONOUR.

(SEE SECTION 113.)

On the _____ day of _____ 18____, I, A.B., a Notary Public appointed under the Indian Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, of _____, in (here state the local area for which the Notary Public has been appointed) in British India, do hereby certify that the bill of exchange hereto annexed (or "a literal transcript whereof and of everything written or printed thereupon is hereto annexed") (now protested for non-payment) was this day exhibited to Y. Z. of _____ in the _____ Presidency of _____, in British India (or to his agent in this behalf, as the case may be), who declared before me that

he, the said Y.Z., would pay the amount of the said bill under protest for the honour of *(here insert the name of the party for whose honour the payment is to be made)* holding the said *(here insert the name of the party for whose honour the payment is to be made)*, and the drawer and all other proper persons responsible to him, the said Y. Z., for the amount of the said bill and for all proper costs, interest, damages, and expenses, I have, therefore, in the presence of M.N. and O. P., witnesses, granted this Notarial Act of honour accordingly.

Which I attest.

(Sd.) A. B.,
Notary Public.

M. N. }
O. P. } Witnesses.

No. 491.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Rodway C. J. Swinhoe, Solicitor, to be a Notary Public under that Act, and to exercise his functions as such in Upper Burma.

POLICE.

The 7th May, 1894.

No. 228.—The services of Captain R. M. Maxwell, I.S.C., 6th Bengal Infantry, Commandant, Lakhimpur Military Police Battalion, Assam, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 23rd April 1894.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BURMA.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Rangoon, the 7th May, 1894.

No. 146.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act, XIV of 1874, the Chief Commissioner of Burma, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, extends to the whole of Upper Burma, except the Shan States, the Petroleum Act, XII of 1886.

By order,

F. C. GATES,

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Burma.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SURVEYS.

Simla, the 9th May, 1894.

No. 1234.—Mr. A. E. Spring, Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, Survey of India Department, is granted six months' leave under Article 369 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 20th April 1894.

The 11th May, 1894.

No. 1254.—Lieutenant C. L. Robertson, R.E., is appointed to the Survey of India Department as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, with effect from the 3rd May 1894.

FORESTS.

The 11th May, 1894.

No. 507-F.—The services of Colonel J. C. Doveton, M.S.C., Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle, Central Provinces, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 10th April 1894.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 7th May, 1894.

No. 14-S.I.

Under the provisions of section XXI of the Statutes of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, His Excellency the Grand Master has been pleased to appoint Mr. W. J. Cuninghame, C.S.I., I.C.S., to be Secretary of the Order.

H. DALY, Captain,

Offg. Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 7th May, 1894.

No. 31-I.E.

Under the provisions of section XXI of the Statutes of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, His Excellency the Grand Master has been pleased to appoint Mr. W. J. Cunningham, C.S.I., I.C.S., to be Secretary of the Order.

H. DALY, Captain,

Offg. Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 7th May, 1894.

No. 721-G.—Mr. E. F. Harris, Head Master, is appointed to be Principal of the Government College at Ajmere and Inspector of Schools in Ajmere-Merwara, substantive *pro tempore*, with effect from the 16th July, 1894, and during the absence on extraordinary leave of Mr. F. L. Reid, or until further orders.

No. 729-G.—With reference to Foreign Department notification, No. 506-G., dated the 9th April, 1894, Mr. Hormasji Cowasji, Acting Consul for Portugal at Aden, resumed charge of his office on the 13th April, 1894.

No. 1516-I.—In continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3096-I., dated the 5th August, 1892, publishing certain Rules to regulate Legal Practitioners in the Court of the Resident at Hyderabad and in Courts subordinate to that Court, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that in rule 11 (2) of the said Rules for the words "Bombay University" there shall be substituted the words "Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Allahabad, or Punjab University."

No. 1517-I.—In continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3097-I., dated the 5th August, 1892, publishing certain Rules to regulate Legal Practitioners in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts and in Courts subordinate to that Court, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that in rule 11 (2) of the said Rules for the words "Bombay University" there shall be substituted the words "Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Allahabad, or Punjab University."

No. 1523-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of Act XXI of 1879 (the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain John Russell Colquhoun Colvin to be a Justice of the Peace in the Rampur State.

The 9th May, 1894.

No. 743-G.—The services of Surgeon-Captain J. Chaytor-White, M.D., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), are placed at the disposal of the Home Department, with effect from the date on which he may relinquish charge of his duties as Officiating Medical Officer of the Meywar Bhil Corps.

No. 746-G.—Mr. E. C. R. Thomson, Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General of India in Khorassan and Seistan, is granted privilege leave, for two months and twenty days, with effect from the 1st June, 1894, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 750-G.—The furlough granted in Foreign Department notification, No. 193-G., dated the 3rd February, 1892, to Captain A. F. Pinhey, Indian Staff Corps, and extended for eight months by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, is further extended by eight days.

No. 1554-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, XV of 1872, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint the Reverend J. C. Knight Anstey and the Reverend Fred. Lamb of the Wesleyan Mission, Secunderabad, to be Marriage Registrars in respect of all places within the territories of His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad.

No. 1559-I.—Erratum.—In clause (1) of the Foreign Department notification, No. 456-I., dated the 9th February, 1894, regarding the levy of town fund tax by the Yeotmal Municipality—

For "Yeotmal Civil Station" read "Yeotmal town and Civil Station";

For "Yeotmal Civil Municipality" read "Yeotmal town and Civil Station Municipality"; and

For "the said station" read "the said area."

The 10th May, 1894.

No. 755-G.—Captain W. A. Watson, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander, 1st Regiment, Central India Horse, is appointed to be Political Assistant at Goona, with effect from the 19th April, 1894, and until further orders, *vice* Major G. E. Money.

W. J. CUNNINGHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 9th May, 1894.

No. 2316-P.—Mr. J. B. Short, Deputy Post Master General, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-one days, with effect from 17th May 1894, and the following arrangements are made during his leave or until further orders:

Khan Bahadur C. J. Lalkaka to officiate in the 2nd grade, and Mr. W. C. S. Hawthorne to officiate in the 3rd grade, of Deputy Post Masters General.

The 11th May, 1894.

No. 2355-P.—The following reversions and promotions of officers of the Account Department are notified:

With effect from 13th February 1894,—

Mr. H. G. Tomkins to officiate in Class VI instead of in Class V of the Enrolled List.

With effect from 11th March and up to 27th March 1894,—

Mr. E. Lawrence to officiate in Class II, and Mr. F. C. Harrison to officiate in Class III of Accountants General.

With effect from 17th March 1894,—

Mr. G. H. R. Hart to revert to Class II;

Mr. H. S. Groves to revert to Class III;

Mr. H. Oung to revert to Class IV;

Mr. J. A. Robertson to revert to Class V; and

Mr. Chunilal to revert to Class VI of the Enrolled List.

Mr. L. J. W. Worgan to revert to the Class of Probationers.

With effect from 18th March 1894,—

Mr. W. H. E. Mellor to revert to the Class of Probationers.

With effect from 28th March 1894,—

Mr. A. F. Cox to officiate as Comptroller and Auditor General, and

Mr. O. T. Barrow to officiate in Class I, and

Mr. G. E. Manisty to officiate in Class II of Accountants General.

With effect from 1st April 1894,—

Mr. E. Lawrence to officiate in Class II of Accountants General.

Mr. G. H. R. Hart to officiate in Class I;

Mr. H. S. Groves to officiate in Class II;

Mr. H. Oung to officiate in Class III;

Mr. J. A. Robertson to officiate in Class IV;

Mr. Chunilal to officiate in Class V; and

Mr. L. J. W. Worgan to officiate in Class VI of the Enrolled List.

With effect from 1st April 1894,—

Mr. R. E. Hamilton is appointed Accountant General, Class III.

PAPER CURRENCY.

The 10th May, 1894.

No. 2360-A.—Abstract of the Accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 30th April 1894, published, as required, by Section 27 of the Indian Paper Currency Act, XX of 1882.

CIRCLES OF ISSUE.	Whole amount of Notes in circulation.	RESERVE IN SILVER COIN AND BULLION.		
		Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Calcutta	13,04,26,775	4,30,53,517	...	4,30,53,517
Allahabad	1,15,63,225	3,22,61,625	...	3,22,61,625
Lahore	1,34,84,485	2,58,78,210	...	2,58,78,210
Bombay	10,04,71,825	6,32,41,303	...	6,32,41,303
Kurrachee	78,19,450	57,59,810	...	57,59,810
Madras	3,71,43,720	3,44,16,470	...	3,44,16,470
Calicut	12,91,175	8,28,350	...	8,28,350
Rangoon	42,27,575	2,09,88,045	...	2,09,88,045
TOTAL	30,64,28,230	22,64,28,230	...	22,64,28,230

Net Total . . . 22,64,28,230

Price paid for Government Securities of the nominal value of Rs. 8,15,95,000 held under Section 19 of the Act . . . 8,00,00,000

GRAND TOTAL . . . 30,64,28,230

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 11th May, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 431.—The tenure of appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel A. T. S. A. Rind, C.M.G., Indian Staff Corps, Commissary-General for Transport, is extended for five months, with effect from the 29th May 1894.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 432.—Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel C. J. H. Warden, I.M.S., Bengal Establishment, officiating medical storekeeper at the presidency, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 7th April 1894, *vice* Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel J. Reid, retired.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 433.—Lieutenant Walter William Frederick Charles Musgrave, West Yorkshire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 12th Regiment (2nd Burma Battalion), Madras Infantry, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 3rd August 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 434.—Second-Lieutenant Willfred Marshall Guthrie-Smith, Scottish Rifles, officiating wing officer, 10th Regiment (1st Burma Rifles), Madras Infantry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 3rd September 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

Second-Lieutenant Guthrie-Smith will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the above date, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 435.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, Second-Lieutenant Randle Harry Palin, of the Unattached List, and attached to the 22nd Bombay Infantry, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the 1st April 1894, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 436.—The undermentioned officer is granted furlough out of India :

Lieutenant H. G. Stainforth, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer and adjutant, 4th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, (m. c.) for one year, under rule 1 of the regulations of 1875. (This cancels the leave granted to him in G. G. O. No. 262 of 1894.)

No. 437.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty :

Lieutenant A. E. McBarnet, Indian Staff Corps, 5th Regiment, Punjab Cavalry, for one year. Pension service—7th year commenced 10th March 1894.

No. 438.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India :

Captain W. Ewbank, Royal Engineers, Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, Military Works Department, to await result of examination for admission to Staff College.

Captain H. M. Prior, Indian Staff Corps, Military Accountant, 3rd class, (p. a.) till 30th September 1894.

Lieutenant R. C. H. Chalmers, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 5th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, (m. c.) for six months.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel G. McB. Davis, M.D., 4th Sikh Infantry, (p. a.) for fourteen days.

No. 439.—Lieutenant E. deV. Wintle, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer, 15th (Cureton's Multani) Regiment of Bengal Lancers, is granted an extension of leave to the 22nd February 1894.

No. 440.—Lieutenant F. G. C. Humfrey, Indian Staff Corps, attached 12th Bengal Cavalry, is granted an extension of leave to the 20th March 1894.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 441.—The following extracts are published for general information :

"London Gazette," dated the 17th April 1894, page 2174.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 17th April, 1894.

MEMORANDA.

The promotions to the rank of Lieutenant of the undermentioned Second-Lieutenants are cancelled, those officers having been transferred to the Indian Staff Corps with anterior dates :

O. M. J. da Costa, 21st Hussars.

H. C. Scott, the Norfolk Regiment.

H. G. P. Beville, the Suffolk Regiment.

E. Kirkpatrick, the Prince Albert's (Somersetshire Light Infantry).

R. J. C. Eastwood, the Gloucestershire Regiment.

G. L. S. Ward, Princess Charlotte of Wales's (Royal Berkshire Regiment).

G. W. Berthon, the Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment).

J. W. H. Lyon, the Prince of Wales's Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians).

H. K. Harley, the Royal Dublin Fusiliers.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Colonel Alfred Bloomfield is transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list. Dated 22nd March 1894.

PENSIONS.

No. 442.—Mr. F. W. de Monte, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 16th May 1894, under the provisions of article 509 of the Civil Service Regulations.

PROMOTIONS.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Madras.

No. 443.—Store Sergeant Robert Mullane to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 7th May 1894. *vice* Sub-Conductor J. S. Rush, transferred to the seconded list.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 444.—In G. G. O. No. 419 of 1894 for "30th (Dogra) Regiment of Bengal Infantry" read "38th (Dogra) Regiment of Bengal Infantry."

No. 445.—2nd Regiment of Bengal Lancers—Jemadar Mán Singh to be Ressaidar and Kot-Dafadar Amar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bhura

Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 20th March 1894.

No. 446.—*34th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry (Pioneers)*—

Havildar Natha Sing to be Jemadar, *vice* Ala Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st March 1894.

REWARDS.

GOOD CONDUCT MEDALS.

No. 447.—The undermentioned native non-commissioned officers and drivers of the British and Native batteries of artillery are granted meritorious service medals with annuities, and good conduct medals with and without gratuities, for the year ending the 31st March 1895, under the provisions of clause 115, India Army Circulars, 1888, clause 172, India Army Circulars, 1892, and article 343, Army Regulations, India, vol. I, part II:

Medals inscribed "For meritorious service," with annuity.

No. 139, Jemadar Mahout Amir Khan, 22nd Company, Southern Division (Heavy Battery), Royal Artillery,—1st April 1894.

No. 294, Havildar Tilok Singh, Punjab Garrison Battery, *vice* Havildar Makh Khan, pensioned,—with arrears of annuity from the 17th November 1893.

Medal inscribed "For long service and good conduct," with gratuity.

No. 3, Sirdar Bullock Driver Ujagar, 22nd Company, Southern Division, (Heavy Battery), Royal Artillery.

Medal inscribed "For long service and good conduct," without gratuity.

No. 112, Driver Debi, No. 9 Mountain Battery, Royal Artillery.

No. 448.—The undermentioned sepoy of the Madras Army is granted a long service and good conduct medal with gratuity for the year ending 31st March 1895, under the provisions of clause 115, India Army Circulars, 1888, and article 342, Army Regulations, India, vol. I, part II:

Medal inscribed "For long service and good conduct," with gratuity.

No. 508, Private Muhammad Husain, 7th Madras Infantry.

ORDER OF BRITISH INDIA.

No. 449.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following admissions to the Order of British India, with effect from the dates specified:

To the 2nd class, with the title of "Bahadur."

Subadar-Major Sulaiman Khan, 2nd Madras Infantry, *vice* pensioned Subadar Timiah, Bahadur, late of the 4th Madras Infantry (Pioneers), deceased,—10th December 1893.

Subadar Sayyid Kasim, 17th Madras Infantry, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Shaikh Abdul Kadir, Bahadur, late of the 6th Madras Infantry, deceased,—11th December 1893.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 450.—*Berar Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

John Tyndall Bruce Dalrymple Sewell, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st March 1894, to complete the establishment.

William Alexander Forbes, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st April 1894, to complete the establishment.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 451.—*Naini Tal Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Second-Lieutenant Percy Harrison (super-numerary, Agra Volunteer Rifle Corps) to be Lieutenant to complete the establishment.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 452.—*1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Honorary Surgeon E. F. Greenhill resigns his commission.

No. 453.—*Rangoon Port Defence Volunteers*—

Honorary Colonel Frederick William Richards Fryer, C.S.I., resigns his commission.

No. 454.—*Moulmein Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Honorary Colonel Frederick William Richards Fryer, C.S.I., resigns his commission.

No. 455.—*Upper Burma Volunteer Rifles*—

Second-Lieutenant A. G. N. Bremer resigns his commission.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 456.—Mr. H. W. Schmidt, Accountant, 1st grade, Military Works Department, is promoted to the rank of Honorary Assistant Examiner.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 29.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Secretary of State for India:

Sub-Lieutenant G. T. MacFarlane, Royal Indian Marine, (m. c.) for six months.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 11th May, 1894.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893 it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned commissioned officers on the dates specified were received in the Military Department between the 21st April and the 11th May 1894:

Corps.	Rank and names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
1st Battalion, East Lancashire Regiment.	Second-Lieutenant C. E. Browne.	29th April 1894.	Lucknow.		
1st Battalion, East Surrey Regiment.	Second-Lieutenant W. A. Lindsay.	1st May 1894.	Agra		

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 5th May, 1894.

No. 190.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council, having sanctioned a survey being undertaken for a line of railway from Raipur on the Bengal-Nagpur Railway to Sonpur in the Central Provinces, is pleased to place the same under the control of the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Central Division.

The project will be known as the Raipur-Sonpur Railway Survey.

No. 191.—Mr. E. S. Farrant, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Punjab, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the afternoon of the 21st April 1894.

The 8th May, 1894.

No. 192.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions and reversions of Executive and Assistant Engineers attached to State Railways, with effect from the dates specified:

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Couchman, F. D.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	.....	26th October 1893.
Woodside, J.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	26th October 1893.
Gales, R. R.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	1st November 1893.
Prickett, L. G.	Executive Engineer, and grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	2nd November 1893.
Chatterjee, Kali Sunkur	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	2nd November 1893.
Mills, G.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	2nd November 1893.
Gales, R. R.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent	2nd November 1893.
Smyth, Lieutenant W. C., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	2nd November 1893.

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Burt, H. P.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	2nd November 1893.
Fowler, F. D.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	2nd November 1893.
Hare, Lieutenant H. J., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	2nd November 1893.
Roberts, F. W.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	.....	2nd November 1893.
Hewitt, St. J.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	9th November 1893.
Lyle, J. C.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	.....	9th November 1893.
Burt, H. P.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	14th November 1893.
Fowler, F. D.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	14th November 1893.
Faulkner, E. T.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	14th November 1893.
Woodside, J.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent	14th November 1893.
Hare, Lieutenant H. J., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	14th November 1893.
Morse, A.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	14th November 1893.
LaTouche, J. N. D.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	14th November 1893.
Couchman, F. D.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	14th November 1893.
O'Hara, J. G. M.	Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	14th November 1893.
Nathan, W.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	.....	18th November 1893.
Sykes, C. F.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	23rd November 1893.
Morse, A.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	14th December 1893.
LaTouche, J. N. D.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	14th December 1893.
Couchman, F. D.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent	14th December 1893.
O'Hara, J. G. M.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	14th December 1893.
Egerton, R. W.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	14th December 1893.
Deuchars, G.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	14th December 1893.
Beechey, W.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	14th December 1893.
Harvey, F. J.	Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	14th December 1893.
Beechey, W.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent	26th December 1893.
Harvey, F. J.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	26th December 1893.
Currie, H. A. F.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	26th December 1893.
Wilkinson, Lieutenant C. W., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	26th December 1893.
Deuchars, G.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	1st January 1894.
Rose, Captain C. S., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent	1st January 1894.
Bowley, A.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	1st January 1894.
Egerton, R. W.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	1st January 1894.

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Bowley, A.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent . . .	1st January 1894.
Currie, H. A. F.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent . . .	1st January 1894.
Wilkinson, Lieutenant C.W., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent . . .	1st January 1894.
Trevor, A. S.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st January 1894.
Tickell, J. R.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st January 1894.
Bennett, H. W.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st January 1894.
Mills, J. C.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st January 1894.
Taylor, F. V.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st January 1894.
Trevor, A. S.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent . . .	1st January 1894.
Tickell, J. R.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent . . .	1st January 1894.
Bennett, H. W.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent . . .	1st January 1894.
Mills, J. C.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent . . .	1st January 1894.
Taylor, F. V.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent . . .	1st January 1894.
Tuck, E. H.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st January 1894.
Weightman, W. J.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st January 1894.
Strachey, R. S.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st January 1894.
Rennick, C. S.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st January 1894.
Wilson, C. D. D.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st January 1894.
Nathan, W.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary . . .	6th January 1894.
Shelley, Captain A. D. G., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary . . .	13th January 1894.
Tuck, E. H.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent . . .	27th January 1894.
Weightman, W. J.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent . . .	27th January 1894.
Strachey, R. S.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent . . .	27th January 1894.
Rennick, C. S.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent . . .	27th January 1894.
Wilson, C. D. D.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent . . .	27th January 1894.
Savory, H. G. S.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	27th January 1894.
Drow, W.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	27th January 1894.
Savory, H. G. S.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent . . .	1st February 1894.
Drow, W.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent . . .	1st February 1894.
Macdonald, A. R.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st February 1894.
Cole, C. J.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st February 1894.
Taylor, H. B.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> . .	1st February 1894.

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Capper, Captain J. E., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	1st February 1894.
Chirnside, J. B.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	1st February 1894.
Lyle, J. C.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	1st February 1894.
Macdonald, A. R.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Cole, C. J.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Willcocks, J.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Dyson, R. C.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Alexander, E. J.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Manson, J.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Johns, W. A.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Shaw, W. R.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Collett, J. F. H.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Taylor, H. B.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Barrow, W. D.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Capper, Captain J. E., R.E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Cowie, Captain C. H., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Chirnside, J. B.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Jones, H. S.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Eaton, J. N. A.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Guinness, H. S.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	2nd February 1894.
Rowland, A.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	2nd February 1894.
Roberts, F. W.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	2nd February 1894.
Gales, R. R.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	2nd February 1894.
Woodside, J.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	2nd February 1894.

The promotions and reversions from 1st to 23rd November 1893 inclusive, notified in Public Works Department Notification No. 4, dated 2nd January 1894, are accordingly cancelled.

No. 193.—The services of Lieutenant H. Prentice, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 13th May 1894.

No. 194.—Mr. F. Morrison, Government Examiner of Accounts, East Indian Railway Company, is appointed to officiate as Examiner of Telegraph Accounts, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Mr. F. E. Godfrey on privilege leave.

The 10th May, 1894.

No. 195.—Lieutenant R. E. Tomlin, R.E., Officiating Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the forenoon of the 2nd February 1894.

No. 196.—Mr. C. S. R. Palmer, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Central Provinces, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government

of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the forenoon of the 2nd May 1894.

No. 197.—Mr. J. H. Heap, Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, State Railways, passed the Departmental Standard Examination prescribed in Public Works Department Code, Volume I, Chapter II, paragraph 18, on the 8th May 1894.

No. 198.—Mr. J. R. Swinden, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Bengal, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the afternoon of the 30th April 1894.

No. 199.—Rai Sahib Krith Chunder Chowdry, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Bengal, has been permitted to retire from the service of

Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the afternoon of the 1st May 1894.

The 11th May, 1894.

No. 200.—Mr. J. C. Wyatt, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, Burma, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the forenoon of the 2nd May 1894.

No. 201.—Rai Bahadur Prosunna Coomar Daniari, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, Bengal, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the forenoon of 1st May 1894.

No. 202.—The following promotions and reversion are ordered in the Accounts Branch :

Names.	From	To	With effect from
Carey, Lieutenant-Colonel H. R. Le M., I.S.C.	Examiner, 3rd Class . . .	Examiner, 2nd Class, temporary.	17th April 1894.
O'Donoghue, W. F. . . .	Examiner, 4th Class, 1st Grade .	Examiner, 3rd Class, temporary.	19th April 1894.
Sowerby, C.	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade, temporary.	Deputy Examiner, 1st Grade.	19th April 1894.

No. 203.—Mr. A. Sprenger, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Burma, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Article 712 (c) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the forenoon of the 24th September 1893.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 20.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, MAY 19, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 22:—

Nothing for publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 20.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 17th May, 1894.

No. 263.—Mr. R. Smeaton has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 2nd April 1894.

MEDICAL.

The 18th May, 1894.

No. 308.—The services of Surgeon-Captain J. Chaytor-White, M.D., I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with effect from the date on which he may relinquish charge of his duties as officiating Medical Officer of the Meywar Bhil Corps.

No. 311.—The services of Surgeon-Captain H. M. Morris, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab.

EDUCATION.

The 18th May, 1894.

No. 136.—Under Section 12 of Act II of 1857, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the affiliation of the Central Institution, Calcutta, to the Calcutta University in Arts up to the F. A. Standard.

No. 140.—Under Section 12 of Act II of 1857, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the affiliation of the Baptist College, Rangoon, to the Calcutta University in Arts up to the F. A. Standard.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

EMIGRATION.

Simla, the 15th May, 1894.

No. 1183-51.—The following draft of a proposed amendment of the rules under the Indian Emigration Act (XXI of 1883) is published under Section 81 of that Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given under that section that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council after the expiry of one month from this date.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be made by any person with respect to the draft before that date will be received and considered by the Governor General in Council:

In Form No. 44 appended to rule 127 of the said Rules, after and below the words "Bodily marks" insert the words "Occupation in India."

E. C. BUCK.

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 12th May, 1894.

No. 769-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Hugo Diedrich as Acting Consul for Germany at Akyab during the absence of Mr. F. Müller.

No. 773-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. N. Schmucker, Consul for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Bombay, as Acting Consul-General for the Austro-Hungarian Empire in British India.

The 14th May, 1894.

No. 779-G.—Surgeon-Captain A. L. Duke, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), officiating Agency Surgeon, Meshed, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 1st May, 1894, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 785-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. P. Bonenblust as Acting Consul for Germany at Aden during the absence of Mr. S. Schmuck.

No. 788-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Tavares as Consul-General for Portugal at Bombay.

The 15th May, 1894.

No. 1622-1.—Whereas His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore has granted to the British Government criminal jurisdiction within the lands in his territory which are occupied, or may be hereafter occupied, by the Periyar Project Camps; In exercise of this jurisdiction and of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the provisions of sections 3 and 4 of Madras Act III of 1889 (The Madras Towns Nuisances Act) shall be deemed to be in force in the said lands.

The 16th May, 1894.

No. 1641-1.—Whereas the Governor-General in Council has power and jurisdiction within the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore; In exercise of such power and jurisdiction and of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions of Act V of 1894 (An Act to amend the Code of Civil Procedure) to that place.

No. 1643-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act (XV of 1872), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to grant licenses to the following Ministers of Religion authorising them to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians within the territories of His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad:

Reverend J. C. Knight Anstey, of the Wesleyan Church.

Reverend Fred. Lamb, of the Wesleyan Church.

Reverend B. Raghaviah, of the Wesleyan Church.

Reverend P. Venkatasawmy, of the Wesleyan Church.

Reverend N. David, of the Wesleyan Church.

Reverend A. S. Dharmiah, of the Wesleyan Church.

Reverend B. Enoch, of the Wesleyan Church.

No. 1645-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6, 8 and 9 respectively of the Indian Christian Marriage Act (XV of 1872), as modified by Act II of 1891, the Governor-General in Council is pleased—

(a) to grant a license to the Reverend A. P. Jameson, of the United Presbyterian (Scottish) Mission at Udaipur, to solemnize marriages within the territories of the Native States under the Rajputana Agency;

(b) to appoint the said Reverend A. P. Jameson to be a Marriage Registrar within the said territories; and

(c) to grant a license to the said Reverend A. P. Jameson authorising him to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians within the said territories.

Foreign Department notification, No. 93-I-G, dated the 21st January, 1881, appointing the said Reverend A. P. Jameson to be a Marriage

Registrar under Act XV of 1872 in respect of all places within the territories of the Marriage Registrar of Jeypore and the Marriage Registrar of Ulwar, and licensing him to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians, is hereby cancelled.

The 17th May, 1894.

No. 801-G.—Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel T. Mayne, Indian Medical Service (Madras), Medical Officer, 24th Madras Infantry, officiated as Residency Surgeon at Bangalore, in addition to his other duties, from the 31st March to the 9th April, 1894, inclusive, *vice* Surgeon-Major H. Armstrong.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel W. E. Johnson, M.D., Indian Medical Service (Madras), Medical Officer, "Queen's Own" Madras Sappers and Miners, is appointed to officiate as Residency Surgeon at Bangalore, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 10th April, 1894, *vice* Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Mayne, and during the absence on privilege leave of Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel A. F. Dobson, M.B., or until further orders.

No. 805-G.—Lala Roshan Lal, Head Munshi and Translator in the Vernacular Office of the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India, is confirmed in the appointment of Native Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India, with effect from the 12th April, 1894, *vice* Sardar Gurdit Singh, deceased.

No. 807-G.—Lieutenant R. L. Kennion, Indian Staff Corps, officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class and Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent in Central India, has passed in the subjects prescribed under clause A, rule II, of the rules for the examination of junior officers in the Political Department.

W. J. CUNNINGHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 18th May, 1894.

No. 2482-P.—Mr. U. C. Chakravarti, Chief Superintendent in the Office of the Comptroller, Central Provinces, is granted privilege leave for one month and eight days, with effect from 4th June 1894, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Mr. D. Hopson, Superintendent in the Office of the Comptroller, Central Provinces, is appointed to act as Chief Superintendent during the absence of Mr. Chakravarti on privilege leave, or until further orders.

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 18th May, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY STAFF.

No. 457.—Captain E. T. Paul, 6th Bengal Cavalry, to be a Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General on the establishment, *vice* Major F. S. Gwatkin, whose tenure has expired. Dated 23rd April 1894.

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

No. 458.—6th Infantry—

Surgeon-Lieutenant G. Bidie, Indian Medical Service, Madras establishment, officiating medical officer, 1st Infantry, to be medical officer, *vice* Surgeon-Captain J. Scott, M.B., whose services have been transferred to the Government of Madras. Dated 24th February 1894.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 459.—Surgeon-Colonel W. P. Warburton, Indian Medical Service, Bengal establishment, is confirmed in the appointment of Principal Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner, Assam, with effect from the 17th January 1894, *vice* Surgeon-Colonel C. P. Costello, retired.

No. 460.—Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel W. S. M. Price, Army Medical Staff, to officiate on the Administrative Medical Staff of the Army, with the temporary rank of Surgeon-Colonel, *vice* Surgeon-Colonel R. P. Ferguson, on leave out of India. Dated the 24th April 1894.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 461.—Lieutenant Francis DeBereckem Hancock, Lancashire Fusiliers, officiating wing officer, 23rd Bombay Infantry, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 7th April 1893, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 462.—The undermentioned officers, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenant Edmund Arthur Swinhoe, 3rd Dragoon Guards, officiating squadron officer, 2nd Bengal Lancers,—13th September 1892.

Lieutenant John Hugh Gordon Seton Chisholm, Devonshire Regiment, officiating squadron officer, 3rd Bengal Cavalry,—18th October 1892.

No. 463.—Lieutenant Edgar Thornburgh Browne, East Lancashire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 6th Madras Infantry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 13th October 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 464.—The undermentioned officer is, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India, admitted to the Indian Staff Corps on the conditions laid down in the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, for admission to the Staff Corps of officers of the unattached list, with effect from the date specified:

Second-Lieutenant William John Keen, 1st Battalion, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, officiating wing officer, 44th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—19th December 1893.

No. 465.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officer of the unattached list is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Second-Lieutenant Walter Godfrey Patrick Murray, officiating wing officer, 29th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—5th April 1894.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 466.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Major E. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, commandant, 19th Bengal Lancers, for six months. Pension service—26th year commenced 10th July 1893.

Captain G. S. Ommanney, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander, 2nd Battalion, 1st Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment, for six months. Pension service—17th year commenced 1st May 1894.

Lieutenant W. G. Walker, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer and quartermaster, 1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment, for nine months. Pension service—9th year commenced 29th August 1893.

No. 467.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:

Lieutenant D. M. Bower, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 2nd (The Queen's Own) Regiment of Bengal (Light) Infantry, for six months. Pension service—9th year commenced 25th November 1893.

No. 468.—Lieutenant A. J. Pilcher, Royal Engineers, assistant superintendent, 2nd grade, Survey of India, is granted leave out of India, (p. a.) for four months, under the leave rules applicable to regimental officers of the British Army serving in India.

No. 469.—Captain J. F. Manifold, Royal Horse Artillery, Private Secretary to the Lieutenant-Governor and Chief Commissioner, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is granted leave out of India, (p. a.) for six months, under article 704, Army Regulations, India, volume I, part I.

No. 470.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India:

Captain H. B. Vaughan, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander, 7th (The Duke of Connaught's Own) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, (m. c.) for six months.

Lieutenant H. A. Lash, Indian Staff Corps, 1st Regiment, Central India Horse, (m. c.) till 26th October 1894.

Lieutenant H. H. Dunlop, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer and adjutant, 2nd Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent, (m. c.) for six months.

No. 471.—Lieutenant D. R. Adye, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, is granted leave in India, (p. a.) for six months, with effect from the 15th March 1894, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 472.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 24th April 1894, pages 2321 and 2322.

INDIA OFFICE,
24th April, 1894.

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Medical Services, and admissions to the Staff Corps, made by the Governments in India:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Major Arthur McLeod Mills. Dated 1st February 1894.

Major Henry Alexius Abbott. Dated 15th February 1894.

Major Gilbert Gaisford. Dated 22nd February 1894.

Major Henry Breffney Ternan. Dated 22nd February 1894.

To be Majors.

Captain Hew Francis Cadell. Dated 12th February 1894.

Captain Henry Turner Faithfull. Dated 12th February 1894.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 27th January 1894.

Guy Lushington Holland.

William Hotham Johnson.

Rupert Edward Sullivan.

Henry Edward Whiffin.

William Bensley Young.

Robert Patrick Horsbrugh.

Dated 1st February 1894.

Kenneth James Buchanan.

Donald Baker.

Dated 14th February 1894.

Charles Edward Baynes.

Walter Lloyd Davidson.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Cecil Kaye, from the Derbyshire Regiment. Dated 26th June 1892, but to rank from 1st November 1890.

Lieutenant Wilfred Edward Young, from the 7th Dragoon Guards. Dated 24th May 1892, but to rank from 4th July 1891.

Lieutenant Ernest Henry Scott Cullen, from the West Yorkshire Regiment. Dated 2nd July 1892, but to rank from 21st January 1892.

Lieutenant Frederick Charles Alfred Parsons, from the Royal Artillery. Dated 26th April 1892, but to rank from 15th February 1892.

Lieutenant Alexander Stanhope Cobbe, from the South Wales Borderers. Dated 12th August 1892, but to rank from 4th March 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Henry Vivian Montague Langtry, from the Royal West Surrey Regiment. Dated 21st May 1892.

Lieutenant William Cotton French, from the Lancashire Fusiliers. Dated 25th July 1892, but to rank from 15th June 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Phillip Frederick Pocock, from the Liverpool Regiment. Dated 6th July 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Charles Edward Tristram, from the Dorsetshire Regiment. Dated 16th October 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Reginald Frank Bidwell, from the York and Lancaster Regiment. Dated 31st October 1892.

To be Second-Lieutenants.

The undermentioned Second-Lieutenants from the unattached list. Dated as below, but all to rank from 3rd September 1892:

Cyril Ivo Fyers Johnes,—26th December 1893.

James Dalmahoy Cadell,—4th January 1894.

John Edward Hughes,—26th December 1893.

Beauchamp Henry Butler Magrath,—9th November 1893.

John Henry Keith Stewart,—28th December 1893.

Bernard Maynard Lucas Brodhurst,—1st January 1894.

Sheridan Knowles Brownlow Rice,—26th December 1893.

John Stebbing Corlett,—28th December 1893.

Robert Lumsden Ricketts,—24th December 1893.

Edward Christian Corbyn,—27th December 1893.

Cyril Rodney Harbord,—26th December 1893.

Ernest George Wilberforce Pratt,—9th November 1893.

Robert Macpherson Hall,—30th December 1893.

Edward Egerton Barwell,—28th December 1893.

BENGAL SUBORDINATE MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Senior Apothecary, second grade, ranking as Honorary Lieutenant, James Barker, to be Senior Apothecary, first grade. Dated 29th August 1893.

* * * * *

The Queen has also approved of the retirement from the service of the undermentioned officers:

Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Salisbury Simpson, Indian Staff Corps. Dated 10th April 1894.

Lieutenant-Colonel Arnold Dashwood Strettell, Indian Staff Corps. Dated 16th April 1894.

Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Bartholomew, Bengal Cavalry. Dated 2nd April 1894.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel James Reid, Bengal Medical Establishment. Dated 7th April 1894.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Forster Drake-Brockman, Madras Medical Establishment. Dated 4th April 1894.

Senior Apothecary, first grade, ranking as Honorary Captain, John Norman, Madras Subordinate Medical Establishment. Dated 17th February 1894.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 473.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 12th May 1894.

Ivor Philipps.

Charles Henry Frederic Binstead.

Augustus Arthur Malcolm Maude Faulknor.

Nigel Gresley Woodyatt.

Gilbert Walter Palin.

Herbert Lionel Showers.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. 474.—Conductor Richard Burton, clerk, Public Works Department Secretariat, Government of India, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, *supernumerary* , and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Conductor Robert Straughan, sub-engineer, 2nd grade, Punjab Irrigation, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Sub-Conductor John Clarke, Barrack Department, Military Works Department, to be conductor, *supernumerary* ;

Sub-Conductor Peter Ross, sub-engineer, 3rd grade, North-Western Railway, to be conductor;

Sergeant George Henry Corringham, supervisor, 2nd grade, Mushkai-Bolan State Railway, to be sub-conductor,—

with effect from the 3rd May 1894, *vice* Honorary Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary Thomas Gray, retired.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 475.—18th Regiment of Bengal Lancers—

Kot-Dafadar Saleh Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Sherbaz Khan, transferred to the 4th (Prince Albert Victor's Own) Regiment of Bombay Cavalry (Poona Horse), with effect from the 1st April 1894.

No. 476.—44th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Durga Datt to be Subadar and Color-Havildar Puran Thápa to be Jemadar, *vice* Jai Chand Thakur, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st May 1894.

REWARDS.

GOOD CONDUCT MEDALS.

No. 477.—The undermentioned native soldiers of the 1st Battalion, 3rd Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment, are granted medals inscribed "For Long Service and Good Conduct," with gratuity, for the year ending 31st March 1895, under the provisions of article 342, Army Regulations, India, volume I, part II :

No. 1179, Naick Kasu Thápa.

No. 1180, Rifleman Paran Rána.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 478.—Presidency Volunteer Rifle Battalion—

Honorary Surgeon R. Whitelaw resigns his commission, with effect from the 11th April 1894.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 479.—The following promotions are made in the Engineer Establishment of the Military Works Department, with effect from the dates specified :

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion, &c.	With effect from
Lieutenant R. E. Greer, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, supernumerary.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.		25th February 1894.
Lieutenant C. B. Farwell, R.E.	Attached	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.		
Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. Graves, S.C.	Executive Engineer, 2nd grade.	Executive Engineer, 1st grade.		
Captain G. Williams, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd grade.	Permanent	1st March 1894.
Captain R. T. R. Laurence, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.		
Captain W. Ewbank, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.		
Lieutenant G. A. J. Leslie, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, supernumerary.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.		
Lieutenant C. G. W. Hunter, R.E.	Attached	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Temporary	10th March 1894.
Lieutenant P. G. Grant, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Permanent	23rd March 1894.
Lieutenant H. A. Cameron, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, temporary.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.		
Lieutenant J. B. Mac-George, R.E.	Attached	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.		

No. 480.—That portion of G. G. O. No. 36 of 1894 which relates to the promotion of Lieutenant R. E. Greer, Royal Engineers, to Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, permanent, is hereby cancelled.

No. 481.—In G. G. O. No. 36 of 1894, with reference to the reversion of Lieutenant R. H. M. Yeates, Royal Engineers, from Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, temporary, to Attached, for "21st October 1893" read "17th October 1893."

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 30.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave in and out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in Marine Circular No. 7, dated 26th April 1892, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty :

Commander W. Chandler, Royal Indian Marine, for one year.

(That portion of G. G. O. No. 23 of 1894 which relates to Commander Chandler is cancelled.)

No. 31.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave in India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in Marine Circular No. 7, dated 26th April 1892, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty :

Assistant Engineer Henry Sloate Cope, Royal Indian Marine, for one year.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 18th May, 1894.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned commissioned officers on the dates specified were received in the Military Department between the 12th and the 18th May 1894 :

Corps.	Rank and names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
1st Battalion, East Surrey Regiment.	Lieutenant H. M. Rose	5th May 1894 .	Agra.		
	Second-Lieutenant C. M. Walker.	6th May 1894 .			

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 28th April and the 18th May 1894.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
Percy Herbert Oakes (a)	Second-Lieutenant.	2nd Battalion, The King's Own Scottish Borderers.	14th March 1894.	Intestate .	Rs. a. p. 662 12 6	...	17th July 1894.

(a) Next-of-kin—Mother—Mrs. Elizabeth Hare.

Address—Narcena, Toorak, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 16th May, 1894.

No. 204.—With reference to Government of India Notification No. 249, dated the 14th July 1892, it is hereby notified for information that the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India has in Despatch No. 34 Railway, dated the 12th April 1894, accorded sanction to an expenditure of Rs. 16,84,005 on capital account for the construction of the Gidu Bandar-Shadipalli section of the Hyderabad-Umarkot State Railway.

No. 205.—Rai Sahib Trilokh Nath Mukhopadhyaya, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Central Provinces, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of

Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the forenoon of the 2nd May 1894.

The 17th May, 1894.

No. 206.—Mr. H. A. F. Currie, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, Officiating Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, is transferred temporarily to the establishment under the control of the Director General of Railways for employment as officiating Assistant Manager, North-Western Railway.

No. 207.—Mr. H. L. Hebbert, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Punjab, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G.

and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st May 1894.

No. 208.—Mr. J. H. P. Forsyth, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the forenoon of the 2nd May 1894.

No. 209.—Mr. J. Tait, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the forenoon of the 20th April 1894.

No. 210.—Lieutenant Gordon Risley Hearn, R.E., is appointed to the Public Works Department as Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, and his services placed at the disposal of the Director General of Railways.

The 18th May, 1894.

No. 211.—Rai Sahib Brijput Roy, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the forenoon of the 2nd May 1894.

No. 212.—Mr. O. V. Yates, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Punjab, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the afternoon of the 27th April 1894.

No. 213.—Mr. J. T. Boase, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Punjab, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the afternoon of the 1st May 1894.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 21.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for publication.

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Nothing for publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 21.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 26th May, 1894.

No. 17-S.I.

His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India is pleased to announce that Her Majesty the QUEEN, EMPRESS OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the said Order:

To be a Knight Commander.

MAJOR-GENERAL OLIVER RICHARDSON NEWMARCH, C.S.I., Indian Staff Corps, Retired, Secretary, Military Department, India Office.

To be Companions.

MAJOR-GENERAL ROBERT CHARLES BOILEAU PEMBERTON, Royal Engineers, Retired, lately Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department and a temporary Member of the Council of the Governor-General.

The HONOURABLE MR. ARTHUR CHARLES TREVOR, Indian Civil Service, Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay.

By Order of the Grand Master,

W: J. CUNINGHAM,

*Secretary to the Most Exalted Order
of the Star of India.*

INDIAN EMPIRE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Simla, the 26th May, 1894.

No. 36-I.E.

His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that Her Majesty the **QUEEN, EMPRESS OF INDIA**, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the said Order :

To be Companions.

COLONEL THOMAS HUNGERFORD HOLDICH, Royal Engineers, Superintendent, Survey of India.

HIS HIGHNESS MIR MUHAMMAD HASAN ALI KHAN, Talpur, of the family of the Ex-Amirs of Sind.

COLONEL FRANK WILLIAM CHATTERTON, General List, Infantry, Commandant, Administrative Battalion, Presidency Volunteers, Bengal, and Honorary Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General.

GEORGE ABRAHAM GRIERSON, Esq., Indian Civil Service.

FRANCIS JOSEPH EDWARD SPRING, Esq., L.C.E., Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Assam.

EDWIN WELSH KELLNER, Esq., lately Accountant-General, Punjab.

MAJOR IVAR MACIVOR, Indian Staff Corps, of the Political Department.

MR. COWASJI DINSHAH ADENWALA, Merchant, of Aden.

THOMAS BLANEY, Esq., President of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay.

GRAHAM ANDERSON, Esq., of Barguai, Hassan District, Mysore.

TIKA RAGHNATH SINGH, Heir-apparent and Administrator of the Hill State of Bashahr in the Punjab.

RAO BAHADUR SHRIRAM BHIKAJI JATAR, B.A., Director of Public Instruction, Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

By Order of the Grand Master,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

*Secretary to the Most Eminent Order
of the Indian Empire.*

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT. NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 26th May, 1894.

No. 1801-I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon His Highness Farzand-i-Arjumand Akidat Paiwand Daulat-i-Inglishia Barar Bans Sarmur Raja Sir Hira Singh Malwandar Bahadur, G.C.S.I., of Nabha, the title of Rāja-i-Rājagān as an hereditary distinction.

No. 1802-I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Raja Ram Narain Singh, of Khaira, in the District of Monghyr in the Bengal Presidency, the title of Raja Bahadur as a personal distinction.

No. 1803-I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Bhaya Har Rattan Singh, land-owner of Balrampur in the Gonda District in Oudh, the title of Raja as a personal distinction.

No. 1804-I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Bahadur as a personal distinction upon—

Hakim Saiyid Abdul Majid *alias* Manjumiyan, Member of the District Board of Cuddapah, Honorary Magistrate and Member of the Primary School Examination Board in the Madras Presidency.

Edalji Dosabhai, late Huzur Deputy Collector of Broach, in the Bombay Presidency.

Yousiff David, Senior Hospital Assistant, Subordinate Medical Department, Bombay Presidency.

Maulvi Delawar Hosaen Ahmed, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the 24-Parganas in the Bengal Presidency.

Munshi Aurangzeb Khan, Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner in the Punjab.

Ramzan Khan, Joint Tumandar of the Ustarana tribe on the frontier of the Dera Ismail Khan District in the Punjab.

Mahbub Khan, Senior Hospital Assistant, Subordinate Medical Department, Bengal.

Maulvi Abdul Hamid, Deputy Collector in the North-Western Provinces.

Maulvi Ali Ahmed, Pleader of Jubbulpore, in the Central Provinces.

Saadat Mir Khan, 1st Grade Tahsildar of Basim, in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

Mian Mazhar Ali Khan, of Kurwai, in Central India.

Sardar Wali Muhammad Khan, Bakhshi of the forces of the Nabha State.

Ressaldar-Major Sardar Khan, of the Zhob Levy Corps, in Baluchistan.

Mir Yusuf Khan, of the Kurd tribe in the Bolan Pass, in Baluchistan.

Rahim Baksh, Subadar-Major of the Ruby Mines Battalion, Burma Military Police.

No. 1805-I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Bahadur as a personal distinction upon—

Chandrabhan Ram Singh, Honorary Magistrate and Member of the Municipal Council and of the District Board of the Kurnool District, in the Madras Presidency.

Senji Subharaya Chariyar, Executive Engineer in the Public Works Department, Madras Presidency.

Calian Sitaram Chitre, lately Karbhari of the Native State of Miraj Senior, in the Southern Mahratta Country, Bombay Presidency.

Dewan Mehtaram Gidumal, Zamindar of Hyderabad (Sind) in the Bombay Presidency.

Govind Ramchandra Khandekar, Extra Assistant Commissioner, 1st grade, in Ajmere.

Sambhar Singh, of Sarila, in Central India.

No. 1806-I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Bahadur as a personal distinction upon—

Babu Banamali Roy, Zamindar of Tarash, in the District of Pubna, in the Bengal Presidency.

Babu Narsingh Dutt, Vice-Chairman of the Howrah Municipality.

Doyal Chunder Shome, M.B., Assistant Surgeon, Subordinate Medical Department, and Honorary Assistant Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy.

Lala Buta Mal, Sahgal, Extra Judicial Assistant Commissioner in the Punjab.

Rai Maya Das, Extra Assistant Commissioner in the Punjab.

Mehta Jugjiwan, Dewan of Jaisalmir, in Rajputana.

M. Jaggan Prasad, Vakil of Agra, in the North-Western Provinces.

Seth Hurnam Chander, Deputy Collector in the North-Western Provinces.

Jowahir Singh, Inspector of Police in the Azamgarh District, in the North-Western Provinces.

Babu Kalidass Chaudhri, President of the Municipal Committee of Hoshangabad, in the Central Provinces.

Lalla Nund Kishore, Secretary of the Saugor Municipality, in the Central Provinces.

Kushal Singh, Subadar-Major, Southern Division Battalion, Burma Military Police.

No. 1807-I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Sardar Ganda Singh, C.S.I., Bakhshi of the forces of the Patiala State, the title of Sardar Bahadur as a personal distinction.

No. 1808-I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Sahib as a personal distinction upon—

Saiyid Ali, Deputy Collector of the District of Kistna, in the Madras Presidency.

M. Muhammad Taki, Inspector of Police in the Central Provinces.

No. 1809-I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maruti Kudtaji Patel, of Sheagaon, in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, the title of Rao Sahib as a personal distinction.

No. 1810-I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Pundit Puran Mull, Assistant Tutor to His Highness the Maharaja of Rewa in Central India, the title of Rai Sahib as a personal distinction.

No. 940-E.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maung Pu, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Akunwun in the Mandalay District, the title of Kyet thaye zaung shwe Salwè ya Min as a personal distinction.

No. 941-E.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maung Po Hnit, Myoòk, 3rd grade, of Myaing, in the Pakòkku District, the title of Thuye gaung ngwe Da ya Min as a personal distinction.

No. 942-E.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Ahmudan gaung Tazeik ya Min as a personal distinction upon—

Maung Dwe, Thugyi of Hlegu, in the Mònywa township of the Lower Chindwin District.

Maung Tha Nu, Assistant Surgeon, Resident Medical Officer, Akyab General Hospital.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Simla, the 23rd May, 1894.

No. 326.—The services of Surgeon-Captain S. H. Henderson, M.B., I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

No. 328.—The services of Surgeon-Captain B. C. Oldham, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 24th May, 1894.

No. 130.—*Erratum.*—In Home Department Notification No. 92, dated the 3rd instant, for

the words "with effect from the 5th May 1894" read "with effect from the 2nd May 1894."

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SURVEYS.

Simla, the 23rd May, 1894.

No. 1388—87.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. Strahan, R.E., Deputy Surveyor General, in charge Revenue Branch, Survey of India, is re-appointed to his present post, with effect from the 1st July 1891, with a view to his being granted the substantive rank of Colonel in the Army from the same date.

EMIGRATION.

The 18th May, 1894.

No. 1205—26.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 80 of the Indian Emigration Act, XXI of 1883, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following additions to the Rules relating to Colonial Emigration published with Department of Revenue and Agriculture Notification No. 94-E., dated the 18th March 1886:

For Rule 113 substitute the following:

"The water for the emigrants and ship's crew shall be stored in independently constructed water tanks, or, with the approval of the Marine Surveyor, in after-compartments of the vessel. The capacity of each of such tanks or compartments shall not exceed 3,000 gallons."

"If water is stored in the after-compartments, transverse or longitudinal bulkheads must, from and after the first day of January 1895, be fitted to such compartments so as to divide them into not less than three separate divisions or tanks, the capacity of each not exceeding 3,000 gallons; and each such division or tank must be (a) so arranged that it can be properly examined by the Marine Surveyor, (b) certified to be watertight, and (c) provided not only with a separate communication either by cock, valve, or pipe so as to connect it with the deck pump, but also with a separate air pipe so as to admit of the tank being pumped out without its cover being opened, the air pipe being turned down at the top. No cocks, valves, or other connections having communication with the sea, holds, or decks, other than those above specified as necessary for emptying and airing these divisions or tanks, shall be fitted inside the said divisions or tanks."

FORESTS.

The 25th May, 1894.

No. 564-F.—With reference to the Notification of this Department, No. 507-F., dated the 11th May 1894, replacing the services of Colonel J. C. Doveton, I.S.C., Conservator of Forests, 1st grade, Southern Circle, Central Provinces, at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 10th April 1894:

Mr. C. Bagshawe, Conservator, 2nd grade, Berar, is promoted to the 1st grade.

Mr. R. H. E. Thompson, Conservator, 3rd (officiating 2nd) grade, Northern Forest Circle, Central Provinces, is confirmed in the 2nd grade.

With effect from
10th April
1894.

Major C. T. Bingham, Conservator, 3rd grade, Tenasserim Circle, Lower Burma, is appointed to officiate in the 2nd grade, with effect from 10th April 1894, and until further orders.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st May, 1894.

No. 1069-F.—Khan Bahadur Maula Bakhsh is appointed Native Attaché to the Agent to the Governor-General of India and Her Britannic Majesty's Consul-General for Khorassan and Seistan.

The 24th May, 1894.

No. 1764-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 9 respectively of the Indian Christian Marriage Act (XV of 1872), the Governor-General in Council is pleased—

- (a) to grant licenses to the Reverend George Oliver Newport and the Reverend William James Lawrance, of the London Mission, to solemnize marriages within the territories of Mysore, including the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore ; and
- (b) to grant licenses to the said Reverend George Oliver Newport and Reverend William James Lawrance to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians within the said territories.

No. 1766-1.—In exercise of the power conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3633-I., dated the 21st September, 1892, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the following civil applications pending before the Resident at Hyderabad, by virtue of his jurisdiction over the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, to the Judicial Commissioner of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts:

2nd Appeal, No. 3 { Sultan Mahamood Saheb
of 1894. { *versus*
Lahoo and Venkannah.

Appeal from order { J. D. Joshua
No. 3 of 1894. { *versus*
Chikoti Veerannah.

No. 1767-1.—In exercise of the power conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3631-1, dated the 21st September, 1892, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the following civil appeals and application pending before the Resident at Hyderabad, by virtue of his jurisdiction over the Cantonment of Secunderabad, to the Judicial Commissioner of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts:

2nd Appeal, No. 4 of 1894. { Paladoogoola Veerammah,
wife of Ramannah,
versus
Paladoogoola Nagannah
Shroff.

Appeal from order No. 2 of 1894.	}	P. Chittumbaram Moodelliar <i>versus</i> V. Moothookrishna Moodel- liar and others.
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Application under } Salvair Ramannah
section 622 of } *versus*
the Civil Procedure } Mr H. B. Molesworth and
Code, No. 4 } others.
of 1894.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 22nd May, 1894.

No. 2535-P.—Mr. Chunilal, Assistant Accountant General, Punjab, is posted as Assistant Comptroller, India Treasuries.

Mr. A. G. Chuckerbutty is posted as Deputy Accountant General, Bombay, with effect from 9th May 1894.

No. 2537-P.—Mr. A. Newmarch, Assistant Comptroller General, is posted as Assistant Comptroller, Burma.

Mr. J. W. Pringle, Superintendent in the Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General, is appointed temporarily to act as a Supernumerary Chief Superintendent, and is posted to the Paper Currency Office at Calcutta.

The 23rd May, 1894.

No. 2578-P.—Mr. W. P. Symonds, Post Master General, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-one days, with effect from 28th May 1894.

Mr. C. Stewart-Wilson is appointed to officiate as Post Master General, Bombay, *vice* Mr. Symonds, or until further orders.

The 25th May, 1894.

No. 2609-P.—Khan Bahadur C. J. Lalkaka, Officiating Deputy Post Master General, Central Provinces, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from 19th June 1894.

No. 2627-P.—The following promotions of officers of the Account Department during the month of April 1894 are notified:

With effect from 2nd April 1894,—

Mr. C. W. C. Carson to officiate in class VI of the Enrolled List.

With effect from 6th April 1894,—

Mr. K. B. Wagle to officiate in class IV,
and

Mr. H. G. Tomkins to officiate in class V of the Enrolled List.

With effect from 15th April 1894.—

Mr. W. H. E. Mellor to officiate in class VI
of the Enrolled List.

STATISTICS AND COMMERCE.

CUSTOMS.

The 22nd May, 1894.

No. 2540-S.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 22 of the Sea Customs Act, VIII of 1878, and in supersession of the values assigned to bangles, glass, china, gilt and not gilt, in No. 30 of Schedule IV (Import Tariff) of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the said articles shall be assessed to duty *ad valorem*.

STEPHEN JACOB.

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 25th May, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY STAFF.

No. 482.—The following appointment has been made by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India:

Captain C. H. I. Hopkins, 2nd Battalion, Scottish Rifles, to be station staff officer, Ferozepore, *vice* Captain Lean, resigned. Dated 16th April 1894.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 483.—Lieutenant Charles Egerton Ayerst, Devonshire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 2nd (Prince of Wales' Own) Regiment of Bombay Infantry (Grenadiers), is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 13th April 1893, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 484.—Second-Lieutenant Arthur Hammond Ommanney, Wiltshire Regiment, officiating wing officer (The Queen's Own) Corps of Guides, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 13th February 1893, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

Second-Lieutenant Ommanney will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the above date, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 485.—Lieutenant Travers Edward Madden, South Wales Borderers, officiating wing officer, 16th (The Lucknow) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 15th October 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 486.—The undermentioned officer is granted furlough out of India:

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. Fullerton, M.B., agency surgeon and administrative medical officer, Baluchistan, (p. a.) for one year and 102 days, under rule IX of the regulations of 1868.

No. 487.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Colonel C. L. Prendergast, General List, Infantry, commandant, 28th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for one year. Pension service—35th year commenced 9th April 1894. (This cancels the furlough granted to him in G. G. O. No. 286 of 1894.)

Colonel J. Cook, Indian Staff Corps, commandant, 36th (Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for one month. Pension service—33rd year commenced 3rd September 1893.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Browne, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander and second-in-command, 18th Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for one year. Pension service—31st year commenced 3rd May 1894.

Captain R. G. Egerton, Indian Staff Corps, squadron commander (The Queen's Own) Corps of Guides, for 113 days. Pension service—15th year commenced 13th August 1893.

Captain H. O'Donnell, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, wing commander, 44th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for one year. Pension service—16th year commenced 25th June 1893.

No. 488.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:

Lieutenant H. B. Murray, Indian Staff Corps, 34th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry (Pioneers), Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, for one year. Pension service—11th year commenced 14th May 1894.

No. 489.—In G. G. O. No. 3 of 1893, granting leave to Lieutenant-Colonel J. F. Garwood, Royal Engineers, the date of commencement of the 24th year of his pension service should have been the 17th and not 20th February 1892.

No. 490.—In G. G. O. No. 378 of 1894, granting leave to Lieutenant W. S. Fraser, Indian Staff Corps, after the words "Pension service," for "8th year commenced 23rd March 1894" read "9th year commenced 16th February 1894."

No. 491.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenant F. Rennick, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 40th (Pathan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, (u. p. a.) for fourteen days.

Lieutenant R. M. Edwards, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer and quartermaster, 18th Regiment of Bengal Infantry, (m. c.) for six months.

Lieutenant W. G. Hibbert, Royal Engineers, Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade, Public Works Department, (m. c.) for three months.

No. 492.—Lieutenant M. Williamson, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 21st (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, is granted an extension of leave up to and for the 4th November 1893.

No. 493.—Colonel J. Cook, Indian Staff Corps, is permitted to reside out of India on vacating the command of the 36th (Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry on 25th June 1894, under article 756 (a), Army Regulations, India, vol. I, part I.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 494.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 1st May 1894, page 2512.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 1st May, 1894.

MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned Deputy Assistant Commissaries are granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant:

Thomas Todd, Bengal Establishment. Dated 1st January 1894.

Henry Jepson, Bombay Establishment. Dated 10th February 1894.

PROMOTIONS.

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

Bengal.

No. 495.—In G. G. O. No. 157 of 1894, promoting Sub-Conductor H. Williams and Sergeant R. Papworth, for "29th November 1893" read "29th October 1893."

Madras.

No. 496.—The second initial of Honorary Captain and Deputy Commissary J. Dickson, promoted in G. G. O. No. 388 of 1894, is "A." and not "H." as therein notified.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 497.—27th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Havildar Tulsi to be Jemadar, *vice* Gopi Chand, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 2nd February 1894.

Havildar Jafar Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Sharaf-din, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 3rd February 1894.

No. 498.—40th (Pathan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Havildar Faiz Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar to fill an existing vacancy, with effect from the 7th May 1894.

No. 499.—2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment—

Subadar Madho Sing Rana to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Bhim Sing Thapa to be Subadar, and Havildar Gajbir Thapa to be Jemadar, *vice* Kulpatti Gurung, Sardar Bahadur, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st May 1894.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

No. 500.—2nd Punjab Cavalry—

Kot-Dafadar Sant Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Raja Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 29th April 1894.

No. 501.—3rd Sikh Infantry—

Jemadar Bakhshish Singh to be Subadar and Color-Havildar Bishn Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Hazura Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st May 1894.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 502.—The undermentioned officers of the Subordinate Medical Department are permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

First grade Senior Apothecary Francis William Saunders,—24th February 1894.

Second grade Senior Apothecary Henry Johnson,—22nd February 1894.

REWARDS.

GOOD SERVICE PENSIONS.

No. 503.—It is notified that, on the recommendation of the Government of India, Her Majesty's Government have been pleased to confer good service pensions on the undermentioned officers, with effect from the dates specified:

In place of Surgeon-Colonel C. P. Costello, Indian Medical Department, Bengal, retired with the special additional pension of £250. Dated 1st January 1894.

SURGEON-COLONEL GEORGE COCHET CHESNAYE, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Dates of Commissions.

Assistant Surgeon	10th February 1859.
Surgeon	10th February 1871.
Surgeon-Major	1st July 1873.
Surgeon-Major (ranking as Lieutenant-Colonel)	10th February 1879.
Brigade-Surgeon	18th August 1886.
Deputy Surgeon-General (Surgeon-Colonel)	14th January 1889.

Appointments.

General Hospital, Calcutta, August and September 1859.

Regimental duty with 3rd Bengal European Light Cavalry and two troops of Bengal Horse Artillery, 1859-64.

(Rendered excellent service at Meean Meer and Amritsar during the cholera epidemic of 1861, for which he received the high approbation of the Duke of Cambridge and of the Commander-in-Chief in India.)

Second Assistant Surgeon, General Hospital, Allahabad, 1864-66.

In medical charge, Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanawar, 1866-68.

Assistant Field Surgeon, Hazara Field Force, October and November 1868.

Officiating Residency Surgeon, Khatmandu, 1869-71.

Regimental duty (in medical charge), 4th Gurkha Regiment, 1871-87.

Examiner of Medical and Fund Accounts
(officiating and substantive), 1887-88.

Deputy Surgeon-General, Lahore District,
1889-94

War Services.

Hasara, 1868.—Expedition to the Black Mountain.—(India medal and clasp.)

Eastern Frontier, 1871-72.—Expedition against the Lushais.—(Mentioned in despatches: clasp to India medal.)

Afghanistan, 1878-80.—Capture of Ali Masjid and advance to Gandamak in 1878; advance on Kabul through Jagdalak in December 1879; action of Saidabad; operations in Kohistan; march from Kabul to Kandahar; battle of Mazra near Kandahar; and expedition against the Maris.—(Mentioned in despatches: received thanks of the Government of India for good service during the campaign of 1878-79: medal and three clasps and bronze star.)

In place of Surgeon-Colonel A. H. Hilson
(Retired), deceased. Dated 5th January
1894.

SURGEON-COLONEL EDWARD ORD TANDY,
INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Dates of Commissions.

Assistant Surgeon	10th February 1859.
Surgeon	10th " 1871.
Surgeon-Major	1st July 1873.
Surgeon-Major (rank- ing as Lieutenant- Colonel)	10th February 1879.
Brigade-Surgeon	2nd September 1886.
Deputy Surgeon-Gen- eral (Surgeon-Colo- nel)	2nd April 1889.

Appointments.

General duty in the General Hospital at Calcutta and at Lucknow, June to September 1859.

Regimental duty with the 66th (Gurkha) Bengal Native Infantry, 4th Bengal European Cavalry, 3rd Sikh Infantry, and 3rd Punjab Infantry, 1859-68.

Civil Surgeon, Kashmir, 1868.

Regimental duty (in medical charge), 13th Bengal Lancers, 1871-72.

Civil Surgeon, Ludhiana, 1872-73.

Regimental duty (in medical charge), 40th Bengal Infantry, 1873-75.

Regimental duty (in medical charge), 8th Bengal Cavalry, 1875-79.

On duty at the Base Hospital, Multan, 1879-80.

Regimental duty (in medical charge), 8th Bengal Cavalry, 1880-87.

Officiating Administrative Medical Officer, Quetta, June to November 1887.

Regimental duty (in medical charge), 8th Bengal Cavalry, 1887-89.

Deputy Surgeon-General, Bundelkhand and
Nerbudda District, 1889-94.

War Services.

Sikkim, 1861.

North-West Frontier, 1863.—Expedition to and operations in the Ambeyla Pass.—(India medal and clasp.)

North-West Frontier, 1868.—Operations against the Bezoti Afridis.

Afghanistan, 1878-79.—Expedition to Southern Afghanistan.—(Medal.)

In place of Surgeon-Colonel G. C. Chesnaye,
Indian Medical Service, retired with the
special additional pension of £250. Dated
17th January 1894.

SURGEON-COLONEL ROBERT HARVEY, M.D.,
D.S.O., INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Dates of Commissions.

Assistant Surgeon	31st March 1865.
Surgeon	1st July 1873.
Surgeon-Major	31st March 1877.
Surgeon-Major (rank- ing as Lieutenant- Colonel)	31st March 1885.
Brigade-Surgeon	1st January 1889.
Surgeon-Colonel	2nd September 1891.

Appointments.

In medical charge of the left wing of the
31st Bengal Infantry, 1865-66.

Officiating Civil Surgeon of Shahabad, and
afterwards of Bhurtpore, 1866-67.

Civil Surgeon, Bhurtpore, 1867-69.

In medical charge of the Rajputana Agency,
1869-70.

Civil Surgeon, Bhurtpore, 1870-71.

In medical charge of the Eastern States
Political Agency, Rajputana, 1871.

Attached to the left column of the Lushai
Field Force, 1871-72.

Regimental duty, 1st Central India Horse,
in medical charge, 1872-76.

Joint Civil Surgeon, Simla, 1876-77.

Acting Sanitary Commissioner, Bengal, 1877-
78.

Civil Surgeon, Bankura, May to August 1878.

Civil Surgeon, 24-Pergunnahs, Bengal, 1878-
80.

Professor of Midwifery, Calcutta Medical
College, and Obstetric Physician to the
College Hospital, Calcutta (officiating and
substantive), 1881-90.

In administrative medical charge of the
Peshawar District, 1890-91.

Principal Medical Officer, Miranzai Field
Force, 1891.

Principal Medical Officer, Punjab Frontier
Force, 1891-94.

Principal Medical Officer, Presidency District,
and officiating Inspector-General of Civil
Hospitals, Bengal, 1894.

War Services.

Bhutan, 1865-66.—India medal and clasp.

Eastern Frontier, 1871-72.—Operations against the Lushais.—(Mentioned in despatches: clasp to India medal.)

North-West Frontier, 1891.—Operations on the Samana Range, Miranzai. (Mentioned in despatches: clasp to India medal: Distinguished Service Order.)

North-West Frontier, 1892.—Expedition against the Trans-Indus Isazai tribes.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 504.—The Reverend Lawrence Hosier Lermitt, Honorary Chaplain, Presidency Volunteer Rifle Battalion, is transferred in the same capacity to the East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 505.—*Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles*—

Reginald Thomas, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Shillingford, promoted.

Percy Ernest Frederick Shattock, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Lamont, promoted.

No. 506.—Richard James Bradley, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Barnes, resigned.

No. 507.—*and Punjab (Simla) Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Honorary Colonel) William Sinclair Smith Bisset, C.I.E., Royal Engineers, to be Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant, *vice* Sir H. M. Durand, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., resigned.

No. 508.—*Allahabad Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Brian Edward O'Connor, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant to complete the establishment.

No. 509.—*Midland Railway Volunteer Rifles*—

Ralph Stephen Glover, Esq., to be Major to complete the establishment.

No. 510.—*4th Administrative Battalion, North-Western Provinces Volunteers*—

Lieutenant L. T. Oakley, 1st Battalion, East Lancashire Regiment, to be adjutant, with effect from the 6th May 1894, *vice* Lieutenant Layton, whose tenure has expired.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 511.—*Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles*—

Second-Lieutenants Charles James Shillingford and Alexander Robertson Lamont to be Lieutenants to complete the establishment.

No. 512.—*Midland Railway Volunteer Rifles*—

Second-Lieutenant Thomas Hayward to be Lieutenant, *vice* Muir, promoted.

No. 513.—*Nagpur Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Captain Stanley Ismay to be Major, *vice* Younghusband, transferred to the supernumerary list.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 514.—*Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles*—

Second-Lieutenant A. A. Barnes resigns his commission.

No. 515.—*and Punjab (Simla) Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., commandant, resigns his commission, with effect from the 14th April 1894.

No. 516.—*Rohilkhand Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Lieutenant H. P. Mulock resigns his commission.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 517.—The following promotions and reversions are made in the Engineer Establishment of the Military Works Department, with effect from the dates specified:

Names.		From	To	Nature of promotion, &c.	With effect from
Lieutenant-Colonel Arnott, R.E.	N.	Superintending Engineer, class I.	Chief Engineer, class III		
Lieutenant-Colonel Garwood, R.E.	J. F.	Superintending Engineer, class III, permanent, and Superintending Engineer, class II, temporary.	Superintending Engineer, class I.	Temporary	
Lieutenant-Colonel B. Blood, R.E.		Superintending Engineer, class III.	Superintending Engineer, class II.		
Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel W. T. Shone, R.E.		Executive Engineer, 1st grade	Superintending Engineer, class III.	Officiating	7th March 1894.

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion, &c.	With effect from
Major F. T. N. Spratt, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st grade, and Superintending Engineer, class III, temporary.	Superintending Engineer, class II.	Temporary	31st March 1894.
Major C. H. Brookes, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st grade	Superintending Engineer, class III.		
Lieutenant-Colonel B. Blood, R.E.	Superintending Engineer, class III, permanent, and Superintending Engineer, class II, temporary.	Superintending Engineer, class I.		
Major C. H. Brookes, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st grade, permanent, and Superintending Engineer, class III, temporary.	Superintending Engineer, class II.		
Major F. B. G. D'Aguilar, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st grade	Superintending Engineer, class III.	Permanent	14th April 1894.
Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel W. T. Shone, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st grade, permanent, and Superintending Engineer, class III, officiating.	Superintending Engineer, class III.		
Lieutenant-Colonel W. L. Greenstreet, R.E.	Chief Engineer, class III	Chief Engineer, class II		
Colonel W. G. Nicholson, R.E.	Superintending Engineer, class I.	Chief Engineer, class III		
Lieutenant-Colonel N. Arnott, R.E.	Superintending Engineer, class I, permanent, and Chief Engineer, class III, temporary.	Chief Engineer, class II	Temporary	21st April 1894.
Lieutenant-Colonel J. E. Broadbent, R.E.	Superintending Engineer, class II, permanent, and Superintending Engineer, class I, temporary.	Chief Engineer, class III		

No. 518.—Honorary Lieutenant S. Fraser, Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, is promoted to Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, with effect from 3rd May 1894.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 32.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of leave by the Secretary of State for India :

Commander C. W. Hewett, Royal Indian Marine, for twelve days.

Sub-Lieutenant E. J. C. Hordern, Royal Indian Marine, (m. c.) till the 6th September 1894.

Sub-Lieutenant A. R. S. Warden, Royal Indian Marine, (m. c.) for five months.

No. 33.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 8 of 1893, Assistant Engineer F. A. Sheehan, Royal Indian Marine, is granted an extension of leave (p. a.) in India for fifteen days.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st May, 1894.

No. 214.—Mr. W. H. Shortt, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, attached to the Office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal, is granted leave on medical certificate for eight months, under Article 369 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 3rd April 1894.

The 23rd May, 1894.

No. 216.—Rai Sahib Rakhal Dass Chatterjee, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. *pro tem.*, Hyderabad, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the forenoon of the 16th April 1894, under the terms of Public Works Department Resolutions Nos. 2873-G., dated the 2nd November 1893, and 463-G., dated the 9th February 1894.

No. 217.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions and reversions in and to the classes of Chief and Superintending Engineers, with effect from the dates specified :

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Odling, C. W.	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Chief Engineer, 3rd Class	...	18th February 1894.
Marshall, Lieutenant-Colonel G. F. L., C.I.E., R.E.	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class	Chief Engineer, 1st Class	Temporary	7th April 1894.
Odling, C. W.	Chief Engineer, 3rd Class	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class	Temporary	7th April 1894.
Upcott, F. R.	Superintending Engineer, Class I, temporary rank.	Chief Engineer, 3rd Class	Temporary	7th April 1894.

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Monk, H. L.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Temporary	7th April 1894.
Cloëte, H. N. C.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	7th April 1894.
Selby, Major H. O., R.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Temporary	7th April 1894.
Preston, S.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	8th April 1894.
Good, W.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Temporary	8th April 1894.
Odling, C. W.	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Chief Engineer, 3rd Class.	...	30th April 1894.
Richard, H. J.	Chief Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Sub. pro tem.	30th April 1894.
Monk, H. L.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	...	30th April 1894.
Preston, S.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	...	30th April 1894.
Nelson, R. E.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	...	30th April 1894.
Marshall, Lieutenant-Colonel G. F. L., C.I.E., R.E.	Chief Engineer, 1st Class, temporary rank.	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class.	...	30th April 1894.
Cumming, Colonel W. G., C.I.E., R.E.	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class.	Chief Engineer, 1st Class.	Temporary	30th April 1894.
Oates, E. W.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	...	7th May 1894.
Cloëte, H. N. C.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	...	7th May 1894.
Connan, W.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	...	7th May 1894.

No. 218.—Mr. H. Rainier, Examiner of Accounts, Mu Valley State Railway, is appointed Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Hyderabad, *vice* Mr. J. L. Macpherson, who retires from the service.

No. 219.—Mr. W. E. Curry, Government Examiner of Accounts, Indian Midland Railway Company, is appointed Examiner of Accounts, Mu Valley State Railway.

No. 220.—Mr. W. F. O'Donoghue, Officiating Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Madras, is appointed Government Examiner of Accounts, Indian Midland Railway Company.

No. 221.—Mr. A. Grant, Officiating Examiner of Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Madras, is appointed to officiate as Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Madras, in the rank of Examiner, 3rd Class, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Mr. I. S. Sherlock-Hubbard, on privilege leave.

The 24th May, 1894.

No. 222.—Mr. H. G. S. Savory, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, and Officiating Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Central Division, during the absence of Mr. F. D. Fowler on furlough, or until further orders.

The 25th May, 1894.

No. 223.—The following is published for general information:

No. 1693-G, dated 23rd May, 1894.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Conditions of promotion of Honorary Commissioned Officers to the Provincial Engineer Service of the Public Works Department.

Read—

Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolution No. 1664-G, dated 26th June 1893.

Despatch to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 331 Financial, dated 11th October 1893.

Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 4 Public Works, dated 11th January 1894.

RESOLUTION.—In the orders on question VI referred to in the Resolution cited in the preamble regarding promotions to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Establishment of the Public Works Department, it was stated that orders would issue hereafter regarding the promotion of Honorary Commissioned officers to that service.

Under present rules such officers are on promotion to honorary rank in the army graded as Assistant Engineers in the Public Works Department (*vide* Public Works Code, Vol. I, Chap. II, paragraph 58), but are counted against the Upper Subordinate Scale, and their pay is regulated by the rules applicable to military men (Public Works Code, Vol. I, Chap. I, paragraph 13, note 1, and Chap. V, paragraph 41).

The Governor General in Council is hereby pleased, with the concurrence of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, to order that Honorary Commissioned officers holding the rank of Deputy Commissary, Assistant Commissary, and Deputy Assistant Commissary shall be eligible for promotion to the Provincial Engineer Establishment, but that on being so promoted at their option, they shall, like Warrant and Non-Commissioned officers below the rank of Deputy Assistant Commissary, be required to resign their military rank under clause (3) of Article 388 of the Civil Service Regulations, and then be permitted to count their departmental service for a civil pension.

On being so promoted, they will be subject to the rules laid down in the Resolutions quoted in the margin, so far as they are applicable, and will draw the difference between the pay of the grade to which they are promoted and the staff pay and military allowances previously drawn by them as a personal allowance.

2. It should, however, be clearly pointed out to each officer who may accept promotion on these conditions that his non-departmental army service will not count for pension, and that he forfeits his right to a sterling pension under military rules, and also to a possible pension for his widow.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this Resolution be communicated to the Local Gov-

The Governments of Madras and Bombay, Public Works Department, General and Railway Branches.
The Governments of Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and the Punjab.
The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Burma, Assam, and Coorg.
The Resident at Hyderabad.
The Agents to the Governor General for Rajputana, Central India, and Baluchistan.
The Accountant General, Public Works Department.
The Director General of Railways.
The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, Central Division, Lucknow, and Assam.

ernments, Administrations, and Officers noted on the margin for information and guidance, and that it be published in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

Ordered also, that it be forwarded to the Finance and Commerce, Home, Revenue and Agricultural, and Military Departments for information.

TELEGRAPHS.

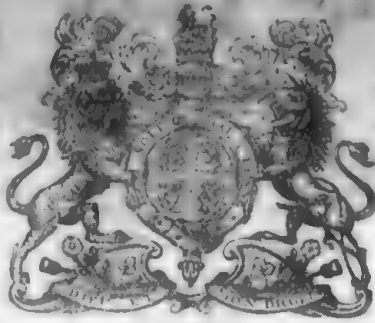
The 21st May, 1894.

No. 215.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following permanent promotions in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified:

Names.	From	To	Date.
Kinsman, F.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade.	Superintendent, Class V, 1st Grade.	30th March 1894.
Palmer, A. H. L.	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 1st Grade, and temporary Class V.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade.	26th February 1894.
Woodward, H. S.	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 1st Grade, and temporary Class V.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade.	30th March 1894.
Hensley, J. W.	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 1st Grade, and temporary Class V.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade.	1st April 1894.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 22.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 22:—

Nothing for publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 22.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Simla, the 1st June, 1894.

No. 987.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 17 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following words shall be inserted after the words "be delivered" in clause 1, rule 10, of the rules published under paragraph VI of the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 518, dated the 6th March 1879, as amended by the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 865, dated 8th June 1882:

"by the consignee or his agent, or, if the arms, ammunition, or military stores are in charge of any person travelling with them, by that person."

MEDICAL.

The 1st June, 1894.

No. 340.—Surgeon-Major J. Clarke, M.D., M.Ch., Civil Surgeon of Nadia, is appointed to

office as Professor of Surgery in the Lahore Medical College during the absence of Surgeon-Major F. F. Perry, or until further orders

PORT BLAIR.

The 28th May, 1894.

No. 397.—Mr. C. G. D. Fordyce, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Port Blair, is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent in the Settlement, with effect from the 31st December 1892, for so long as he holds his present office, or until further orders.

POLICE

The 29th May, 1894.

No. 244.—The services of Lieutenant J. L. W. French-Mullen, I.S.C., 13th Bengal Lancers, Assistant Commandant of Military Police in Burma, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 1st June 1894.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND
AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

HORSE-BREEDING AND AGRICULTURAL STOCK.

Simla, the 30th May, 1894.

No. 1329-24.—Veterinary-Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. Queripel, Army Veterinary Department, Inspecting Veterinary Officer, Eastern Circle, Bengal, is appointed Inspector General, Civil Veterinary Department, with effect from the 28th May 1894.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 26th May, 1894.

No. 853-G.—The following appointments and substantive promotions are made to and in the graded list of the Political Department:

Consequent on the appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. Talbot, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, Resident of the 2nd Class and Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, to be Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department,—

Colonel F. A. Wilson, Indian Staff Corps, Resident of the 2nd Class and Commissioner of Ajmere, is confirmed in the appointment of Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.

Mr. A. H. T. Martindale, Indian Civil Service, Political Agent of the 1st Class, is confirmed in the appointment of Resident of the 2nd Class and Commissioner of Ajmere.

Mr. J. A. Crawford, Indian Civil Service, Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, to be a Political Agent of the 1st Class.

Mr. A. Williams, Indian Civil Service, Political Agent of the 3rd Class, is confirmed in the appointment of Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

Captain J. Manners Smith, V.C., C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to be a Political Agent of the 3rd Class.

Lieutenant K. D. Erskine, Indian Staff Corps, Political Assistant of the 2nd (officiating 1st) Class, to be a Political Assistant of the 1st Class.

Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, to be a Political Assistant of the 2nd Class. (Captain Tighe will continue to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st Class.)

Lieutenant P. T. A. Spence, Indian Staff Corps, to be a Political Assistant of the 3rd Class. (Lieutenant Spence will continue to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd Class.)

The above appointments and confirmations will have effect from the date on which Lieutenant-Colonel Talbot may assume charge of his office in the Foreign Department.

Captain C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, is appointed, with effect from the date of the present notification, to be a Political Assistant of the 3rd Class. (Captain Fagan will continue to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd Class.)

The 28th May, 1894.

No. 861-G.—Lieutenant F. C. L. Waller, Indian Staff Corps, officiating Squadron Commander and 2nd-in-Command, Deoli Irregular Force, officiated also as Wing Officer and Adjutant from the 15th March to the 6th May, 1894, inclusive.

No. 863-G.—Lieutenant E. G. Jones, Indian Staff Corps, officiating Wing Officer and Adjutant, Deoli Irregular Force, is appointed to be Station Staff Officer at Deoli, with effect from the 7th May, 1894, *vice* Lieutenant F. C. L. Waller.

The 29th May, 1894.

No. 1829-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint the persons for the time being holding the offices designated in the first column of the following Schedule, provided that such persons be European British subjects, to be Justices of the Peace within the Native States mentioned opposite their designations in the second column of that Schedule respectively:

Offices.	States.
The Political Agent, Pudukkottai	Pudukkottai.
The Political Agent, Banganapalle	Banganapalle.
The Political Agent, Sandur	Sandur.

The 30th May, 1894.

No. 879-G.—The following promotion is made in the 2nd Regiment, Central India Horse, with effect from the 1st May, 1894:

Kot-Dafadar Tilawat Husain to be Jemadar, *vice* Muhammad Azam, transferred to the pension establishment.

No. 1833-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions, so far as they are suitable, of the Indian Stamp Act (I of 1879), as amended for the time being by subsequent enactments, to

the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, subject to the following modifications, namely:

(1) For the words "Local Government," "British India," and "Collector" wherever they occur, the words "Resident," "Residency Bazars," and "Extra Assistant Resident or other officer for the time being in charge Residency Bazars" shall respectively be read. The functions of a High Court and Chief Controlling Revenue-authority for the purposes of the Act shall be performed by the Resident.

(2) For the words "rupee" and "rupees" wherever they occur, the words "Hali Sika rupee" and "Hali Sika rupees" shall respectively be read.

(3) The second and third paragraphs of section 1 and sections 2 and 71 shall be omitted.

(4) In section 3, the definitions of "Chief Controlling Revenue-authority" and "Collector" shall be omitted, and in the definition of "chargeable," for the words "chargeable under" the second time they occur down to the end of the definition, the words "executed or first executed on or after the 1st October, 1879, chargeable under Residency Orders notification No. 8, dated the 12th August, 1879," shall be substituted.

(5) In section 5, for the word and figures "April 1879" the word and figures "June 1894" shall be read.

(6) In section 69 the words "or the General Stamp Act, 1869, or any Act thereby repealed," shall be omitted.

(7) In section 70 the words "a Presidency Magistrate and" shall be omitted.

(8) Schedule III and article 2, clauses (b) and (c), article 10, and article 11, clause (b) of Schedule II, shall be omitted.

II. Residency Orders notification No. 8, dated the 12th August, 1879, is hereby repealed.

No. 1834-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act (1 of 1879), as applied to the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1833-1., dated the 30th May, 1894, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the notification No. 5855, dated the 22nd November, 1889, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce under section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act (1 of 1879), shall apply to the said bazars, subject to the following modifications:

(1) In the first paragraph, for the words "British India" the words "the Hyderabad Residency Bazars" shall be read.

(2) In the first schedule, articles 1, 3, 5, 7 and 8 shall be omitted.

(3) In the second schedule, articles 1 (a), (b), (c), and (d); 5 (a) and (c); 6 (b) and (c); 7 (a), (e), (f), (g), (h), and (j); 8 (a), (b), and (c); 11 and 12 (g) shall be omitted, and for articles 2, 3 and 4 the following shall be substituted, namely:

"2. Bills of Exchange drawn in British India, Mysore, the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, or the Cantonment of Secunderabad, on which the full rate of stamp-duty has been paid there,

when the same are negotiated in the Hyderabad Residency Bazars.

"3. Bills of Lading executed out of the Hyderabad Residency Bazars and relating to property to be delivered in the Hyderabad Residency Bazars.

"4. Cheques drawn in British India, Mysore, the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, or the Cantonment of Secunderabad, on which the full rate of stamp-duty has been paid there, when the same are negotiated in the Hyderabad Residency Bazars."

No. 1835-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act (1 of 1879), as applied to the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1833-1., dated the 30th May, 1894, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions (so far as they may be applicable) of the notification No. 2036, dated the 30th June, 1882, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce under the aforesaid section, shall apply to the aforesaid Hyderabad Residency Bazars.

No. 1836-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 9, 15, 17, 32, 51 and 56 of the Indian Stamp Act (1 of 1879), as applied to the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1833-1., dated the 30th May 1894, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the notification No. 2170, dated the 22nd May, 1891, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, shall apply to the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, subject to the following modifications, namely:

Rule 1.—For "British India" substitute "the Hyderabad Residency Bazars."

Rule 4 (a) (2).—For the words "one of the officers mentioned in rule 10 (b) or by the Superintendent of Stamps, Calcutta," read "the officer mentioned in rule 10."

Rule 8.—For the words "Superintendent of Stamps at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Rangoon, or Lahore, or by the Commissioner of Stamps at Allahabad," substitute "Superintendent of Stamps, Hyderabad."

Rules 9 (20), 12 (a), 15 (a).—For "British India" read "the Hyderabad Residency Bazars."

Rule 10.—For this rule substitute the following:

"The Superintendent of Stamps, Hyderabad, is empowered to affix these labels to the instruments mentioned in rule 9."

Rule 11 (a).—For the words "every such officer" substitute "the Superintendent of Stamps, Hyderabad."

Rule 11 (b).—Omit the last two clauses commencing with "In Calcutta" and ending with "from Lahore," and for the words "Local Government" substitute "Resident at Hyderabad."

Rule 12 (b).—Omit the words "unless he be the Collector of Calcutta or Karachi."

For the words "one of the officers mentioned in rule 10" substitute "the Superintendent of Stamps, Hyderabad."

Rule 14.—Omit clause (c).

No. 1837-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act (I of 1879), as applied to the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1833-I., dated the 30th May, 1894, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of notification No. 4345, dated the 19th October, 1891, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, shall apply to the Hyderabad Residency Bazars.

No. 1838-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions, so far as they are suitable, of the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870), as amended for the time being by subsequent enactments, to the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, subject to the following modifications, namely:

(1) Chapters I and II shall be omitted.

(2) For the words "Local Government" and "District Judge" wherever they occur, the words "Resident" and "Civil Judge" shall respectively be read. The functions of a High Court and Chief Controlling Revenue-authority for the purposes of the Act shall be performed by the Resident.

(3) For the words "rupee" and "rupees" wherever they occur, the words "Hali Sika rupee" and "Hali Sika rupees" shall respectively be read.

(4) Article 13 of schedule I and articles 4 and 13 of schedule II shall be omitted.

(5) In section 35, for the words "whole or in any part of British India" the words "Hyderabad Residency Bazars" shall be read.

II. The Governor-General in Council is also pleased to direct that all powers under the said Act which may heretofore have been exercised by the Resident at Hyderabad as Local Government, High Court, or Chief Controlling Revenue-authority, and all fees levied under the said Act, shall be deemed to have been exercised or levied, as the case may be, in accordance with law.

No. 1839-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 26 and 35 of the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870), as applied to the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1833-I., dated the 30th May, 1894, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions (so far as they may be applicable) of the notification No. 361, dated the 18th April, 1883, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce under the aforesaid sections, shall apply to the aforesaid Hyderabad Residency Bazars.

No. 1840-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 35 of the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870), as applied to the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1833-I.,

dated the 30th May, 1894, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that so much of the notification No. 4650, dated the 10th September, 1889, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce under the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870), section 35, as is specified below, shall apply to the Hyderabad Residency Bazars.

The preamble (the words "Hyderabad Residency Bazars" being substituted for the words "whole or in any part of British India") clauses (1) to (3) (both inclusive); clauses (5) to (11) (both inclusive); clauses (13) to (17) (both inclusive); clause (19); and clause (35), except the words "in the Presidency of Bombay or by the Sadar Court in Sindh."

No. 1841-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act (I of 1879), as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad, by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 119-I.J., dated the 4th June, 1879, and in continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1245-I., dated the 19th March, 1891, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further modifications shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department, No. 5855, dated the 22nd November, 1889, as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad, namely:

For articles 2 (b), 3 and 4 of the second schedule the following shall be substituted, namely:

"2. *Bills of Exchange* drawn in British India, Mysore, the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, or the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, on which the full rate of stamp-duty has been paid there, when the same are negotiated in the Cantonment of Secunderabad."

"3. *Bills of Lading* executed out of the Cantonment of Secunderabad and relating to property to be delivered in the Cantonment of Secunderabad."

"4. *Cheques* drawn in British India, Mysore, the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, or the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, on which the full rate of duty has been paid there, when the same are negotiated in the Cantonment of Secunderabad."

The 31st May, 1894.

No. 886-G.—Captain H. Daly, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 3rd Class, is re-appointed to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd Class, and is posted as Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 30th May, 1894.

Lieutenant W. M. Cubitt, Indian Staff Corps, officiating Political Agent of the 3rd Class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, and is posted as Attaché in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 30th May, 1894.

No. 887-G.—Surgeon-Major P. A. Weir, M.B., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), Residency Surgeon and *ex-officio* Assistant to the Resident in Nepal, is appointed to officiate as Agency Surgeon and Administrative Medical Officer for Baluchistan, with effect from the date of assuming

charge, and during the absence on furlough of Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. Fullerton, M.B., or until further orders.

Surgeon-Lieutenant W. E. A. Armstrong, Indian Medical Service (Madras), officiating

Medical Officer, 19th Madras Infantry, is appointed to officiate as Residency Surgeon and *ex-officio* Assistant to the Resident in Nepal, with effect from the date of assuming charge, *vice* Surgeon-Major Weir.

The 1st June, 1894.

No. 973-E.—The following order of Her Majesty in Council published in the *London Gazette* of the 9th March, 1894, is republished for general information :

AT THE COURT AT WINDSOR,

The 3rd day of March, 1894.

PRESENT:

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.

Marquess of Ripon.

Earl Spencer.

Mr. Gladstone.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt.

Whereas by the Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873, it was amongst other things enacted that, where an arrangement has been made with any foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Acts shall apply in the case of such foreign State; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be deemed expedient; and that if, by any law made after the passing of the Act of 1870 by the Legislature of any British possession, provision is made for carrying into effect within such possession the surrender of fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in such British possession, Her Majesty may, by the Order in Council applying the said Acts in the case of any foreign State, or by any subsequent Order, suspend the operation within any such British possession of the said Acts, or of any part thereof, so far as it relates to such foreign State, and so long as such law continues in force there and no longer;

And whereas by an Act of the Parliament of Canada passed in 1886, and entitled "An Act respecting the Extradition of Fugitive Criminals," provision is made for carrying into effect within the Dominion the surrender of fugitive criminals;

And whereas by an Order of Her Majesty the Queen in Council, dated the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, it was directed that the operation of the Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873, should be suspended within the Dominion of Canada so long as the provision of the said Act of the Parliament of Canada of 1886 should continue in force and no longer;

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, between Her Majesty and His Majesty the King of Portugal for the mutual extradition of fugitive criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following :

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, and His Most Faithful Majesty the King of Portugal and of the Algarves, having judged it expedient, with a view to the better administration of justice and to the prevention of crime within their respective territories, that persons charged with or convicted of the crimes hereinafter enumerated, and being fugitives from justice, should under certain circumstances be reciprocally delivered up, the said High Contracting Parties have named as their Plenipotentiaries to conclude a Treaty for this purpose, that is to say :

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, Sir George Glynn Petre, Knight Commander of

Sua Magestade a Rainha do Reino Unido da Grã-Bretanha e Irlanda, Imperatriz da Índia, e Sua Magestade Fidelíssima o Rei de Portugal e dos Algarves, julgando conveniente para melhorar a administração da justiça e obstar á perpetração de crimes nos seus respectivos territórios, que os indivíduos accusados ou condemnados por algum dos crimes abaixo indicados, e foragidos da justiça, sejam dadas certas circunstancias reciprocamente entregues, nomearam seus Plenipotenciarios para a celebração d'um Tratado com este intuito, a saber :

Sua Magestade a Rainha do Reino Unido da Grã-Bretanha e Irlanda, Imperatriz da Índia, e Sir George Glynn Petre, Commendador da Muito

the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of His Most Faithful Majesty, &c.; and

His Most Faithful Majesty the King of Portugal and of the Algarves, Dom Antonio Ayres de Gouvêa, Councillor of His Majesty, Peer of the Realm, Bishop of Bethsaida, retired Professor of the University of Coimbra, His Majesty's Minister and Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, &c.;

Who, having communicated to each other their respective Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles:

ARTICLE I.

The High Contracting Parties engage to deliver up to each other those persons who, being accused or convicted of a crime or offence committed in the territory of the one Party, shall be found within the territory of the other Party under the circumstances and conditions stated in the present Treaty.

ARTICLE II.

The crimes or offences for which the extradition is to be granted are the following:

1. Murder (including assassination, infanticide, and poisoning), or attempt or conspiracy to murder.
2. Manslaughter.
3. Maliciously wounding or inflicting grievous bodily harm.
4. Assault occasioning actual bodily harm.
5. Counterfeiting or altering money, either metallic or of any other kind representing the first named, or uttering counterfeit or altered money of any of those kinds.
6. Knowingly making any instrument, tool, or engine adapted and intended for counterfeiting coin.
7. Forgery, counterfeiting, or altering or uttering what is forged or counterfeited or altered.
8. Embezzlement or larceny.
9. Malicious injury to property if the offence be indictable.
10. Obtaining money, goods, or valuable securities by false pretences.
11. Receiving money, valuable security, or other property, knowing the same to have been stolen, embezzled, or unlawfully obtained.
- 12 Crimes against bankruptcy law.

13. Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or director, or member, or public officer of any company, made criminal by any law for the time being in force.

Distincta Ordem de São Miguel e São Jorge, Cavalleiro da Muito Nobre Ordem do Banho, seu Enviado Extraordinario e Ministro Plenipotenciario na Côrte de Sua Magestade Fidelissima, &c.;

Sua Magestade Fidelissima El-Rei de Portugal e dos Algarves, a Dom Antonio Ayres de Gouvêa, do seu Conselho, Par do Reino, Bispo de Bethsaida, lente Jubilado da Universidade de Coimbra, seu Ministro e Secretario de Estado dos Negocios Estrangeiros, &c.;

Os quaes, tendo trocado os seus respectivos Plenos Poderes, que acharam em bôa e devida forma, convieram e assentaram nos seguintes Artigos:—

ARTIGO I.

As Altas Partes Contractantes compromettem-se á reciproca entrega dos individuos que, accusados ou condemnados por crime ou delicto commettido no territorio d'uma das Partes, se acharem no territorio da outra nos termos e condições estipuladas no presente Tratado.

ARTIGO II.

Os crimes ou delictos pelos quaes ha de conceder-se extradição são os seguintes:—

1. Homicidio voluntario (incluido homicidio com premeditação, infanticidio, e envenenamento), tentativa, ou conluio para assassinar.
2. Homicidio simples.
3. Ferimentos voluntarios ou grave lesão corporal.
4. Aggressão da qual resultasse de facto lesão corporal.
5. Falsificação ou adulteração de moeda, quer seja d'especie metallica, quer d'outra qualquer especie representando aquella, ou introdução na circulação de moeda falsificada ou adulterada de qualquer d'aquellas especies.
6. Fabrico intencional de instrumento, utensilio, ou aparelho appropriado ou destinado ao fabrico de moeda falsa.
7. Falsificação, imitação fraudulenta ou viciação, e a passagem ou introdução na circulação do que se falsificou, imitou, ou viciou.
8. Descaminho ou furto.
9. Damno voluntario causado em propriedade alheia se constituir delicto ou crime.
10. Aquisição fraudulenta de dinheiro, fazenda, ou titulos de valor.
11. Recepção de dinheiro, titulo de valor, ou outra especie de propriedade havendo certeza de ter sido roubada, subtrahida, ou illegitimamente adquirida.
12. Crimes contra a legislação relativa a falencias.

13. Fraude commetida por depositario, banqueiro, agente, commissario, curador, ou director ou membro ou empregado de companhia que deva reputar-se criminosa em razão de lei vigente.

14. Perjury or subornation of perjury.
15. Rape.
16. Carnal knowledge or any attempt to have carnal knowledge of a girl under 16 years of age.
17. Indecent assault.
18. Administering drugs or using instruments with intent to procure the miscarriage of a woman.
19. Abduction.
20. Bigamy.
21. Child-stealing.
22. Abandoning children, exposing or unlawfully detaining them.
23. Kidnapping and false imprisonment.
24. Burglary or house-breaking.
25. Arson.
26. Robbery with violence.
27. Any malicious act done with intent to endanger the safety of any person in a railway train.
28. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to extort.
29. Piracy by law of nations.
30. Sinking or destroying a vessel at sea, or attempting or conspiring to do so.
31. Assaults on board a ship on the high seas with intent to destroy life or to do grievous bodily harm.
32. Revolt, or conspiracy to revolt, by two or more persons on board a ship on the high seas against the authority of the master.
33. Dealing in slaves in such a manner as to constitute a criminal offence against the laws of both States.

Extradition is also to be granted for participation in any of the aforesaid crimes, provided such participation be punishable by the laws of both the Contracting Parties.

Extradition may also be granted at the discretion of the State applied to in respect of any other crime for which, according to the laws of both the Contracting Parties for the time being in force, the grant can be made.

The Portuguese Government will not deliver up any person either guilty or accused of any crime punishable with death.

ARTICLE III.

The Portuguese Government will not grant the extradition of any Portuguese subject, and Her Britannic Majesty's Government will not grant the extradition of any British subject; but in the case of a naturalized subject, this Article shall only be applicable if the naturalization was obtained previous to the commission of the crime giving rise to the application for extradition.

ARTICLE IV.

The extradition shall not take place if the person claimed on the part of the British Government, or the person claimed on the part of the Portuguese Government, has already been

14. Perjurio ou suborno para perjurar.
15. Violação.
16. Estupro, ou tentativa de estupro, em rapariga menor de 16 annos.
17. Ultrage ao pudôr.
18. Propinação de substancias ou emprego de instrumentos tendentes a produzir aborto.
19. Rapto.
20. Bigamia.
21. Substracção de menores.
22. Abandono de infantes, exposição ou detenção illegal dos mesmos.
23. Rapto violento e carcere privado.
24. Roubo com arrombamento durante a noite ou arrombamento de domicilio para furtar.
25. Fogo posto.
26. Furto com violencia.
27. Acto voluntario que ponha em risco a segurança d'alguem em trem de via ferrea.
28. Ameaças por carta ou de outra forma para realizar extorsão.
29. Pirateria segundo o direito das gentes.
30. Submersão ou destruição de navio no mar, tentativa ou conluio para esse fim.
31. Aggressão a bordo de navio no alto mar no intuito de destruir vidas ou causar grave lesão corporal.
32. Revolta ou conluio para revolta levada a effeito por duas ou mais pessoas a bordo de embarcação no mar alto contra a autoridade do capitão.
33. Trafico de escravos realizado por forma que constitua violação das leis d'ambos os Estados.

Será também concedida a extradição, pela cumplicidade em algum dos crimes acima ditos, contanto que tal cumplicidade seja punivel pelas leis de ambas as Partes Contractantes.

Poderá também conceder-se extradição a arbitrio do Estado reclamado por qualquer outro crime que, segundo as leis então vigentes d'ambas as Partes Contractantes, a ella poder dar lugar.

O Governo Portuguez não concederá a extradição de nenhum individuo culpado ou accusado de crime a que seja applicavel pena de morte.

ARTIGO III.

O Governo Portuguez não concederá a extradição de qualquer subdito Portuguez, e o Governo de Sua Magestade Britannica não concederá a extradição de qualquer subdito Britannico; mas quando se tratar de um subdito naturalizado só serão applicadas as disposições d'este Artigo no caso de ter sido a naturalisação obtida antes da perpetração do crime que deu lugar ao pedido de extradição.

ARTIGO IV.

Não poderá effectuar-se a extradição se o individuo reclamado pelo Governo Britannico ou o individuo reclamado pelo Governo Portuguez já tiver sido julgado e condemnado ou absolvido,

tried and discharged or punished, or is still under trial within the territories of the two High Contracting Parties respectively, for the crime for which his extradition is demanded.

If the person claimed on the part of the British Government, or if the person claimed on the part of the Portuguese Government, should be under examination, or is undergoing sentence under a conviction for any other crime within the territories of the two High Contracting Parties respectively, his extradition shall be deferred until after he has been discharged, whether by acquittal, or on expiration of his sentence, or otherwise.

ARTICLE V.

The extradition shall not take place if, subsequently to the commission of the crime, or the institution of the penal prosecution or the conviction thereon, exemption from prosecution or punishment has been acquired by lapse of time, according to the laws of the State applied to.

ARTICLE VI.

A fugitive criminal shall not be surrendered if the offence in respect of which his surrender is demanded is one of a political character, or if he prove that the requisition for his surrender has, in fact, been made with a view to try or punish him for an offence of a political character.

ARTICLE VII.

A person surrendered can in no case be kept in prison or be brought to trial in the State to which the surrender has been made for any other crime, or on account of any other matters, than those for which the extradition shall have taken place until he has been restored, or had an opportunity of returning to the State by which he has been surrendered.

This stipulation does not apply to crimes committed after the extradition.

ARTICLE VIII.

The requisition for extradition shall be made through the Diplomatic Agents of the High Contracting Parties respectively.

The requisition for the extradition of an accused person must be accompanied by a warrant of arrest issued by the competent authority of the State requiring the extradition, and by such evidence as, according to the laws of the place where the accused is found, would justify his arrest if the crime had been committed there.

If the requisition relates to a person already convicted, it must be accompanied by the sentence of condemnation passed against the convicted person by the competent court of the State that makes the requisition for extradition.

A sentence passed *in contumaciam* is not to be deemed a conviction, but circumstances may cause a person so sentenced *in contumaciam* to be dealt with as an accused person.

ARTICLE IX.

If the requisition for extradition be in accordance with the foregoing stipulations, the competent authorities of the State applied to shall proceed to the arrest of the fugitive.

ou estiver sujeito ainda a julgamento, no territorio d'alguma das Altas Partes Contractantes em razão do crime pelo qual tiver sido reclamada a sua extradição.

Se o individuo reclamado pelo Governo Britannico, ou se o individuo reclamado pelo Governo Potuguez, se achar ainda sujeito a processo, ou estiver cumprido sentença em virtude de condemnação por outro crime no territorio d'uma das Altas Partes Contractantes, demorar-se-ha a sua extradição até que ou em razão de absolvição proferida, ou por ter cumprido sentença, ou por outro motivo esteja livre.

ARTIGO V.

Não se realizará a extradição se subsequentemente á pratica do acto criminoso, ou á instauração do processo criminal, ou á condemnação do reu, resultar isenção de acção criminal ou de punição em razão do tempo decorrido, segundo as leis do paiz ao qual fôr feita a instancia da extradição.

ARTIGO VI.

Um criminoso refugiado não será entregue se o delicto que motivar o pedido de extradição fôr de caracter politico, ou se elle provar que esse pedido foi de facto apresentado no intuito de o processar ou punir por um delicto de caracter politico.

ARTIGO VII.

Um individuo entregue não pode em caso algum ser detido em prisão ou mettido em processo no Estado ao qual fôr concedida a extradição por crime ou em razão de factos diversos dos que determinaram a extradição enquanto não tiver voltado ou tido occasião de voltar ao Estado pelo qual foi entregue.

Não se applicará esta estipulação aos crimes commettidos depois da extradição.

ARTIGO VIII.

O pedido de extradição deverá ser apresentado pelos Agentes Diplomaticos das Altas Partes Contractantes.

Deverão acompanhar o pedido de extradição d'um individuo accusado o mandado de captura expedido pela autoridade competente do Estado reclamante, e documentos que, em face das leis do logar onde estiver o accusado, bastem para justificar a prisão d'este se ali se tivesse perpetrado o crime.

Se o pedido se referir a individuo previamente condemnado terá de ser acompanhado da sentença condemnatoria proferida contra o criminoso pelo tribunal competente do Estado que requerer a extradição.

Uma sentença de revelia não equivale a uma condemnação; mas dadas certas circumstancias poderá o individuo condemnado á revelia ser tratado como accusado.

ARTIGO IX.

Quando o pedido de extradição fôr feito em harmonia com as precedentes estipulações, as autoridades competentes de Estado requerido procederão á captura do refugiado.

ARTICLE X.

If the fugitive has been arrested in the British dominions, he shall forthwith be brought before a competent Magistrate, who is to examine him and to conduct the preliminary investigation of the case just as if the apprehension had taken place for a crime committed in the British dominions.

In the examinations which they have to make in accordance with the foregoing stipulations, the authorities of the British dominions shall admit as valid evidence the sworn depositions or the affirmations of witnesses taken in the dominions of Portugal, or copies thereof, and likewise the warrants and sentences issued therein, and certificates of or judicial documents stating the fact of a conviction, provided the same are authenticated as follows:—

1. A warrant must purport to be signed by a Portuguese Judge, Magistrate, or officer.
2. Depositions or affirmations, or the copies thereof, must purport to be certified under the hand of a Portuguese Judge, Magistrate, or officer to be the original depositions or affirmations, or to be the true copies thereof, as the case may require.
3. A certificate of or judicial document stating the fact of a conviction must purport to be certified by a Portuguese Judge, Magistrate, or officer.
4. In every case such warrant, deposition, affirmation, copy, certificate, or judicial document must be authenticated either by the oath of some witness, or by being sealed with the official seal of the Minister of Justice, or some other Portuguese Minister; but any other mode of authentication for the time being permitted by the law in that part of the British dominions where the examination is taken may be substituted for the foregoing.

ARTICLE XI.

If the fugitive has been arrested in the dominions of Portugal, his surrender shall be granted if upon examination by a competent authority it appears that the documents furnished by the British Government contain sufficient *prima facie* evidence to justify the extradition.

The Portuguese authorities shall admit as valid evidence records drawn up by the British authorities of the depositions of witnesses, or copies thereof, and records of conviction, or other judicial documents, or copies thereof: Provided that the said documents be signed or authenticated by an authority whose competence shall be certified by the seal of a Minister of State of Her Britannic Majesty.

ARTICLE XII.

The extradition shall not take place unless the evidence be found sufficient, according to the laws of the State applied to, either to justify the committal of the prisoner for trial, in case the crime had been committed in the territory of the said State, or to prove that the prisoner is the iden-

ARTIGO X.

Se o refugiado fôr preso nos dominios Britannicos terá de comparecer immediatamente perante o Magistrado competente, que deverá inquiril-o e proceder a investigações preliminares da causa como se a prisão se houvesse effectuado em razão de crime commettido nos dominios Britannicos.

Nas investigações a que tiverem de proceder em conformidade com as precedentes estipulações, as autoridades dos dominios Britannicos deverão admittir como testemunho valido os depoimentos ou asserções juradas de testemunhas tomadas nos dominios de Portugal, ou seus traslados, e pela mesma forma os mandados e sentenças proferidos, e attestados ou documentos officiaes affirmativos de condemnação proferida, comtanto que esses documentos sejam legalizados pela forma seguinte:—

1. Um mandado terá de ser firmado pelo Juiz, Magistrado, ou funcionario Portuguez.
2. Os depoimentos e asserções e seus traslados devem vir acompanhados de declarações firmadas por Juiz, Magistrado, ou funcionario Portuguez de como são os depoimentos ou asserções originaes ou seus traslados authenticos, segundo cumprir.
3. Um attestado ou documento judicial affirmativo de condemnação proferida deverá ser certificado por Juiz, Magistrado, ou funcionario Portuguez.
4. Em cada causa especial estes mandados, depoimentos, allegações, traslados, attestados, ou documentos officiaes, teem de ser authenticados ou por juramento de testemunhas, ou pela applicação do sello official do Ministro da Justiça ou de outro Ministro de Portugal; poderá porem substituir a precedente outra forma de legalisação reconhecida por lei vigente na parte dos dominios Britannicos onde se effectuar a dilligencia.

ARTIGO XI.

Se o refugiado fôr preso nos dominios de Portugal, deverá ser concedida a extradição se do exame a que proceder a autoridade competente resultar que os documentos appresentados pelo Governo Britannico conteem elementos sufficientes *prima facie* para justificar a extradição.

As autoridades Portuguezas considerarão elemento valido as certidões passadas pelas autoridades Britannicas dos depoimentos das testemunhas ou seus traslados, e certidões de sentença condemnatoria ou outros documentos judiciaes ou traslados d'elles: Uma vez que os referidos documentos sejam assignados ou legalizados por uma autoridade cuja competencia seja authenticada com o sello d'um Ministro d'Estado de Sua Magestade Britannica.

ARTIGO XII.

Não se effectuará a extradição se os documentos appresentados não forem bastantes para segundo as leis do Estado requerido, sejeitar o preso a julgamento se o crime tivesse sido perpetrado no territorio do referido Estado, ou para provar que o preso é o proprio individuo con-

tical person convicted by the courts of the State which makes the requisition, and that the crime of which he has been convicted is one in respect of which extradition could at the time of such conviction have been granted by the State applied to. In Her Britannic Majesty's dominions the fugitive criminal shall not be surrendered until the expiration of fifteen days from the date of his being committed to prison to await his surrender.

ARTICLE XIII.

If the individual claimed by one of the two High Contracting Parties in pursuance of the present Treaty should be also claimed by one or several other Powers on account of other crimes or offences committed upon their respective territories, his extradition shall be granted to that State whose demand is earliest in date.

ARTICLE XIV.

If sufficient evidence for the extradition be not produced within two months from the date of the apprehension of the fugitive, or within such further time as the State applied to, or the proper Tribunal thereof, shall direct, the fugitive shall be set at liberty.

ARTICLE XV.

All articles seized which were in the possession of the person to be surrendered at the time of his apprehension shall, if the competent authority of the State applied to for the extradition has ordered the delivery thereof, be given up when the extradition takes place; and the said delivery shall extend not merely to the stolen articles, but to everything that may serve as a proof of the crime.

ARTICLE XVI.

All expenses connected with extradition shall be borne by the demanding State.

ARTICLE XVII.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable to the Colonies and foreign possessions of both of the High Contracting Parties, so far as the laws for the time being in force in such Colonies and foreign possessions respectively will allow.

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in any of such Colonies or foreign possessions may be made to the Governor or chief authority of such Colony or possession by the Chief Consular authority of the other State in such Colony or possession.

Such requisitions may be disposed of, subject always, as nearly as may be, and so far as the law of such Colony or foreign possession will allow, to the provisions of this Treaty, by the said Governor or chief authority, who, however, shall be at liberty either to grant the surrender or to refer the matter to his Government.

The High Contracting Parties shall, however, be at liberty to make special arrangements in their respective Colonies and foreign possessions for the surrender of criminals who may take refuge therein on the basis, as nearly as may

demnado pelos Tribunaes do Estado requerente, e que o crime por que foi condemnado é d'aquelles pelos quaes ao tempo da condemnação podia o Estado requerido ter concedido a extradição. O criminoso refugiado nos dominios de Sua Magestade Britannica só poderá ser entregue findo o praso de quinze dias contados da entrada na cadeia para aguardar n'ella a occasião da entrega.

ARTIGO XIII.

Se o individuo reclamado por uma das Altas Partes Contractantes nos termos do presente Tratado fôr ao mesmo tempo reclamado por outra ou outras Potencias por outros crimes ou delicto commettidos em seus respectivos territorios será concedida a extradição ao Estado cuja instancia preceder na data as outras.

ARTIGO XIV.

Se os documentos apresentádos dentro de dois mezes contados da data da captura do refugiado, ou no praso de tempo que indicar o Estado requerido ou o Tribunal competente d'esse Estado, não forem sufficientes para se conceder a extradição, o preso será posto em liberdade.

ARTIGO XV.

Todos os objectos apprehendidos ao individuo sujeito a extradição e em seu poder ao tempo da captura serão entregues se a autoridade competente do Estado requerido assim o determinar quando se levar a effeito a extradição; e esta entrega abrangerá não só os objectos que houverem sido subtrahidos mas tudo que servir para provar o crime.

ARTIGO XVI.

Todas as despesas relativas a extradição serão custeadas pelo Estado que a reclamar.

ARTIGO XVII.

As estipulações d'este Tratado terão applicação ás Colonias e possessões ultramarinas de ambas as Altas Partes Contractantes até onde o permittirem as leis ao tempo em vigor em taes Colonias e possessões ultramarinas.

O pedido de extradição do criminoso que se houver refugiado em alguma d'essas Colonias ou possessões ultramarinas poderá ser apresentado ao Governador ou primeira autoridade da Colonia ou possessão de que se tratar pela principal autoridade Consular do outro Estado existente n'essa Colonia ou possessão.

Estes pedidos poderão ser resolvidos sujeitando-os tanto quanto ser possa, e até onde o permittir a lei da Colonia ou possessão ultramarina, ás disposições d'este Tratado, pelo referido Governador ou primeira autoridade a qual todavia terá a liberdade de deferir a extradição ou de referir o assumpto ao seu Governo.

As Altas Partes Contractantes terão comtudo a faculdade de estabelecer accordos especiaes nas suas respectivas Colonias e possessões ultramarinas para a extradição de criminosos que se houverem refugiado n'ellas, tomando por

be, and so far as the law of such Colony or foreign possession will allow, of the provisions of the present Treaty.

Requisitions for the surrender of a fugitive criminal emanating from any Colony or foreign possession of either of the High Contracting Parties shall be governed by the rules laid down in the preceding Articles of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE XVIII.

The present Treaty shall come into force ten days after its publication in conformity with the forms prescribed by the laws of the High Contracting Parties. It may be terminated by either of the High Contracting Parties at any time on giving to the other six months' notice of its intention to do so.

The Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Lisbon as soon as possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done in duplicate at Lisbon the seventeenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

(L.S.) GEORGE G. PETRE.

base, tanto quanto possível e até onde o permittir a legislação da Colonia ou possessão, as disposições d'este Tratado.

Pedidos d'extradição d'um criminoso que emanarem de Colonia ou possessão ultramarina d'uma das Altas Partes Contractantes serão regulados pelas prescripções exaradas nos precedentes Artigos d'este Tratado.

ARTIGO XVIII.

O presente Tratado entrará em vigor dez dias depois da sua publicação official segundo as formas prescriptas na legislação das Altas Partes Contractantes. Poderá em qualquer tempo dal-o por findo uma das Altas Partes Contractantes communicando á outra com a antecipação de seis mezes a intenção de assim fazer.

O Tratado será ratificado, e trocadas as ratificações em Lisboa no mais curto praso possível.

Em testemunho do que os respectivos Plenipotenciarios o assignaram e lhe pozeram o sello das suas armas.

Feito em duplicado em Lisboa aos dezesete dias do mez de Outubro, do anno de nosso Senhor Jesus Christo de mil oito centos e noventa e dois.

(L.S.) A. AYRES DE GOUVÊA.

And whereas a Protocol relative to the said Treaty was signed at Lisbon on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, which Protocol is in the terms following:

The stipulations of the present Treaty do not apply to extradition between British and Portuguese India, which is reserved for ulterior negotiation.

Done in duplicate at Lisbon, the thirtieth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

Her Britannic Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary,

GEORGE G. PETRE.

As estipulações da presente Convenção não são applicaveis á extradição de criminosos entre a India Britannica e a India Portuguesa, a qual fica reservada para ulterior negociação.

Feito em duplicado em Lisboa, aos trinta dias do mez de Novembro, do anno do nascimento de nosso Senhor Jesus Christo de mil oita centos e noventa e dois.

O Ministro e Secretario de Estado dos Negocios Extrangerios de Sua Magestade Fidelissima,

A. AYRES DE GOUVÊA.

And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty and Protocol were exchanged at Lisbon on the thirteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited Acts, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the nineteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, the said Acts shall apply in the case of Portugal, and of the said Treaty and Protocol with His Majesty the King of Portugal:

Provided always, and it is hereby further ordered, that the operation of the said Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873, shall be suspended within the Dominion of Canada so far as relates to Portugal and to the said Treaty and Protocol, and so long as the provisions of the Canadian Act aforesaid of 1886 continue in force, and no longer.

C. L. Peel.

No. 974-E.—The following Order of Her Majesty in Council published in the *London Gazette* of the 13th March, 1894, is republished for general information :

AT THE COURT AT WINDSOR.

The 10th day of March, 1894.

PRESENT :

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.

Lord Privy Seal.

Earl of Kimberley.

Mr. Secretary Fowler.

Mr. Lefevre.

Mr. Bryce.

Whereas by the Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873, it was amongst other things enacted that, where an arrangement has been made with any Foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Acts shall apply in the case of such Foreign State ; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be deemed expedient ; and that if, by any law made after the passing of the Act of 1870 by the Legislature of any British possession, provision is made for carrying into effect within such possession the surrender of fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in such British possession, Her Majesty may, by the Order in Council applying the said Acts in the case of any Foreign State, or by any subsequent Order, suspend the operation within any such British possession of the said Acts, or of any part thereof, so far as it relates to such Foreign State, and so long as such law continues in force there and no longer ;

And whereas by an Act of the Parliament of Canada passed in one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, and entitled "An Act respecting the Extradition of Fugitive Criminals," provision is made for carrying into effect within the dominion the surrender of fugitive criminals ;

And whereas by an Order of Her Majesty the Queen in Council, dated the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, it was directed that the operation of the Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873, should be suspended within the Dominion of Canada so long as the provision of the said Act of the Parliament of Canada of 1886 should continue in force and no longer ;

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the sixteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, between Her Majesty and the President of the Republic of Liberia for the mutual extradition of fugitive criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following :

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India,

and His Excellency the President of Liberia, having judged it expedient, with a view to the better administration of justice and to the prevention of crime within their respective territories, that persons charged with or convicted of the crimes hereinafter enumerated, and being fugitives from justice, should under certain circumstances be reciprocally delivered up ; the said High Contracting Parties have named as their Plenipotentiaries to conclude a Treaty for this purpose, that is to say ;

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, the Right Honourable Archibald Philip, Earl of Rosebery, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs ; and

His Excellency the President of Liberia, Henry Hayman, Esq., Consul-General of the Republic of Liberia in London ;

Who, having communicated to each other their respective Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following articles :

ARTICLE I.

The High Contracting Parties engage to deliver up to each other those persons who, being accused or convicted of a crime or offence committed in the territory of the one Party, shall be found within the territory of the other under the circumstances and conditions stated in the present Treaty.

ARTICLE II.

The crimes or offences for which the extradition is to be granted are the following :

1. Murder or attempt or conspiracy to murder.
2. Manslaughter.
3. Assault occasioning actual bodily harm.
4. Maliciously wounding or inflicting grievous bodily harm.
5. Counterfeiting or altering money, or uttering counterfeit or altered money.
6. Knowingly making any instrument, tool, or engine adapted and intended for counterfeiting coin.
7. Forgery, counterfeiting, or altering, or uttering what is forged, or counterfeited, or altered.
8. Embezzlement or larceny.
9. Malicious injury to property if the offence be indictable.
10. Obtaining money, goods, or valuable securities by false pretences.
11. Receiving money, valuable security, or other property knowing the same to have been stolen, embezzled, or unlawfully obtained.
12. Crimes against bankruptcy law.
13. Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or director or member or public officer of any Company made criminal by any law for the time being in force.
14. Perjury or subordination of perjury.
15. Rape.

16. Carnal knowledge, or any attempt to have carnal knowledge, of a girl under 16 years of age.

17. Indecent assault.

18. Administering drugs or using instruments with intent to procure the miscarriage of a woman.

19. Abduction.

20. Child stealing.

21. Abandoning children, exposing or unlawfully detaining them.

22. Kidnapping and false imprisonment.

23. Burglary or house-breaking.

24. Arson.

25. Robbery with violence.

26. Any malicious act done with intent to endanger the safety of any person in a railway train.

27. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to extort.

28. Piracy by law of nations.

29. Sinking or destroying a vessel at sea, or attempting or conspiring to do so.

30. Assaults on board a ship on the high seas with intent to destroy life or do grievous bodily harm.

31. Revolt, or conspiracy to revolt, by two or more persons on board a ship on the high seas against the authority of the master.

32. Dealing in slaves in such a manner as to constitute a criminal offence against the laws of both States.

Extradition is also to be granted for participation in any of the aforesaid crimes, provided such participation be punishable by the laws of both the Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE III.

Either Government may, in its absolute discretion, refuse to deliver up its own subjects to the other Government.

ARTICLE IV.

The extradition shall not take place if the person claimed on the part of the British Government, or the person claimed on the part of the Liberian Government, has already been tried and discharged or punished, or is still under trial within the territories of the two High Contracting Parties respectively for the crime for which his extradition is demanded.

If the person claimed on the part of the British Government, or if the person claimed on the part of the Liberian Government, should be under examination, or is undergoing sentence under a conviction, for any other crime within the territories of the two High Contracting Parties respectively, his extradition shall be deferred until after he has been discharged, whether by acquittal or on expiration of his sentence, or otherwise.

ARTICLE V.

The extradition shall not take place if subsequently to the commission of the crime, or the institution of the penal prosecution, or the conviction thereon, exemption from prosecution or

punishment has been acquired by lapse of time, according to the laws of the State applied to.

ARTICLE VI.

A fugitive criminal shall not be surrendered if the offence in respect of which his surrender is demanded is one of a political character, or if he prove that the requisition for his surrender has in fact been made with a view to try or punish him for an offence of a political character.

ARTICLE VII.

A person surrendered can in no case be kept in prison, or be brought to trial in the State to which the surrender has been made, for any other crime or on account of any other matters than those for which the extradition shall have taken place until he has been restored or had an opportunity of returning to the State by which he has been surrendered.

This stipulation does not apply to crimes committed after the extradition.

ARTICLE VIII.

The requisition for extradition shall be made in the following manner:

Application on behalf of Her Britannic Majesty's Government for the surrender of a fugitive criminal in Liberia shall be made by Her Majesty's Consul at Monrovia.

Application on behalf of the Liberian Government for the surrender of a fugitive criminal in the United Kingdom shall be made by the Diplomatic Representative of Liberia in London, or, in the absence of such Representative, by the Consul-General for Liberia in London.

The requisition for the extradition of the accused person must be accompanied by a warrant of arrest issued by the competent authority of the State requiring the extradition, and by such evidence as, according to the laws of the place where the accused is found, would justify his arrest if the crime had been committed there.

If the requisition relates to a person already convicted, it must be accompanied by the sentence of condemnation passed against the convicted person by the competent Court of the State that makes the requisition for extradition.

A sentence passed *in contumaciam* is not to be deemed a conviction, but a person so sentenced may be dealt with as an accused person.

ARTICLE IX.

If the requisition for extradition be in accordance with the foregoing stipulations, the competent authorities of the State applied to shall proceed to the arrest of the fugitive.

ARTICLE X.

If the fugitive has been arrested in the British dominions, he shall forthwith be brought before a competent Magistrate, who is to examine him and to conduct the preliminary investigation of the case just as if the apprehension had taken place for a crime committed in the British dominions.

In the examinations which they have to make in accordance with the foregoing stipulations, the authorities of the British dominions shall admit as valid evidence the sworn depositions or the affirmations of witnesses taken in Liberia, or copies thereof, and likewise the warrants and sentences issued therein, and certificates of, or judicial documents stating the fact of, a conviction, provided the same are authenticated as follows:

1. A warrant must purport to be signed by a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of Liberia.

2. Depositions or affirmations, or the copies thereof, must purport to be certified under the hand of a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of Liberia to be the original depositions or affirmations, or to be the true copies thereof, as the case may require.

3. A certificate of or judicial document stating the fact of a conviction must purport to be certified by a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of Liberia.

4. In every case such warrant, deposition, affirmation, copy, certificate, or judicial document must be authenticated either by the oath of some witness, or by being sealed with the official seal of the Minister of Justice, or some other Minister of Liberia; but any other mode of authentication for the time being permitted by the law in that part of the British dominions where the examination is taken may be substituted for the foregoing.

ARTICLE XI.

If the fugitive has been arrested in Liberia his surrender shall be granted if, upon examination by a competent authority, it appears that the documents furnished by the British Government contain sufficient *prima facie* evidence to justify the extradition.

The Authorities of Liberia shall admit as valid evidence records drawn up by the British authorities of the depositions of witnesses, or copies thereof, and records of conviction or other judicial documents, or copies thereof, provided that the said documents be signed or authenticated by an authority whose competence shall be certified by the seal of a Minister of State of Her Britannic Majesty.

ARTICLE XII.

The extradition shall not take place unless the evidence be found sufficient, according to the laws of the State applied to, either to justify the committal of the prisoner for trial, in case the crime has been committed in the territory of the said State, or to prove that the prisoner is the identical person convicted by the Courts of the State which makes the requisition, and that the crime of which he has been convicted is one in respect of which extradition could, at the time of such conviction, have been granted by the State applied to. The fugitive criminal shall not be surrendered until the expiration of fifteen days from the date of his being committed to prison to await his surrender.

ARTICLE XIII.

If the individual claimed by one of the two High Contracting Parties in pursuance of the

present Treaty should be also claimed by one or several other Powers on account of other crimes or offences committed upon their respective territories, his extradition shall be granted to that State whose demand is earliest in date.

ARTICLE XIV.

If sufficient evidence for the extradition be not produced within three months from the date of the apprehension of the fugitive, or within such further time as the State applied to, or the proper Tribunal thereof, shall direct, the fugitive shall be set at liberty.

ARTICLE XV.

All articles seized which were in the possession of the person to be surrendered at the time of his apprehension shall, if the competent authority of the State applied to for the extradition has ordered the delivery thereof, be given up when the extradition takes place, and the said delivery shall extend not merely to the stolen articles, but to everything that may serve as a proof of the crime.

ARTICLE XVI.

All expenses connected with extradition shall be borne by the demanding State.

ARTICLE XVII.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable to the Colonies and foreign possessions of Her Britannic Majesty, so far as the laws for the time being in force in such Colonies and foreign possessions respectively will allow.

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in any of such Colonies or foreign possessions may be made to the Governor or chief authority of such Colony or possession by any person authorized to act in such Colony or possession as a Consular officer of Liberia, or, if there is no such Consular officer in the Colony, by the Diplomatic Representative of Liberia in London, or, in his absence, by the Liberian Consul-General.

Such requisitions may be disposed of, subject always, as nearly as may be, and so far as the law of such Colony or foreign possession will allow, to the provisions of this Treaty, by the said Governor or chief authority, who, however, shall be at liberty either to grant the surrender, or to refer the matter to his Government.

Her Britannic Majesty shall, however, be at liberty to make special arrangements in the British Colonies and foreign possessions for the surrender of criminals from Liberia, who may take refuge within such Colonies and foreign possessions, on the basis as nearly as may be, and so far as the law of such Colony or foreign possession will allow, of the provisions of the present Treaty.

Requisitions for the surrender of a fugitive criminal emanating from any Colony or foreign possession of Her Britannic Majesty shall be governed by the rules laid down in the preceding Articles of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE XVIII.

The present Treaty shall come into force ten days after its publication in conformity with the forms prescribed by the laws of the High Contracting Parties. It may be terminated by either of the High Contracting Parties at any time on giving to the other six months' notice of its intention to do so.

The Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at London as soon as possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at London, the sixteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

(L.S.) ROSEBERY.

(L.S.) H. HAYMAN.

And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty were exchanged at London on the thirty-first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited Acts, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the twenty-third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, the said Acts shall apply in the case of Liberia, and of the said Treaty with the Republic of Liberia.

Provided always, and it is hereby further ordered, that the operation of the said Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873, shall be suspended within the Dominion of Canada so far as relates to Liberia and to the said Treaty, and so long as the provisions of the Canadian Act aforesaid of 1886 continue in force, and no longer.

C. L. Peel.

No. 1875-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply the Indian Arms Act (XI of 1878) to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts with effect from the date of this notification, subject to the modifications hereinafter appearing, and the Act as modified shall be in the terms set forth in the schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE.

ACT No. XI of 1878.

(Received the Governor-General's assent on the 15th March 1878.)

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Arms, Ammunition and Military Stores.

As applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

Whereas it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to arms, ammunition and military stores; It is hereby enacted as follows:

Preamble.

I.—Preliminary.

1. This Act may be called the Indian Arms Act, 1878; and it extends to the whole of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

Short title.
Local extent.

But nothing herein contained shall apply to the manufacture, conversion, sale, import, export, transport, bearing or possession of arms, ammunition or military stores by order of the Government, or by a public servant or a volunteer enrolled under the Indian Volunteers Act, 1869, in the course of his duty as such public servant or volunteer.

Savings.

XX of 1869.

2. Acts XXXI of 1860 and VI of 1866 are hereby repealed. But all authorities and permissions given, licenses and exemptions granted, orders and appointments made, notifications published, and rules, conditions and forms prescribed, under either of the said Acts, shall be deemed to be respectively given, granted, made, published and prescribed under this Act.

Repeal of enactments.

And all such authorities, permissions, licenses and exemptions shall, except as otherwise provided by this Act, continue in force for the periods for which they may have been given or granted respectively, or, where no such

period is expressly fixed, for one year from the date on which this Act comes into force, and shall then cease to have effect.

Interpretation-clause.

3. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context,—

“cannon” includes also all howitzers, mortars, wall-pieces, mitrailleuses and other ordnance and machine-guns, all parts of the same, and all carriages, platforms and appliances for mounting, transporting and serving the same :

“arms” includes fire-arms, bayonets, swords, daggers, spears, spear-heads and bows and arrows, also cannon and parts of arms, and machinery for manufacturing arms :

“ammunition” includes also all articles specially designed for torpedo service and submarine mining, rockets, gun-cotton, dynamite, lithofracteur and other explosive or fulminating material, gun-flints, gun-wads, percussion-caps, fuses and friction-tubes, all parts of ammunition and all machinery for manufacturing ammunition, but does not include lead, sulphur or saltpetre :

“military stores,” in any section of this Act, means any military stores to which the Governor-General in Council may from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, specially extend such section, and includes also all lead, sulphur, saltpetre and other material to which the Governor-General in Council may from time to time so extend such section :

“license” means a license granted under this Act, and “licensed” means holding such license.

II.—Manufacture, Conversion and Sale.

4. No person shall manufacture, convert or sell, or keep, offer or expose for sale, any arms, ammunition or military stores except under a license, and in the manner and to the extent permitted thereby.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from selling any arms or ammunition which he lawfully possesses for his own private use to any person who is not by any enactment for the time being in force prohibited from possessing the same ; but every person so selling arms or ammunition to any person other than a person entitled to possess the same by reason of an exemption under section 21 of this Act shall, without unnecessary delay, give to the Magistrate of the district, or to the officer in charge of the nearest police-station, notice of the sale and of the purchaser's name and address.

III.—Import, Export and Transport.

5. No person shall bring or take into or out of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts any arms, ammunition or military stores except under a license, and in the manner and to the extent permitted by such license.

Nothing in the first clause of this section extends to arms (other than cannon) or ammunition imported or exported in reasonable quantities for his own private use by any person lawfully entitled to possess, either in British India or in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, such arms or ammunition ; but any Deputy Commissioner in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts may at any time detain such arms or ammunition until he receives the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad thereon.

6. The Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*,—

(a) regulate or prohibit the transport of any description of arms, ammunition or military stores over the whole of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, or any part thereof, either altogether, or except under a license, and to the extent and in the manner permitted by such license ; and

(b) cancel any such notification.

7. When any person is found carrying or conveying any arms, ammunition or military stores, whether covered by a license or not, in such manner or under such circumstances as to afford just grounds of suspicion that the same are being carried by him with intent to use them, or that the same may be used, for any unlawful purpose, any person may without warrant apprehend him and take such arms, ammunition or military stores from him.

Any person so apprehended, and any arms, ammunition or military stores so taken, by a person not being a Magistrate or Police-officer, shall be delivered over as soon as possible to a Police-officer.

All persons apprehended by, or delivered to, a Police-officer, and all arms and ammunition seized by, or delivered to, any such officer under this section, shall be taken without unnecessary delay before a Magistrate.

IV.—Going armed and possessing arms, etc.

8. No person shall go armed with any arms except under a license, and to the extent and in the manner permitted thereby.

Any person so going armed without a license or in contravention of its provisions may be disarmed by any Magistrate, Police-officer or other person empowered by the Resident at Hyderabad in this behalf by name or by virtue of his office.

9. After a date to be fixed in this behalf by the Resident at Hyderabad by notification in the local official Gazette, no person shall have in his possession or under his control any cannon or fire-arms, or any ammunition or military stores, except under a license, and in the manner and to the extent permitted thereby.

10. Any person possessing arms, ammunition or military stores, the possession whereof by him has, in consequence of the cancellation or expiry of a license, become unlawful, shall deposit the same without unnecessary delay with the officer in charge of the nearest police-station.

If the owner of anything deposited under this section does not within three years from the date on which such thing is so deposited produce a license authorising him to possess the same and apply for delivery of the same, such thing shall be forfeited.

V.—Licenses.

11. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, make rules to determine the officers by whom, the form in which, and the terms and conditions on and subject to which, any license shall be granted; and may by such rules, among other matters,—

(a) fix the period for which such license shall continue in force;

(b) fix a fee payable by stamp or otherwise in respect of any such license granted in a place to which section 32, clause 2, of Act No. XXXI of 1860 applies at the time this Act comes into force, or in respect of any such license other than a license for possession granted in any other place;

(c) direct that the holder of any such license other than a license for possession shall keep a record or account, in such form as the Resident at Hyderabad may prescribe, of anything done under such license, and exhibit such record or account when called upon by an officer of Government to do so;

(d) empower any officer of Government to enter and inspect any premises in which arms, ammunition or military stores are manufactured or kept by any person holding a license of the description referred to in section 4 or section 5;

- (e) direct that any such person shall exhibit the entire stock of arms, ammunition and military stores in his possession or under his control to any officer of Government so empowered; and
- (f) require the person holding any license or acting under any license to produce the same, and to produce or account for the arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the same when called upon by an officer of Government so to do

Cancelling and suspension of license.

12. Any license may be cancelled or suspended—

- (a) by the officer by whom the same was granted, or by any authority to which he may be subordinate, or by any Deputy Commissioner within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the holder of such license may be when, for reasons to be recorded in writing, such officer, authority, or Deputy Commissioner deems it necessary for the security of the public peace to cancel or suspend such license; or
- (b) by any Judge or Magistrate before whom the holder of such license is convicted of an offence against this Act, or against the rules made under this Act; and

the Resident at Hyderabad may at his discretion, by a notification in the local official Gazette, cancel or suspend all or any license throughout the whole or any portion of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

VI.—Penalties.

For breach of sections 4, 5, 6, 8 to 11.

13. Whoever commits any of the following offences (namely):

- (a) manufactures, converts or sells, or keeps, offers or exposes for sale, any arms, ammunition or military stores in contravention of the provisions of section 4;
- (b) fails to give notice as required by the same section;
- (c) imports or exports any arms, ammunition or military stores in contravention of the provisions of section 5;
- (d) transports any arms, ammunition or military stores in contravention of a regulation or prohibition issued under section 6;
- (e) goes armed in contravention of the provisions of section 8;
- (f) has in his possession or under his control any cannon, fire-arms, ammunition or military stores in contravention of the provisions of section 9;
- (g) intentionally makes any false entry in a record or account which, by a rule made under section 11, clause (c), he is required to keep;
- (h) intentionally fails to exhibit anything which, by a rule made under section 11, clause (e), he is required to exhibit; or
- (i) fails to deposit arms, ammunition or military stores as required by section 9 or section 10,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.

14. Whoever does any act mentioned in clause (a), (c), (d) or (f) of section 13 in such manner as to indicate an intention that such act may not be known

For secret breaches of sections 4, 5, 6 and 9.

LV of 1880. to any public servant as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or to any person employed upon a railway, or to the servant of any public carrier,

and whoever, on any search being made under section 19, conceals or attempts to conceal any arms, ammunition or military stores,

For concealing arms, etc.

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.

15. Whoever in violation of a condition subject to which a license has been granted does or omits to do any act shall, when the doing or omitting to do such act is not punishable under section 13 or section 14, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

For breach of license.

16. Whoever knowingly purchases any arms, ammunition or military stores from any person not licensed or authorised under the proviso to section 4 to sell the same; or

For knowingly purchasing arms, etc., from unlicensed person.

delivers any arms, ammunition or military stores into the possession of any person without previously ascertaining that such person is legally authorised to possess the same,

For delivering arms, etc., to person not authorised to possess them.

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

17. Any person violating any rule made under this Act, and for the violation of which no penalty is provided by this Act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

Penalty for breach of rule.

18. When any person is convicted of an offence punishable under this Act, committed by him in respect of any arms, ammunition or military stores, it shall be in the discretion of the convicting Court or Magistrate further to direct that the whole or any portion of such arms, ammunition or military stores, and any vessel, cart or baggage-animal used to convey the same, and any box, package or bale in which the same may have been concealed, together with the other contents of such box, package or bale, shall be confiscated.

Power to confiscate.

VII.—Miscellaneous.

19. Whenever any Magistrate has reason to believe that any person residing within the local limits of his jurisdiction has in his possession any arms, ammunition or military stores for any unlawful purpose, or that such person cannot be left in the possession of any such arms, ammunition or military stores without danger to the public peace,

Search and seizure by Magistrate.

such Magistrate, having first recorded the grounds of his belief, may cause a search to be made of the house or premises occupied by such person or in which such Magistrate has reason to believe such arms, ammunition or military stores are or is to be found, and may seize and detain the same, although covered by a license, in safe custody for such time as he thinks necessary.

The search in such case shall be conducted by, or in the presence of, a Magistrate, or by, or in the presence of, some officer specially empowered in this behalf by name or in virtue of his office by the Resident at Hyderabad.

20. The Resident at Hyderabad may at any time order or cause to be seized any arms, ammunition or military stores in the possession of any person, notwithstanding that such person is licensed to possess the same, and may detain the same for such time as he thinks necessary for the public safety.

Seizure and detention by the Resident at Hyderabad.

Power to exempt.

21. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time, by notification published in the *Gazette of India*,—

(a) exempt any person by name or in virtue of his office, or any class of persons, or exclude any description of arms or ammunition, or withdraw any part of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, from the operation of any prohibition or direction contained in this Act; and

(b) cancel any such notification, and again subject the persons or things, or the part of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts comprised therein, to the operation of such prohibition or direction.

22. Every person aware of the commission of any offence punishable under this Act shall, in the absence of reasonable excuse, the burden of proving which shall lie upon such person, give information of the same to the nearest Police-officer or Magistrate, and

every person employed upon any railway or by any public carrier shall in the absence of reasonable excuse, the burden of proving which shall lie upon such person, give information to the nearest Police-officer regarding any box, package or bale in transit which he may have reason to suspect contains arms, ammunition or military stores in respect of which an offence against this Act has been or is being committed.

23. Where an offence punishable under section 13, clause (f), has been committed within three months from the date on which this Act comes into force in any place to which section 32, clause 2, of Act XXXI of 1860 applies at such date, or where such an offence has been committed in any part of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts not being such a place, no proceedings shall be instituted against any person in respect of such offence without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner of the district.

24. Where a search is to be made under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, in the course of any proceedings instituted in respect of an offence punishable under section 13, clause (f), such search shall, notwithstanding anything contained in the said Code, be made in the presence of some officer specially appointed by name or in virtue of his office by the Resident at Hyderabad in this behalf, and not otherwise.

25. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other law for any act or omission which constitutes an offence against this Act or the rules made under it, or from being liable under such other law to any higher punishment or penalty than that provided by this Act: provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

26. The Resident at Hyderabad may from time to time, by notification in the local official Gazette, direct a census to be taken of all fire-arms in any local area, and empower any person by name or in virtue of his office to take such census.

On the issue of any such notification, all persons possessing any such arms in such area shall furnish to the person so empowered such information as he may require in reference thereto, and shall produce such arms to him if he so requires.

Any person refusing or neglecting to produce any such arms when so required shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

27. No proceeding other than a suit shall be commenced against any person for anything done in pursuance of this Act without having given him at least one month's previous notice in writing of the intended proceeding and of the cause thereof, nor after the expiration of three months from the accrual of such cause.

No. 1876-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 21 of the Indian Arms Act (XI of 1878), as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1875-I., dated the 1st June, 1894, the Governor-General in Council is pleased—

(1) to exclude from the operation of any prohibition or direction contained in the said Act—

- (a) bows and arrows;
- (b) uniform swords and dirks manufactured in Europe of recognised military or official patterns;
- (c) swords imported for presentation as army or volunteer prizes;

- (d) ornamental arms of an obsolete pattern possessing only antiquarian value, provided they are virtually useless for offensive and defensive purposes; and
 - (e) spears of all kinds and hunting knives, except when possessed and carried by persons or classes whom the Resident may from time to time prescribe by notification in the local official Gazette; and
- (2) to exclude gun-wads and wire cartridges from the operation of section 5 of the said Act.

No. 1877-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 21 of the Indian Arms Act (XI of 1878), as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1875-I., dated the 1st June, 1894, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to exempt from the operation of all prohibitions and directions contained in sections 8, 9 and 10 of the said Act, other than those referring to cannon, articles designed for torpedo service, war-rockets and machinery for the manufacture of arms and ammunition, the following persons, namely:

1. All Maharajas, Rajas, Nawabs, and members of any Order of Knighthood; all persons bearing a title conferred by the Government of India; all persons who have been granted a sword in public darbar; all persons who received certificates on the 1st January 1877; and all persons who are exempted from personal attendance at Civil Courts.

2. All members and ex-members of the Council of the Governor-General, or of the Council of the Governor of Madras or Bombay, or of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

3. All military and naval officers, all soldiers (including men transferred to the Indian Reserve Forces), sailors, and volunteers, and such officers of the Police (including members of the Thagi and Dakaiti Department), Forest, Postal, Telegraph, Jail, Salt, Opium, and Excise Departments as the Resident may by general or special order direct, subject to the proviso that the arms and ammunition carried or possessed by such persons shall be for their own personal use and not in excess of such quantities (if any) as may have been declared by the Governor-General in Council or the Resident to be reasonable for them to carry or possess.

4. All Magistrates, Justices of the Peace, and special Magistrates, and all officers of the Public Works Department of and above the rank of Assistant Engineer.

5. All European and East Indian subjects of Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India; all Armenians; and all Americans and Europeans, not British-born subjects of Her Majesty, who are temporarily residing or travelling in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

6. All Consuls and Consular Agents, and all duly accredited Vakils or Agents of Native States.

7. All ruling chiefs on the occasions of their entering or residing in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, with their retinues to such numbers as may in each case be settled by the Political Officer in communication with the Resident, and all officials of such chiefs passing through the Hyderabad Assigned Districts on duty.

8. All pensioned officers of the Native Army, and such pensioned officers of the civil departments as the Resident may by general or special order direct, subject to the proviso that the arms and ammunition carried or possessed by such persons shall be for their own personal use and not in excess of such quantities (if any) as may have been declared by the Governor-General in Council or the Resident to be reasonable for them to carry or possess.

9. The following personages and their retainers:

(a) the Melghat Rajas;

(b) any other personages or classes of personages (with their retainers) who may from time to time be exempted in British India from

the operation of prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16 of the said Act, subject to such orders as the respective Local Governments may issue regarding the personages to be included in these categories, and the number of weapons and of retainers in each case.

10. Landholders and members of Municipal Committees or District Boards of approved loyalty and of good position according to lists that may from time to time be issued by the Resident.

11. All office-bearing patels for the period of their office.

12. All heads of villages, ghatwals, dighwars, and other rural police in respect of such arms as the Resident may from time to time notify to be necessary for the discharge of their duties.

13. All revenue officials and postal runners in frontier or wild districts where the superior departmental officers direct them to carry arms on duty.

14. Such subordinate officials of the Geological Survey of India as may from time to time be authorised by the Superintendent of the Geological Survey to possess or carry arms, the number and description of which should be specified in each case.

No. 1878-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 11 of the Indian Arms Act (XI of 1878), as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1875-I., dated the 1st June, 1894, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following rules (being the rules made for British India under the Indian Arms Act (XI of 1878), subject to certain modifications) shall apply to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts:

RULES.

Transport, Import, and Export.

1. No arms or ammunition or military stores shall be transported in any part of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts without a license in form I appended to these rules. The license will be granted by the Deputy Commissioner of the district. If the articles are to be consigned to a place beyond the jurisdiction of the officer granting the license, the consent of the Deputy Commissioner of the district to which the consignment is made must be obtained before the license is issued. Such consent may be obtained by the person applying for the license, or the Deputy Commissioner to whom application for the license is made may forward the proposed license to the officer whose consent is required; and on receiving reply may either issue the license to the applicant, or inform him that his application for a license to transport arms, etc., has been refused. The fee payable in respect of every such license shall be ten rupees.

2. Persons lawfully entitled to possess arms, or to go armed, are permitted to transport in any part of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities for their own use. Any person abusing this exemption, and transporting such articles otherwise than in reasonable quantities for his own use, will be held to have contravened this rule, and will, on conviction, become liable to the penalties under sections 13 and 14.

3. A person licensed to possess arms, ammunition, or military stores, or who is exempted from the liability to take out such a license, is entitled to transport to his residence from the premises of a licensed dealer arms, ammunition, or military stores without a separate transport license so long as the articles purchased are in reasonable quantity and for his own use. A licensed dealer in arms, ammunition, and military stores may supply the order of any such person, and may, without a separate transport license, send or despatch in any way desired to the residence of the purchaser the articles ordered by any such person so long as they fulfil the requirements of rule 2, and are legibly addressed to the person for whom they are intended.

4. A license to transport arms or ammunition or military stores is void if the consignment breaks bulk at any place short of the district for which it may

be granted. A license to transport shall ordinarily not be made valid for more than twice the period actually required for the conveyance of the articles to their destination by the intended route.

5. No license shall be granted, save by the special order of the Governor-General in Council, certified under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, for the importation into the Hyderabad Assigned Districts of any rifles, or parts of or fittings for rifles, except rifles or parts of or fittings for rifles of such quality or in such quantity as may reasonably be held to be intended for *bonâ fide* sporting purposes.

6. Licenses to import into the Hyderabad Assigned Districts arms (other than arms for which the Governor-General in Council is to issue licenses under rule 5), ammunition, or military stores may be granted by the Deputy Commissioner of the district to which such arms, ammunition, or military stores are consigned. The fee payable in respect of each such license shall be rupees five; but officers granting such licenses are empowered to remit the fee when the arms, ammunition, or military stores are of a reasonable quantity, and such officers are satisfied that they are required *bonâ fide* for purposes of protection of person or property. In the case of arms, ammunition, or military stores imported into the Hyderabad Assigned Districts from any other part of the territories of His Highness the Nizam or from any other Native State, a copy of the license shall be sent by the officer granting it to the Secretary for Berar to the Resident at Hyderabad. If the district to which the articles to be imported are consigned is other than a frontier district, and they are to cross the frontier by road or river, a copy of the license shall also be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of the frontier district, who shall, if he thinks necessary, require the holder of the license to produce them for his inspection. If the articles are to cross the frontier by rail, a copy of the license shall be sent in the case of consignments despatched from a Presidency town to the Commissioner of Police, and in other cases to the Magistrate of the district from which the articles are to be despatched. In such cases the Commissioner of Police or the Magistrate of the district, as the case may be, should at once forward a copy of the license to the railway authorities at the place of despatch. And the railway authorities shall in every such instance satisfy themselves before delivery that the arms, ammunition, or military stores claimed by any consignee correspond with the description given in the original license, which the said consignee must produce, and also that the said license is identical in substance with the copy sent to them by the Commissioner of Police or Magistrate of the district. If the license is not produced, or the arms, ammunition, or military stores claimed do not correspond with the description in the license, the railway authorities will give immediate notice of the fact to the nearest Magistrate.

The license shall be prepared in form II appended to these rules.

7. Licenses to export arms or ammunition or military stores by road or by river to any place beyond the border of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and not within the limits of British India, may be granted by the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, or by the Resident at Hyderabad, or by an officer authorised by the Government of India or by the Resident to grant such license.

Licenses granted under this rule will be prepared in form III, and be charged with a fee of rupees five, except in such cases as the Government of India in the Foreign Department or the Resident at Hyderabad may grant exemption from, or reduction of, the prescribed fee.

Copies of such licenses shall be sent on the day of issue to the Resident at Hyderabad and to the Political Officer of the State to which the articles are to be exported. If the articles are to be carried across the frontier by rail, a copy of the license should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of the district from which the articles are to be despatched. In such cases the Deputy Commissioner of the district should at once forward a copy of the license to the railway authorities at the place of despatch. No railway company shall receive for despatch any box, package, or bale containing arms, ammunition, or

military stores as defined in the Indian Arms Act (XI of 1878), as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts and the rules framed thereunder, unless covered and accompanied by the original license granted under these rules; and the railway authorities shall in every instance satisfy themselves that the goods tendered to them for conveyance correspond to the description given in such license, and that the license is identical with that forwarded to them by the Deputy Commissioner of the district.

8. Persons desirous of transporting, importing, or exporting arms, ammunition, or military stores in, into, or from the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, must apply in writing to the nearest officer authorised to grant a license. The application must specify—

- (a) the place to which the articles are to be transported, imported, or exported; the route of transport, import, or export; and the probable time that will be occupied in the journey;
- (b) the quantity, description, average price, and the purpose of each kind of arms or ammunition; or
- (c) in the case of transport or export, whether the applicant has obtained the consent of the Magistrate or Police officer of the place of consignment. [If so, the evidence of such consent must be produced.]

9. Persons transporting, importing by road, or exporting arms, ammunition, or military stores under a license must write legibly on the cases or packages containing such articles an account of their contents.

10. In the case of transport or import, the consignee must, within six days of the articles reaching their destination, deliver the transport or import license to the Deputy Commissioner of the district. In the case of articles exported from the Hyderabad Assigned Districts to any place not within the limits of British India, the export license must within six days of the consignment reaching the frontier district, and before it leaves the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, be delivered to the Magistrate of the frontier district, or other officer empowered by him on this behalf. In the case of articles imported into the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, the import license must, within six days of the consignment entering the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, be shown to the Magistrate of the frontier district or other officer empowered by him in this behalf.

11. The officer to whom the transport, import, or export license, as the case may be, may be delivered under rule 10 must satisfy himself that the articles correspond with the entries in the license, and that any deficiency is properly accounted for.

Manufacture and Sale.

12. Licenses to manufacture, convert, keep, and sell arms or ammunition or military stores may be granted by the Deputy Commissioner of the district. They shall be in forms IV and V appended to these rules. The fee, payable in stamps, shall be twenty rupees in respect of licenses to manufacture, convert, and sell, and ten rupees in respect of licenses to keep and sell arms, ammunition, or military stores. Every license-holder under this rule shall keep, in such form as the Resident at Hyderabad may from time to time direct, registers of all arms manufactured or converted, of all ammunition and military stores manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on demand by any Magistrate or by any Police officer not below the rank of Inspector. Magistrates and all Police officers not below the rank of Inspector are hereby empowered to enter and inspect any premises within their several jurisdictions in which arms or ammunition or sulphur are or is manufactured or kept, and to examine the stock and accounts of receipts and sales of arms, ammunition, and military stores. Any person licensed to sell arms and ammunition shall affix on a conspicuous part of his shop or usual place of business a signboard, on which shall be painted in large letters in English, or in the vernacular of the district, his name and the words "Licensed to manufacture (or, as the case may be, 'Licensed to deal in') arms, ammunition, and military stores." He

shall also post up in his shop a copy of section 22 of the Indian Arms Act (XI of 1878), as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, either in the vernacular of the district or in English.

Possession of arms, and going armed.

13. Licenses to possess cannon shall not be granted, save under the special order of the Governor-General in Council, certified under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department. A copy of such license, so certified, must be sent immediately on its issue to the Deputy Commissioner of the place where the cannon is to be kept.

14. Licenses to possess arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities and to go armed for purposes of sport, of protection, or of display may be granted by the Deputy Commissioner of the district, or any Magistrate specially authorised in this behalf by the Resident in form VI. Such licenses shall be liable to a fee of four annas for each weapon. Such a license will authorise its holder to carry the arms described in the license on occasions when they may be reasonably required for the purposes named in the license. But the holder, unless specially authorised by the Deputy Commissioner, must not go armed in railway carriages, to fairs, religious processions, or other public assemblages. Licenses granted under this rule shall, on countersignature by the Commissioner, Hyderabad Assigned Districts, or other officer authorised in this regard by the Resident at Hyderabad, be valid for all the districts of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

15. Any Deputy Commissioner may grant a license in form VII for a journey, specifying the direction of the journey and the period it will occupy. Such license will be valid in other jurisdictions only for such journey and for such period, and will be liable to a fee of four annas for each weapon. Holders of licenses under this rule, unless specially authorised by the officer granting the licenses, must not go armed in railway carriages, to fairs, religious processions, or other public assemblages.

16. Licenses simply to possess fire-arms or ammunition or military stores may be granted in form VIII without fee. Such licenses will not authorise the holders to go armed or to carry arms.

17. Licenses for possession of arms and ammunition may be granted in form IX without fee, and for a term of five years, to persons who require arms for the destruction of wild animals which do injury to human beings, cattle, or crops. Such a license will be valid only in or on the immediate confines of the district for which it is granted. It will be subject to the conditions that the license and the weapon it covers is shown once a year, between the 15th November and the 31st December, to the nearest Magistrate, that the weapon becomes confiscated to Government directly it is sold or seized in execution of any debt; and that such weapon is carried only on occasions when it is to be used *bonâ fide* for the destruction of wild animals. Holders of licenses under this rule must not go armed in railway carriages, to fairs, religious processions, or other public assemblages.

18. Licenses may be granted to contractors, cultivators, and other persons without payment of any fee, entitling the holder to possess and transport gunpowder and fuses in reasonable quantities when the same are proved to the satisfaction of the officer granting the license to be required *bonâ fide*, in the case of licenses granted to contractors, for blasting purposes, and in the case of licenses granted to cultivators and persons for similar purposes in connection with agricultural works or works of public utility. Such licenses shall be given in form X appended to these rules.

19. Licenses may be granted to contractors and other persons without payment of any fee, entitling the holder to transport dynamite, blasting gelatine, and detonating caps in reasonable quantities when the same are proved to the satisfaction of the officer granting the license to be required *bonâ fide* for blasting purposes. Such licenses shall be given in form X appended to these rules.

20. Licenses for the importation, possession, or transport of sulphur proved to the satisfaction of the Resident to be intended only for *bona fide* medicinal, manufacturing, or agricultural purposes may be granted without payment of any fee. This concession does not extend to sulphur intended for the manufacture of gunpowder or of "ammunition" generally as defined in section 3 of the Indian Arms Act (XI of 1878) as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

General.

21. The fees leviable under these rules shall be taken in the shape of "impressed stamps." Ordinarily the applications for licenses or renewals of licenses shall be written on "impressed stamps" of value equal to the amount of fee leviable in respect of such licenses or renewals; and the licenses will be issued on plain paper. But when the licenses themselves are written or printed on "impressed stamps," the applications may be on plain paper. When an application for a license is written on an "impressed stamp," and the license is refused, the value of the stamp shall be refunded to the applicant.

22. Applications for licenses in respect of which no fee is leviable, or regarding licenses on which the full fee has been paid, shall be considered to be applications within meaning of Schedule II, article I, clause (a), of the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870) as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and shall bear a court-fee stamp of one anna.

23. All licenses under rules 12 and 14 shall expire on the 31st December of the year for which they may be issued; licenses under rule 17 shall expire on the 31st December of the fifth year of their currency. But the currency of a license may be renewed, previous to its expiration, on payment of a second fee, by the same authority that granted it.

24. When a license granted in accordance with these rules is lost, or accidentally destroyed, a duplicate may be granted to the licensee on payment of the same fee as he paid on the original license if not in excess of one rupee, and in any other case on payment of a fee of one rupee. Cultivators or other persons to whom licenses may have been granted without payment of any fee may obtain duplicates of such licenses if lost or destroyed free of all fee.

25. All licenses shall be given and held subject to the conditions endorsed on the reverse, and subject to these rules, and subject to the provisions of the Act. Licenses under rules 14 and 17 may be granted subject to the observance of a close season in the pursuit of game-birds or animals that do not injure either men or cattle or crops. The limits of the close season will be decided by the Resident, and the condition regarding such close season, if imposed, shall be endorsed on the reverse of the license.

26. Any person holding a license, or acting under a license granted in accordance with these rules, shall be bound to produce the same when called upon to do so by any Magistrate, or by any Police officer in charge of a police-station, or by any Police officer of higher rank.

27. Licenses granted for use within the Hyderabad Assigned Districts shall be written or printed in Marathi. Licenses granted for use beyond the Hyderabad Assigned Districts shall be in English, and may be in Marathi as well.

28. A license granted under these rules will cover only the weapons or other articles and the persons named therein, unless the officer granting a license under rule 14 or rule 15 deems it expedient to include the retainers of any person named in the license: in such case the entry on the face of the license shall declare how many and whose retainers are covered by the license.

29. Any officer empowered to grant a license under these rules may at his discretion refuse to grant, to renew, or to consent to the issue of a license, or may refer any application for the orders of the Resident.

30. All Magistrates or other authorities acting under these rules will perform their duties subject to the control of their executive superior and of the Resident.

FORM I.

FREE TEN RUPEES IN STAMPS.

License to transport arms, ammunition, or military stores in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

Name, etc., of licensee-holder and agent, if any, authorized for the purpose of this consignment.	Place of licensee-holder's business.	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION.		Place of despatch, route, and mode of transit.	Time for which pass is valid.	Destination.	Name and residence of consignee.
			Description.	Number.	Description.	Number or weight in seers.				
								From the _____		
								to the _____		
								_____ 189 .		

Date on which consent was given by the _____
 _____ of the _____ of the
 _____ where _____ or
 is the place of consignment. _____ place of despatch.
 The _____ 189 . The _____ 189 .

Seal.

This license is subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and of the rules framed thereunder.

This license is void after the expiration of the period named, or if bulk is broken before reaching the place of destination, or if the articles are taken by any route other than is specified on the license.

The contents of each package covered by this license must be described in legible letters on the outside of such package.

The articles covered by this license will be delivered only to persons lawfully entitled to possess the same.

This license must be delivered to the Deputy Commissioner of the district to which the articles are consigned, and the articles must be available for exhibition to such Deputy Commissioner within six days of the consignment reaching his district.

The officer granting this license must send a copy thereof on the day of issue to the Deputy Commissioner of the district as above described.

When the license is granted for transport within the limits of the same district, the license must be given up to the local Magistrate (if any) having jurisdiction in the place to which the articles are consigned, who will satisfy himself that the conditions have been complied with, and return the license to the Deputy Commissioner. The Deputy Commissioner will send copies of any license granted by him for transport within the district to the local Magistrate having jurisdiction. Where there is no local Magistrate, the license must be returned to the Deputy Commissioner.

20. Licenses for the importation, possession, or transport of sulphur proved to the satisfaction of the Resident to be intended only for *bona fide* medicinal, manufacturing, or agricultural purposes may be granted without payment of any fee. This concession does not extend to sulphur intended for the manufacture of gunpowder or of "ammunition" generally as defined in section 3 of the Indian Arms Act (XI of 1878) as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

General.

21. The fees leviable under these rules shall be taken in the shape of "impressed stamps." Ordinarily the applications for licenses or renewals of licenses shall be written on "impressed stamps" of value equal to the amount of fee leviable in respect of such licenses or renewals; and the licenses will be issued on plain paper. But when the licenses themselves are written or printed on "impressed stamps," the applications may be on plain paper. When an application for a license is written on an "impressed stamp," and the license is refused, the value of the stamp shall be refunded to the applicant.

22. Applications for licenses in respect of which no fee is leviable, or regarding licenses on which the full fee has been paid, shall be considered to be applications within meaning of Schedule II, article I, clause (a), of the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870) as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and shall bear a court-fee stamp of one anna.

23. All licenses under rules 12 and 14 shall expire on the 31st December of the year for which they may be issued; licenses under rule 17 shall expire on the 31st December of the fifth year of their currency. But the currency of a license may be renewed, previous to its expiration, on payment of a second fee, by the same authority that granted it.

24. When a license granted in accordance with these rules is lost, or accidentally destroyed, a duplicate may be granted to the licensee on payment of the same fee as he paid on the original license if not in excess of one rupee, and in any other case on payment of a fee of one rupee. Cultivators or other persons to whom licenses may have been granted without payment of any fee may obtain duplicates of such licenses if lost or destroyed free of all fee.

25. All licenses shall be given and held subject to the conditions endorsed on the reverse, and subject to these rules, and subject to the provisions of the Act. Licenses under rules 14 and 17 may be granted subject to the observance of a close season in the pursuit of game-birds or animals that do not injure either men or cattle or crops. The limits of the close season will be decided by the Resident, and the condition regarding such close season, if imposed, shall be endorsed on the reverse of the license.

26. Any person holding a license, or acting under a license granted in accordance with these rules, shall be bound to produce the same when called upon to do so by any Magistrate, or by any Police officer in charge of a police-station, or by any Police officer of higher rank.

27. Licenses granted for use within the Hyderabad Assigned Districts shall be written or printed in Marathi. Licenses granted for use beyond the Hyderabad Assigned Districts shall be in English, and may be in Marathi as well.

28. A license granted under these rules will cover only the weapons or other articles and the persons named therein, unless the officer granting a license under rule 14 or rule 15 deems it expedient to include the retainers of any person named in the license: in such case the entry on the face of the license shall declare how many and whose retainers are covered by the license.

29. Any officer empowered to grant a license under these rules may at his discretion refuse to grant, to renew, or to consent to the issue of a license, or may refer any application for the orders of the Resident.

30. All Magistrates or other authorities acting under these rules will perform their duties subject to the control of their executive superior and of the Resident.

FORM I.

FEE TEN RUPEES IN STAMPS.

License to transport arms, ammunition, or military stores in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

Name, etc., of license-holder and agent, if any, authorized for the purpose of this consignment.	Place of license-holder's business.	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION.		Place of despatch, route, and mode of transit.	Time for which pass is valid.	Destination.	Name and residence of consignee.
			Description.	Number.	Description.	Number or weight in seers.				
								From the _____		
								to the _____		
								_____ 189 .		

Date on which consent was given by the _____

_____ of the _____ of the _____ where _____ or _____

is the place of consignment.

_____ place of despatch.

The _____ 189 .

The _____ 189 .

Seal.

This license is subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and of the rules framed thereunder.

This license is void after the expiration of the period named, or if bulk is broken before reaching the place of destination, or if the articles are taken by any route other than is specified on the license.

The contents of each package covered by this license must be described in legible letters on the outside of such package.

The articles covered by this license will be delivered only to persons lawfully entitled to possess the same.

This license must be delivered to the Deputy Commissioner of the district to which the articles are consigned, and the articles must be available for exhibition to such Deputy Commissioner within six days of the consignment reaching his district.

The officer granting this license must send a copy thereof on the day of issue to the Deputy Commissioner of the district as above described.

When the license is granted for transport within the limits of the same district, the license must be given up to the local Magistrate (if any) having jurisdiction in the place to which the articles are consigned, who will satisfy himself that the conditions have been complied with, and return the license to the Deputy Commissioner. The Deputy Commissioner will send copies of any license granted by him for transport within the district to the local Magistrate having jurisdiction. Where there is no local Magistrate, the license must be returned to the Deputy Commissioner.

FORM II.

FEE FIVE RUPEES IN STAMPS.

License to import arms, ammunition, or military stores into the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

Name, etc., of license-holder and agent, if any.	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch and route.	Purpose for which consignment is required.	Destination.	Name and residence of consignee.	Period for which license is valid.
		Description.	Number.	Description.	Weight or number.					
										From the _____ of _____ 189 to the _____ of _____ 189

Seal.

The _____ 189 .

(Signature.)

Deputy Commissioner of the _____ District.

This license is valid only for the period and the route named herein.

It becomes invalid if bulk is broken or the consignment is stopped at any place on the journey.

It is given subject to the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and the rules framed thereunder.

The contents of each package covered by this license shall be described in legible characters on the outside of such package.

This license must be delivered to the Deputy Commissioner when the articles covered by it reach their destination. In the case of consignments crossing the frontier by road or river, the articles must, within six days of their entering the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, be available for exhibition to the frontier Magistrate, or other officer whom he may empower in this behalf. In case of consignments crossing the frontier by rail, this license must be shown to the Railway authorities of the station of despatch.

FORM III.

• FREE FIVE RUPEES IN STAMPS.

License to export arms, ammunition, or military stores to any place beyond the border of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and not within the limits of British India.

Name, etc., of licenseholder and agent, if any.	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch and route.	Purpose for which consignment is required.	Destination.	Name and residence of consignee.	Period for which license is valid.
		Description.	Number.	Description.	Weight or number.					
										From the _____ of _____ 189 to the _____ of _____ 189

The _____ 189

Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

This license is valid only for the period and the route named herein.

It becomes invalid if bulk is broken or the consignment stopped at any place on the journey.

It is given subject to the provisions of the Indian Army Act, 1878, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and of the rules framed thereunder.

The contents of each package covered by this license shall be described in legible characters on the outside of such package.

The license must be delivered to the Railway authorities or to the frontier Deputy Commissioner or other officer empowered by him to receive export licenses on his behalf as provided in rules 7 and 10. In the case of consignments crossing the frontier by road or river, the articles must be made available for exhibition to the frontier Magistrate or other principal officer within six days of their reaching the frontier district, and before they leave the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

4. If any arms or ammunition covered by this license are lost or stolen, he shall at once give notice at the nearest police-station. *

5. He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his shop or usual place of business a signboard, on which shall be painted in large letters in English, or in the vernacular of the district, his name and the words "Licensed to manufacture (or, as the case may be, 'Licensed to deal in') arms, ammunition, and military stores." He shall also post up in his shop a copy of section 22 of the Act, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, either in the vernacular of the district or in English.

6. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license under Form VI or VII, (1) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold; (2) the nature and amount of the articles sold; and (3) the date of sale; and shall sign the endorsement.

7. This license only covers sales of arms, ammunition, or military stores effected upon the premises shown on the face of the license.

8. The licensee shall not sell arms to a soldier of the Native Army unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass.

9. This license expires on the 31st December of the year in which it is issued, but the licensee can have it renewed by filing an application for its renewal on stamped paper of the prescribed value.

* N. B.—This condition may be omitted at the discretion of the Resident.

Sections of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, referred to in Condition No. 1.

4. No person shall manufacture, convert, or sell, or keep, offer, or expose for sale, any arms, ammunition, or military stores except under a license, and in the manner and to the extent permitted thereby.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from selling any arms or ammunition which he lawfully possesses for his own private use to any person who is not by any enactment for the time being in force prohibited from possessing the same; but every person so selling arms or ammunition to any person other than a person entitled to possess the same by reason of an exemption under section 21 of this Act shall, without unnecessary delay, give to the Magistrate of the district, or to the officer in charge of the nearest police-station, notice of the sale and of the purchaser's name and address.

10. Any persons possessing arms, ammunition, or military stores, the possession whereof by him has, in consequence of the cancellation or expiry of a license, become unlawful, shall deposit the same without unnecessary delay with the officer in charge of the nearest police-station.

If the owner of anything deposited under this section does not, within three years from the date on which such thing is so deposited, produce a license authorizing him to possess the same and apply for delivery of the same, such thing shall be forfeited.

13. Whoever commits any of the following offences (namely):

- (a) manufactures, converts, or sells, or keeps, offers, or exposes for sale, any arms, ammunition, or military stores in contravention of the provisions of section 4;
- (b) fails to give notice as required by the same section;

* * * * *

- (g) intentionally makes any false entry in a record or account which by a rule * * * he is required to keep;
- (h) intentionally fails to exhibit anything which by a rule * * * he is required to exhibit; or

- (i) fails to deposit arms, ammunition, or military stores as required by* section 10,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.

14. Whoever does any act mentioned in clause (a) * * * of section 13 in such manner as to indicate an intention that such act may not be known to any public servant as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or to any person employed upon a railway, or to the servant of any public carrier,

and whoever, on any search being made under section 19, conceals or attempts to conceal any arms, ammunition, or military stores,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.

15. Whoever in violation of a condition subject to which a license has been granted does or omits to do any act shall, when the doing or omitting to do such act is not punishable under section 13 or 14, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

16. Whoever knowingly purchases any arms, ammunition, or military stores from any person not licensed or authorized under the proviso to section 4 to sell the same, or delivers any arms, ammunition, or military stores into the possession of any person without previously ascertaining that such person is legally authorized to possess the same,

18. When any person is convicted of an offence punishable under this Act, committed by him in respect of any arms, ammunition, or military stores, it shall be in the discretion of the convicting Court or Magistrate further to direct that the whole or any portion of such arms, ammunition, or military stores, and any vessel, cart, or baggage animal used to convey the same, and any box, package, or bale in which the same may have been concealed, together with the other contents of such box, package, or bale, shall be confiscated.

FREE TEN RUPEES IN STAMPS.

Serial No. of license.	Name and residence of license-holder.	Place of business.	DESCRIPTION OF		Date on which license expires.
			Arms.	Ammunition and military stores.	
					The 31st Decem- ber 189 .

of

[illegible]

1. This license is given subject to the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and the rules framed thereunder. The attention of the holder is drawn to the sections of the Act quoted separately below.

2. He shall keep registers of all arms and ammunition in stock, and of all sales, in such form as the Resident at Hyderabad may from time to time direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on demand by any Magistrate or by any Police-officer not below the rank of Inspector.

4. If any arms or ammunition covered by this license are lost or stolen, he shall at once give notice at the nearest police-station.*

5. He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his shop or usual place of business a sign-board, on which shall be painted in large letters in English, or in the vernacular of the district, his name and the words "Licensed to deal in arms, ammunition, and military stores." He shall also post up in his shop a copy of section 22 of the Act, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, either in the vernacular of the district or in English.

6. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license under Form VI or VII, (1) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold; (2) the nature and amount of the articles sold; and (3) the date of the sale; and shall sign the endorsement.

7. This license only covers sales of arms, ammunition, or military stores effected upon the premises shown on the face of the license.

8. The licensee shall not sell arms to a soldier of the Native Army unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass.

9. This license expires on the 31st December of the year in which it is issued, but the license can have it renewed by filing an application for its renewal on stamped paper of the prescribed value.

* N.B.—This condition may be omitted at the discretion of the Resident.

Sections of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, referred to in Condition No. 1.

4. No person shall manufacture, convert, or sell, or keep, offer, or expose for sale, any arms, ammunition, or military stores except under a license, and in the manner and to the extent permitted thereby.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from selling any arms or ammunition which he lawfully possesses for his own private use to any person who is not by any enactment for the time being in force prohibited from possessing the same; but every person so selling arms or ammunition to any person other than a person entitled to possess the same by reason of an exemption under section 21 of this Act shall, without unnecessary delay, give to the Magistrate of the district, or to the officer in charge of the nearest police-station, notice of the sale and of the purchaser's name and address.

10. Any person possessing arms, ammunition, or military stores, the possession whereof by him has, in consequence of the cancellation or expiry of a license, become unlawful, shall deposit the same without unnecessary delay with the officer in charge of the nearest police-station.

If the owner of anything deposited under this section does not within three years from the date on which such thing is so deposited produce a license authorizing him to possess the same, and apply for delivery of the same, such thing shall be forfeited.

13. Whoever commits any of the following offences (namely) :

(a) manufactures, converts, or sells, or keeps, offers, or exposes for sale, any arms, ammunition, or military stores in contravention of the provisions of section 4 ;

(b) fails to give notice as required by the same section ;

* * * * *

(g) intentionally makes any false entry in a record or account which by a rule * * he is required to keep ;

(h) intentionally fails to exhibit anything which by a rule * * * he is required to exhibit ; or

(i) fails to deposit arms, ammunition, or military stores as required by * * * section 10.

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.

14. Whoever does any act mentioned in clause (a) * * * of section 13 in such manner as to indicate an intention that such act may not be known to any public servant as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or to any person employed upon a railway, or to the servant of any public carrier,

and whoever, on any search being made under section 19, conceals or attempts to conceal any arms, ammunition, or military stores,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.

15. Whoever in violation of a condition subject to which a license has been granted does or omits to do any act shall, when the doing or omitting to do such act is not punishable under section 13 or section 14, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

16. Whoever knowingly purchases any arms, ammunition, or military stores from any person not licensed or authorized under the proviso to section 4 to sell the same, or

delivers any arms, ammunition, or military stores into the possession of any person without previously ascertaining that such person is legally authorized to possess the same,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

17. Any person violating any rule made under this Act, and for the violation of which no penalty is provided by this Act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

18. When any person is convicted of an offence punishable under this Act, committed by him in respect of any arms, ammunition, or military stores, it shall be in the discretion of the convicting Court or Magistrate further to direct that the whole or any portion of such arms ammunition, or military stores, and any vessel, cart, or baggage animal used to convey the same, and any box, package, or bale in which the same may have been concealed, together with the other contents of such box, package, or bale, shall be confiscated.

FORM VI.

FEE FOUR ANNAS FOR EACH WEAPON, PAYABLE IN STAMPS.

License to possess arms or ammunition and to go armed for purposes of sport, protection, or display.

Serial No. of license.	Name of license holder, with particulars of residence.	Number of retainers, if any, covered by the license (rule 28).	Description of arms or ammunition.	Purpose for which granted.	District or place within which license is valid.	Date on which license expires.
						The 31st of December 189 .

(Signature.)

The _____ of _____ 189 . }

Seal.

_____ of the _____

Form of renewing the license.

Date and year of renewal.	Date on which the renewed license expires.	Signature of the Deputy Commissioner.

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and the rules framed thereunder.

2. It covers only the persons and the arms named therein, unless it is certified to cover retainers of the holder.

3. It is void after the date named therein.

4. It extends only to the place or district named therein, unless countersigned for the whole of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts by the Commissioner or other superior officer.

5. It authorises the holder or persons acting under it to go armed within the place or district named for *bond fide* prosecution of the purpose named on the license; but, unless special authority is obtained from the Deputy Commissioners, it does not permit the holder or persons aforesaid to go armed in railway carriages, or to fairs, religious processions, or other public assemblages.

6. The license-holder when purchasing any new arms or ammunition shall have the following particulars endorsed upon his license under the vendor's signature:

- (1) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;
- (2) the nature and amount of the articles purchased;
- (3) the date of purchase.

7. If any weapon covered by this license is lost or stolen, the license-holder shall at once give notice of the fact to the nearest police-station.*

The special attention of the license-holder is drawn to the following sections of the Act:—

Section 8.—No person shall go armed with any arms except under a license, and to the extent and in the manner permitted thereby.

Any person so going armed without a license or in contravention of its provisions may be disarmed by any Magistrate, Police-officer, or other person empowered by the Resident at Hyderabad in this behalf by name or by virtue of his office.

Section 13.—Whoever commits any of the following offences (namely):

- (e) goes armed in contravention of the provisions of section 8,
shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.

9. This license expires on the 31st December of the year in which it is issued. The license-holder can have it renewed by filing an application for its renewal on stamped paper of the prescribed value.

* N.B.—This condition may be omitted at the discretion of the Resident.

FORM VII.

FEE FOUR ANNAS FOR EACH WEAPON,

PAYABLE IN STAMPS.

License to go armed—On a journey.

Name, etc., of license-holder, with particulars, of his residence.	Number of retainers, if any, who may be covered by the license (rule 28).	Description of arms and ammunition covered by this license.	Place of departure, route, and destination of journey.	Time which journey will probably take.	Date from which, and to which, the license is valid.
					From the——th of——189 to the——th of ——189 .

_____ of _____ } (Signature.)
_____ 189 . } _____ of _____ District.

This license covers only the persons and the arms named herein, unless it is certified to cover retainers of the holder.

It is void after the expiration of the period named herein.

It is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and the rules framed thereunder.

It does not permit holder, unless specially authorised by the Deputy Commissioner, to go armed in railway carriages, to fairs, religious processions, or other public assemblages.

The license-holder shall at the time of purchase have the following particulars endorsed upon his license by the vendor from whom he purchases and under the vendor's signature:—

- (1) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;
- (2) the nature and amount of the articles purchased;
- (3) the date of purchase.

FORM VIII.

FREE OF ALL FEE.

License to possess firearms, ammunition, or military stores.

Name, etc., of license-holder, with particulars of residence.	Number and description of weapons.	Description and quantity of ammunition or military stores.	Place, with full details, where articles are to be kept.	Term for which license is valid.
				From the _____ of _____ 189 to the 31st of December 189 .

Seal.

(Signature.)

The _____ of _____ 189 . }

Deputy Commissioner of the _____ District.

This license protects only the weapons and articles named so long as they are kept in the place described on the license.

It does not authorize the holder to go armed or to carry arms.

It is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and the rules framed thereunder.

FORM IX.

FREE OF ALL FEE.

License to possess arms and ammunition for the purpose of destroying wild animals.

Name, etc., of license-holder, with particulars of residence.	Description of weapon.	Place or tract within which license is valid.	Term for which license is valid.	Title and residence of Magistrate to whom the license and weapon must be shown between the 15th November and the 31st December.
			From the _____ of _____ 189 to the 31st De- cember 189 .	

The _____ of _____ 189 . }

Seal.

(Signature.)

Deputy Commissioner of the _____ District.

This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and the rules framed thereunder.

The holder is bound to show his license and weapon once a year to the Magistrate of—

This license is void if the holder sells his weapon; if it is seized in execution of decree; if it is carried to any considerable distance beyond the limits of the places named in the license; or if he fails to show it once a year to the Magistrate aforesaid.

It is void on the death of the holder.

The holder must not go armed in railway carriages, to fairs, religious processions, or other public assemblages.

The holder is bound to observe a close season as prescribed by the Resident in respect to the undermentioned game-birds and animals which do no injury to men, cattle, or crops:

Specification of animals or birds.

Close season.

Notes of Magistrates to whom the license and weapon are periodically shown.

FORM X.

FREE OF ALL FEE.

License to possess and transport gunpowder and fuses, or to transport dynamite, blasting gelatine, and detonating caps, for bonâ fide blasting purpose.

Name of license holder, with particulars of residence.	COLUMNS TO BE FILLED IN IN CASES OF TRANSPORT.			Quantity of gunpowder and fuses.	District or place within which license is valid.	Term for which license is valid.
	Place of destination, route, and mode of transit.	Time for which license is valid.	Destination.			
		From the				
		to the				
		189 .				

This license is subject to the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and the rules framed thereunder.

It covers only the person and the quantity of gunpowder and fuses named therein.

It extends only to the district or place named therein, and is void after the expiration of the term mentioned.

In cases of transport—

the license becomes void if the time occupied in transit exceeds the period specified, or if the consignment breaks bulk before reaching the place of destination, or if the articles are taken by any other route than that specified in the license;

the contents of each package covered by the license must be described in legible letters on the outside of such package; and

on arrival at their destination, the articles must be available for exhibition to the Deputy Commissioner of the district or other principal officer.

No. 1879-7.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Indian Arms Act (XI of 1878), as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1875-I., dated the 1st June, 1894, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to extend all sections of the Act to sulphur in quantities exceeding ten seers.

No. 1880-7.—Whereas the Governor-General in Council has full jurisdiction within the lands in the Rampur State which are, or hereafter may be, occupied by the Bareilly-Rampur-Moradabad Railway (including land occupied as stations, for out-buildings, and for other purposes connected with the railway);

In exercise of this jurisdiction and of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to provide as follows for the administration of justice within the aforesaid lands:

(1) All laws for the time being in force in the Moradabad District of the North-Western Provinces shall be in force in the aforesaid lands.

(2) All courts having for the time being jurisdiction within the Moradabad District of the North-Western Provinces shall exercise the same jurisdiction within the aforesaid lands.

(3) The administration of the police within the aforesaid lands shall be vested in the Superintendent of Railway Police, Northern Section, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, who shall exercise within these lands the same police powers as he may exercise for the time being within railway lands in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, in subordination to the Deputy Inspector-General, Government Railway Police, and to the other authorities to whom he may be for the time being subordinate when exercising those powers within the aforesaid railway lands in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 28th May, 1894.

No. 2712-A.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

April 1894.

(Lakhs of Rupees.)

	IN APRIL.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1894-95.	1893-94.	Budget, 1894-95.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1893-94.
[For the explanation of these heads, see <i>Gazette of India</i> , dated 22nd December 1883, Part I, page 497.]				
Civil Revenue.				
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	1,71	1,78	26,57	26,34
Opium	53	56	6,39	6,03
Salt	79	82	8,63	8,22
Stamps	40	43	4,56	4,51
Excise	42	42	5,32	5,39
Provincial Rates	20	26	3,53	3,55
Customs	28	16	2,87	1,68
Assessed Taxes	7	6	1,61	1,60
Forest (Madras and Bombay only)	2	2	54	54
Registration	3	3	44	42
Tributes from Native States	5	5	78	77
Other Civil Revenue	35	32	3,65	3,66
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS	4,85	4,01	64,89	63,31
Civil Expenditure.				
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	— 17	— 18	— 4,18	— 4,26
Opium	— 36	— 61	— 2,25	— 1,87
Other Civil Expenditure	— 1,97	— 1,91	— 25,93	— 24,53
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS	— 2,50	— 2,70	— 32,36	— 30,66
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments:				
[The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance Transactions.]				
Post Office (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Issues)	... 4	+ 14	+ 56	+ 43
Forest, Marine (Net as above)	... ..	+ 1	+ 29	+ 41
Guaranteed and Subsidized Railways (Net as above)	+ 44	+ 61	+ 4,30	+ 4,40
Ditto Repayment of Surplus Profits, &c.	... ..	— 1	— 62	— 57
Military Receipts	+ 3	+ 6	+ 80	+ 73
Ditto Issues	— 1,21	— 1,27	— 15,84	— 15,48
Telegraph Receipts	+ 7	+ 6	} + 3	{ + 75
Ditto Issues	— 6	— 6		
Public Works Department—				
State Railways—Receipts	+ 1,06	+ 97	} + 1,63	{ + 12,02
" " Issues	— 81	— 89		
East Indian Railway—Receipts	+ 45	+ 40		
" " Issues	— 11	— 12		
Ordinary Branches—Receipts	+ 7	+ 11		
" " Issues	— 64	— 64		
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	— 71	— 63	— 8,85	— 10,13
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.				
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Payments)	— 4	...	— 15	+ 2,61
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	+ 2	— 27	+ 8	— 43
Exchange on Remittance Accounts	— 1,04	— 1,19	— 11,24	— 5,14
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at R 10 per £	— 1,42	— 2,48	— 17,00	— 10,23
Other Debt Heads (Net as above)	— 25	+ 40	+ 6	+ 96
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	— 2,73	— 3,54	— 28,25	— 12,23
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	— 1,09	— 1,96	— 4,57	+ 10,29
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	25,56	15,27	26,25	15,27
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	24,47	13,31	21,68	25,56

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 29th May, 1894.

No. 2678-P.—The following substantive promotions are made in the Enrolled List of the Financial Department, with effect from 1st May 1894:

Mr. A. Newmarch to Class V.

Mr. F. D. Gordon to Class VI.

No. 2679-P.—Mr. V. C. Scott-O'Connor, Assistant Comptroller, Burma, is appointed Inspector of Local Fund Accounts, Burma, with effect from 1st May 1894.

The 30th May, 1894.

No. 2715-P.—Mr. A. Newmarch is granted privilege leave for fourteen days, with effect from 22nd May 1894.

The 31st May, 1894.

No. 2765-P.—The following acting promotions in the Postal Department are notified:

With effect from 14th May 1894,—

Mr. L. G. Wait to officiate as Deputy Post Master General, 1st grade;

Mr. F. Whymper to officiate as Deputy Post Master General, 2nd grade; and

Mr. R. H. Kelly to officiate as Deputy Post Master General, 3rd grade.

The 1st June, 1894.

No. 2783-P.—Mr. A. H. Anthony, Assistant Accountant General and Inspector of Local Fund Accounts, Madras, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from 20th June 1894.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS (NON-JUDICIAL).

*Exemptions and Reductions under the Act.**The 31st May, 1894.*

No. 2769.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act (I of 1879), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions shall be made to the Notification No. 5855, dated the 22nd November 1889, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, namely:

In articles 2 (b) and 4 of the second schedule, after the words "the Hyderabad Assigned Districts" the words "the Hyderabad Residency Bazars" shall be inserted.

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 1st June, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 519.—Captain H. L. Hutchins, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary-General, 4th class, to be Assistant Commissary-General, 3rd class;

Captain C. H. Clements, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 1st class, to be Assistant Commissary-General, 4th class;

Lieutenant E. Y. Watson, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 1st class,—

with effect from the 24th December 1893, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. M. Francklyn, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, retired.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 520.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 363 of 1894, it is notified that the tenure of the appointment of Surgeon-Colonel D. O'C. Raye, M.D., in the administrative grade of the Indian Medical Service, Bengal, will reckon from the 2nd April 1894.

No. 521.—The undermentioned Surgeon-Lieutenants, appointed to the Bengal establishment in G. G. O. No. 297 of 1894, reported their arrival at Bombay on the date specified:

George Lamb.

Henry Burden.

John Fisher.

Charles Harford Evans.

Ewan Cameron MacLeod.

Charles Thomson.

27th April
1894.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

No. 522.—Lieutenant B. Scott, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, on probation, is confirmed in that appointment from the 8th August 1893.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 523.—Lieutenant Hubert Baillie, Royal West Surrey Regiment, officiating wing officer, 43rd Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 5th November 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 524.—The second Christian name of Lieutenant F. DeB. Hancock, 23rd Bombay Infantry, is "De Berchem," and not as notified in G. G. O. No. 461 of 1894.

No. 525.—Subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India, the undermentioned officer is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps on the conditions laid down in the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, for admission to the Staff Corps of officers of the unattached list, with effect from the date specified:

Second-Lieutenant Edward Campbell Loch, 2nd Battalion, Highland Light Infantry, officiating wing officer, 17th (The Loyal Purbia) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—
9th April 1894.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 526.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps,

the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Browne, Indian Staff Corps, for one year. Pension service—33rd year commenced 30th November 1893.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. Lloyd, Indian Staff Corps, squadron commander and second-in-command, 5th Regiment of Punjab Cavalry, till 15th October 1894, inclusive. Pension service—28th year commenced 16th October 1893.

No. 527.—Lieutenant A. B. Souter, Devonshire Regiment, probationer, Indian Staff Corps, attached 37th (Dogra) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, is permitted to proceed to England, (m. c.) under paragraph 119 (e), Army Regulations, India, volume II.

No. 528.—Second-Lieutenant A. Campbell, unattached list, attached to 2nd Battalion, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, is permitted to proceed to England, (m. c.) under paragraph 119 (e), Army Regulations, India, volume II.

No. 529.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenant J. S. Grove, Indian Staff Corps, attached 1st Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, (m. c.) for six months.

Lieutenant H. S. Rogers, Royal Engineers, Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, Military Works Department, (m. c.) for three months.

No. 530.—Lieutenant G. T. Widdicombe, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer and quartermaster, 9th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, is granted an extension of leave up to the 3rd January 1894.

No. 531.—The leave granted to Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Browne, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander and second-in-command, 18th Bengal Infantry, in G. G. O. No. 487 of 1894 is cancelled.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 532.—The following extract is published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 4th May 1894, page 2615.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 4th May, 1894.

MEMORANDA.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Lieutenant-Colonel John de Burgh Lynch is transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list. Dated 2nd April 1894.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 533.—The following promotion is made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

To be Surgeon-Colonel.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Stephen, M.B., with effect from the 19th May 1894, *vice* Surgeon-Colonel J. Richardson, M.B., retired.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 534.—*20th (The Duke of Cambridge's Own Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—*

Jemadar Kana to be Subadar and Havildar Jaidial to be Jemadar, *vice* Phula, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st May 1894.

No. 535.—*1st Battalion, 3rd Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment—*

Jemadar Hark Sing Burathoki to be Subadar and Color-Havildar Dhansur Thapa to be Jemadar, *vice* Karbir Kan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st May 1894.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

No. 536.—*1st Sikh Infantry—*

Subadar Jabar Khan to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Waliulla to be Subadar, and Pay-Havildar Nawab Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Nawab Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st April 1894.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 537.—Captain Robert Hutchinson Campbell Tuinell, Indian Staff Corps, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 4th May 1894, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

REWARDS.

No. 538.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotion under the provisions of clause 48, India Army Circulars of 1884, in recognition of services rendered while serving in the Commissariat-Transport Department at Bandipur in connection with the Kashmir-Gilgit service:

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

Bengal.

Sub-Conductor Lancelot Falkland to be Conductor.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 539.—*Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles—*

Arthur Nevile John Story to be Second-Lieutenant to complete the establishment.

No. 540.—*East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

The Reverend Edmund Bull to be Honorary Chaplain to complete the establishment.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 541.—*Rangoon Volunteer Engineers*—

Second-Lieutenant G. A. Whyte resigns his commission.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 34.—The undermentioned officer has been granted leave out of India on private affairs,

under the leave rules contained in Marine Circular No. 7, dated the 26th April 1892, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Lieutenant F. H. Elderton, Royal Indian Marine, for six months.

No. 35.—Mr. G. G. Ross, Storekeeper, Kidderpore Dockyard, is granted one year's leave on medical certificate under article 369 of the Civil Service Regulations.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 1st June, 1894.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 19th May and the 1st June 1894.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. a. p.		
Robert Henry Money Currie. (a)	Lieutenant.	2nd Punjab Infantry.	7th November 1893.	Will left	5,432 6 6	...	31st July 1894.

(a) *Nephew-in-law*—Mother—Augusta Ellen Currie.

Address—Bolton Road, Eastbourne, England.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 29th May, 1894.

No. 224.—Mr. H. S. Talbot, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolution No. 2873-G., dated 2nd November 1893, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st November 1893.

Public Works Department Notification No. 468, dated 16th December 1893, is hereby cancelled.

No. 225.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 9, dated 3rd January 1894, the services of Mr. C. Vincent, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

The 30th May, 1894.

No. 226.—Mr. E. Lund, Examiner of Accounts, attached to the Office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bombay, is appointed to officiate as Examiner of Public Works and

Railway Accounts, Baluchistan, during the absence of Mr. C. R. T. Balston on privilege leave.

No. 228.—Mr. H. A. D. Wathen, Examiner of Accounts, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Accountant General, Public Works Department, during the absence of Mr. S. G. Wood on privilege leave.

No. 229.—Mr. J. C. Lyle, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Madras.

No. 230.—Mr. J. E. Dallas, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, Officiating Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Bombay, is confirmed in that appointment.

The 1st June, 1894.

No. 231.—Lieutenant Harry Albert Lawless Hepper, R.E., is appointed to the Public Works Department as Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, and his services placed at the disposal of the Director General of Railways.

No. 232.—Mr. A. W. U. Pope, Class II, Grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, is appointed Traffic Superintendent of the East Coast Railway (open line).

No. 234.—The Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the construction from borrowed funds of the Jamrao Canal in Sind as noted below :

	SANCTIONED BY SECRETARY OF STATE.		Secretary of State's despatch sanctioning the construction of the Jamrao Canal from borrowed funds.	REMARKS.
	Direct outlay.	Indirect outlay.		
	Rs.	Rs.		
<i>Sind.</i> Jamrao Canal	69,66,526	2,37,248	No. 25-P. W., dated the 3rd May 1894.	

TELEGRAPHS.

The 30th May, 1894.

No. 227.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Mr. T. C. Hill, Chief Superintendent, Class IV, Indian Telegraph Department, to retire from the service, with effect from the 30th March 1894.

The 1st June, 1894.

No. 233.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following temporary promotion in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the date specified :

Name.	From	To	Date.
Allen, J. J.	Superintendent, Class V. 1st Grade.	Chief Superintendent, Class IV, temporary.	2nd May 1894.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 23.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 22:—

Nothing for publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 23.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 8th June, 1894.

No. 313.—Mr. W. E. Ward, C.S.I., Chief Commissioner of Assam, has obtained privilege leave of absence for three months, with effect from the 4th July 1894, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

G. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 8th June, 1894.

No. 314.—Mr. C. J. Lyall, C.S.I., C.I.E., Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, is appointed to officiate as Chief Commissioner of Assam during the absence on leave of Mr. W. E. Ward, C.S.I., or until further orders.

L. M. THORNTON,

Offg. Depy. Secretary to the Government of India.

The 8th June, 1894.

No. 316.—Mr. J. P. Hewett, C.I.E., of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department during the absence on deputation of Mr. C. J. Lyall, C.S.I., C.I.E., or until further orders.

MEDICAL.

The 8th June, 1894.

No. 353.—The services of Surgeon-Captain E. Jennings, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

POLICE.

The 7th June, 1894.

No. 286.—The services of Lieutenant L. N. Leeds, 5th Punjab Cavalry, Assistant Commandant, Upper Burma Military Police, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 30th June 1894.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 8th June, 1894.

No. 140.—The Reverend T. M. M. Griffiths, a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, to be a Senior Chaplain, with effect from the 24th June 1894.

No. 142.—The Reverend A. E. Brown Constable, Chaplain of Pachmarhi, is appointed to officiate as Chaplain of Jubbulpore, in the Central Provinces, during the absence on privilege leave of the Reverend T. E. F. Cole, with effect from the 25th June 1894, or the subsequent date on which he may assume charge.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

HORSE-BREEDING AND AGRICULTURAL STOCK.

Simla, the 7th June, 1894.

No. 1424—102.—The services of Veterinary-Lieutenant H. A. Sullivan, Professor, Veterinary College, Lahore, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 25th May 1894.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 4th June, 1894.

No. 909-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. P. Bonenblust as Acting Consul for the Netherlands at Aden during the absence of Mr. S. Schmuck.

The 7th June, 1894.

No. 922-G.—Lieutenant S. R. Davidson, Indian Staff Corps, officiating Wing Officer, 27th Madras Infantry, is appointed to officiate as Wing Officer, Bhopal Battalion, with effect from date of joining.

No. 924-G.—Second-Lieutenant J. D. Cadell, Indian Staff Corps, officiating Squadron Officer, 7th Bengal Cavalry, is appointed to officiate as Squadron Officer, 2nd Regiment, Central India Horse, with effect from date of joining.

No. 927-G.—The services of Mr. E. E. Fernandez, Deputy Conservator of Forests, 1st grade, Assam, are replaced at the disposal of the Revenue and Agricultural Department, with effect from the 1st June, 1894, after relinquishing charge of his duties in the Baroda State.

The 8th June, 1894.

No. 930-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Edwin S. Murray as Acting Consul for Denmark at Aden during the absence of Mr. H. F. C. Parkinson.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PUBLIC DEBT.

No. 2918-A, dated Simla, the 8th June, 1894.

From—STEPHEN JACOB, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department,

To—The Comptroller and Auditor General.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 1223-D., dated the 27th March 1894, on the subject of the payment of interest on Government Promissory Notes which have been enfaced for such payment in England, but on which the last Indian endorsement has not been certified.

2. In the Notification in this Department, No. 61, dated the 12th November 1858, laying down the rules for the enfacement of rupee paper for the payment of interest in London, it was provided that notes should be so enfaced only at Calcutta, and that notes bearing any endorsement must be renewed in the name of the then holder before being enfaced. It was also expressly stipulated that "any endorsement made in India of an enfaced note will not be recognised in England."

3. By a later Notification No. 79, dated the 15th September 1859, the provision as to the renewal of notes before enfacement was modified; and it was provided that holders of notes transferred for payment of interest to Bombay or Madras might "have such notes enfaced and registered by the Accountant General, Bombay (or Madras, as the case may be), on the condition that a certificate be affixed on the back of such notes by the Accountant General of the Presidency concerned that all existing endorsements have been examined by him and are valid and correct, and that the note itself is genuine and outstanding;

and on the understanding that no endorsement made subsequently to the date of the Accountant General's certificate will be recognised in England."

4. This later order did not expressly refer to Calcutta, but since its issue the recognised practice in Calcutta, as in Madras and Bombay, has been for the Public Debt Office to certify to the genuineness of the notes and of the endorsements, if any, upon them at the time of enfacement for payment of interest in London, renewal being effected only when desired by the holder or when necessary for any special reason.

5. It now appears from a letter, dated the 16th January 1894, from the Chief Accountant, Bank of England, to your address, that a very large number of the notes lodged at the Bank do not bear the prescribed certificate as to the correctness of the endorsement; and that as the Bank considered that the refusal to recognise uncertified endorsements might occasion trouble, it has hitherto admitted the notes on such evidence as could be procured in England of the genuineness of the endorsements. The Bank has, however, now raised the question whether its present practice is correct or whether it would be justified, and would be carrying out the wishes of the Government of India, in refusing to pay interest on notes on which the last Indian endorsement has not been duly certified.

6. I am to point out that the practice followed by the Bank of England as stated in the Chief Accountant's letter is not only irregular and not in accordance with the prescribed rules, but is also open to objection, since it is desirable that the genuineness of endorsements made in India should be decided in this country; the practice now brought to notice must in some cases operate with unfairness, as the proof required by the Bank might be easily obtainable in some cases, while in others it would not be possible to furnish it without a reference to India. The Government of India have accordingly decided that the practice should cease, and that in accordance with the authorised procedure notes on which the last Indian endorsement has not been certified should not be recognised in England.

7. The Government of India recognise the fact that the sudden cessation of the existing practice, however irregularly it has been allowed to grow up, might cause some inconvenience, and have accordingly decided that notice should be given in the form of the prescribed certificate of endorsement that endorsements made in India after the date of the certificate will not be recognised in England. The two following forms of notice are now prescribed by the Government of India for this purpose; and I am to request that in future one or other of the forms may be stamped on all Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of interest in England, Form A being used for notes bearing endorsements and Form B for clean notes:

A.

Certified that the above endorsement has been examined, valid and correct, and that the note is genuine and outstanding. Any endorsement made in India subsequent to the date of this certificate will not be recognised by the Bank of England (vide Government of India Notifications No. 61, dated the 12th November 1858, and No. 79, dated the 15th September 1859).

Dated

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Superintendent,

B.

Certified that this note is genuine and outstanding. Any endorsement made in India will not be recognised by the Bank of England (vide Government of India Notifications No. 61, dated the 12th November 1858, and No. 79, dated the 15th September 1859).

8. I am to add that the attention of the Bank of England will be invited to the rules on the subject as laid down in 1858 and 1859, and the Bank will be requested to give notice of the above orders in such manner as may appear most suitable on the occasion of the next payment of interest on any loan; and thereafter to refuse payment of interest upon, and to return under objection all notes in which the rule as to endorsements in India is infringed, unless the endorsements have been previously recognized under the practice described in paragraph 5.

Ordered, that the letter be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 5th June, 1894.

No. 2839-P.—Mr. D. J. Burbridge, Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, was posted as Deputy Accountant General, Bombay, from 27th April to 8th May 1894, inclusive.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS.

The 7th June, 1894.

No. 2897-S.R.—Under section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, it is hereby notified that in exercise of the power to reduce or remit, whether prospectively or retrospectively, in the whole or any part of British India, the duties with which (a) any instruments, or (b) any particular class of instruments, or (c) any of the instruments belonging to such class, or (d) any instruments when executed by or in favour of any particular class of persons, or by or in favour of any members of such class, are chargeable, the Governor General in Council has been pleased—

- (1) to direct that the duties chargeable on the instruments specified in the first column of the first schedule to this notification shall be reduced to the amounts respectively indicated in the second column of that schedule, and
- (2) to remit the duties chargeable on the instruments specified in the second schedule to this notification.

II.—All previous notifications under section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, are hereby cancelled, but not so as to affect their past operation.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

Instruments on which Stamp-duty is reduced.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
1. <i>Agreement</i> executed for service or for performance of work in a coffee-plantation in the Madras Presidency, Coorg or Mysore, when the advance given under the agreement does not exceed twenty rupees.	One anna.
2. <i>Charter-party</i> containing a clause as to the payment of compensation in case of breach of the contract evidenced thereby.	One rupee.
3. <i>Instrument evidencing an agreement to secure the repayment of a loan made upon any mortgage of a crop, whether the crop is or is not in existence at the time of the mortgage.</i>	<p>(a) When the loan is repayable not more than three months from the date of the Instrument. Half the duty chargeable under the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, Schedule I, Article 11 (b), on a Bill of Exchange for the amount secured.</p> <p>(b) When the loan is repayable more than three months, but not more than one year, from the date of the Instrument. The same duty as that chargeable under the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, Schedule I, Article 11 (b), on a Bill of Exchange for the amount secured.</p>
4. <i>Instrument of gift</i> of shares in a Company or Association	The same duty as that chargeable under the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, Schedule I, Article 60 (a), on a transfer of shares for a consideration equal to their value, as set forth in the instrument of gift.
5. <i>Instrument of partition</i> of land held on settlement for a period not exceeding thirty years and paying the full assessment to the Government.	Not to exceed the amount chargeable on a valuation of the land at five times the annual revenue.
6. <i>Power-of-attorney</i> of the kind specified in the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, Schedule I, Article 50 (b), when required in suits or proceedings under the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, XV of 1882.	Eight annas.
7. <i>Proxy</i> executed by a female, empowering any person to vote—	
(a) at any one election of members of a Local Board held under the provisions of the Bombay Local Boards Act (Bombay Act I of 1884), or	
(b) at any one election of Municipal Commissioners held under the provisions of the Bombay District Municipal Act Amendment Act (Bombay Act II of 1884).	One anna.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

*Instruments exempted from Stamp-duty.*1. *Agreements—*

- (a) of the kind described in the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, XVII of 1879, section 43;
- (b) such written agreements with respect to enhancement of rent of ex-proprietary or occupancy tenants as are referred to in the North-Western Provinces Rent Act, XII of 1881, section 12, clause (a);
- (c) executed under the Indian Emigration Act, XXI of 1883, section 35, sub-section (1);
- (d) made under Act II of 1886 (*an Act for imposing a tax on income derived from sources other than agriculture*), section 9, sub-section (2);
- (e) respecting the occupancy of land, whether surveyed or not, and the payment of the land-revenue therefor, executed under the Bombay Land-revenue Code (Bombay Act V of 1879) or any rules made under that Act;
- (f) or declarations by which a tender made to an Executive Commissariat Officer is accepted as a contract when the deposit of the contractor as security for his contract is made in Government of India Loan Notes or in cash;
- (g) agreement papers passed by Commissariat contractors when their security deposits are transferred to a Savings Bank;
- (h) made with Railway Companies or Administrations for the conveyance of goods;
- (i) made with Railway Companies or Administrations, which purport to limit the responsibility of those Companies or Administrations as declared by the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, section 72, sub-section (1), and are in a form approved by the Governor-General in Council under sub-section (2) of that section;
- (j) or indemnity bonds given to Railway authorities by consignees (when the railway receipt is not produced) in respect of the delivery of articles carried at half parcels, rates, namely, fresh fish, fruits, vegetables, bazar baskets, bread, meat, ice, and other perishable articles;
- (k) and security bonds required to be executed, under the rules to regulate appointments and promotions in the Provincial Forest Service, by students and their sureties previous to entry into the Forest School, Dehra Dun.

*Articles of Association—**See clause 11 infra.*2. *Bills of Exchange—*

drawn in Mysore, the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, the Hyderabad Residency Bazzars, or the Cantonment of Sikandarabad on which the full rate of stamp-duty has been paid there when the same are negotiated in British India.

3. *Bills of Lading—*

executed out of British India and relating to property to be delivered in British India.

4. *Bonds—**Security-bonds—*

- (a) taken, under the authority of the Government, from medical students of the Apothecary, Assistant Surgeon, and Hospital Assistant classes, and their sureties;
- (b) executed under No. 3-A of the rules made by the Governor of Bombay in Council under the Bombay Irrigation Act (Bombay Act VII of 1879), section 70.

*See also clause 1 (j) and (k) supra.*5. *Cheques—*

drawn in Mysore, the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, the Hyderabad Residency Bazzars, or the Cantonment of Sikandarabad on which the full rate of stamp-duty has been paid there when the same are negotiated in British India.

6. *Copies or Extracts—*

- (a) copies of instruments which the Village Registrar has to deliver to the parties under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, XVII of 1879, section 58;
- (b) copies of, or extracts from, baptismal, marriage or burial registers certified by Government Chaplains, subsidised or unsubsidised Clergymen, or Diocesan Registrars, and granted to—
 - (1) soldiers, sailors, or non-commissioned or petty officers, or
 - (2) persons in needy circumstances, in whose favour Chaplains may exercise the discretionary power vested in them by Rule IV of Division III of the rules published under Notification No. 103, dated the 20th June 1885, in the *Gazette of India* of the 27th idem, Part I, page 346:

[N.B.—This exemption is in respect of any stamp-duty with which the copies or extracts might otherwise be chargeable.]

(c) copies of entries—

- (i) in the certified copies of registers given under the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, VI. of 1886, section 8;
- (ii) in register books granted by any Registrar of Births and Deaths under the said Act, section 25, or
- (iii) in registers and records given under the said Act, section 35,

when applied for by a soldier, sailor, non-commissioned officer or petty officer;

- (d) copies or extracts certified by patwaris to be true copies of, or true extracts from, records or papers which they are required to prepare or keep by any rule made by the Chief Commissioner under the Central Provinces Land-revenue Act, XVIII of 1881, section 146, when the copy or extract is furnished by a patwari to a malguzar or tenant of or in the village with which the copy or extract is concerned.

7. *Debentures*—

- (a) debenture bonds issued by a Joint Stock Company under the terms of a mortgage-deed making over in whole or in part the property of the Company to trustees for the benefit of the debenture-holders, and interest coupons attached to the said debentures;
- (b) the debenture bonds of the loan of Rs. 20,00,000 raised by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore for the construction of a line of railway from Bangalore to Tiptoor when the said bonds are negotiated in British India;
- (c) the debentures specified by date, number, and value in the appendix hereto:

[N.B.—This exemption is in respect of any stamp-duty with which the debentures might otherwise be chargeable, whether on issue, renewal, sub-division, or consolidation.]

8. *Instruments*—

- (a) executed for the purpose of securing the repayment of loans made or to be made under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884, or under Rule 147 of the rules framed under the Burma Land and Revenue Act, II of 1876;
- (b) in the nature of a memorandum or agreement furnished to, or made or entered into with, Executive Commissariat Officers by contractors;
- (c) in the nature of a memorandum or agreement furnished to, or made or entered into with, the Ordnance Department, the Army Clothing Department, or the Public Works Department by contractors for the due performance of their contracts;
- (d) executed by officers of the Government or their sureties to secure the due accounting for property received by those officers by virtue of their office;
- (e) whereby proprietors and others in the Central Provinces engage with the Government for the maintenance and remuneration of patwaris;
- (f) conveyances by endorsement of rights secured by instruments known as "Sattas" (this clause applies only to the Central Provinces);
- (g) pattas granted by an officer of the Government or by any assignee of Government revenue in the Madras Presidency to holders of land under raiyatwar settlements;
- (h) sanads of jagirs and other documents conveying lands granted to individuals by the Government otherwise than for a pecuniary consideration;
- (i) of exchange executed by private persons when land is given by them for public purposes in exchange for other land granted to them by the Government;

[N.B.—This exemption is in respect of the stamp-duty which would otherwise be payable by private persons under section 29, clause (f), of the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879.]

- (j) contracts executed in accordance with the provisions of the Assam Labour and Emigration Act, I of 1882, for service in Assam under the Chief Commissioner in the Public Works Department or under District Committees constituted under the Assam Local Rates Regulation, III of 1879;
- (k) deed of dower executed on the occasion of a marriage between Muhammadans;
- (l) evidencing an ordinary pawn transaction, where money is borrowed on the pledge of moveable property, and the sum borrowed does not exceed twenty rupees.

9. *Leases and Counterparts*—

- (a) leases granted by the Government under rules made under the Indian Forest Act, VII of 1878, section 31, or purporting to be so granted, of land situated in a protected forest in any of the following villages in the Akola Taluka of the District of Ahmednagar in the Presidency of Bombay, namely:—

Ambit,
Ghatghar,
Kumshet,
Loháli Kotul,

Pachnai,
Pánjré,
Sámrád,
Shinganvádi,

Uddavné;

- (b) leases granted under rule 31 of the rules published by the Government of Bombay under the Bombay Land-revenue Code (Bombay Act V of 1879) ;
- (c) leases of fisheries granted under the Upper Burma Land and Revenue Regulation, III of 1889, section 32 ;
- (d) leases or counterparts thereof executed at the time of settlements made directly by the Government with existing occupants of land, whether zamindars or tenants, and whether self-cultivating or not : provided that no fine or premium is paid in consideration of the lease.

10. *Letters—*

- (a) letter which a person depositing money in a District Savings Bank or Post Office Savings Bank as security to the Government or a local authority for the due execution of an office, or for the fulfilment of a contract, or for any other purpose, is required by the rules of the Savings Banks to address to the Secretary to the District Savings Bank or the Post Master in charge of the Post Office Savings Bank agreeing to special conditions with respect to the application and withdrawal of the money deposited and the payment of interest accruing due thereon :

"Local authority" in this clause means a municipal committee, district board, body of port commissioners, or other authority legally entitled to, or entrusted by the Government with, the control or management of a municipal or local fund ;

- (b) letter of authority or power-of-attorney executed for the sole purpose of authorising one or more of the joint holders of a Government security to give on behalf of the other or others of them, or any one or more of such other joint holders, a discharge for interest payable on such security or on any renewed security issued in lieu thereof.

11. *Memorandum and Articles of Association—*

of any Association registered under the Indian Companies Act, VI of 1882, section 26.

12. *Policy of Insurance—*

policies of life-insurance and contracts for monthly allowances granted by the Director General of the Post Office of India in accordance with the rules for Postal Life Insurance and Monthly Allowances issued under the authority of the Government of India.

13. *Powers-of-Attorney—*

- (a) furnished to relatives, servants, or dependants under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, XVII of 1879, section 68 ;
- (b) executed in favour of lambardars or khatedars by opium cultivators who do not attend personally to receive advances or to enter into contracts for the cultivation of opium.

See also clause 10 supra.

14. *Receipts—*

- (a) given by Mounted Police Constables on account of their pay and allowances ;
- (b) given by the addressee for deposits exceeding twenty rupees made for the payment of replies to telegraphic messages ;
- (c) endorsed by the payee on Postal Money Orders ;

[N.B.—This exemption is in respect of any stamp-duty with which the receipts might otherwise be chargeable.]

- (d) given by Railway Companies or Administrations for fares for conveyance of passengers or goods, or both, or animals, and to such Companies or Administrations for refunds of overcharges made in respect of such fares ;
- (e) given for payment of interest on Government Promissory Notes ;
- (f) given by, or on behalf of, depositors in Post Office, District, Presidency, or State Railway Savings Banks or in the East Indian Railway Savings Bank for sums of money withdrawn from any of those Banks :

[N.B.—This exemption applies in all cases in which the receipts would otherwise be liable to stamp-duty.]

- (g) given by opium cultivators or their representatives and by lambardars and khatedars in the Behar and Benares Agencies for money paid to them by the Government as advances for the cultivation of opium.

15. *Share Warrants*—

issued by a Company in pursuance of the Indian Companies Act, VI of 1882, section 30 :

This exemption is in respect of the duty specified in the Indian Companies Act, VI of 1882, section 35, and will only take effect upon payment, as composition for that duty, to the Collector of Stamp Revenue, of—

- (a) three-quarters per centum of the whole subscribed capital of the Company, or
 (b) if any Company, which has paid the said duty or composition in full, subsequently issues an addition to its subscribed capital, three-quarters per centum of the additional capital so issued.

APPENDIX.

Debentures referred to in clause 7 (c) of the Second Schedule supra.

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			R	R
Municipality of Ahmedabad.	April 1, 1883 . . .	1 to 240	}	1,20,000
	September 1, 1884 . .	1 to 100		50,000
	September 4, 1888 . .	1 to 800		4,00,000
	November 1, 1889 . .	801 to 1120	}	1,60,000
	April 1, 1890 . . .	1 to 34		17,000
	September 1, 1890 . .	35 to 68		17,000
	October 1, 1893 . . .	1 to 40		20,000
	November 1, 1893 . .	41 to 440		2,00,000
	March and April, 1880.	.....	...	10,00,000
	June 14, 1881 . . .	1 to 10 11 to 70 71 to 295 296 to 445	10,000 5,000 1,000 500	1,00,000 3,00,000 2,25,000 75,000
Trustees of the Port of Bombay.	October 31, 1885 . . .	050, 051 001 to 049, 056, 058, 059 052 to 055	2,000 1,000	4,000 52,000 2,000
	November 5, 1885 . .	057	}	500
	December 8, 1885 . .	060 to 064		2,500
	December 22, 1885 . .	065		500
	January 5, 1886 . . .	066 to 068	2,000	6,000
	March 23, 1886 . . .	166, 167 069 to 116, 171 to 180 117 to 165, 168 to 170	5,000 1,000 500	10,000 58,000 26,000
	April 19, 1886 . . .	265	1,000	1,000
	June 3, 1886 . . .	193 to 197 253 to 255, 257 to 264 353 to 377, 379, 380 181 to 192, 553 to 579	5,000 2,000 1,000 500	25,000 22,000 27,000 19,500
	June 10, 1886 . . .	198 to 200 381 580, 581	5,000 1,000 500	15,000 1,000 1,000
	June 17, 1886 . . .	382 to 385 582 to 584	1,000 500	4,000 1,500

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			R	R
	June 24, 1886 . . .	585	500	500
	July 15, 1886 . . .	586 to 589		2,000
	August 12, 1886 . . .	590 to 601		6,000
	August 19, 1886 . . .	602		500
	December 7, 1886 . . .	603		500
	December 21, 1886 . . .	386	1,000	1,000
	January 11, 1887 . . .	387 to 390		4,000
	January 18, 1887 . . .	224		1,000
	January 18, 1887 . . .	213, 214, 217 to 223, 225 to 227, 241 to 246	500	9,000
	January 25, 1887 . . .	201 to 203	5,000	15,000
	January 25, 1887 . . .	228 to 237	2,000	20,000
	January 25, 1887 . . .	204 to 212, 215, 216, 238 to 240	1,000	14,000
	April 19, 1887 . . .	402	500	500
	April 26, 1887 . . .	267 to 285	1,000	19,000
	April 26, 1887 . . .	403 to 420	500	9,000
	June 17, 1887 . . .	266		500
	July 5, 1887 . . .	286		1,000
	July 28, 1887 . . .	615 to 618	1,00,000	4,00,000
	July 28, 1887 . . .	605 to 613	5,000	45,000
	July 28, 1887 . . .	455 to 483	1,000	29,000
	July 28, 1887 . . .	502 to 552, 604	500	26,000
	August 1, 1887 . . .	550 to 552	1,00,000	3,00,000
	August 1, 1887 . . .	001 to 015, 046 to 050, 156 to 195	5,000	3,00,000
	August 1, 1887 . . .	537, 538	2,000	4,000
	August 1, 1887 . . .	016 to 035, 051 to 070, 081 to 105, 196 to 205, 306 to 514, 517 to 526, 539 to 549.	1,000	1,05,000
	August 1, 1887 . . .	036 to 045, 071 to 080, 106 to 155, 206 to 505, 515, 516, 527 to 536.	500	1,91,000
	October 1, 1887 . . .	247 to 252, 287 to 352, 378, 391 to 401, 440 to 454.	1,000	99,000
	October 1, 1887 . . .	256, 421 to 439, 484 to 501	500	19,000
Trustees of the Port of Bombay—contd.	April 1, 1889 . . .	001 to 030	10,000	3,00,000
	April 1, 1889 . . .	031 to 056	1,000	26,000
	April 1, 1889 . . .	057 to 104	500	24,000
	August 1, 1889 . . .	176	63,000	63,000
	August 1, 1889 . . .	146 to 155	10,000	1,00,000
	August 1, 1889 . . .	156 to 175, 177 to 197, 203 to 222	5,000	3,05,000
	August 1, 1889 . . .	198 to 202, 223 to 262	1,000	45,000
	August 8, 1889 . . .	263	5,000	5,000
	August 8, 1889 . . .	264 to 273	2,000	20,000
	August 8, 1889 . . .	274 to 293	1,000	20,000
	August 8, 1889 . . .	294 to 303	500	5,000
	November 1, 1889 . . .	316 to 348	5,000	1,65,000
	November 1, 1889 . . .	390 to 394	2,000	10,000
	November 1, 1889 . . .	304, 306 to 314, 349 to 377, 395 to 404, 415 to 424.	1,000	59,000
	November 1, 1889 . . .	305, 315, 378 to 389, 405 to 414	500	12,000
	April 1, 1890 . . .	425 to 474	5,000	2,50,000
	June 1, 1890 . . .	475 to 514	500	20,000
	June 1, 1890 . . .	515 to 522		4,000
	September 15, 1890 . . .	001 to 032, 034, 035		3,40,000
	September 15, 1890 . . .	036 to 041		30,000
	September 15, 1890 . . .	914 to 918		10,000
	September 15, 1890 . . .	033	1,500	1,500
	September 15, 1890 . . .	042 to 056, 067 to 071, 700 to 799, 919 to 928, 1039 to 1088.	1,000	1,80,000
	September 15, 1890 . . .	057 to 066, 072 to 699, 800 to 913, 929 to 1038, 1089 to 1103.	500	4,38,500
	November 22, 1892 . . .	001 to 020, 196 to 210, 1046 to 1055, 1138 to 1157, 1419 to 1438.	10,000	8,50,000
	November 22, 1892 . . .	021 to 060, 1439 to 1458	5,000	3,00,000
	November 22, 1892 . . .	1459 to 1483	2,000	50,000
	November 22, 1892 . . .	1484 to 1583	1,000	1,00,000
	November 22, 1892 . . .	1584 to 1589	500	3,000
	November 23, 1892 . . .	211 to 255	5,000	4,25,000
	November 23, 1892 . . .	061 to 135, 186 to 195	1,000	85,000
	November 23, 1892 . . .	136 to 185, 1590 to 1683	500	72,000

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			R	R
Trustees of the Port of Bombay— <i>concid.</i>	November 24, 1892 .	296 to 732, 734 to 795	1,000	4,99,000
	November 25, 1892 {	1373 to 1417 1418	5,000 2,500	2,25,000 2,500
	November 28, 1892 {	1122 to 1137	25,000	4,00,000
		1056 to 1059, 1158 to 1177, 1206 to 1225, 1353 to 1372, 1684 to 1723, 1836 to 1840.	5,000	5,45,000
		1060 to 1069	2,000	20,000
		733, 1070 to 1089, 1120, 1121, 1178 to 1204, 1226 to 1352, 1724 to 1773, 1841 to 1854, 2053 to 2117, 2170 to 2179, 2240 to 2249.	1,000	3,26,000
	November 30, 1892 {	796 to 1045, 1090 to 1119, 1205, 1774 to 1835, 1855 to 2052, 2180 to 2239.	500	3,00,500
		2390 to 2400, 2534 to 2548	5,000	1,30,000
		2590 to 2604	2,000	30,000
		2118 to 2145, 2401 to 2420, 2605 to 2624 2146 to 2169, 2250 to 2389, 2421 to 2533, 2549 to 2589, 2625 to 2633.	1,000 500	68,000 1,03,500
	December 1, 1892 .	2713 to 2717	10,000	50,000
		2728, 2729, 2757 to 2760, 3071 to 3079	5,000	75,000
		2696, 2730 to 2739	2,000	22,000
		2697 to 2703, 2718 to 2727, 2740 to 2753, 2761, 2762.	1,000	33,000
	December 5, 1892 .	2704 to 2712, 2754 to 2756, 2763 to 2986, 3080.	500	1,18,500
		3181 to 3191	2,000	22,000
		2634 to 2683, 3008 to 3057, 3081 to 3180, 3193 to 3202.	1,000	2,10,000
		2684 to 2695, 2987 to 3007, 3058 to 3070, 3192, 3203 to 3285, 3318 to 3332, 3343 to 3355.	500	79,000
	December 6, 1892 .	3363 to 3366	5,000	20,000
		3333 to 3341, 3367 to 3386 3286 to 3317, 3342, 3356 to 3362, 3455 to 3531.	1,000 500	29,000 58,500
	December 7, 1892 .	3579 to 3608	1,000	30,000
		3387 to 3454, 3532 to 3554, 3555 to 3562, 3609 to 3644, 3692 to 3705, 3711 to 3718, 3753 to 3779, 3796 to 3801, 3803 to 3807, 3833 to 3902, 3907 to 3956, 3958 to 3982, 3998 to 4072.	500	2,07,500
	December 9, 1892 .	3719 to 3727	25,000	2,25,000
		3728	20,000	20,000
		3730	15,000	15,000
		3729	10,000	10,000
		3563, 3569, 3731	5,000	15,000
		3645 to 3649, 3732, 3733	3,000	21,000
		3734, 3735	2,500	5,000
		3564, 3570, 3736 to 3738, 4206	2,000	12,000
		3739 to 3740	1,500	3,000
		3565 to 3568, 3571 to 3573, 3650 to 3658, 3662 to 3666, 3741 to 3743, 3748 to 3751, 3823 to 3832, 3903 to 3906, 3957, 3983 to 3997, 4073 to 4076, 4078 to 4086, 4098 to 4160, 4207 to 4209, 4214 to 4258.	1,000	1,91,000
		3574 to 3578, 3744 to 3747, 3752, 3802, 3808 to 3822, 4077, 4087 to 4097, 4170, 4200 to 4205, 4210 to 4213, 4259 to 4284, 4286.	500	38,000
	December 12, 1892 {	3706 to 3710	1,000	5,000
	December 17, 1892 .	3659 to 3661, 3667 to 3691, 3780 to 3795	500	22,000
		4171 to 4199, 4285	1,000	30,000
Municipality of the City of Bombay.	September 10, 1867 .	1 to 700	500	3,50,000
	April 14, 1868 .	1 to 2246		11,23,000
	August 14, 1868	701 to 1230		2,65,000
	November 1, 1878. and July 1, 1885 .	364 to 5388 1 to 14A, 1 to 886B, 1 to 102E, 1 to 326J, 1 to 7478NN.		25,12,500 44,00,000

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			R	R
Municipality of the City of Bombay—concl'd.	January 1, 1886	1 to 3400		17,00,000
	November 1, 1887	3401 to 9000		28,00,000
	December 1, 1887	9001 to 9400		2,00,000
	January 1, 1888	1 to 1200		6,00,000
	February 1, 1888	1 to 1400		7,00,000
	July 1, 1888	1201 to 2400		6,00,000
	August 1, 1888	9401 to 11000		8,00,000
	October 1, 1888	11001 to 12600		8,00,000
	November 1, 1888	1 to 444, 12601 to 14400		11,22,000
	January 10, 1889	445 to 729		1,42,500
	February 1, 1889	730 to 741		6,000
	July 1, 1889	742 to 2017		6,38,000
	November 15, 1889	14401 to 18279		19,39,500
	December 15, 1889	18280 to 19179		4,50,000
	January 1, 1890	1 to 170		85,000
	January 15, 1890	19180 to 19400		1,10,500
	February 1, 1890	171 to 182		6,000
	March 15, 1890	183 to 188		3,000
	April 1, 1890	485 to 492		4,000
	April 24, 1890	189 to 338		75,000
	May 9, 1890	339 to 484		73,000
	July 1, 1890	493 to 496		2,000
	August 29, 1890	19401 to 21400		10,00,000
	August 30, 1890	21401 to 22400		5,00,000
	September 9, 1890	22401 to 23600		6,00,000
	September 20, 1890	23601 to 23800		1,00,000
	September 22, 1890	23801 to 24000		1,00,000
	September 23, 1890	24001 to 24200		1,00,000
	September 24, 1890	24201 to 24400		1,00,000
	September 25, 1890	1401 to 1880		2,40,000
	September 26, 1890	1 to 1400, 1881 to 2000		7,60,000
	October 1, 1890	6801 to 6825		12,500
	October 16, 1890	2001 to 3000		5,00,000
	November 14, 1890	3001 to 6800		19,00,000
	January 1, 1891	6826 to 6876		25,500
	February 1, 1891	6877 to 6888		6,000
	March 1, 1891	6889 to 6894		3,000
	April 1, 1891	6895 to 6902		4,000
	July 1, 1891	6903 to 6967		32,500
	October 1, 1891	6968 to 6992		12,500
	December 24, 1891	24401 to 29400, 1 to 1600		33,00,000
	January 1, 1892	6993 to 7000		4,000
Municipality of Broach	October 1, 1884	46	5,000	5,000
		41	4,000	4,000
		80	3,500	3,500
		1, 2	2,500	5,000
		13, 35, 81 to 88	1,000	10,000
		40	600	600
		3 to 12, 14, 15, 27, 28, 36 to 39, 42 to 45, 47 to 49, 60 to 79, 89.	500	23,000
		29, 30, 50 to 59	200	2,400
		16 to 26, 31 to 34	100	1,500
		6 to 55	10,000	5,00,000
Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.	April 1, 1883	1 to 5, 56 to 115	5,000	3,25,000
		116 to 240	1,000	1,25,000
		241 to 340	500	50,000
		11 to 40, 747 to 756	10,000	4,00,000
		51 to 150, 261, 262, 473 to 477, 502 to 531, 732 to 746, 857 to 876.	5,000	8,60,000
		151 to 250	2,000	2,00,000
		263 to 362, 478 to 492, 501, 532 to 631, 757 to 856.	1,000	3,16,000
		1 to 10, 41 to 50, 231 to 260, 363 to 472, 493 to 500, 632 to 731, 877 to 1076.	500	2,24,000
		3159	10,000	10,000
		1 to 60, 2879, 2880, 2897 to 2908, 3033 to 3052, 3122 to 3124, 3147 to 3149, 3190 to 3192, 3576 to 3605.	5,000	6,65,000
February 15, 1886		3152	2,500	2,500

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta— <i>contd.</i>	February 15, 1886	3007, 3013, 3014 61 to 860, 2873 to 2878, 2881 to 2896, 2909 to 2924, 2927 to 2944, 2964 to 2968, 3008 to 3010, 3015, 3018, 3020, 3053 to 3116, 3150, 3151, 3154 to 3158, 3160 to 3169, 3183 to 3189, 3199, 3394 to 3518, 3606 to 3759.	2,000 1,000	6,000 12,35,000
		861 to 1610, 2861 to 2872, 2925, 2926, 2969 to 2971, 3011, 3012, 3016, 3017, 3019, 3021 to 3024, 3030 to 3032, 3125 to 3146, 3153, 3170 to 3176, 3178 to 3182, 3193 to 3198, 3240 to 3253, 3304 to 3393, 3760 to 3859.	500	5,12,000
		1611 to 2860, 2945 to 2963, 2972 to 3006, 3025 to 3029, 3117 to 3121, 3177, 3200 to 3239, 3254 to 3303, 3860 to 3867.	100	1,41,300
	April 1, 1886	3519 to 3526	10,000	80,000
	June 1, 1886	3527 to 3545 3546	8,000 200	1,90,000 8,000
Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Calcutta.	July 1, 1886	3547 3548 to 3562	200 10,000	200 1,50,000
	Previous to the year 1869.	.....	...	46,99,600
	In the year 1878	.....	...	6,50,000
	January 1, 1883	219, 455, 696, 926, 927 403	5,000 1,500	25,000 1,500
		8 to 109, 216, 217, 220 to 222, 230 to 266, 456 to 461, 464, 481 to 549, 697 to 699, 707 to 709, 857 to 925, 928 to 931.	1,000	2,99,000
		1 to 7, 110 to 215, 218, 223 to 229, 267 to 454, 462, 465 to 480, 550 to 695, 700 to 706, 710 to 856, 932 to 955.	500	3,25,000
	April 1, 1883	7 to 16 1 to 6, 17 to 36 37 to 86, 123, 124 87 to 122	10,000 5,000 1,000 500	1,00,000 1,30,000 52,000 18,000
		57 54	10,000 5,400	10,000 5,400
		48 to 53 41 to 43 55 1 to 15, 27 to 40, 44, 45 16 to 26, 46, 47, 56	5,000 4,000 2,400 1,000 500	30,000 12,000 2,400 31,000 7,000
Municipality of Calcutta	February 1, 1885	45, 176 to 179, 190 to 195, 430, 431, 501 to 505.	10,000	1,80,000
		196 to 210, 265, 266, 288 to 293, 296 to 339, 370, 414 to 416, 420 to 429, 432 to 441, 506 to 525, 566 to 600.	5,000	7,30,000
		14 15, 16, 136, 155, 442 to 448, 449* to 451, 462 to 471, 526 to 540, 601 to 650.	4,000 2,000	4,000 1,78,000
		753 500	1,500 1,200	1,500 1,200
		5 to 7, 38, 39, 42, 116 to 118, 126 to 130, 134, 135, 139 to 142, 144 to 154, 156 to 159, 180 to 188, 211 to 230, 241, 243, 249 to 259, 261 to 264, 267 to 270, 276, 279 to 283, 340 to 369, 374 to 378, 417, 418, 452 to 461, 472 to 486, 541 to 555, 651 to 700, 755,* 756,* 757 to 803.	1,000	2,67,000
		17 295	700 600	700 600
		1 to 4, 8 to 13, 18 to 37, 40, 41, 43, 44, 46 to 115, 119 to 125, 131 to 133, 137, 138, 143, 160 to 175, 189, 231 to 240, 242, 244 to 248, 260, 271 to 275, 277, 278, 284 to 287, 294, 371 to 373, 379 to 413, 419, 487 to 499, 556 to 565, 701 to 752, 754.	500	1,39,000

* Numbers 755 and 756 (for Rs. 1,000 each) were issued in lieu of No. 449 (for Rs. 2,000) by sub-division.

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	AMOUNT.
			R	R
		1011 to 1030, 1067, 1812	10,000	2,20,000
		1053	9,000	9,000
		1052, 1065	8,000	16,000
		1050, 1058, 1071	7,000	21,000
		1051	6,500	6,500
		1063	5,500	5,500
		871 to 1010, 1047, 1055, 1075, 1149 to 1152, 1161, 1190 to 1197, 1821, 1824, 1825, 1872.	5,000	8,00,000
		1845	4,000	4,000
		1054, 1059	3,500	7,000
		1069, 1072, 1166	3,000	9,000
		1057, 1062, 1070	2,500	7,500
		1031, 1060, 1066, 1846	2,000	8,000
Corporation of the Town of Calcutta.	September 1, 1885	1 to 450, 1032, 1033, 1036 to 1043, 1045, 1046, 1048, 1056, 1061, 1074, 1076 to 1108, 1119 to 1148, 1153, 1154, 1156, 1157, 1162 to 1164, 1167 to 1170, 1175 to 1184, 1198 to 1205, 1215 to 1222, 1232 to 1266, 1268 to 1619, 1803 to 1809, 1811, 1813 to 1819, 1826 to 1830, 1839 to 1844, 1857 to 1869, 1873 to 1876, 1878 to 1882, 1893 to 1917, 1948.	1,000	10,27,000
		451 to 870, 1034, 1035, 1044, 1049, 1064, 1068, 1073, 1109 to 1118, 1155, 1158 to 1160, 1165, 1171 to 1174, 1185 to 1189, 1206 to 1214, 1223 to 1231, 1267, 1620 to 1802, 1810, 1820, 1822, 1823, 1831 to 1838, 1847 to 1856, 1870, 1871, 1877, 1883 to 1892, 1918 to 1947, 1949.	500	3,59,500
Municipality of Chiplun, in the District of Ratnagiri.	February 1, 1883	1 to 300	100	30,000
Coimbatore District Board	December 1, 1893	I-A., I-B. II-A., II-B. III-A., III-B.	5,000 2,000 1,000	10,000 4,000 2,000
Municipality of Coonoor	April 1, 1886	1 to 14	500	7,000
Municipality of Cuddapah	September 30, 1887	8, 10 9, 11, 12 13 to 20 1 to 7, 21 to 26 27 to 31	10,000 5,000 1,000 500 100	20,000 15,000 8,000 6,500 500
	June 22, 1881	17 18 to 67 74 to 78, 99 to 198 1 to 16, 68 to 73, 79 to 98	3,000 2,000 1,000 500	3,000 1,00,000 1,05,000 21,000
Karachi Harbour Board	February 1, 1883	199 to 213, 246 to 257, 264 to 288 214 to 245, 258 to 263	1,000	52,000 19,000
	April 1, 1885	1 to 577	500	2,88,500
Karachi Port Trust	March 1, 1893	984 to 1033 292 to 357, 396 to 400, 864 to 983 144 358 to 363, 664 to 863. 51 to 110, 136 to 143, 150 to 229, 240 to 291, 364 to 395, 401 to 663.	10,000 5,000 1,500 1,000 500	5,00,000 9,55,000 1,500 2,06,000 2,47,500
Municipality of Karachi	July 1, 1884 January 1, 1885 July 1, 1887	.....	...	1,11,500
	June 1, 1893	1 to 600 636 to 655 635 634 274 to 633 1 to 273	500 5,000 2,000 1,500 1,000 500	3,00,000 1,00,000 2,000 1,500 3,60,000 1,36,500
Municipality of Madras	December 8, 1879	.....	...	20,000

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			R	R
Municipality of Madras — <i>cont'd.</i>	March 15, 1882	01 to 10 101 to 110	5,000	1,50,000
		111 to 120	2,500	1,00,000
		121 to 130	1,000	55,000
		131 to 140	500	45,000
	May 15, 1883	01 to 10 101 to 110	10,000	1,00,000
		111 to 120	5,000	1,30,000
		121 to 130	1,000	67,000
		131 to 140	500	3,000
	September 18, 1885	01 to 10 101 to 110	500	18,000
	October 15, 1885	01 to 10 101 to 110	5,000	1,00,000
		111 to 120	2,000	10,000
		121 to 130	1,000	1,08,000
		131 to 140	500	60,000
	December 15, 1887	01 to 10 101 to 110	100	4,000
		31 to 40	5,000	80,000
		41 to 50	1,000	10,000
	November 1, 1888	1 to 20	500	10,000
		21 to 30	1,000	80,000
		31 to 40	500	10,000
Municipality of Madura	January 16, 1890	1	1,00,000	1,00,000
	January 16, 1891	2	70,000	70,000
		1	27,000	27,000
		2	20,000	20,000
		3 to 5	1,000	3,000
Municipality of Nadiad	May 18, 1885	1	10,000	10,000
	October 15, 1885	3	19,500	19,500
Municipality of Ootacamund	September 6, 1890	1	7,500	7,500
	October 4, 1890	51 to 100	100	5,000
Municipality of Pen, in the District of Kolaba.	November 15, 1884	1 to 50	500	5,000
	November 15, 1886	51 to 100	100	5,000
		01 to 10 101 to 110	1,000	20,000
		111 to 120	500	20,000
Port Commissioners of Rangoon	November 15, 1886	01 to 10 101 to 110	5,000	5,000
	November 15, 1893	111 to 120	500	5,000
Municipality of Pen, in the District of Kolaba.	November 15, 1893	1 to 7	1,000	7,000
	March 1, 1885	1 to 20	500	10,000
Port Commissioners of Rangoon	December 21, 1887	1 to 20	500	10,000
	December 21, 1887	0,00,001 to 0,00,178	5,000	8,90,000
		0,00,179	4,041	4,041

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			R	R
		1 to 8, 30 to 37, 59 to 66, 88 to 95, 117 to 124, 146 to 153, 175 to 182, 204 to 211, 233 to 240, 262 to 269, 291 to 298, 320 to 327, 349 to 356, 378 to 385, 407 to 414, 436 to 443, 465 to 472, 494 to 501, 523 to 530, 552 to 559, 581 to 588, 610 to 617, 639 to 646, 668 to 675, 697 to 704, 726 to 733, 755 to 762, 784 to 791, 813 to 820, 842 to 849, 871 to 878, 900 to 907, 929 to 936, 958 to 965, 987 to 994, 1016 to 1023, 1045 to 1052, 1074 to 1081, 1103 to 1110, 1132 to 1139.	5,000	16,00,000
Municipality of Rangoon.	July 30, 1887	9 to 22, 38 to 51, 67 to 80, 96 to 109, 125 to 138, 154 to 167, 183 to 196, 212 to 225, 241 to 254, 270 to 283, 299 to 312, 328 to 341, 357 to 370, 386 to 399, 415 to 428, 444 to 457, 473 to 486, 502 to 515, 531 to 544, 560 to 573, 589 to 602, 618 to 631, 647 to 660, 676 to 689, 705 to 718, 734 to 747, 763 to 776, 792 to 805, 821 to 834, 850 to 863, 879 to 892, 908 to 921, 937 to 950, 966 to 979, 995 to 1008, 1024 to 1037, 1053 to 1066, 1082 to 1095, 1111 to 1124, 1140 to 1153.	1,000	5,60,000
		23 to 29, 52 to 58, 81 to 87, 110 to 116, 139 to 145, 168 to 174, 197 to 203, 226 to 232, 255 to 261, 284 to 290, 313 to 319, 342 to 348, 371 to 377, 400 to 406, 429 to 435, 458 to 464, 487 to 493, 516 to 522, 545 to 551, 574 to 580, 603 to 609, 632 to 638, 661 to 667, 690 to 696, 719 to 725, 748 to 754, 777 to 783, 806 to 812, 835 to 841, 864 to 870, 893 to 899, 922 to 928, 951 to 957, 980 to 986, 1009 to 1015, 1038 to 1044, 1067 to 1073, 1096 to 1102, 1125 to 1131, 1154 to 1160.	500	1,40,000
Town Municipality of Ratanagiri.	January 1, 1881	1 to 120	250	30,000
Municipality of Satara	March 1, 1881	1 to 200	500	1,00,000
	February 1, 1882	201 to 395		97,500
	April 1, 1882	396 to 400		2,500
	October 1, 1883	401 to 600		1,00,000
Municipality of Simla	November 10, 1884	1 to 200	100	56,100
	November 24, 1884	201 to 250		10,000
	December 4, 1884	251 to 300		4,000
	December 15, 1884	301 to 350		2,000
	December 20, 1884	351 to 400		3,000
	January 2, 1885	401 to 450		7,000
	January 17, 1885	451 to 500		7,000
	January 24, 1885	501 to 550		7,000
	January 30, 1885	551 to 600		1,000
	February 17, 1885	601 to 650		3,000
	February 20, 1885	651 to 700		1,000
	March 13, 1885	701 to 750		3,000
Municipality of Sukkur.	June 21, 1894	1 to 130	500	65,000
	July 10, 1894	131 to 140		5,000
	July 13, 1894	141 to 152		6,000
	July 15, 1894	153 to 162		5,000
	July 17, 1894	163 to 174		6,000
	July 27, 1894	175 to 184		5,000
	July 30, 1894	185 to 204		10,000
	August 2, 1894	205 to 214		4,000
	August 3, 1894	215 to 214		1,000
	August 5, 1894	215 to 257		21,500
	August 9, 1894	258 to 285		14,000
	August 13, 1894	286 to 295		5,000
	August 14, 1894	296 to 337		21,000
	September 10, 1894	338 to 397		30,000
	September 12, 1894	398, 399		1,000
	September 14, 1894	400		500
Municipality of Surat	November 1, 1889	1 to 200	500	1,00,000
	December 1, 1889	201 to 400		1,00,000

SEPARATE REVENUE.

POST OFFICE.

General Matters.

The 8th June, 1894.

No. 2941-S. R.—Whereas it has been found necessary for the prevention of the fraudulent employment of previously used stamps to provide that postage stamps defaced before posting by

the impression of rubber or other stamps shall not be recognised by the Post Office in payment of postage,

The Governor General in Council has been pleased to frame the following rule under section 63 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1866, and to direct that it shall be substituted for the rule published in Notification of the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 3552, dated the 16th October 1885, with effect from the 1st day of November 1894:

"XLIX. The postage of a letter, newspaper, or other article shall not be deemed to be prepaid by means of a proper stamp—

- (a) if the stamp is a stamp which has not been provided for use as a postage stamp under section 36 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1866; or
- (b) if the stamp has been obliterated, defaced, torn, cut, or otherwise rendered imperfect; or
- (c) if the stamp has upon it any word, letter, figure, or design printed or impressed upon it, otherwise than by the authority of Government, before posting; or
- (d) if the stamp has been cut or otherwise separated from an embossed envelope or from a post-card; or
- (e) if the stamp is on an embossed envelope, and that envelope is used as a wrapper for a newspaper, or is wholly or partly cut open;

Provided that nothing in this rule is intended to prevent the perforation of postage stamps with initials traced in minute holes."

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 8th June, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 542.—The undermentioned Surgeon-Lieutenants, appointed to the Bengal establishment in G. G. O. No. 297 of 1894, reported their arrival at Bombay on the date specified:

Edward Surman Peck }
Stanley Arthur Harriss } —20th May 1894.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 543.—The Commander-in-Chief in India has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's personal staff:

Lieutenant C. H. Stuart, Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, to be Aide-de-Camp, *vice* Captain S. C. F. Jackson, D.S.O., who has vacated that appointment. Dated 13th April 1894.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 544.—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenants—

Henry James Riddell, Lincolnshire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 4th (Prince Albert Victor's) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—10th October 1892.

Thomas Robertson MacLachlan, Border Regiment, wing officer, 40th (Pathan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—1st February 1893.

Second-Lieutenant Murray Hugh Pratt Barlow, Liverpool Regiment, officiating wing officer, 4th (Prince Albert Victor's) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—10th November 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Barlow will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the 10th November 1892, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 545.—Second-Lieutenant Keith Hungerford Jackson, Liverpool Regiment, officiating squadron officer, 19th Bengal Lancers, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 6th November 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

Second-Lieutenant Jackson will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the above date, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 546.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officers of the Unattached List are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Second-Lieutenant John Bellasis Bowring, officiating wing officer, 2nd Punjab Infantry,—13th April 1894.

Second-Lieutenant Gordon Macleod Wylie, attached to the 1st Battalion, 2nd (Prince of Wales' Own) Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment (The Sirmoor Rifles),—12th April 1894.

No. 547.—Subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India, the undermentioned officer is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps on the conditions laid down in the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars,

1891, for admission to the Staff Corps of officers of the unattached list, with effect from the date specified:

Second-Lieutenant Edmond William Costello, 2nd Battalion, West Yorkshire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 22nd (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—21st March 1894.

No. 548.—Lieutenant Edward Rushworth Blakiston Murray, Royal Marine Light Infantry, officiating wing officer, 17th Madras Infantry, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 21st October 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 549.—The undermentioned officers, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenant Charles Myles O'Reilly, Royal Irish Regiment, officiating wing officer, 3rd (or Palamcottah) Regiment of Madras (Light) Infantry,—13th October 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Henry Lewis Hole, Shropshire Light Infantry, officiating wing officer, 19th Madras Infantry,—2nd November 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Hole will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the 2nd November 1892, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 550.—The undermentioned officer is granted furlough out of India:

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel C. J. W. Meadows, Civil Surgeon, Murshidabad, (m. c.) for six months, under rule XIV, clause I, of the regulations of 1868.

No. 551.—Captain J. Shakespear, D.S.O., Leinster Regiment, Superintendent, South Lushai Hills district, is granted leave out of India, (p. a.) for six months, under the leave rules applicable to regimental officers of the British Army serving in India.

No. 552.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India:

Major H. St. P. Maxwell, C.S.I., Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 1st grade, Assam, and Political Agent and Superintendent, Manipur State, (p. a.) for one week.

Captain G. A. Collins, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander and second-in-command, Merwara Battalion, (p. a.) for one month.

Lieutenant A. G. Medley, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer, 19th Regiment of Bengal Lancers, (p. a.) for fourteen days.

No. 553.—The furlough granted to Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary H. H. Beatley, office of the Adjutant-General in India, in G. G. O. No. 495 of 1893, is extended to the 19th January 1894.

No. 554.—Lieutenant W. L. Cotton, Yorkshire Light Infantry, probationer, Indian Staff Corps, 5th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, is granted leave in India, (m. c.) from the 25th to the 27th January 1894, under article 653, Army Regulations, India, volume I, part I.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 555.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 8th May 1894, page 2690.

WAR OFFICE,
8th May, 1894.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotions in the Most Honourable Order of the Bath in recognition of the services of the undermentioned officers during the operations in the Chin Hills in 1892-93:

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders, of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, *vis.*:

Major-General Arthur Power Palmer, C.B., Indian Staff Corps, commanding a Second Class District in India.

Major-General Richard Campbell Stewart, C.B., Madras Cavalry, commanding a First Class District in India.

"London Gazette," dated the 15th May 1894, page 2852.

WAR OFFICE;
Pall Mall, 15th May, 1894.

MEMORANDA.

The promotions to the rank of Lieutenant of the undermentioned Second-Lieutenants are cancelled, those officers having been transferred to the Indian Staff Corps with anterior dates:

P. F. Pocock, the King's (Liverpool Regiment).

C. E. Tristram, the Dorsetshire Regiment.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Colonel Henry Constantine Evelyn Ward, C.I.E., is transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 16th April 1894.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 556.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels to be Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels.

Francis Cobham Nicholson, M.B., *vice* Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel D. F. Keegan, retired, Dated 1st April 1894.

Thomas Holbein Hendley, C.I.E., *vice* Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel D. O'C. Raye, promoted. Dated 2nd April 1894.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Madras.

No. 557.—Sub-Conductor Robert J. Jellie to be Conductor and Sub-Conductor Richard O'Neill, on probation, to be confirmed in his present grade, with effect from the 7th May 1894, *vice* Conductor E. H. Lee, placed on the seconded list.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 558.—*45th (Rattray's Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—*

Jemadar Jiwand Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Bhola Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Kishn Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 3rd April 1894.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

No. 559.—*3rd Punjab Cavalry—*

Dafadar Gurditt Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jamiat Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 28th April 1894.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 560.—Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Temple Wright, M.D., Civil Surgeon, Etawah, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 20th June 1894, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 561.—Lieutenant William Henry Knight, Deputy Assistant Commissary, Military Works Department, has been permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 28th October 1893.

REWARDS.

GOOD CONDUCT MEDALS.

No. 562.—The undermentioned non-commissioned officers of the native army are granted medals inscribed "For meritorious service" with annuity, with arrears of annuity from the dates specified, for the year ending the 31st March 1895, under the provisions of articles 342 and 343, Army Regulations, India, volume I, part II:

No. 10, Color-Havildar Nihal Singh, 34th Bengal Infantry (Pioneers), *vice* Havildar Budha Singh, pensioned from 1st March 1894.

No. 49, Havildar Amritiya Burathoki, 39th Bengal Infantry, *vice* Havildar Sher Bahadur Mal, promoted from 25th January 1894.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 563.—*Mussoorie Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

William Charles Hurst, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Fitzherbert, transferred to the supernumerary list.

No. 564.—*Moulmein Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Captain Alfred Bassett Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Richardson, transferred to the supernumerary list.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 565.—*Naini Tal Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Lieutenant F. B. Bryant resigns his commission.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 566.—In G. G. O. No. 223 of 1894, with reference to the promotion of Captain S. H. Powell, Royal Engineers, from "attached" to Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, for "15th January 1894" read "16th January 1894."

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 36.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 9 of 1893, Commander H. B. Hooper, Royal Indian Marine, staff officer, Kidderpore, sub. *pro tem.*, is appointed staff officer, Kidderpore Dockyard, with effect from the 1st March 1893.

No. 37.—Lieutenant C. G. Sinclair, Royal Indian Marine, Assistant Surveyor, 4th class, Marine Survey of India, to be Assistant Surveyor, 3rd class, *vice* Sub-Lieutenant F. Dobson, Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 24th April 1894.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 38.—The undermentioned officer has been granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in Marine Circular No. 7, dated the 26th April 1892, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Engineer G. Kelly, Royal Indian Marine, for six months.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 8th June, 1894.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned commissioned officer on the date specified was received in the Military Department between the 19th May and the 8th June 1894:

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
Indian Staff Corps (5th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent).	Lieutenant M. F. A. Sexton.	28th May 1894.	Near Yellandu, Nizam's Railway.		

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 5th June, 1894.

No. 235.—The following is published for general information :

No. 252-R. T., dated 5th June, 1894.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

General Rules for working railways open for traffic.

Read—

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890.

Government of India Circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 19th April 1892, promulgating General Rules for all open State Railways in British India administered by the Government.

Public Works Department Notification No. 174, dated the 7th May 1892, publishing in the *Gazette of India* of the 14th May 1892 the Circular and the General Rules read above.

Government of India Resolution No. 0058 R. T., dated the 28th February 1893, published in the *Gazette of India* of the 4th March 1893 under Public Works Department Notification No. 82, dated the 1st March 1893.

Government of India Resolution No. 321 R. T., dated the 7th June 1893, published in the *Gazette of India* of the 24th June 1893 under Public Works Department Notification No. 249, dated the 23rd June 1893.

Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 331, dated the 12th September 1893, published in the *Gazette of India* of the 16th September 1893.

Letter from the Director General of Railways, No. 219 T., dated the 4th June 1894.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Director General of Railways has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in British India, which have been published under Public Works Department Notification No. 174, dated the 7th May 1892 (*vide the Gazette of India* of the 14th May 1892), as modified by the Government of India, Public Works Department, Notifications Nos. 82, dated the 1st March, 249, dated the 23rd June, and 331, dated the 12th September 1893 (*vide the Gazette of India* of the 4th March, 24th June, and 16th September 1893), may be made applicable to the Vizianagram-Thelaru section of the East Coast Railway from the date on which it may be opened for the public carriage of passengers, animals, or goods.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules for Indian railways, with the modifications cited in the foregoing observations, to the Vizianagram-Thelaru section of the East Coast Railway.

ORDER.—Ordered, that the General Rules, with the modifications cited in the foregoing observations, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection, free of any charge, in the office of the station master of every station on the said railway.

Ordered also, that this Resolution be communicated to the Director General of Railways for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

No. 236.—Mr. W. B. Christie, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, with effect from the forenoon of the 9th May 1894, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. H. N. C. Clöete, or until further orders.

No. 237.—Second-Lieutenant Frederic George Howard, R.E., is appointed to the Public Works Department as Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, and posted to the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

No. 238.—Mr. W. Drew, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, State Railways, Assistant Manager, North-Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Manager of that line in Class I of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways during the absence of Major W. V. Constable, R.E., on privilege leave, or until further orders.

The 6th June, 1894.

No. 239.—Mr. G. F. Lamb, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the afternoon of 15th May 1894.

No. 240.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 135 of the Indian Railways Act (IX of 1890), the Governor General in Council is pleased—

- (a) under clause (1) of that section to declare that the East Indian Railway Company shall be liable to pay, in aid of the funds of the Allahabad Municipality, a water-rate under the provisions of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh Water-works Act (1 of 1891) in respect of the houses, buildings, and lands occupied by the Company within the limits of the Allahabad Municipality; and
- (b) under clause (2) of that section to appoint the Commissioner of Allahabad to enquire and report what is the sum which, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, is a fair and reasonable sum for the said railway to pay in lieu of the said water-rate.

The liability imposed by this Notification shall be deemed to have arisen upon the first occasion of the supply of water by the Municipality to the Railway Company.

The 7th June, 1894.

No. 241.—The following permanent promotions are made in the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, with effect from the 1st April 1894:

Names.	From	To
Murray, J. H.	Class III, Grade 2	Class III, Grade 1.
Murray, P. G.	Class III, Grade 2	Class III, Grade 1.
Acres, T. G.	Class III, Grade 2	Class III, Grade 1.
Prussia, A. B.	Class III, Grade 2	Class III, Grade 1.

No. 242.—The services of Lieutenant E. M. J. Burn, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

The 8th June, 1894.

No. 243.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions and reversions of Executive and Assistant Engineers attached to State Railways, with effect from the dates specified:

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Drew, W.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, old 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary . . .	9th December 1893.
Scovell, C. T. R.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	.....	9th December 1893.
Scovell, C. T. R.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary . . .	2nd January 1894.
Nathan, W.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary . . .	1st February 1894 * instead of 6th January 1894.
Lyle, J. C.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary . . .	2nd February 1894 * instead of 1st February 1894.

*Vide Notification No. 192, dated the 8th May 1894.

No. 244.—The undermentioned passed students of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Rurki, are appointed to the Public Works Department as Apprentice Engineers, and posted to the Provinces noted:

To North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

Mr. Thomas Sutherland Fitzpatrick.

„ Kanhaiya Lal.

To Burma.

Mr. Clarence Elmer Rushton.

To Assam.

Mr. Arobinda Prakash Mullick.

To Rajputana and Central India.

Mr. Jotindra Mohan Ray.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 24.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

PART I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations.

PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 22:—

Nothing for publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 24.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 14th June, 1894.

No. 11.—Whereas the Secretary of State for India by Resolution in Council declared the provisions of the 33rd of Vict., Chap. 3, Section 1, to be from and after the 1st October, 1877, applicable to the territories forming the Chief Commissionership of Coorg;

And whereas the Chief Commissioner of Coorg has proposed to the Governor General in Council a draft of the following Regulation, together with the reasons for proposing the same;

And whereas the Governor General in Council has taken the draft and reasons into consideration, and has approved of the draft and the same has received the Governor General's assent on the 11th day of June, 1894;

In pursuance of the direction contained in the said section, the said Regulation is now published in the *Gazette of India*.

REGULATION NO. II OF 1894.

A Regulation to amend the Coorg Land-records and Village-service Regulation, 1893.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Coorg Land-records and Village-service Regulation, IV of 1893, 1893; It is hereby enacted as follows:

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the
Title and commence- Coorg Land-records and
ment. Village-service Regulation,
1894; and

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. To section 4, sub-section (2), of the Coorg
Addition to section Land-records and Village-
4, sub-section (2), Regu- service Regulation, 1893, IV of 1893.
lation IV of 1893. the following shall be
added, namely:

"Provided that the rate shall not be levied in respect of uncultivated banés without the previous sanction of the Chief Commissioner."

S. HARVEY JAMES,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EXAMINATIONS.

Simla, the 14th June, 1894.

No. 200.—The services of Colonel H. S. Jarrett, Secretary to the Board of Examiners and Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 17th June 1894.

No. 204.—Surgeon-Major G. S. A. Ranking, M.D., I.M.S. (Bengal), is appointed to be Secretary to the Board of Examiners, with effect from the 17th June 1894, *vice* Colonel H. S. Jarrett.

MEDICAL.

The 11th June, 1894.

No. 358.—Surgeon-Colonel J. G. Pilcher, F.R.C.S., I.M.S. (Bengal), at present officiating as Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is confirmed in that appointment, *vice* Surgeon-Colonel J. Richardson, retired from the service, with effect from the 19th May 1894.

No. 359.—Surgeon-Colonel R. Harvey, M.D., D.S.O., I.M.S. (Bengal), at present officiating as Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, is confirmed in that appointment, *vice* Surgeon-Colonel J. G. Pilcher, with effect from the 19th May 1894.

POLICE.

The 14th June, 1894.

No. 306.—The services of Lieutenant M. A. B. Kappey, 26th Madras Infantry, Assistant Commandant, Burma Military Police, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 29th June 1894.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

FORESTS.

Simla, the 15th June, 1894.

No. 630-F.—With reference to the Notification of the Foreign Department, No. 927-G., dated the 7th instant, Mr. E. E. Fernandez, Deputy Conservator of Forests, 1st grade, Assam, is granted furlough for two years, under article 340 (b), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 8th June 1894. Mr. Fernandez availed himself of subsidiary leave from 1st to 7th idem, both dates inclusive.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 9th June, 1894.

No. 936-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. P. Bonenblust as Acting Vice-Consul for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Aden.

No. 939-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Philip B. Savile as Acting Consular Agent for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Karachi during the absence of Mr. Alfred E. Hoare.

No. 1249-F.—The services of Nawab Muhammad Afzal Khan, Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd Class in the Punjab Commission, are, with reference to the notification by the Government of the Punjab, No. 261, dated the 21st May, 1891, replaced at the disposal of that Government, with effect from the 7th June, 1894, after vacating the appointment of British Agent at Kabul.

The 11th June, 1894.

No. 943-G.—The services of Mr. C. F. Erskine, Survey Officer in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, are replaced at the disposal of the Revenue and Agricultural Department, with effect from the 13th June, 1894.

No. 950-G.—The following substantive *pro tempore* appointments are made in the Berar Commission:

Consequent on the death of Captain C. Chamier, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd Class, and with effect from the 5th February, 1894,—

Captain R. P. Horsbrugh, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) Class, to be an Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd Class.

Consequent on the grant of extraordinary leave to Major J. G. Morris, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd Class, and with effect from the 28th April, 1894,—

Khan Bahadur Saiyad Shams-ud-din, Ali Khan, Special Assistant Commissioner, and officiating Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd Class, to be a Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd Class.

Dastur Edulji Bymonji, Assistant Commissioner of the 1st Class and officiating Special Assistant Commissioner, to be a Special Assistant Commissioner.

Mr. Rustomji Faridonji, Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd (officiating 1st) Class, to be an Assistant Commissioner of the 1st Class.

Captain F. R. M. C. de R. Manduit, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) Class, to be an Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd Class.

The 12th June, 1894.

No. 961-G.—Captain R. A. Cole, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander and 2nd-in-Command, Erinpura Irregular Force, is appointed to officiate as Commandant, Meywar Bhil Corps, with effect from date of joining, and during the absence on furlough of Colonel A. R. T. McRae, or until further orders.

No. 963-G.—Lieutenant F. T. C. Hughes, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Adjutant, Erinpura Irregular Force, is appointed to officiate as Squadron Commander and 2nd-in-Command, with effect from the date of assuming charge, and during such time as Captain R. A. Cole may officiate as Commandant, Meywar Bhil Corps, or until further orders.

The 14th June, 1894.

No. 2008-I.—For the purposes of the exercise of civil jurisdiction within, and in respect of, the railway lands in His Highness the Nizam's territory, other than the railway lands referred to in the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 4564-I., dated the 18th November, 1891, and with reference to the notification of the Government of India in the same Department, No. 1144-I., dated the 22nd March, 1888, as modified by notification No. 2065-I., dated the 22nd May, 1889, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following order :

The Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, direct the transfer of any particular civil suit or appeal or proceeding pending before—

- (a) the Resident at Hyderabad, by virtue of his jurisdiction over the said lands, to the Judicial Commissioner of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts; or
 - (b) any Civil Court having jurisdiction over the said lands and subordinate to the Resident at Hyderabad, to any other Civil Court of equal or superior jurisdiction subordinate to the Judicial Commissioner of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts,
- whenever it appears to the Governor-General in Council that such transfer will promote the ends of justice or tend to the general convenience of parties or witnesses.

The Court to which such civil suit or appeal or proceeding may be transferred shall, as far as may be possible, regard being had to the law for the time being in force and administered in the said lands, deal with the same as if the suit or appeal or proceeding had been initiated in such Court.

No. 2009-I.—For the purposes of the exercise of criminal jurisdiction within, and in respect of, the railway lands in His Highness the Nizam's territory, other than the railway lands referred to in the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 4564-I., dated the 18th November, 1891, and with reference to the notification of the Government of India in the same Department, No. 1143-I., dated the 22nd March, 1888, as modified by notification No. 2065-I., dated the 22nd May, 1889, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following order :

The Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, direct the transfer of any particular criminal case or appeal or proceedings in revision pending before—

- (a) the Resident at Hyderabad, by virtue of his jurisdiction over the said lands, to the Judicial Commissioner of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts; or
 - (b) any Criminal Court having jurisdiction over the said lands and subordinate to the Resident at Hyderabad, to any other Criminal Court of equal or superior jurisdiction subordinate to the Judicial Commissioner of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts,
- whenever it appears to the Governor-General in Council that such transfer will promote the ends of justice or tend to the general convenience of parties or witnesses.

The Court to which such case or appeal or proceedings in revision may be transferred shall deal with the same as if the case or appeal or proceedings had been initiated in such Court.

The 15th June, 1894.

No. 1035-E.—The following papers, together with the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and Servia, are published for general information :

No. 159 (Revenue), dated India Office, London, the 30th November, 1893.

From—The Secretary of State for India,

To—The Government of India.

I forward for your Excellency's information copy of the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and Servia of July 10th, 1893, and would direct your attention to the provisions of Article VI.

2. Further copies of the Treaty will be supplied in the usual way as a Parliamentary Paper.

TREATY OF COMMERCE BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND SERVIA.

SIGNED AT BELGRADE, ^{JUNE 28}_{JULY 10}, 1893.

Ratifications exchanged at Belgrade, October 18, 1893.

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, and His Majesty the King of Servia, being equally animated with the desire of consolidating their ties of friendship and of developing the commercial relations between the two States, have with this object determined to conclude a Treaty, and have named as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say :

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, Edmund Douglas Veitch Fane, Esq., her Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the King of Servia.

And His Majesty the King of Servia, His Excellency M. André Nikolitch, his Minister for Foreign Affairs ;

Who, after having communicated to each other their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles :

ARTICLE I.

There shall be full and entire freedom of commerce and navigation between the countries of the High Contracting Parties.

The subjects, vessels, and goods, produce of the soil and industry of each of the High Contracting Parties, shall enjoy in the dominions of the other all rights, privileges, immunities, or advantages whatever which are actually enjoyed, or may hereafter be enjoyed, in the said dominions by the subjects, vessels, and goods, produce of the soil and industry of the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE I.

All articles produce of the soil or industry of Great Britain and Ireland which shall be imported into Servia, and all articles produce of the soil or industry of Servia which shall be imported into Great Britain and Ireland, whether destined for consumption, warehousing, re-exportation, or transit, shall be subjected as long as this Treaty holds good to the same treatment as, and especially shall be liable to no higher or other duties than, the produce or goods of the most favoured nation.

Sa Majesté la Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Impératrice des Indes, et Sa Majesté le Roi de Serbie, également animés du désir de consolider leurs liens d'amitié et de développer les rapports commerciaux entre les deux États, ont résolu de conclure à cet effet un Traité, et ont nommé pour leurs Plénipotentiaires, savoir :

Sa Majesté la Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Impératrice des Indes, M. Edmund Douglas Veitch Fane, son Envoyé Extraordinaire et Ministre Plénipotentiaire près Sa Majesté le Roi de Serbie ;

Sa Majesté le Roi de Serbie, Son Excellence M. Andra Nikolitch, son Ministre des Affaires Étrangères.

Lesquels, après s'être communiqué leurs pleins pouvoirs, trouvés en bonne et due forme, sont convenus des Articles suivants :

ARTICLE I.

Il y aura pleine et entière liberté de commerce et de navigation entre les pays des Hautes Parties Contractantes.

Les sujets, les navires, et les marchandises, produits du sol et de l'industrie de chacune des Hautes Parties Contractantes, jouiront dans les territoires de l'autre de tous, les droits, privilèges, immunités, ou avantages quelconques dont jouissent actuellement ou jouiront à l'avenir, dans ces territoires, les sujets, les navires, et les marchandises, produits du sol et de l'industrie de la nation la plus favorisée.

ARTICLE II.

Tous les objets, produits du sol ou de l'industrie de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, qui seront importés en Serbie, et tous les objets produits du sol ou de l'industrie de la Serbie qui seront importés dans la Grande-Bretagne et l'Irlande, destinés soit à la consommation, soit à l'emmagasinement, soit à la réexportation, soit au transit, seront soumis pendant la durée de ce Traité au même traitement et nommément, ne seront passibles de droits ni plus élevés ni autres que les produits ou les marchandises de la nation la plus favorisée.

No higher or other duties shall be levied in Great Britain and Ireland on the exportation of goods to Servia, or in Servia on the exportation of goods to Great Britain and Ireland, than may be levied on the exportation of the like goods to the country the most favoured in this respect.

Each of the High Contracting Parties therefore undertakes that the other shall enjoy immediately and unconditionally every favour, privilege, or reduction of duties which has been already granted, or may be granted hereafter, in the abovenamed respects to a third Power.

Goods of all kinds coming from or proceeding to the territory of one of the High Contracting Parties shall be exempted in the territory of the other from all transit dues. Most-favoured-nation treatment is mutually guaranteed to each of the High Contracting Parties in all that concerns transit.

It is understood that the provisions of the present Article do not apply to such special facilities and privileges as have been or may hereafter be conceded by Servia to the neighbouring States with respect to the local traffic between their conterminous frontier districts.

ARTICLE III.

It is agreed that as regards cost of transport and all other facilities, Servian goods transported over British railways and British goods transported over Servian railways shall be treated in exactly the same manner as the goods of the nation the most favoured in this respect.

ARTICLE IV.

The subjects of each of the two High Contracting Parties shall be exempted in the territory of the other from all military service and from all extraordinary requisitions which may be established on account of exceptional circumstances.

The liabilities, however, arising out of the possession of landed property, and for military loans and requisitions to which all the subjects of the State may be called upon to contribute as proprietors or tenants of real property, shall be excepted.

ARTICLE V.

The subjects of the two High Contracting Parties shall in the dominions of other enjoy the same protection and be subject to the same conditions as native subjects, or subjects of the most favoured nation, in regard to the right of property in trade-marks, names of firms, and other distinctive marks showing the origin or quality of goods, as well as in patterns and designs for manufacture.

ARTICLE VI.

The present Treaty shall be applicable, as far as the laws permit, to all the Colonies and foreign possessions of Her Britannic Majesty,

A l'exportation pour la Serbie il ne sera perçu en Grande-Bretagne et en Irlande et à l'exportation pour la Grande-Bretagne et l'Irlande, il ne sera perçu en Serbie d'autres ni plus élevés droits de sortie qu'à l'exportation des mêmes objets pour le pays le plus favorisé à cet égard.

Chacune des Hautes Parties Contractantes s'engage donc à faire profiter l'autre immédiatement et sans condition de toute faveur, de tout privilège ou abaissement de droits qu'elle a déjà accordés ou pourrait accorder par la suite, sous les rapports susmentionnés, à une tierce Puissance.

Les marchandises de toute nature provenant du territoire de l'une des Hautes Parties Contractantes ou y allant, seront exemptes, dans les territoires de l'autre, de tous droits de transit. Le traitement de la nation la plus favorisée est réciproquement garanti à chacune des Parties Contractantes pour tout ce qui concerne le transit.

Il est entendu que les dispositions du présent Article ne s'appliquent point aux facilités, et privilèges spéciaux, qui ont été ou qui pourront être accordés par la Serbie aux États voisins, par rapport au trafic local entre leurs districts frontières limitrophes.

ARTICLE III.

Il est convenu que, en ce qui regarde les frais de transport et toute autre facilité, les marchandises Serbes transportées sur les chemins de fer Serbes, seront traitées exactement de la même manière que les marchandises de toute autre nation la plus favorisée sous le dit rapport.

ARTICLE IV.

Les ressortissants de chacune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes seront exemptes, dans le territoire de l'autre, de tout service militaire et de toutes réquisitions extraordinaires qui seraient établies par suite de circonstances exceptionnelles.

Sont toutefois exceptées les charges qui sont attachées à la possession d'un bien fonds, ainsi que les prestations et réquisitions militaires auxquelles les nationaux peuvent être appelés à se soumettre, comme propriétaires, fermiers, ou locataires d'immeubles.

ARTICLE V.

Les sujets de chacune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes jouiront dans les États de l'autre de la même protection et seront assujettis aux mêmes obligations que les nationaux ou les sujets de la nation la plus favorisée, pour tout ce qui concerne la propriété soit des marques de fabrique et de commerce, des noms commerciaux ou d'autres marques particulières indiquant l'origine ou la qualité des marchandises, soit des modèles et dessins industriels.

ARTICLE VI.

Le présent Traité s'appliquera, en tant que les lois le permettent, à toutes les Colonies et possessions étrangères de Sa Majesté Britan-

excepting to those hereinafter named, that is to say, except to—

India.
The Dominion of Canada.
Newfoundland.
New South Wales.
Victoria.
South Australia.
Western Australia.
Queensland.
Tasmania.
New Zealand.
The Cape of Good Hope.
Natal.

à l'exception de celles ci-après dénommées à savoir—

Les Indes.
Le Canada.
Terre-Neuve.
La Nouvelle-Galles du Sud.
Victoria.
L'Australie du Sud.
L'Australie Occidentale.
Queensland.
La Tasmanie.
La Nouvelle-Zélande.
Le Cap.
Natal.

Provided always that the present Treaty shall be made applicable to any of the above-named Colonies or foreign possessions on whose behalf notice to that effect shall have been given by Her Britannic Majesty's Representative at Belgrade to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of Servia within two years from the date of the signature of the present Treaty.

Le présent Traité deviendra applicable à l'une des Colonies ou des possessions étrangères susmentionnées si, en leur nom, notification à cet égard est faite par le Représentant de Sa Majesté Britannique à Belgrade, au Ministre des Affaires Étrangères de Sa Majesté le Roi de Serbie, dans l'intervalle de deux ans à partir de la signature du présent Traité.

ARTICLE VII.

The present Treaty shall be ratified and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Belgrade as soon as the formalities prescribed by the Constitutional Laws of the Contracting States have been observed.

It shall remain in force from the date of the exchange of the ratifications until the ^{31st}/_{19th} December, 1903. In case neither of the two High Contracting Parties should have notified twelve months before the end of the said period the intention of putting an end to it, it shall remain binding until the expiration of one year from the day on which either of the High Contracting Parties shall have denounced it.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Treaty, and have thereto affixed their seals.

Done in duplicate at Belgrade the tenth day of July (the twenty-eighth day of June) one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

(L.S.)

EDMUND D. V. FANE.

(L.S.)

AND. NIKOLITCH.

ARTICLE VII.

Le présent Traité sera ratifié, et les ratifications en seront échangées à Belgrade, aussitôt après l'accomplissement des formalités prescrites par les Lois Constitutionnelles des États Contractants.

Il sera exécutoire à partir du jour de l'échange des ratifications jusqu'au ³¹/₁₉ Décembre, 1903. Dans le cas où aucune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes n'aurait notifié, douze mois avant la fin de la dite période, son intention d'en faire cesser les effets, il demeurera obligatoire jusqu'à l'expiration d'une année, à partir du jour où l'une ou l'autre des Hautes Parties Contractantes l'aura dénoncé.

En foi de quoi les Plénipotentiaires respectifs ont signé le présent Traité et y ont apposé leurs cachets.

Fait à Belgrade, en double original, le ¹⁰/₂₈ Juillet 1893.

(L.S.)

EDMUND D. V. FANE.

(L.S.)

AND. NIKOLITCH.

No. 692-R. & S., dated India Office, London, the 7th May, 1894.

Demi-official from—SIR C. E. BERNARD, K.C.S.I., Secretary, Revenue and Statistics, India Office,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

With reference to the letter from the Government of India, No. 43, Finance and Commerce, To Foreign Office, dated 12th April, 1894, of the 28th February last, on the subject of the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and Servia, I am directed to forward copy of correspondence with the Foreign Office showing that effect has been given to the suggestion of the Government of India that the Treaty should be made applicable to that country.

No. 318-R. & S., dated India Office, London, the 12th April, 1894.

From—SIR J. A. GODLEY, K.C.B., Under-Secretary of State for India,

To—The Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

With reference to previous correspondence terminating with the Foreign Office letter of the 10th November, 1893, I am directed by the Secretary of State for India in Council to forward, for submission to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and for such action as may be considered necessary, copy of a despatch from the Government of India suggesting that the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and Servia ratified in October 1893 be made applicable to India.

No. 398-94, dated Foreign Office, London, the 2nd May, 1894.

From—The Hon'ble F. L. BERTIE, Senior Clerk, Foreign Office,

To—The Under-Secretary of State for India.

With reference to your letter of the 12th ultimo, I am directed by the Earl of Kimberley to state to you, for the information of Mr. Secretary Fowler, that Her Majesty's Minister at Belgrade reports that he has notified in due form to the Servian Government the accession of the Government of India to the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and Servia which was signed at Belgrade on 28th June—10th July, 1893.

No. 43, dated Calcutta, the 28th February, 1894.

From—The Government of India,

To—The Secretary of State for India.

We have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordship's despatch No. 159 (Revenue), dated the 30th November, 1893, forwarding copy of the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and Servia ratified in October 1893.

2. With reference to the provisions of Article VI, we beg to suggest, for reasons similar to those stated in paragraph 2 of our despatch No. 233, dated the 6th September, 1892, relating to the Convention with Roumania for the protection of Trade-marks, that the Treaty with Servia be made applicable to India.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 15th June, 1894.

No. 3041-P.—Mr. J. C. E. Branson, Deputy Accountant General, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-two days, with effect from 11th June 1894.

PAPER CURRENCY.

The 12th June, 1894.

No. 3002-A.—Abstract of the Accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 31st May 1894, published, as required,

by Section 27 of the Indian Paper Currency Act, XX of 1882.

CIRCLES OF ISSUE.	Whole amount of Notes in circulation.	RESERVE IN SILVER COIN AND BULLION.		
		Coin.	Bullion.	Total
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Calcutta	13,12,02,845	5,30,21,832	...	5,30,21,832
Allahabad	1,19,71,000	2,82,52,045	...	2,82,52,045
Lahore	1,44,64,725	2,23,65,380	...	2,23,65,380
Bombay	10,24,76,885	6,28,56,973	...	6,28,56,973
Kurrachee	72,30,475	62,40,155	...	62,40,155
Madras	3,73,58,575	3,47,50,105	...	3,47,50,105
Calicut	11,46,695	6,86,780	...	6,86,780
Rangoon	54,78,755	2,31,56,685	...	2,31,56,685
TOTAL	31,13,29,955	23,13,29,955	...	23,13,29,955
Price paid for Government Securities of the nominal value of Rs. 8,15,95,000 held under Section 19 of the Act				8,00,00,000
GRAND TOTAL				31,13,29,955

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 15th June, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY STAFF.

No. 567.—Captain A. A. E. Campbell, 25th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, to be a Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry, *vice* Captain I. Eardley-Wilmot, whose tenure has expired. Dated 13th May 1894.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 568.—Second-Lieutenant Alick Gurdon Kemball, Connaught Rangers, officiating wing officer, 23rd (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry (Pioneers), having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 8th October 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

Second-Lieutenant Kemball will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the above date, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 569.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India :

Colonel N. M. T. Horsford, Indian Staff Corps, Chief Commissioner of the Andamans and Nicobar Islands and Superintendent of Port Blair, (p. a.) for one year and 119 days, under rule IX of the regulations of 1868.

Major A. Adye, Indian Staff Corps, commandant, 4th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, (p. a.) for nine months, under rule I of the regulations of 1875.

No. 570.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty :

Lieutenant T. W. Lightfoot, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 8th Bengal Infantry, for one year. Pension service—6th year commenced 22nd August 1893.

No. 571.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India :

Major A. MacW. Renny, Indian Staff Corps, 7th Bengal Cavalry, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Instruction, for six months. Pension service—21st year commenced 11th September 1893.

Lieutenant H. P. Lane, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer and adjutant, 3rd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, for six months. Pension service—9th year commenced 28th December 1893.

No. 572.—Captain N. A. K. Burne, Indian Staff Corps, 23rd (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry (Pioneers), wing commander and second-in-command, 30th Regiment (5th Burma Battalion) of Madras Infantry, has been granted by the Secretary of State for India leave out of India, (p. a.) for six months, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, in commutation of his privilege leave, with effect from the date of being struck off duty. Pension service—16th year commenced 5th November 1893.

No. 573.—The undermentioned officers and warrant officer have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India :

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel J. Wilson, M.D., Civil Surgeon, Hazaribagh, (m. c.) for six months.

Lieutenant R. S. Wildey, Deputy Assistant Commissary, Ordnance Department, Overseer, Gunpowder Factory, Ishapore, (m. c.) for three months.

Conductor C. Lambert, Ordnance Department, (m. c.) till 2nd October 1894.

No. 574.—Lieutenant G. E. J. Perry, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, is granted leave in India, (m. c.) for three months, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps.

No. 575.—Colonel H. S. Jarrett, Indian Staff Corps, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Fort William, and Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, is permitted to reside out of India on being superannuated from civil employ on the 17th June 1894, under article 756 (b), Army Regulations, India, volume I, part I. Pension service—38th year commenced 4th March 1894.

No. 576.—The leave granted to Major G. C. P. Onslow, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, 2nd grade, Military Works Department, in G. G. O. No. 1027 of 1892, is extended to the 2nd December 1893.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 577.—The following extracts are published for general information :

"London Gazette," dated the 22nd May 1894, pages 2980 and 2981.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 22nd May, 1894.

* * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * *

Captain C. E. Johnson, Indian Staff Corps, is granted the temporary rank of Major whilst employed in British Central Africa. Dated 23rd May 1894.

Lieutenant C. A. Edwards, Indian Staff Corps, is granted the temporary rank of Captain whilst employed in British Central Africa. Dated 23rd May 1894.

* * * * *

INDIA OFFICE;

22nd May, 1894.

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Medical Services made by the Governments in India:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 14th March 1894.

Frederick Duncan Raikes, C.I.E.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Reginald Macgregor, D.S.O.

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 28th February 1894.

Warren Hastings.

Henry Lushington Ramsay.

James Loughnan O'Bryan.

James Philip Sparling.

Henry George Ryland.

Frederick George Preston.

Harold Arthur Deane.

Charles Edward Wylde Macdonald.

Edward Spence Hastings, D.S.O.

John Franklin Worlledge.

John George Morris.

Henry Stanley Massy.

Alfred Edwin Jones.

Dated 26th March 1894.

Francis Macdonald Drury.

Charles John Dennys.

Dated 28th March 1894.

Edward William Dun, D.S.O.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 28th February 1894.

Hugh Kennedy.

Dated 7th March 1894.

Percy William Drake Brockman.

Dated 10th March 1894.

Arthur Henry McMahon, C.I.E.

Alexander Lumsdaine Lindesay.

Albert Walter de Wilton.

John Manners Smith, V.C., C.I.E.

Francis Henry Bagot Commeline.

Frederick Aubrey Hoghton.

Charles Schofield.

Francis Gordon Cardew.

Arthur Cyril Beaumont Johnson.

Arthur Edwin Stewart Hartigan.

Louis James Andrews.

Robert Mitchell Betham.

Robert Worgan Falcon.

Eric John Eagles Swayne.

Harold Richard Mead.

Edward Alexander Gayer.

Claude William Wilkieson.

John Fisher.

James Fearnley Stewart.

Arthur Francis Bruce.

Thomas Adam Fischer.

Mackenzie Walcott Baugh.

Sydney Francis Crocker.

George Wyndham Chichester Knatchbull.

Lawrence Impey.

Raoul Guy Richard de Vismes.

John Archer Loudon.

Robert Alexander Carruthers.

Charles Edward Halkett Connell.

Henry George Bowen Raitt.

Charles Vaughan Mainwaring.

Alfred Wilberforce Leonard.

Adrian John Hebron Vanrenen.

Robert James Reid Brown.

Charles Cecil Archibald Sillery.

Dated 21st March 1894.

Frank Rowley Metcalfe Charles de Rittich Mauduit.

BENGAL MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels to be Surgeon-Colonels.

George Cumberland Ross. Dated 1st January 1894.

William Pleace Warburton, M.D. Dated 17th January 1894.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels to be Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels.

Richard Careless Sanders, M.D. Dated 4th October 1893.

Benjamin Franklin. Dated 1st January 1894.

Robert Temple Wright, M.D. Dated 2nd January 1894.

George McBride Davis, M.D. Dated 17th January 1894.

BENGAL SUBORDINATE MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

To be Senior Apothecary, second grade, ranking as Honorary Lieutenant.

Apothecary, first grade, John Reid. Dated 3rd December 1893.

The Queen has also approved of the restoration of the undermentioned officers from the half-pay list to the effective list:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Captain Robert Hutchinson Campbell Tufnell. Dated 12th March 1894.

Lieutenant Lindsay Anstruther Forbes. Dated 20th January 1894.

The Queen has also approved of the retirement from the service of the undermentioned officers:

BENGAL MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Surgeon-Colonel George Cochet Chesnaye. Dated 17th January 1894.

Surgeon-Colonel John Richardson. Dated 19th May 1894.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 578.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 3rd June 1894.

William Potter Newall.

William Francis Hungerford Grey.

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 10th June 1894.

Juxon Henry Jones.

Dated 13th June 1894.

Charles Herbert.

Hudson Henry Ozzard.

George Atkins Collins.

William Charles Aslett.

Lumley Scobell Peyton.

Alfred William Lambart Bayly, D.S.O.

William Henry Jameson.

Arthur Adye.

John Archibald Henry Pollock.

Charles Grant Mansell Fasken.

Lionel Grafton Beckham.

COLONEL'S ALLOWANCE.

No. 579.—The undermentioned officers of the Indian Staff Corps are admitted to the colonel's allowance, with effect from the dates specified:

Dated 13th June 1894.

Colonel George Gordon Young.

Colonel Frederick Lance, C.B.

Colonel Edward Charles Garstin.

Dated 14th June 1894.

Colonel Edward James Watson.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. 580.—Sub-Conductor George Hill, barrack master, Military Works Department, to be conductor, *supernumerary*;

Sub-Conductor John Hart, sub-engineer, 3rd grade, State Railways, to be conductor;

Sergeant James Hunter, supervisor, 2nd grade, Military Works Department, to be sub-conductor,—

with effect from the 31st May 1894, *vice* Conductor Daniel Kirk, deceased.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 581.—First grade Apothecary George Francis Fox to be second grade senior Apothecary, and to rank as Honorary Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

First grade Assistant Apothecary Arthur D'Cruz to be second grade Apothecary;

Sub-Assistant Apothecary Rivers Thomas Rodgers to be second grade Assistant Apothecary,—

with effect from the 22nd February 1894, *vice* second grade senior Apothecary H. Johnson, retired.

No. 582.—First grade supernumerary senior Apothecary Robert Johnson (ranking as Honorary Captain) is absorbed in his grade;

First grade Apothecary Jeremiah Edmund Campbell to be second grade senior Apothecary, and to rank as Honorary Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

First grade Assistant Apothecary Lawrence John Reilly to be second grade Apothecary;

Sub-Assistant Apothecary Harold Vernon Dewey to be second grade Assistant Apothecary,—

with effect from the 24th February 1894, *vice* first grade senior Apothecary F. W. Saunders, retired.

No. 583.—Sub-Assistant Apothecary William John Masterson to be second grade Assistant Apothecary from the 9th April 1894, *vice* first grade Assistant Apothecary J. C. Raddick, transferred to the pension establishment.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 584.—*Corps of Bengal Sappers and Miners*—

Subadar Rulya Singh to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Faiz-ullah Khan to be Subadar, and Havildar Panjáb Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sudh Singh, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 16th May 1894.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 585.—In G. G. O. No. 537 of 1894, Captain R. H. C. Tufnell should have been designated "Major."

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 586.—The following volunteer medical officers are appointed Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels under the provisions of cause 49, India Army Circulars, 1894:

Central Bengal Light Horse.

Surgeon-Lieutenant Charles John Walford Meadows (Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, Indian Medical Service).

Dehra Dun Mounted Rifles.

Honorary Surgeon Edward Butler Ruttledge (Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, Indian Medical Service).

Chhota Nagpur Mounted Rifles.

Surgeon-Lieutenant Frederick Robert Swaine (Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, Indian Medical Service).

Orissa Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Honorary Surgeon John Manook Zorab (Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, Indian Medical Service).

No. 587.—The following volunteer medical officers are appointed Surgeon-Majors under

the provisions of clause 49, India Army Circulars, 1894:

Ghasipur Light Horse.

Honorary Surgeon Arthur Robert Wyatt Sedgefield (Surgeon-Major, Indian Medical Service).

Gorakhpur Light Horse.

Honorary Surgeon James Moran (Surgeon-Major, Indian Medical Service).

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Honorary Surgeons Richard Glyn Griffith, Henry Hearsey Bathe, and James Stuart Brooke.

5th Administrative Battalion, North-Western Provinces Volunteers.

Surgeon-Lieutenant James Armstrong (Surgeon-Major, Indian Medical Service).

Oudh Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Honorary Surgeon William Deane (Surgeon-Major, Indian Medical Service).

Ghasipur Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Honorary Surgeon James Farquharson Mac-laren (Surgeon-Major, Indian Medical Service).

Midland Railway Volunteer Rifles.

Honorary Surgeon George Michael Nixon (Surgeon-Major, Indian Medical Service).

No. 588.—The following volunteer medical officers are appointed Surgeon-Captains under the provisions of clause 49, India Army Circulars, 1894:

Calcutta Naval Volunteers.

Honorary Surgeon Robert Forrest Dedrickson.

Ghasipur Light Horse.

Honorary Surgeon William George Patrick Alpin (Surgeon-Captain, Indian Medical Service).

Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles.

Honorary Surgeon Charles Lancaster Faulkner.

Honorary Surgeon David Picachy.

2nd (Cadet) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Honorary Surgeon John Emmanuel Panioty.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Honorary Surgeon Eli Crossley Tithrington Sutcliffe.

Agra Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Honorary Surgeon Charles Mactaggart (Surgeon-Captain, Indian Medical Service).

Ghasipur Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Honorary Surgeon Walter Venis.

No. 589.—The following volunteer medical officers are appointed Surgeon-Lieutenants under the provisions of clause 49, India Army Circulars, 1894:

Behar Light Horse.

Honorary Surgeon Edwin Hindmarsh.

Dacca Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Honorary Surgeon John Lupton Hendley.

Presidency Volunteer Rifle Battalion.

Honorary Surgeon William James Simpson.

No. 590.—*Rangoon Volunteer Engineers—*

Harry Findlay, Gentleman, to be Surgeon-Lieutenant, *vice* Ross, resigned.

No. 591.—*Nagpur Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Surgeon-Major George Francis Angelo Harris, Indian Medical Service, to be Surgeon-Major, *vice* M'Kay, transferred to the supernumerary list.

No. 592.—*East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Lieutenant William Russell Steele to be Captain, *vice* Palmer, resigned.

No. 593.—*Naini Tal Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Surgeon-Major William Hotson Cadge, Indian Medical Service, to be Surgeon-Major to complete the establishment.

No. 594.—*Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Edward Spencer Blaker, Gentleman, to be Surgeon-Lieutenant to complete the establishment.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 595.—*Moulmein Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Second-Lieutenant O. Groote resigns his commission.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 596.—*2nd Punjab (Simla) Volunteer Rifle Corps—*

Major (Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel) Frank Leigh resigns his commission, and is permitted on retirement to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the corps.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 9th June, 1894.

No. 245.—Mr. R. E. Nelson, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Burma, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, with effect from the 30th April 1894, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. H. J. Richard, or until further orders.

The 11th June, 1894.

No. 246.—The following is published for general information :

No. 253 R.T., dated 7th June, 1894.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

General Rules for working railways open for traffic.

Read—

Sections 8 and 47 of the Indian Railways Acts of 1879 and 1890 respectively.

Public Works Department Notification No. 299, dated the 13th September 1880, publishing the General Rules for all railways in India, and Public Works Department Circular No. 17 Railway, dated the 21st August 1880, promulgating those General Rules.

Government of India Resolution No. 467 R.T., dated the 15th August 1890, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 28th August 1890, under Public Works Department Notification No. 361, dated the 28th August 1890.

Government of India Resolution No. 0054 R.T., dated the 6th February 1893, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 11th February 1893, under Public Works Department Notification No. 57, dated the 9th February 1893.

Docket by the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, No. 1151, dated the 28th May 1894, forwarding letter from the Agent of the East Indian Railway Company, No. 410 G., dated the 19th May 1894.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Agent of the East Indian Railway Company has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in India which have been published under Public Works Department Notification No. 299, dated the 13th September 1880—*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 18th September 1880—as modified in the case of the East Indian Railway and railways worked by it by the Government of India Resolution No. 467 R.T., dated the 15th August 1890, which was published under Public Works Department Notification No. 361, dated the 28th August 1890—*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 28th August 1890—may be made applicable to the Jherriah extension, including the Chanch branch, of the East Indian Railway from the date it may be opened for the public carriage of passengers, animals, or goods.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules for Indian Railways with the modifications cited in the foregoing observations to the Jherriah extension and Chanch branch of the East Indian Railway.

ORDER.—Ordered, that the General Rules with the modifications cited in the foregoing observations, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 18th September 1880 and the 28th August 1890, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection, free of any charge, in the office of the station master of every station on the said railway.

Ordered also, that this Resolution be communicated to the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

The 12th June, 1894.

No. 247.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (s) of the second schedule to the Indian Railways Act (IX of 1890), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the following articles shall be added to the said schedule,—namely, narcotic preparations of hemp.

No. 248.—Lieutenant W. D. Waghern, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Bombay, during the absence of Mr. J. Willcocks on furlough, or until further orders.

No. 250.—Mr. F. Morrison, Government Examiner of Accounts, East Indian Railway, is appointed to officiate as Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Lieutenant-Colonel H. R. Le M. Carey, I.S.C., on privilege leave.

No. 251.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions and reversions of Executive and Assistant Engineers attached to the several Local Administrations, with effect from the dates specified, in supersession of those notified in Public Works Department Notifications Nos. 37 and 130, dated the 25th January 1894 and the 15th March 1894 respectively:

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Fagan, A. M.	Executive Grade. Engineer, 3rd	Executive Grade. Engineer, 2nd	Permanent	16th August 1893.
Oliver, G. T. I.	Executive Grade. Engineer, 3rd	Executive Grade. Engineer, 2nd	Permanent	16th August 1893.
Stanley, E. G.	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 1st	Executive Grade. Engineer, 3rd	Temporary	1st September 1893.
Matadin Sukul	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 2nd	.....	23rd September 1893.
Müller, H. A. C.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 3rd	.....	23rd September 1893.
Trapmann, A. G. R.	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 1st	Executive Grade. Engineer, 3rd	Temporary	23rd September 1893.
Coode, M. P.	Executive Grade. Engineer, 2nd	Executive Grade. Engineer, 1st	Permanent	1st October 1893.
Hörnle, O.	Executive Grade. Engineer, 2nd	Executive Grade. Engineer, 1st	Permanent	1st October 1893.
Sutherland, J.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 1st	Permanent	9th October 1893.
Matadin Sukul	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 2nd	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 1st	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	9th October 1893.
Trapmann, A. G. R.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 1st	.....	14th October 1893.
Stanley, E. G.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 1st	.....	18th November 1893.
Walsh, C. P.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 3rd	.....	18th November 1893.
Walling, H. O.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Grade. Engineer, 3rd	Temporary	16th December 1893.
Matadin Sukul	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 2nd	.....	16th December 1893.
Prasad Ishwari	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 1st	.....	29th December 1893.
Walling, H. O.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Executive Grade. Engineer, 3rd	Permanent	6th January 1894.
Matadin Sukul	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 2nd	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 1st	Permanent	6th January 1894.
Bailey, R. J.	Executive Grade. Engineer, 2nd	Executive Grade. Engineer, 1st	Permanent	13th January 1894.
Gilliland, P. W.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 1st	.....	16th January 1894.
Griffin, J. V.	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 3rd	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 2nd	Permanent	26th January 1894.
Walsh, C. P.	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 3rd	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 2nd	Permanent	1st February 1894.
Light, L. A.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Executive Grade. Engineer, 3rd	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Cox, S.	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 2nd	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 1st	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Müller, H. A. C.	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 3rd	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 2nd	Permanent	2nd February 1894.
Gilliland, P. W.	Assistant Grade. Engineer, 1st	Executive Grade. Engineer, 3rd	Temporary	2nd February 1894.
Brij Mohan Lal	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.	Executive Grade. Engineer, 3rd	Permanent	4th February 1894.

No. 252.—Mr. W. Connan, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, with effect from the 7th May 1894, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. W. H. Nightingale, or until further orders

The 14th June, 1894.

No. 253.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following officiating promotion to the Class of Superintending Engineer :

Name.	From	To	With effect from	To
Arundell, E. W.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	13th April 1894, afternoon.	Until further orders.

No. 254.—Mr. J. Wallace, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, is granted furlough for two days in extension of the leave notified in Public Works Department Notification No. 23, dated 17th January 1893.

No. 255.—The following is published for general information :

No. 124-I., dated 12th June, 1894.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Review of the Revenue Report of Irrigation Works in Sind for 1892-93.

Read—

Letter No. 327-I., dated the 30th April 1894, from the Government of Bombay, forwarding the Revenue Report of the Irrigation Department in Sind for 1892-93, with a memorandum by the Commissioner in Sind, and the Resolution of the Government of Bombay on the subject.

OBSERVATIONS.—The number of Irrigation Works in Sind for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept is 11, of which 4 are classed as Major Works and 7 as Minor Works. The Capital outlay on these works during and up to the end of 1892-93 is shown in the following statement :

	Number of works.	DURING THE YEAR 1892-93.						Total direct and indirect to end of 1892-93.
		Works.	Establishment.	Tools and Plant.	Total direct charges.	Indirect charges.	Total direct and indirect charges.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Major Works—		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Irrigation Works not charged against Revenue (Account head 49) ...	4	1,61,159	40,290	1,353	2,02,802	5,041	2,08,443	88,88,696
Minor Works and Navigation—								
Works of which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept (Account head 43) ...	7	67,392	13,479	674	81,545	6,058	87,603	34,82,390
TOTAL ...	11	2,28,551	53,769	2,027	2,84,347	11,099	2,96,046	1,23,71,086

2. The Capital outlay on Major Works was incurred principally on the Eastern Nara, and there was also an expenditure on the Desert Canal and Unharwah Extension of Rs. 2,557 and Rs. 20,324 respectively.

The Capital outlay on Minor Works was, with the exception of Rs. 4,171 under indirect charges on the Mehrabwah, incurred solely on the Fuleli Canals, principally on the construction of regulators and inspection bungalows.

3. The recommendations of the Sind Irrigation Committee, referred to in paragraph 3 of last year's review, are gradually being given effect to, and several new projects have been submitted to the Local Government, notably that for the Jamrao Canal, which has now been sanctioned by Her Majesty's Secretary of State.

4. The following is a statement of the mileage of main and branch canals and of river embankments for the whole province :

			Miles.
Main Canals ...	...	2,231	5,888
Branch Canals ...	...	3,657	
River embankments ...	...	...	661

The length of main canals is less by 573 miles and of branch canals greater by 593 miles than that given in last year's report. The differences are due to more correct classification, while the net increase of 20 miles in the total length of main and branch canals is due to the resumption of the Karowah in Karachi District, to the taking over of the Mitnahwah in the Fuleli District, and to the addition of 2 miles to the length of the Desert Canal.

Sixteen miles of river embankments were constructed during the year, and the net increase in length of 2 miles only is accounted for by deductions made on account of eroded embankments in the Western Nara District.

5. The actual financial results of the year for the works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept are shown in detail in the following statement. The aggregate figures for the works for which only Revenue Accounts are kept are also given :

Canals.	Total direct and indirect capital outlay to end of 1892-93.	GROSS REVENUE COLLECTED, 1892-93.			WORKING EXPENSES.			Net Actual Revenue.	Deduct receipts and charges on account of old irrigation.	Net Revenue attributable to outlay of Government Capital.	Percentage of return.
		Irrigation Revenue.*	Miscellaneous Receipts.	Total.	Direct.	Indirect.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
MAJOR WORKS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
<i>Irrigation Works not charged against Revenue—</i>											
Desert Canal . . .	12,64,048	1,27,062	312	1,27,374	1,04,077	3,364	1,07,441	20,833	...	20,833	1'65
Unharwah . . .	3,50,452	47,359	3	47,362	15,338	347	15,670	31,683	...	31,683	8'81
Begari Canal . . .	16,73,079	4,01,428	1,000	4,02,428	70,714	1,596	81,310	3,21,118	34,854	3,96,204	17'71
Eastern Nara Works .	55,02,117	4,65,642	18,165	4,83,807	1,80,170	720	1,40,899	3,33,908	3,100	3,30,808	5'98
Total Major Works, 1892-93 . . .	88,83,696	10,42,291	19,480	10,61,771	3,48,293	6,036	3,54,329	7,07,543	227,954	6,79,588	7'65
Total for 1891-92 . . .	88,80,253	7,47,097	18,140	7,65,237	3,35,354	9,210	3,44,564	4,21,573	28,300	3,93,273	4'53
MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION.											
<i>Works of which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept—</i>											
Sukkur Canal . . .	13,88,713	2,12,673	1,307	2,13,980	54,433	1,092	55,525	1,58,455	71,444	87,011	6'27
Ghar Canal . . .	4,40,977	7,36,446	6,312	7,42,758	1,71,076	3,238	1,74,314	5,68,444	1,16,071	4,51,773	102'45
Mehrabwah . . .	72,040	20,808	80	20,888	6,814	165	6,979	13,909	19,693	—5,784	...
Alibhar Kacheri Canal.	23,917	20,354	40	20,394	6,536	157	6,693	13,901	8,239	5,662	23'67
Marak Great Canal . .	2,91,553	1,19,397	380	1,19,777	56,471	1,309	57,980	61,797	36,032	25,765	12'78
Surfrazwah . . .	1,24,680	44,196	313	44,509	21,470	593	22,063	22,446	10,985	11,461	9'19
Fuleli Canal . . .	12,30,510	5,98,066	3,463	6,01,529	2,59,217	5,162	2,64,379	3,38,039	1,28,188	2,09,851	17'05
Total Minor Works and Navigation, 1892-93 . . .	34,82,390	17,53,040	11,895	17,64,935	5,76,017	11,016	5,87,033	11,77,602	33,91,252	7,86,750	22'56
Total for 1891-92 . . .	33,91,787	17,14,424	10,717	17,31,141	5,36,780	12,327	5,49,107	11,82,034	3,74,797	8,07,237	23'78
GRAND TOTAL, 1892-93 . . .	1,23,71,086	27,95,431	31,375	28,26,806	9,24,310	17,052	9,41,362	18,84,544	14,19,206	14,65,338	11'34
GRAND TOTAL, 1891-92 . . .	1,20,75,040	24,62,421	34,857	24,97,278	8,72,134	21,537	8,93,671	16,03,607	4,03,007	12,00,600	9'94
MINOR WORKS.											
<i>Works of which only Revenue Accounts are kept, 1892-93 . . .</i>	...	22,44,517	39,758	22,77,273	9,52,128	†...	9,52,128	13,25,145	...	...	...
<i>Works of which only Revenue Accounts are kept, 1891-92 . . .</i>	...	21,45,418	28,140	21,73,558	9,74,354	†...	9,74,354	11,99,004	...	...	...
Agricultural Works, 1892-93 . . .	...	5,791	755	6,545	1,54,987	†...	1,54,987	—1,48,441	...	...	...
Agricultural Works, 1891-92 . . .	...	6,127	912	7,039	1,54,348	†...	1,54,348	—1,47,309	...	...	...

* Refunds deducted from Revenue.

† Separate figures are not available.

‡ These figures represent deduction on account of receipts and charges relating to old irrigation works accepted by the Government of India in Public Works Department letter No. 74-J., dated 24th March 1893.

6. The gross revenue derived from the Major Works during the year under review was greater by Rs. 2,95,734 than in 1891-92, and the increase in net revenue attributable to the outlay of Government Capital, after allowing for deductions on account of old irrigation and for an increase in working expenses, amounted to Rs. 2,86,315.

Three of the Major Works show a large increase in net revenue, and on the fourth, the Eastern Nara Works, the percentage of net revenue on Capital outlay rose from 5.68 per cent. in 1891-92 to 5.92 per cent. in 1892-93.

On Major Works as a whole the percentage of net revenue on Capital outlay was 7.65 as compared with 4.53 during 1891-92.

The net revenue attributable to Government Capital outlay derived from the Minor Works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept was slightly less than during the previous year, while the Minor Works for which only Revenue Accounts are kept showed an improvement in net actual revenue of Rs. 1,26,141.

7. The interest charges during the year on the four Major Works amounted to Rs. 3,39,822 and up to the end of the year to Rs. 64,00,801. The balance of receipts after paying off the interest charges was Rs. 3,39,766 for the year under review, and amounted to Rs. 22,32,089 to the end of the year.

8. The following statement compares the assessments, the irrigated acreage, and the rate per acre of the year under review with the corresponding figures of the previous year :

CANAL.	AREA IRRIGATED.						ASSESSED WATER-RATES.				RATE PER ACRE IRRIGATED.			
	1892-93.			1891-92.			1892-93.		1891-92.		1892-93.		1891-92.	
	Government land.	Jaghir.	Total.	Government land.	Jaghir.	Total.	Government land.	Jaghir.	Government land.	Jaghir.	Government land.	Jaghir.	Government land.	Jaghir.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Ny.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—WORKS FOR WHICH CAPITAL AND REVENUE ACCOUNTS ARE KEPT—														
(a) Major Works.														
Desert Canal .	58,331	36,825	95,156	31,777	28,353	60,130	59,004	26,826	17,203	28,340	1.70	1.00	0.54	0.99
Unharwah .	23,277	...	23,277	19,883	...	19,883	4,008	...	15,578	...	1.20	...	0.81	...
Begari Canal .	159,850	32,074	191,924	146,486	28,293	174,779	3,15,605	29,584	2,72,799	25,391	1.97	0.90	1.86	0.90
Eastern Nara Works .	212,528	4,884	217,412	204,955	6,096	211,051	4,65,370	2,151	4,17,817	2,897	1.95	0.44	2.03	0.41
TOTAL MAJOR WORKS (a) .	479,986	74,383	554,369	492,441	62,642	555,083	9,21,987	68,561	7,23,397	56,758	1.92	0.53	1.80	0.89
(b) Minor Works and Navigation.														
Sukkur Canal .	86,535	2,223	88,758	87,103	2,240	89,343	2,15,331	1,170	2,17,565	1,206	2.40	0.53	2.49	0.54
Ghar Canal .	245,034	10,519	255,553	232,277	7,003	239,280	7,30,811	3,837	7,09,245	2,685	3.00	0.36	3.05	0.38
Mehrabwah .	11,039	192	11,231	12,108	190	12,297	20,544	1	24,274	1	1.86	...	1.80	...
Alibhar Kacheri Canal .	9,501	1,471	10,972	9,280	1,572	10,852	19,006	67	16,495	692	2.09	0.32	1.78	0.44
Narak Great Canal .	51,502	7,254	58,756	47,064	7,047	54,111	1,16,397	2,494	96,079	2,195	2.26	0.34	2.04	0.31
Sartarwah .	25,290	4,431	29,721	22,141	4,983	27,124	42,361	1,536	37,735	1,630	1.67	0.34	1.70	0.33
Fulell Canal .	274,544	57,430	331,974	269,026	55,009	324,035	5,75,586	24,329	5,67,062	23,231	2.89	0.42	2.10	0.45
TOTAL OF MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION (b) .	793,474	83,590	877,064	680,920	78,141	759,071	17,20,936	33,834	16,68,415	31,640	2.44	0.40	2.45	0.40
TOTAL OF (a) AND (b) .	1,273,460	157,973	1,431,433	1,173,361	140,783	1,314,144	26,42,923	1,02,395	23,91,812	88,398	2.23	0.65	2.21	0.63
I.—WORKS OF WHICH CANAL ACCOUNTS ARE NOT KEPT.														
Minor Works .	98,1405	73,123	1,054,528	862,630	74,130	936,760	22,50,471	...	21,40,486	...	2.30	...	2.44	...
GRAND TOTAL, EXCLUDING AGRICULTURAL WORKS.	2,164,863	231,096	2,395,959	1,946,000	215,914	2,161,914	49,02,394	1,02,395	44,06,338	88,398	2.26	...	2.31	...

The area assessed on the Major and Minor Works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept showed an increase of 116,279 acres as compared with the previous year. The total area irrigated on all works is the largest yet recorded, and this is mainly due to the rabi crop which exceeded the average of the past five years by 218,322 acres, while the kharif crop shows a fair increase of 38,999 acres over the average.

The inundation is described as having been unfavourable for kharif crops, which require water in June and July; but the high level reached in August and maintained well into September gave an excellent supply for rabi.

The maximum reading on the Bukkur gauge reached 16'—9" on the 18th August, and on the Kotri gauge the highest reading yet recorded, *viz.*, 21'—4", was reached on the 27th August.

The rainfall during the year was unusually heavy; the heaviest fall occurred in the end of July and beginning of August, and was of great assistance to the kharif crop.

Considerable damage was done by floods during the year, and to this is attributed the heavy remissions amounting to Rs. 2,50,770, to which reference is made in paragraph 16 of the Resolution by the Local Government.

9. The following table exhibits the areas cultivated under kharif and rabi crops in Government jaghir and foreign territory:

			Kharif. Acres.	Rabi. Acres.
Government land	...	...	1,633,041	534,918
Jaghir land	...	...	135,794	31,788
Foreign territory	...	...	54,010	9,504
			<hr/>	<hr/>
	Total	...	1,822,845	576,210
			<hr/>	
			2,399,055	

The difference of 3,094 acres between the above figures and those contained in the table in paragraph 8 is due to the exclusion of Agricultural Works from the latter.

10. In paragraph 22 of his report the Superintending Engineer shows that if foreign and jaghir lands were assessed at the same rates as Government lands, the assessment would have been increased by Rs. 4,62,488. The question of obtaining an enhanced revenue from jaghir lands, which was alluded to in paragraph 11 of last year's review, is still under the consideration of the Local Government.

11. The balance of demands on Government lands remaining unrealized at the beginning of the year was Rs. 58,198, after allowing for adjustments in the Revenue Department, and the outstanding balance on these lands at the end of the year was Rs. 61,597.

12. The following statement shows the distribution of outlay on Revenue Account :

Canal.	1892-93.					1891-92.
	New Works and Repairs.	Establishment.	Tools and Plant.	Indirect charges.	Total.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
MAJOR WORKS.						
<i>Irrigation Works not charged against Revenue—</i>						
Desert Canal	70,040	33,892	145	3,364	1,07,441	1,17,030
Unharwah	8,190	7,091	51	347	15,679	9,590
Begari Canal	30,971	48,567	176	1,596	81,310	90,000
Eastern Nara Works	96,299	52,438	433	729	1,49,899	1,28,034
Total Major Works	2,05,500	1,41,988	805	6,036	3,54,329	3,44,564
Per acre irrigated . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0'62	0'74
MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION.						
<i>Works of which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept—</i>						
Sukkur Canal	25,236	29,035	162	1,092	55,525	43,541
Ghar Canal	74,150	96,676	250	3,238	1,74,314	1,57,889
Mehrabwah	3,584	3,233	—3	165	6,979	13,074
Alibhar Kacheri Canal	3,391	3,149	—4	157	6,693	7,986
Marak Great Canal	33,852	22,652	—33	1,509	57,980	47,928
Surfrazwah	12,876	8,607	—13	593	22,063	24,913
Puleli Canal	1,62,046	96,853	318	5,162	2,64,379	2,53,776
Total Minor Works	3,15,135	2,60,205	677	11,916	5,87,933	5,49,107
Per acre irrigated . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0'74	0'72
MINOR WORKS.						
<i>Works of which only Revenue Accounts are kept</i>						
	5,73,374	3,77,925	829	...	9,52,128	9,74,554
Per acre irrigated . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0'90	1'04
Agricultural Works	1,08,645	35,677	10,665	...	1,54,987	1,54,348

Rs. 36,382 were expended on extensions and improvements in the Begari and Eastern Nara Districts, and under this head Rs. 27,553 were expended on constructing a new mouth and an escape sluice and channel for the Desert Canals.

13. The aggregate outlay on repairs amounted to Rs. 9,80,215, which is less by Rs. 7,965 than during 1891-92.

14. The details of establishment charges are as follows :

			Major and Minor Works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept.	Minor Works for which only Revenue Accounts are kept.	Agricultural Works.	Total.	Percentage.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Direction	...	...	21,379	1,52,971*	35,121*	3,12,234	38.27
Executive	...	...	1,02,763				
Collection	...	...	2,78,051	2,24,954	556	5,03,561	61.73
Grand Total	...	...	4,02,193	3,77,925	35,677	8,15,795	100.00

* Details not available.

Of the Major and Minor Works for which Capital Accounts are kept, the working expenses amounted to 33.4 per cent. of the total revenue after deducting from each the amounts due to old irrigation. The cost of Revenue management was 12.9 per cent. and of Maintenance, after deducting the maintenance charges due to old irrigation, to 20.5 per cent. of the total revenue.

15. The total expenditure on repairs includes a sum of Rs. 1,72,072 on account of establishment charged to works as against Rs. 1,87,201 in the previous year. Of this sum Rs. 89,311 were for supervising establishment and Rs. 82,761 for establishment engaged to watch canal banks and river embankments during the inundation.

16. The estimated value of the produce derived from irrigated land amounted to 451 lakhs of rupees. The following is a statement of the areas of the principal crops :

Kharif crops :

						Acres.
Rice	...	...	...	...	...	630,509
Jowar	...	...	...	...	...	459,253
Bajra	...	...	...	...	...	480,083
<i>Rabi crops :</i>						
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...	314,123

All crops, with the exception of rice, show an increase over the figures for the preceding year.

17. The area irrigated by flow amounted to 956,613 acres and by lift to 310,768 acres. The double-cropped area was 123,421 acres.

The area irrigated during the kharif per cubic foot per second of canal head discharge varied from 29 to 50 acres.

18. As mentioned in paragraph 8 of this review, the inundation of 1892 was unfavourable for kharif and favourable for rabi crops. It is noted by the Superintending Engineer that the Indus took nearly three times as long in 1892 to discharge a flood of nearly the same volume as in 1887, and with an increase in level of 21 inches ; but there is difficulty in forming any definite conclusion as to the cause of the phenomenon, though it is stated in paragraph 1 of the Resolution by the Local Government that the exceptional rainfall, which was about three times as heavy as that recorded in 1887-88, may afford a partial explanation.

19. The report was received by the Government of India on May 3rd, or about the same date as last year, which is considerably later than the date, 15th November, prescribed for its submission. It has as usual been well prepared, and the results

exhibited (a net revenue of 11·71 per cent. on the total Capital outlay to end of the previous year,—*vide* paragraph 33 of Local Government Resolution), especially in view of the character of the inundation, appear to the Governor General in Council highly satisfactory, and such as to indicate that good use has been made of the funds allotted to Sind irrigation. The Government of India concur in the opinion expressed in paragraph 40 of the Resolution by the Local Government as regards the administration of his charge by the Superintending Engineer and the praise awarded by him to the officers mentioned.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of this Review, of the Report, and of the Resolution by the Government of Bombay be forwarded to the Revenue and Agricultural Department for information.

Ordered also, that a copy of this Review be forwarded to the Government of Bombay for information, and that copies of this Review, of the Report, and of the Resolution by the Government of Bombay be forwarded to the Governments noted in the margin in the Public Works Department for information.

Ordered further, that this Review be published in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, and that copies of this Review be forwarded to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

No. 256.—The following is published for general information :

No. 125-L., dated 12th June, 1894.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Review of the Revenue Report of Irrigation Works in Baluchistan for the year 1892-93.

Read—

Revenue Report of Irrigation Works in Baluchistan for the year 1892-93 forwarded with letter No. 2966, dated 2nd May 1894, from the Secretary to the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner, British Baluchistan, Public Works Department.

OBSERVATIONS.—There are two Minor Works in Baluchistan of which both Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept, *viz.*, the Shebo Canal and the Khushdil Khan Reservoir.

2. The Capital outlay on the two works during and up to the end of 1892-93 was as follows :

	Number of works.	DURING THE YEAR 1892-93.							
		Works.	Estab-lish-ment.	Tools and Plant.	Sus-pense account.	Total direct charges.	Indirect charges.	Total direct and indirect charges.	Total direct and indirect to end of 1892-93.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION.									
Works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept (Account head 43).	2	1,571	361	...	191	2,123	*140	2,263	15,53,099

* Includes indirect charges for 1891-92.

The outlay on the Shebo Canal during 1892-93 amounted to Rs. 2,186, including indirect charges incurred during the previous year, of which Rs. 1,571 was on Works and Rs. 361 on Establishment. No expenditure is shown as having been incurred on Tools and Plant during the year.

On the Khushdil Khan Reservoir there was no direct Capital outlay during the year, but an item of Rs. 77 incurred under indirect charges has been included in the Capital Account for the year under review.

3. The following statement shows the actual financial results of the year under review :

WORKS.	Total Capital outlay to end of year, including indirect charges.	GROSS REVENUE COLLECTED.			WORKING EXPENSES.			Net Revenue.	Percentage of net Revenue on Capital at end of year.
		Irrigation revenue.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total.	Direct.	Indirect.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION.									
Shebo Canal ...	6,56,317	21,557	73	21,630	11,301	(a) 1,148	12,449	9,181	1'40
Khushdil Khan Reservoir.	8,96,782	17,898	...	17,898	4,218	(a) 694	4,912	12,986	1'45
TOTAL ...	15,53,099	39,455	73	39,528	15,519	1,842	17,361	22,167	1'43
Figures for 1891-92	15,50,836	16,391	23	16,414	31,803	...	31,803	-15,389	...

(a) Includes indirect charges for 1891-92.

After two successive years of loss on working, both systems worked at a profit during the year under review.

The working of the Shebo Canal resulted in a net profit of Rs. 9,181, or 1'40 per cent. on the Capital outlay. The revenue realized from the Shebo Canal as shown in the margin of the report is exclusive of Rs. 73 under Miscellaneous Receipts, and the total revenue is therefore Rs. 21,630 instead of Rs. 21,557.

The net return from the Khushdil Khan Reservoir amounted to Rs. 12,986, or 1'45 per cent. on the Capital expended.

The Irrigation Revenue on both canals is collected in kind, and the returns derived are affected by the yields of the various crops. There were no arrears of revenue due from the villagers at the end of the year 1892-93, nor any remissions except in the case of Shadezai people, who pay one-sixth of the share of produce as Government revenue instead of one-fourth as the other villagers do.

The Government of India have recently sanctioned the payment of Rs. 12,400 as compensation to the Shadezai Maliks in consideration of which they would pay the same revenue as other irrigators. Until this arrangement comes into force, the area watered during the year by the Shadezai villagers should be reported.

On the Shebo Canal the yield per acre during the year was—wheat 3'35 maunds and barley 4'85 maunds against the previous year's yield of 4'32 and 8'25 maunds respectively. The revenue realized from cultivated lands, exclusive of those under the Forest Department, was Rs. 3'03 per acre, and Rs. 7,693 from

the lands under the Forest Department. The rate charged to the Forest Department was Rs. 5 per acre for 1,433 acres, which were watered throughout the year, and Rs. 3 per acre for 176 acres, which were partially watered, against the rate of Rs. 1·65 per acre shown in last year's report as charged to that Department. It is stated that the revenue realized per acre of wheat amounted to Rs. 2·21 and of barley to Rs. 1·9 against Rs. 3·17 and Rs. 4·65 realized during 1891-92.

The yield per acre is not only extraordinarily small, but appears to be decreasing; a careful investigation into the facts and causes of such decrease would seem to be necessary and desirable.

On the Khushdil Khan Reservoir, the yield per acre was 3·10 maunds of wheat and 6·02 maunds of barley against the preceding year's yield of 0·96 maund and 4·24 maunds respectively. The revenue realized was—wheat Rs. 2·38 per acre and barley Rs. 3·09 per acre against Re. 0·68 and Rs. 1·96.

4. The area irrigated by the Shebo Canal during the year amounted to 4,140·61 acres, including 415 acres of irrigation by the Forest Department. The Khushdil Khan Reservoir irrigated 6,327 acres in addition to 17½ acres irrigated under kharif crops. All irrigation is by flow.

5. The following table shows the details of the working expenses exhibited in the statement in paragraph 3:

	Repairs.	Establishment.	Tools and Plant.	Total.	Indirect charges.	Total working expenses.	Area irrigated.	Rate per acre.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Shebo Canal. ..	8,210	2,921	170	11,301	1,148	12,449	4,141	3·0
Khushdil Khan Reservoir.	3,399	781	38	4,218	694	4,912	6,344	0·8
TOTAL ...	11,609	3,702	208	15,519	1,842	17,361	10,485	1·6
Figures for 1891-92.	21,827	9,456	520	31,803	...	31,803	7,732	4·1

There was a considerable reduction in the charges for Revenue Establishment, and the reduction generally in the working expenses is satisfactory.

The outlay on repairs on the Shebo Canal and Khushdil Khan Reservoir amounts to Rs. 8,210 and Rs. 3,399 respectively.

6. The rainfall at Quetta and Shirinao respectively during 1892-93 was 18·37 and 16·09 inches as compared with 6·09 and 4·71 inches in the previous year. The rainfall at Khushdil Khan during the year was 13·29 inches and at Pishin 18·11 inches. A statement showing the monthly distribution of the rainfall would be of interest, and should in future be supplied.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of this Review be forwarded to the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner, British Baluchistan, Public Works Department, for information and guidance.

Also that a copy of the Review and of the Report be forwarded to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and the Punjab in the Public Works Department for information.

Also that a copy of the Review and of the Report be forwarded to the Revenue and Agricultural Department for information.

Also that the Review be published in the *Gazette of India*.

Ordered further, that a copy of this Review and of the Report be forwarded to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India for information.

The 15th June, 1894.

No. 257.—Mr. H. Bell, Chief Engineer, 1st Class, and Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for State Railways, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the forenoon of the 18th June 1894, under the provisions of Article 720 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 258.—Mr. J. R. Bell, Chief Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank, State Railways, is appointed Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for State Railways, with the sub. *pro tem.* rank of Chief Engineer, 1st Class, *vice* Mr. H. Bell, retired.

No. 259.—Mr. C. Hill, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolutions Nos. 2873-G. and 463-G., dated the 2nd November 1893 and the 9th February 1894 respectively, with effect from the afternoon of the 18th May 1894.

TELEGRAPHS.

The 12th June, 1894.

No. 249.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following temporary and officiating promotions in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified :

Names.	From	To	Date.
Wallis, E. F. . . .	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 1st Grade.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, temporary.	22nd April 1894.
Madge, P. M. . . .	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 1st Grade.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, officiating.	30th March 1894.
Foord, A. W. . . .	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 1st Grade.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, officiating.	3rd May 1894.
Olphert, H. S. . . .	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 1st Grade.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, temporary.	1st April 1894.
Styan, H. S. . . .	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 2nd Grade.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, officiating.	6th May 1894.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 25.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, JUNE 23, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mjnt Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 22:—

Nothing for publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 25.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 21st June, 1894.

No. 329.—The services of Colonel T. A. Scott, Deputy Commissioner, Central Provinces, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 29th August 1894.

The 22nd June, 1894.

No. 333.—Mr. J. Kelleher is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 4th August 1894.

JUDICIAL.

The 19th June, 1894.

No. 674.—Under the provisions of Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881, as amended by Act II of 1885, the

Governor General in Council is pleased to remove from office the following Notary Public, whose appointment for the Town of Mandalay in Upper Burma was announced in Home Department Notification No. 1807, dated the 11th December 1888:

Mr. E. M. Pascal.

No. 677.—*Erratum.*—In rule 10 of the rules regarding Notaries Public published in Home Department Notification No. 489, dated the 11th May 1894, for "January 1887" read "July 1894."

POLICE.

The 22nd June, 1894.

No. 338.—The services of Lieutenant W. N. Campbell, I.S.C., 2nd Punjab Cavalry, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma for employment in the Burma Military Police.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 21st June, 1894.

No. 156.—The Reverend J. H. Parry, a Chaplain on probation, is appointed to be a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal (Rangoon) Ecclesiastical Establishment, with effect from the 22nd April 1894.

The 22nd June, 1894.

No. 158.—The Reverend A. S. Dyer, a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, to be a Senior Chaplain, with effect from the 7th July 1894.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EMIGRATION.

Simla, the 20th June, 1894.

No. 1554—51.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 80 of the Indian Emigration Act, XXI of 1883, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following addition to the Rules relating to Colonial Emigration published with Department of Revenue and Agriculture Notification No. 94-E., dated the 18th March 1886:

In Form No. 44 appended to Rule 127 of the said Rules, after and below the words "Bodily marks" insert the words "Occupation in India."

SURVEYS.

The 22nd June, 1894.

No. 1724—114.—Colonel C. Strahan, R.E., Deputy Surveyor-General, is granted three months' privilege leave, with effect from the 3rd July 1894, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

During Colonel Strahan's absence on leave, Colonel W. H. Wilkins, Assistant Surveyor-General, will officiate as Deputy Surveyor-General.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Ootacamund, the 19th May, 1894.

No. 180.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874, and with the previous sanction of the

Governor General in Council, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council is pleased to extend the Madras Forest Act, 1882, to the Rampa country and to the Dutsarti and Guditeru muttahs in the Golconda hills, being scheduled districts in the Gódvári district.

By order,

J. F. PRICE,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 16th June, 1894.

No. 987-G.—Captain H. Daly, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 3rd Class, acted as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, substantive *pro tempore*, from the 18th April to the 29th May, 1894, inclusive.

The 18th June, 1894.

No. 992-G.—The following promotions are made in the Infantry of the Eripura Irregular Force, with effect from the 20th May, 1894:

Jemadar Pitha to be Subadar, *vice* Hirka, deceased.

Havildar Teja to be Jemadar, *vice* Pitha, promoted.

The 21st June, 1894.

No. 1003-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Thomas Withey Cuffe as Consul for Sweden and Norway at Bombay.

No. 1006-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. A. A. Orme as Consular Agent for the United States of America at Bassein.

No. 1015-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. R. A. Mactaggart as Consular Agent for France at Chittagong.

No. 2068-1.—Captain W. L. Conran, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Inspecting Officer, Rajputana Imperial Service Infantry, is granted privilege leave for ninety days, with effect from the 26th July, 1894, or date of departure.

No. 2070-1.—Whereas by agreement made with the Sir Desai of Sávantvádi on the 15th day of September, 1838, the Governor-General in Council possesses the rights of levying sea customs at the port of Bánda and of establishing nákas on the Sávantvádi-Goa Frontier and levying customs thereat under such rules as may be deemed fit by the British Government;

In exercise of these rights and of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to issue the following orders :

- (a) duties of customs on goods imported at the said port or crossing the said frontier into the Sávantvádi State shall be levied at the rates prescribed in the Indian Tariff Act (VIII of 1894) as amended for the time being by subsequent enactments ;
- (b) the provisions of the Sea Customs Act (VIII of 1878) and of Act XXIX of 1857 (*an Act to make better provision for the collection of land-customs on certain foreign frontiers of the Presidency of Bombay*), so far as they may be suitable and as amended for the time being by subsequent enactments, are hereby applied to the said port of Bándá and the said Sávantvádi-Goa Frontier ;
- (c) for the purpose of facilitating the application of the said Acts VIII of 1878 and XXIX of 1857, any of the Courts of the Political Agency in the Sávantvádi State may construe them with such alterations not affecting the substance as may be necessary or proper to adapt them to the matter before the Court ;

(d) the said Courts shall exercise the powers conferred on Magistrates by the said Acts ;

(e) the administration of the Sea and Land Customs establishments at the said port and frontier shall be vested in the Collector of Salt-revenue for the time being of the Bombay Presidency, who shall exercise with respect to the said establishments the same powers as he may exercise for the time being in the Bombay Presidency, in subordination to the authorities to whom he may be for the time being subordinate when exercising those powers in the Bombay Presidency.

No. 2071-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act (VIII of 1878) as applied to the port of the Bándá and the Sávantvádi-Goa Frontier by Finance Department notification No. 171, dated the 12th January, 1892, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing into the Sávantvádi State, either at the said port or across the said frontier, of country liquor produced or manufactured in any part of the Indian possessions of His Majesty the King of Portugal and the Algarves.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.
ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.
ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 21st June, 1894.

No. 3142-A.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

May 1894.

(Lakhs of Rupees.)

	IN MAY.		TO END OF MAY.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	Budget, 1894-95.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1893-94.
[For the explanation of these heads, see <i>Gazette of India</i> , dated 22nd December 1883, Part I, page 497.]						
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	2,12	2,35	3,83	4,13	26,57	26,34
Opium	58	51	1,11	1,07	6,39	6,03
Salt	88	79	1,67	1,61	8,63	8,22
Stamps	36	39	76	82	4,56	4,51
Excise	45	42	88	84	5,32	5,39
Provincial Rates	38	45	58	70	3,53	3,55
Customs	27	13	55	29	2,87	1,68
Assessed Taxes	8	9	15	15	1,61	1,60
Forest (Madras and Bombay only)	3	3	5	5	54	54
Registration	4	4	7	8	44	42
Tributes from Native States	6	6	12	11	78	77
Other Civil Revenue	24	28	63	60	3,65	3,66
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS	5,59	5,54	10,40	10,45	64,89	63,31
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	— 59	— 60	— 76	— 77	— 4,18	— 4,26
Opium	— 32	— 45	— 68	— 1,06	— 2,25	— 1,87
Other Civil Expenditure	— 1,98	— 1,83	— 3,91	— 3,76	— 25,93	— 24,53
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS	— 2,89	— 2,88	— 5,35	5,59	— 32,36	— 30,66
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments:						
[The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance Transactions.]						
Post Office (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Issues)	+ 3	+ 10	+ 4	+ 24	+ 56	+ 43
Forest, Marine (Net as above)	— 2	+ 1	— 3	+ 2	+ 29	+ 41
Guaranteed and Subsidized Railways (Net as above)	+ 52	+ 71	+ 96	+ 1,32	+ 4,30	+ 4,40
Ditto Repayment of Surplus Profits, &c.	— ...	— ...	— ...	— 1	— 62	— 57
Military Receipts	+ 3	+ 4	+ 6	+ 11	+ 80	+ 73
Ditto Issues	— 1,19	— 1,27	— 2,40	— 2,55	— 15,84	— 15,48
Telegraph Receipts	+ 6	+ 6	+ 12	+ 12	+ 3	+ 75
Ditto Issues	— 6	— 5	— 11	— 11	— 3	— 73
Public Works Department—						
State Railways—Receipts	+ 1,09	+ 1,02	+ 2,15	+ 2,00	+ 1,63	+ 12,02
" " Issues	— 72	— 74	— 1,55	— 1,63		— 9,56
East Indian Railway—Receipts	+ 46	+ 44	+ 91	+ 84		+ 4,47
" " Issues	— 13	— 14	— 24	— 26		— 1,76
Ordinary Branches—Receipts	+ 10	+ 14	+ 19	+ 24		+ 2,23
" " Issues	— 49	— 50	— 1,12	— 1,14		— 7,47
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	— 32	— 18	— 1,02	— 81	— 8,85	— 10,13
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Payments)	— 5	— ...	— 9	— ...	— 15	+ 2,61
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	+ 3	+ 14	+ 6	— 13	+ 8	— 43
Exchange on Remittance Accounts	— 1,91	— 86	— 2,95	— 2,05	— 11,24	— 5,14
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at R 10 per £	— 1,97	— 1,49	— 3,40	— 3,97	— 17,00	— 10,23
Other Debt Heads (Net as above)	+ 33	+ 37	+ 7	+ 78	+ 6	+ 96
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	— 3,57	— 1,84	— 6,31	— 5,37	— 28,25	— 12,23
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	— 1,19	+ 64	— 2,28	— 1,32	— 4,57	+ 10,29
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	24,47	13,31	25,56	15,27	26,25	15,27
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	23,28	13,95	23,28	13,95	21,68	25,56

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.RATES OF EXCHANGE.*The 22nd June, 1894.*

No. 3133-A.—In the Secretary of State's Despatch No. 21, dated the 1st February 1894, published in the Notification in this Department, No. 1047-A., dated the 27th idem, it was stated that the official rate of exchange for the year 1894-95 had been fixed at 1s. 3½d. the rupee, "subject to a revision hereafter if it should be deemed necessary in consequence of the actual rate varying greatly from the official rate for any considerable length of time." It is hereby notified that it has now been decided that the rate shall be revised quarterly during the current financial year, and that the Secretary of State has fixed the rate for the quarter ending 30th September 1894 at 1s. 1½d. the rupee.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.*The 18th June, 1894.*

No. 3067-P.—Mr. G. H. R. Hart, Officiating Comptroller, India Treasuries, is granted privilege leave for two months and fourteen days, with effect from 10th July 1894.

Mr. R. N. Ray is appointed to officiate as Comptroller, India Treasuries, during the absence of Mr. G. H. R. Hart on privilege leave, or until further orders.

The 22nd June, 1894.

No. 3151-P.—Mr. D. J. Burbridge is posted as Assistant Accountant General, Madras, with effect from 15th June 1894.

SEPARATE REVENUE.OPIUM.*The 19th June, 1894.*

No. 3088.—With reference to clause (3) of the Notification of the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 2679 of 26th June 1893, published in the *Gazette of India* of 1st July 1893, it is hereby notified for general information that in each of the three months, October, November, and December 1894 (in lieu of the number of chests therein notified), 3,105 chests of Bengal opium will be offered for sale, of which 1,595 chests will be Benares opium and 1,510 chests Patna opium.

No. 3089.—It is hereby notified—

- (1) that in the calendar year 1895 not more than 37,260 chests of Bengal opium will be offered for sale, and not more than 3,105 chests in each month of the year;
- (2) that of the quantity to be offered for sale each month, not more than 1,595 chests will be Benares opium and not more than 1,510 chests Patna opium; and
- (3) that no reduction will be made in these quantities without three months' previous notice.

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 22nd June, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 597.—Lieutenant G. B. Gough, Indian Staff Corps, 20th (The Duke of Cambridge's Own Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 27th April 1894. (Joined his appointment on the 5th June 1894.)

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 598.—The undermentioned officer is granted furlough out of India :

Lieutenant-Colonel A. DeC. Rennick, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 3rd grade, Punjab, (m. c.) for one year, under rule XIV, clause 2, of the regulations of 1868.

No. 599.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty :

Captain I. Eardley-Wilmot, Indian Staff Corps, 18th Bengal Lancers, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry, for one year. Pension service—17th year commenced 1st May 1894.

No. 600.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India :

Captain C. Jackson, Indian Staff Corps, squadron commander, 3rd Bengal Cavalry, (m. c.) for four months.

Captain G. S. McD. Elliot, Royal Engineers, Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, Public Works Department, (m. c.) for three months.

Surgeon-Major W. Conry, M.B., 13th (The Duke of Connaught's) Regiment of Bengal Lancers, (m. c.) till 11th January 1895.

Captain J. H. Smith, Deputy Commissary, Ordnance Department, (m. c.) for three months.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 601.—The following extracts are published for general information :

Supplement to the "London Gazette," dated the 26th May 1894, pages 3115, 3116, and 3117.

WAR OFFICE,

26th May, 1894.

The Queen has been graciously pleased, on the occasion of the celebration of Her Majesty's

Birthday, to give orders for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Honourable Order of the Bath :

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the First Class, or Knights Grand Cross, of the said Most Honourable Order, *vis.,—*

* * * * *

General Sir Robert Phayre, K.C.B., Indian Staff Corps.

Honorary Major-General Sir Charles Henry Palliser, K.C.B., retired full-pay, late Indian Staff Corps.

* * * * *

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders, of the said Most Honourable Order, *vis.,—*

* * * * *

Honorary Major-General James Mansfield Nuttall, C.B., retired full pay, late Indian Staff Corps.

General James Abbott, C.B., Royal (late Bengal) Artillery.

General Robert Cadell, C.B., Royal (late Madras) Artillery.

General Henry Hastings Affleck Wood, C.B., Indian Staff Corps.

* * * * *

Lieutenant-General Henry Brackenbury, C.B., Royal Artillery, Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India.

* * * * *

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions, of the said Most Honourable Order, *vis.,—*

* * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel Horace Moule Evans, Indian Staff Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel Francis James Caldecott, Royal (late Bombay) Artillery, Indian Ordnance Department.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel Francis Eddowes Hastings, Indian Army.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel Charles McInroy, Indian Staff Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel Francis William Ward, Royal (late Bengal) Artillery, Colonel on the Staff (for Royal Artillery), Bengal

Colonel (with the local rank of Brigadier-General) John Jopp, Indian Staff Corps, commanding a second class district in India.

* * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel (with the local rank of Brigadier-General) Edmund Henry Eyre, Indian Staff Corps, Quartermaster-General, Madras.

* * * * *

INDIA OFFICE,
26th May, 1894.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to make the following promotion in, and appointments to, the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India:

To be a Knight Commander.

Major-General Oliver Richardson Newmarch, C.S.I., Military Secretary at the India Office.

INDIA OFFICE,
26th May, 1894.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint—

Colonel Frank William Chatterton, Commandant, Administrative Battalion, Calcutta Volunteers, and Honorary Aide-de-Camp to the Viceroy of India.

Major Ivar MacIvor, Indian Staff Corps.

to be Companions of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

WAR OFFICE,
26th May, 1894.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of the following promotions in the Army:

To be Field-Marschals.

General Sir Donald Martin Stewart, Bart., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps. Dated 26th May 1894.

"London Gazette," dated the 29th May 1894, page 3122.

WAR OFFICE;
Pall Mall, 29th May, 1894.

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant John Lalor is granted the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 15th February 1894.

Deputy Assistant Commissary Alfred Cooper Lord is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 15th February 1894.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Colonel Alexander J. C. Birch is transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list. Dated 1st April 1894.

PROMOTIONS.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Bengal.

No. 602.—Store Sergeant Francis Mackenzie to be sub-conductor, with effect from the 12th

April 1894, *vice* Sub-Conductor John R.P. Evans, deceased.

No. 603.—Store Sergeant Francis Maher to be sub-conductor, with effect from the 21st April 1894, *vice* Sub-Conductor James Jones, transferred to the pension establishment.

No. 604.—Conductor Joseph J. Horton-Bennett to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Sub-Conductor Edwin Walmsley, office of the Director-General of Ordnance in India, to be conductor, seconded;

Sub-Conductor Francis Naylor to be conductor;

Store Sergeant Robert T. Welsh to be sub-conductor,—

with effect from the 23rd May 1894, to complete the establishment on augmentation.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 605.—3rd Bengal Cavalry—

Risaldar Mangal Singh to be Risaldar-Major, Ressaidar and Woordie-Major Bahal Singh to be Risaldar, Jemadar Hanwant Singh to be Ressaidar and Woordie-Major, and Dafadar Gulab Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Maluk Singh, Bahadur, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 15th May 1894.

No. 606.—7th (The Duke of Connaught's Own) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Adhar Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Jag-datt Singh, deceased, with effect from the 25th May 1894.

No. 607.—19th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Bahawal-Bakhsh to be Subadar and Havildar Madat to be Jemadar, *vice* Fateh-uddin, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 23rd May 1894.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

No. 608.—6th Punjab Infantry—

Jemadar Sher Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Debi Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Het Ram, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 16th May 1894.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

No. 609.—The following extract from the supplement to the *London Gazette*, dated 26th May 1894, regarding the extension to India of the grant of the volunteer officers' decoration, is published for general information:

Supplement to the "*London Gazette*," dated the 26th May 1894, page 3115.

WAR OFFICE,
26th May, 1894.

EXTENSION OF THE VOLUNTEER OFFICERS' DECORATION WARRANT TO THE COLONIES AND INDIA:

VICTORIA, R. I.

Whereas by Our Royal Warrant of the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, We were graciously

pleased to institute a new Decoration for the purpose of rewarding the long and meritorious services of Officers of proved capacity in Our Volunteer Forces in Great Britain ;

And whereas it has been represented to Us by Our Principal Secretary of State for War, on the recommendation of Our Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies acting on behalf of the several Governments of Our Colonies, and of Our Principal Secretary of State for India in Council, that the extension of the grant of this Decoration for Long Service to Our Volunteer Forces throughout Our Empire would be highly valued by them ;

Now, to attain this end, We have extended, and by these presents for Us, Our Heirs, and Successors do extend, the grant of this Decoration to the Officers of the Volunteer Forces throughout Our Empire under the same terms and conditions as those on which it is granted to Officers in Our Volunteer Force by Our Royal Warrant of the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, except that in the case of India eighteen years' service shall be the qualifying period : Provided always that the power of conferring the Decoration upon an Officer, or of removing the name of an Officer from the Registry of individuals upon whom the said Decoration shall have been conferred, shall be exercised on Our behalf with the same force as if exercised by Us, by the Governor-General of India, the Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada, or by the Governor of the Colony or Dependency according as such Officer shall have served in a Volunteer Force of India or of such Colony or Dependency ; and the name of an Officer so granted the Decoration or removed from the Registry shall be published in the *Official Gazette of India* or of the said Colony or Dependency, as the case may be.

And We do further Ordain that Officers who have given qualifying service in the Volunteer Forces of any portion of Our Empire shall be entitled to reckon such service as part of the qualifying service required for this Decoration.

And We reserve to Ourselves, Our Heirs, and Successors full power of altering, annulling, abrogating, augmenting, interpreting, or dispensing with these Regulations, or any part thereof, by a notification under the Royal Sign Manual.

Given at Our Court at *Balmoral*, this twenty-fourth day of *May*, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, in the fifty-seventh year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Sd.) *H. CAMPBELL-BANNERMAN*.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 610.—*Rangoon Volunteer Artillery*—
William Henry Arthur St. John Leeds, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant to complete the establishment.

No. 611.—*East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Frederick John Orchard Stephenson, Gentleman, to be Surgeon-Lieutenant, *vice* Brough, deceased.

No. 612.—*Mussoorie Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Mark Collins, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Spencer, promoted.

James Alfred Freeman, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Dowle, transferred to the supernumerary list.

No. 613.—*Naini Tal Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Frederick William Barham Taylor and George Charles Blaker, Gentlemen, to be Second-Lieutenants to complete the establishment.

No. 614.—*Moulmein Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Surgeon-Captain George Tucker Thomas (Surgeon-Major, Indian Medical Service) to be Surgeon-Major under the provisions of clause 49, India Army Circulars, 1894.

No. 615.—*North-Western Railway Volunteer Rifles*—

Surgeon-Major William Coates, Indian Medical Service, to be Surgeon-Major, with effect from the 25th May 1894, to complete the establishment.

No. 616.—The following volunteer medical officers are appointed Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels under the provisions of clause 49, India Army Circulars, 1894 :

Rangoon Port Defence Volunteers.

Surgeon-Lieutenant Oswald Baker (Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, Indian Medical Service).

Rangoon Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Surgeon-Major Hugh Johnstone (Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, Indian Medical Service).

Hyderabad Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Surgeon-Captain Edward Lawrie (Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, Indian Medical Service).

No. 617.—*Rohilkhand Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Edward Simmons, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Mulock, resigned.

No. 618.—*Baluchistan Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Surgeon-Lieutenant William Rice Edwards (Surgeon-Captain, Indian Medical Service) to be Surgeon-Captain, under the provisions of clause 49, India Army Circulars, 1894.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 619.—*Assam Valley Mounted Rifles*—

Second-Lieutenant Walter Herbert St. John Mildmay to be Lieutenant, *vice* Macrae, resigned.

No. 620.—*Mussoorie Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Second-Lieutenant Ernest Handscomb Spencer to be Lieutenant, *vice* H. Y. Spencer, transferred to the supernumerary list.

No. 621.—*Naini Tal Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Captain Robert James Alfred Seymour Elliott to be Major, *vice* Roberts, resigned.

Captain Francis Loraine Petre to be Major to complete the establishment.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 622.—*Naini Tal Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Major D. T. Roberts resigns his commission.

No. 623.—*Shillong Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Captain Francis Gyde Heaven resigns his appointment as commandant.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 624.—Major H. E. Tyler, Royal Engineers, Inspector of Submarine Defences, is appointed to the Military Works Department as an Executive Engineer, 1st grade, supernumerary, with effect from the 11th April 1894.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 22nd June, 1894.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned commissioned officer on the date specified was received in the Military Department between the 9th and the 22nd June 1894:

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
2nd Battalion, West Yorkshire Regiment, attached to (Queen's Own) Corps of Guides.	Second-Lieutenant H. N. Wilde	11th June 1894.	Murrey.		

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 2nd and the 22nd June 1894.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
Arthur FitzGerald Fenton.	Lieutenant.	1st Bengal Cavalry.	11th March 1890.	Intestate.	Rs. a. p. 212 14 5		

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 20th June, 1894.

No. 260.—Mr. N. B. Copley, of the Subordinate Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to the Superior Revenue Establishment, Traffic Department, in Class III, Grade 2, of that Establishment as a supernumerary.

No. 261.—Mr. J. J. Connolly, Examiner of Accounts, attached to the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, North-Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as Examiner of that Railway in the 3rd Class of Examiners during the absence of Mr. R. K. Williams on privilege leave.

No. 262.—The services of Colonel C. W. I. Harrison, R.E., Chief Engineer, 1st Class, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, are placed at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 28th June 1894, under Article 684 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 263.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. V. Corbett, R.E., Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed Chief Engineer and Secretary to that Government in the Irrigation Branch, with effect from the 28th June 1894, *vice* Colonel C. W. I. Harrison, R.E., who has vacated that appointment.

The 21st June, 1894.

No. 264.—The following permanent promotions are made in the Superior Revenue Estab-

lishment of State Railways, Stores Department, with effect from the 1st April 1894 :

Names.	From	To
Patterson, J. H. L.	Class II, Grade 3	Class II, Grade 2.
McInerney, M.	Class II, Grade 4	Class II, Grade 3.
Keatinge, S. A. J.	Class III, Grade 1	Class II, Grade 4.
Keatinge, D. E.	Class III, Grade 4	Class III, Grade 3.

No. 265.—Mr. J. W. Callaghan, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to the Provincial Engineer Service of the Public Works Department, and is graded as an Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade.

The 22nd June, 1894.

No. 266.—Mr. A. R. Colquhoun, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, Local Administrations List, has been permitted to retire from the service of Government, with effect from the 12th November 1893.

No. 267.—Mr. C. E. Hubbard, Accountant, 1st Grade, attached to the Office of the Government Examiner of Accounts, Indian Midland Railway, held charge of the current duties of the Office of the Government Examiner of Accounts of that Railway from the 6th to the 10th June 1894 inclusive.

No. 268.—Mr. H. Rigg, Chief Engineer, 3rd Class, and Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Central Division, is, on return from furlough, appointed to officiate as Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Lucknow, until further orders.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 26.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, JUNE 30, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 22:—

Nothing for publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 26.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 25th June, 1894.

No. 12.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 17 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Chap. 67), the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint Thursday, the 12th July 1894, at 11 A.M., as the time, and the Council Chamber in the Viceregal Lodge, Simla, as the place, for a meeting of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

S. HARVEY JAMES,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Simla, the 29th June, 1894.

No. 385.—Surgeon-Captain J. F. Evans, M.B., I.M.S. (Bengal), officiating Chemical Examiner and Professor of Chemistry in the Medical College, Calcutta, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 7th April 1894.

SANITARY.

The 29th June, 1894.

No. 135.—The following Rules for Quarantine against plague which have been made by the Bombay Government in exercise of the power conferred by section 1, Act I of 1870, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, are published for general information.

The Rules have effect from the 15th June 1894, as a temporary measure, in the ports of Aden, Perim, and the Somali Coast :

- I.—The Commander of every vessel, including buggalows or other native craft, arriving from Hongkong shall, before entering the harbour, indicate by signal the port from which such vessel has come.
- II.—Such Commander shall not, except as hereinafter provided, allow any communication, either with the pilot boat, except orally, or with the shore, or with any other vessel or boat in the harbour.
- III.—Immediately on any such arrival being signalled, the Health Officer of the Port shall go alongside the vessel and ascertain by enquiry from the Commander whether any person on board is suffering, or has during the voyage suffered, from plague ; and if the Health Officer is satisfied by such enquiry that no person on board is suffering, or during the voyage has suffered, from plague, he shall direct the Commander to take the vessel to the quarantine anchorage duly appointed and notified in that behalf by the Resident, there to remain for a period of seven days from the date of arrival in the harbour. The Health Officer shall also direct the Commander to prohibit during the period for which the vessel remains at the quarantine anchorage as aforesaid all communication, except such as is hereinafter provided for between such vessel and the shore, or other vessels and boats in the harbour.
- IV.—If the Health Officer shall have reason to believe at the time when the vessel arrives in the harbour that any person on board is suffering, or during the voyage has suffered, from plague, he shall direct the Commander to take the vessel to the quarantine anchorage as aforesaid, and there to remain for a period of fifteen days from the day of arrival in the harbour ; and shall further direct that during such fifteen days intercourse between the said vessel and the shore or other vessels and boats in the harbour shall be prohibited as provided in Rule III.
- V.—If during the period a vessel is at the quarantine anchorage aforesaid any case or cases of plague should occur on board, the said vessel shall remain in quarantine for a period of fifteen days from the date of the last case occurring, and be subject to all the prohibitions provided for in Rules III and IV.
- VI.—When any vessel has been placed in quarantine as aforesaid, the Health Officer may direct the removal of so many of the passengers and crew as may not be suffering from illness, and whose services may not be required on board the vessel, to such particular spots as may from time to time be selected by the Resident as places of quarantine, there to remain for a period of seven days, or, if the vessel has been placed in quarantine for fifteen days, for a period of fifteen days. If a case of plague occurs among such passengers and crew during any such period, they shall remain in a place of quarantine for a period of fifteen days from the date of the occurrence of the last case of such illness.
- VII.—Any mails or cargo which may be brought by any vessel so arriving shall be landed under such precautions as the Health Officer may deem necessary to prevent the spread of the disease.
- VIII.—It will be the duty of the Port Officer to facilitate the conveyance to all vessels in quarantine of such supplies of provisions, stores, and other articles as may be required by those on board. Such supplies will be placed on the boats of the vessels in quarantine to be subsequently removed by members of their crews.
- IX.—All vessels arriving at Aden, Perim, and the Somali Coast which may have communicated with vessels coming from Hongkong shall be subjected to the same quarantine as vessels arriving at Aden, Perim, and the Somali Coast from Hongkong.

JUDICIAL.

The 26th June, 1894.

No. 692.—The Honourable Mr. Justice Rampini, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 12th August 1894.

POLICE.

The 28th June, 1894.

No. 352.—The services of Lieutenant G. L. S. Ward, 44th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam for employment as Officiating Commandant of the Naga Hills Military Police Battalion.

J. P. HEWETT,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

HORSE-BREEDING AND AGRICULTURAL STOCK.

Simla, the 27th June, 1894.

No. 1644—117.—The services of Veterinary Major G. J. R. Rayment, F.R.C.V.S., Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 28th June 1894.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 25th June, 1894.

No. 2115-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Thomas Fulton Bourdillon to be a Justice of the Peace within the State of Travancore.

The 27th June, 1894.

No. 1037-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. W. Davidson as Consular Agent for the United States of America at Moulmein.

No. 2156-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions of the Prisons Act (IX of 1894) to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, subject to the following modifications:

- (1) Sub-sections (2) and (4) of section 1, the proviso to section 6, the words "or a prison situated in a Presidency-town" in sub-section (2) of section 11, and the words "The Governor-General in Council may for any part of British India, and" in section 59, shall be omitted.

- (2) For the words "a Local Government," and "the Local Government" wherever they occur, and the words "each Local Government" in section 59, the words "the Resident at Hyderabad" shall be substituted.

- (3) For the words "the Inspector-General of Prisons" in section 3 (7), the words "the Inspector-General of Jails, Hyderabad Assigned Districts," shall be substituted.

- (4) For the words "British India" in the preamble and in section 59, clause (8), the words "territories under such Government" in sections 4 and 5, the words "the territories subject to each Local Government" in section 5, and the words "the territories under its administration" in section 59, the words "the Hyderabad Assigned Districts" shall be substituted.

2. So much of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2112-J., dated the 24th October, 1873, as applied the Prisons Act (XXVI of 1870) to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts is hereby cancelled.

The 28th June, 1894.

No. 1043-G.—Mr. A. C. Hankin, Assistant in Central India to the General-Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thagi and Dakaiti, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 19th July, 1894.

No. 1045-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. H. Scott as Consular Agent for the United States of America at Madras.

No. 1048-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Edward Mosle as Acting Vice-Consul for Sweden and Norway at Moulmein during the absence of Mr. J. H. Kruger.

No. 1051-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. H. J. Shaw as Acting Consular Agent for Italy at Akyab during the absence of Mr. G. W. White.

No. 1054-G.—Lieutenant H. T. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, is posted as Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent in Rajputana.

No. 2164-1.—In exercise of the power conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3478-1., dated the 9th September, 1892, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the following sessions case pending before the First Assistant to the Resident at Hyderabad, by virtue of his jurisdiction over the Hyderabad Residency Bazaars, to the Civil and Sessions Judge of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts:

Sessions Case { Empress (on the complaint of
C. Durant),
versus
B. Venkatram Iyengar.

No. 2168-1.—In exercise of the authority given by section 135 of the Indian Railways Act (IX of 1890) as extended by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 910-E., dated the 2nd May, 1890, to that part of the Sind-Pishin section of the North-Western Railway which lies within the territories administered by the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan as such Agent, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the provisions of the notifications of the Government of India in the Public Works Department, No. 270, dated the 12th June, 1890 (in the *Gazette of India* for 1890, Part I, page 438), and No. 136, dated the 5th April, 1893 (in the *Gazette of India* for 1893, Part I, page 190), declaring railway administrations in British India to be liable to pay certain taxes in aid of the funds of local authorities, shall apply, and shall be deemed to have applied (save as regards any tax actually paid or accrued due before the date of this notification), with effect from the dates which they bear respectively to the railway administration of the said section of the North-Western Railway.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 25th June, 1894.

No. 3167-P.—The services of Mr. J. C. E. Branson, Deputy Accountant General, Bombay, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with effect from the expiration of the privilege leave granted in Notification No. 3041-P., dated 15th June 1894.

The 26th June, 1894.

No. 3204-P.—The following promotions of officers of the Account Department during the month of May 1894 are notified:

With effect from 1st May 1894,—

Mr. F. D. Gordon to officiate in Class V of the Enrolled List.

With effect from 3rd and up to 8th May 1894,—

Mr. D. J. Burbridge to officiate in Class III of the Enrolled List.

With effect from 10th May 1894,—

Mr. F. J. Atkinson to officiate in Class II;
Mr. A. H. Anthony to officiate in Class III;
Mr. G. C. Ray to officiate in Class IV; and
Mr. U. L. Majumdar to officiate in Class V of the Enrolled List.

With effect from 22nd May 1894,—

Mr. G. E. Manisty to officiate in Class I and
Mr. J. C. E. Branson to officiate in Class II of Accountants General;
Mr. F. C. Harrison to officiate in Class I;
Mr. A. G. Chuckerbutty to officiate in Class II;
Mr. G. D. Pudumjee to officiate in Class III;
Mr. M. A. N. A. Hydari to officiate in Class IV; and
Mr. L. J. W. Worgan to officiate in Class V of the Enrolled List.

No. 3183-Ex.

The 26th June, 1894.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

Read—

Resolution in this Department, No. 661-P., dated the 6th February 1894, regarding the grant of exchange compensation allowance to officers of Government in Foreign Service.

The Governor General in Council directs that paragraph 3 of the Resolution read in the preamble, ruling that exchange compensation allowance to an officer in Foreign Service of the first kind should be calculated on assumed pay, and in other cases on the actual sanctioned salary of the officer, be cancelled.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this Resolution be communicated to the several (Original papers returned to the Public Works Departments of the Government of India; to all Local Governments and Administrations; to all Heads of Departments subordinate to the Finance Department; to the Comptroller and Auditor General; and to all Accountants General and Comptrollers.

Ordered also, that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

STEPHEN JACOB,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 29th June, 1894.

APPOINTMENTS.

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

No. 625.—5th Infantry—

Second-Lieutenant C. R. Harbord, officiating wing officer, 2nd Infantry, to be wing officer, *vice* Lieutenant M. F. A. Sexton, deceased, with effect from the 29th May 1894.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 626.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 234 of 1894, it is notified that the tenure of the appointment of Surgeon-Colonel W. P. Warburton, M.D., in the administrative grade of the Indian Medical Service, Bengal, will reckon from the 17th January 1894.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 627.—The Viceroy and Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's personal staff, with effect from the 20th April 1894:

To be Honorary Surgeon.

Surgeon-Colonel E. C. Markey, C.B., Army Medical Staff.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 628.—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenants—

John Shaw Kemball, Lincolnshire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 27th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—7th October 1892.

Leslie Cockburn Jones, Bedfordshire Regiment, officiating squadron officer, 7th Bengal Cavalry,—7th January 1893.

No. 629.—Lieutenant Edward Cottingham Creagh, South Staffordshire Regiment, wing officer, 4th Punjab Infantry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 15th October 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 630.—The undermentioned military pupils, having passed their final examination, are admitted into the service as third class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 4th June 1894:

Herbert Edward Benson.

William Warnett Turner.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 631.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Major J. M. T. Badgley, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, 2nd grade, Military Works Department, for three months. Pension service—21st year commenced 3rd October 1893.

Captain C. H. Powell, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander, 2nd Battalion, 1st Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment, for one year. Pension service—17th year commenced 25th June 1894.

No. 632.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:

Lieutenant the Hon'ble A. F. Napier, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer, 12th Bengal Cavalry, for one year. Pension service—8th year commenced 8th December 1893.

No. 633.—Veterinary-Lieutenant H. T. Pease, Civil Veterinary Department (on probation), Assistant to Inspector-General, Civil Veterinary Department in India, is granted leave out of India, (p. a.) for six months, under the leave rules applicable to regimental officers of the British army serving in India, agreeably to article 706, Army Regulations, India, volume I, part I.

No. 634.—The undermentioned officers and warrant officer have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenant-Colonel A. S. Roberts, General List, Infantry, Deputy Commissioner, 1st grade, Punjab, (m. c.) for three months.

Captain A. G. Peyton, Indian Staff Corps, squadron commander, 9th Bengal Lancers, (p. a.) for seven days.

Lieutenant C. T. W. Forth, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 30th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, (p. a.) for one month.

Lieutenant G. S. Worsley, Royal Artillery, subaltern, No. 3 Field Battery, Hyderabad Contingent, (m. c.) for three months.

Lieutenant J. L. W. French-Mullen, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer, 13th (The Duke of Connaught's) Regiment of Bengal Lancers, (m. c.) for three months.

Conductor A. W. Shepherd, Ordnance Department, chief clerk, office of the Inspector-General of Ordnance, Eastern Circle, Bengal, (m. c.) for four months.

No. 635.—Colonel T. A. Scott, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 1st class, Central Provinces, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to reside out of India on vacating civil employ on 20th August 1894, under article 756 (b), Army Regulations, India, volume I, part I.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 636.—The following extracts are published for general information :

"London Gazette," dated the 1st June 1894, page 3192.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 1st June, 1894.

.....
Unattached List.—The undermentioned officers to be Second-Lieutenants with a view to their appointment to the Indian Staff Corps. Dated 2nd June 1894 :

Lieutenant William Desmond Villiers-Stuart, from 4th Battalion, the Durham Light Infantry.

Lieutenant Francis Adams, from 3rd Battalion, the Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment).

Second-Lieutenant Harry Edward Spiller Cordeaux (University Candidate), from 1st Volunteer Battalion, the Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment).

"London Gazette," dated the 5th June 1894, pages 3256 and 3257.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 5th June, 1894.

MEMORANDA.

.....
 The officer of the Bengal establishment granted the honorary rank of Captain in the Gazette of 27th February 1894 should have been described as *Deputy Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Jameson*.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

General Sir Charles Henry Brownlow, G.C.B., is transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 1st April 1894.

Lieutenant-General John James Hood Gordon, C.B., to be General. Dated 1st April 1894.

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Generals to be Generals on the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 1st April 1894 :

William Gordon, C.I.E.

Charles Lyons-Montgomery.

Edmond Frederick Waterman.

Frederick Schneider.

Charles Hight.

George Pringle.

Richard Harte Keatinge, V.C., C.S.I.

Sir John Doran, K.C.B.

Hugh Rose.

John Gray Touch.

Charles Thompson.

Alexander Carnegie, C.B.

William Robert Houghton.

Lewis William Buck.

Augustus Becher Marsack.

Charles Scott Elliot.

Harry Cortlandt Anderson.

Herbert Henderson James.

John Alexander Mathew Macdonald, C.B.

Arthur Drury.

George Scougall Macbean, C.B.

William George Mainwaring, C.I.E.

William Anthony Gib, C.B.

George William Fraser.

Hungerford Meyer Boddam.

William Chase Parr.

Sir Charles Cooper Johnson, K.C.B.

George Crommelin Hankin, C.B.

Abraham Charles Bunbury.

Francis Dawson, C.B.

George Forbes Hogg, C.B.

Frederick Roome, C.B.

Thomas Gilbert Kennedy, C.B.

Howard Codrington Dowker, C.B.

Mangles James Brander.

James Michael, C.S.I.

Andrew Robert Clephane.

Charles Henry Hall.

Edward Owen Leggatt.

Richard Alexander Moore.

Charles Edward Bates.

John Miles.

William Charles Robert Mylne.

John Wood Rideout.

Walter Theodore Chitty.

Thomas Mowbray Baumgartner.

James Kempt Couper.

William James Pratt Barlow.

Reginald Quintin Mainwaring.

Augustus Kirkwood Comber.

Frederick Cortlandt Anderson.

Montgomery Hunter.

Edward Dandridge.

Sir Thomas Edward Gordon, K.C.I.E., C.B., C.S.I.

William Bannerman, C.B.

Thomas Spence Hawks.

Isaac Forsyth MacAndrew.

Major-General William Henry Whitlock to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 1st April 1894.

Colonel George Robertson Hennessy, C.B., to be Major-General. Dated 1st April 1894.

Colonel Henry W. Gordon is transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 21st May 1894.

INDIAN ARMY.

Lieutenant-General Sir Charles John Stanley Gough, K.C.B., V.C., Bengal Cavalry, to be General. Dated 1st April 1894.

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Generals to be Generals on the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 1st April, 1894:

James Gathorne Cookson, Madras Cavalry.

Patrick George Scot, Bengal Infantry (since deceased).

Henry Alexander Cockburn, Bengal Infantry.

William Martin Cafe, V.C., Bengal Infantry.

John March Earle, Bengal Infantry.

Edward Samuel Jackson, Bengal Infantry.

George Smart, Madras Infantry.

James Cadogan Parkinson Baillie, Bengal Infantry.

Horace Albert Browne, Bengal Infantry.

William Butler Butler-Shawe, Bengal Infantry.

Charles Renny Blair, Bombay Infantry.

William Fraser Stephens, Bengal Cavalry.

James Blair, V.C., C.B., Bombay Cavalry.

Mowbray Thomson, Bengal Infantry.

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Generals are transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 1st April 1894:

Stanley de Burgh Edwardes, C.B., Bombay Infantry.

John Mackie Stewart, Bengal Infantry.

The undermentioned Major-Generals to be Lieutenant-Generals. Dated 1st April 1894:

Sir William Stephen Alexander Lockhart, K.C.B., C.S.I., Bengal Infantry (Supernumerary).

Albert Joseph Howes, Madras Infantry.

Frederick Dormer Plowden, Madras Infantry.

The undermentioned Colonels to be Major-Generals. Dated 1st April 1894:

Charles Donald Macleod, Bombay Infantry.

Henry St. George Tucker, C.B., Bengal Infantry.

Sir James Johnstone, K.C.S.I., Bengal Infantry.

William Astell Franks, Bengal Infantry.

Horace Kendal Bushe, Bombay Infantry.

William Edward Delves Broughton, Bengal Infantry.

Frank Beeching, Madras Infantry.

William Howey, Bengal Infantry.

David Robertson, Bengal Infantry.

James May, C.B., Bengal Infantry.

The undermentioned Major-Generals are transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 1st April 1894:

C. D. Macleod, Bombay Infantry.

H. St. G. Tucker, C.B., Bengal Infantry.

Sir J. Johnstone, K.C.S.I., Bengal Infantry.

W. A. Franks, Bengal Infantry.

H. K. Bushe, Bombay Infantry.

W. E. D. Broughton, Bengal Infantry.

F. Beeching, Madras Infantry.

W. Howey, Bengal Infantry.

* * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

No. 637.—The following promotion is made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

To be Major.

Captain Charles John Lewis Stuart,—27th June 1894.

COLONEL'S ALLOWANCE.

No. 638.—The undermentioned officers of the Indian Staff Corps are admitted to the colonel's allowance, with effect from the 26th June 1894:

Colonel Joseph Barnard Smith.

Colonel Theophilus Higginson.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 639.—In accordance with the Royal Warrant dated 12th March 1894, the undermentioned senior Assistant Surgeons are granted (subject to Her Majesty's approval) honorary rank, with effect from the 12th March 1894, but to rank for purposes of precedence and other advantages attaching to their honorary military rank from the dates given below:

As Honorary Surgeon-Majors.

Thomas Henry Hill,—10th March 1892.

James Forsyth,—12th October 1893.

As Honorary Surgeon-Captains.

Henry Charles Hodgkins,—28th May 1886.

Charles Cordell,—28th May 1886.

William Wade,—18th June 1889.

John Hamilton,—29th August 1891.

Henry James Miller,—3rd September 1891.

John Fitzpatrick,—4th September 1891.

William Marcus Mitchell,—1st September 1892.

Richard Francis Knight,—31st August 1893.

George Alexander Hottinger,—12th March 1894.

Robert Johnson,—12th March 1894.

Joseph Holmes,—12th March 1894.

James Barker,—12th March 1894.

Henry Isaac Finnamore,—12th March 1894.

As Honorary Surgeon-Lieutenants.

George Thornhill Leopold,—16th July 1885.
 James McNaught,—27th March 1890.
 Thomas Davis,—16th January 1891.
 Patrick Barrett,—15th July 1891.
 George Henry Campbell,—19th August 1891.
 William Henry Lewty,—5th October 1891.
 Richard Michael Blaker,—8th March 1892.
 Alfred Birthright Eates,—25th July 1892.
 Charles Pierce,—22nd October 1892.
 James Munrowd,—17th December 1892.
 Edward Swainson,—29th August 1893.
 John Reid,—3rd December 1893.
 George Francis Fox,—22nd February 1894.
 Jeremiah Edmund Campbell,—24th February 1894.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 640.—35th (Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Havildar Hazara Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bishn Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st June 1894.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

No. 641.—3rd Sikh Infantry—

Jemadar Farman Ali to be Subadar and Havildar Sher Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Khan Wali, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 10th June 1894.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 642.—Major John George Morris, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 3rd class, Hyderabad, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the 15th May 1894, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

REWARDS.

GOOD CONDUCT MEDALS.

No. 643.—In continuation of G. G. O. No. 395 of 1894, it is notified that the undermentioned sepoy of the Hyderabad Contingent have been granted medals for long service and good conduct, with gratuity, for the year ending 31st March 1895 under the provisions of clause 115, India Army Circulars, 1888:

Medals inscribed "For Long Service and Good Conduct," with gratuity.

No. 1217, Sepoy Yellyah, 3rd Infantry.

No. 1306, Sepoy Kristnyah, 3rd Infantry.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 644.—Behar Light Horse—
 Herbert Edwardes Cox, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Inglis, promoted.

Morrice Macgregor Halliday, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant to complete the establishment.

No. 645.—Surma Valley Light Horse—

Arthur Henry Templer, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 19th May 1893, to complete the establishment.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 646.—Behar Light Horse—

Second-Lieutenant William Arbuthnot Inglis to be Lieutenant, *vice* Crookshank, resigned.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 647.—Behar Light Horse—

Lieutenant R. R. G. Crookshank resigns his commission.

No. 648.—2nd (Cadet) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps—

Second-Lieutenant C. S. Prebble resigns his commission.

No. 649.—Hyderabad Volunteer Rifle Corps—

Second-Lieutenant N. H. Matheson resigns his commission.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 650.—Lieutenant R. H. Macdonald, Royal Engineers, is appointed to the Military Works Department as an Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, supernumerary, with effect from the 29th April 1894, in terms of paragraph 5, clause 16, India Army Circulars, 1890.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 651.—In G. G. O. No. 223 of 1894, with reference to the promotion of Captain S. H. Powell, Royal Engineers, from "attached" to Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, for "15th January 1894" read "16th January 1894." (G. G. O. No. 566 of 1894 is cancelled.)

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 39.—Mr. F. McCulloch, Builder's Foreman, Bombay Dockyard, is appointed Chief Builder, Kidderpore Dockyard (on probation), *vice* Mr. T. G. Bailey, transferred to Bombay.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 40.—Commander R. D. P. Jones, Royal Indian Marine, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the 30th June 1894.

P. J. MAITLAND,

for Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 4th November, 1893.

From the 18th November next, till further notice, the complete *Gazette of India* will be published at Calcutta. After the 11th November all Notifications and other matter intended for publication in the *Gazette* should be addressed to the Publisher, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

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Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

Attention is invited to the Circular Memo. of the Government of India, Home Department, of February 1870, directing that all Notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Publisher's Office not later than 2 P.M. on Friday afternoon, and that matter sent after that hour must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure its appearance in the next day's *Gazette*.

Matter intended for publication in the Supplement should reach the Press not later than Thursday.

WM. ROSS,

Publisher, Gazette of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

PATENTS.

Calcutta, the 4th January, 1894.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 26 P.—Applications in respect of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, during the week ending 30th December 1893, under the provisions of Act V of 1888, in the Office of the Secretary appointed under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888:—

No. 370 of 1893.—Illius Augustus Timmis, of 2, Great George Street, Westminster, in the County of Middlesex, in England, Civil Engineer, for improvements in staff apparatus for the working of a single line railway.

No. 371 of 1893.—Montague H. C. Shann, Engineer, of 173, Wicklam Terrace, Brisbane, in the Colony of Queensland, Australia, for improvements in self-contained water-tube boilers.

No. 372 of 1893.—George Lamb Scott, of 18, Nelson Street, Manchester, in the County of Lancaster, England, Engineer; Charles Henry Nevill, of Bramhall Hall, Cheshire, England, Calico Printer; and Samuel Jones Redfern, of The Meadows Urms-ton, near Manchester, aforesaid, Print Buyer; for improvements in wheels and axles for vehicles.

No. 373 of 1893.—Godfrey Jullien Robinson, of Great Norbury Street, Hyde, in the County of Chester, England, Commercial Agent; Alfred Victor Ainsworth, of Great Norbury Street, Hyde, aforesaid, Commercial Traveller; Albert Arthur Ainsworth, of Exchange Buildings, Hyde, Commission Agent; John Harry Ainsworth, of Great Norbury Street, Hyde, aforesaid, Tailor; and John Hilton, of Curzon Street, Oldham, in the County of Lancaster, England, Clothier; for improvements in the frames of school slates.

No. 374 of 1893.—Walter Ernest Chick, Engineer, of 23, Park Street, Calcutta, for an automatic lubricated punkha-wheel.

No. 375 of 1893.—John Hancock, of the town of Lucknow, for facilitating the deposit of indigo fecula by mode of propulsion.

No. 27 P.—A specification of the under-mentioned invention has been filed, under the provisions of Act V of 1888, in the Office of the Secretary appointed under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888. Copies have been sent to the Governments of Fort St. George and Bombay, the Chief Commissioner of Burma, and the Director, Department of Land Records and Agriculture, North-Western Provinces

and Oudh. A copy of every specification is open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., at the Office of the Secretary appointed under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, in the Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Government Place, West, Calcutta upon payment of a fee of one Rupee. A certified copy of any specification will be given to any person requiring the same on payment of the expense of copying :—

No. 139 of 1893.—Alan Wood Rendell, Locomotive Superintendent, East Indian Railway, Jamalpur, and William Watters, Foreman, East Indian Railway, Jamalpur for improvements in the form of lamps for the use of mineral and other oils, and dispensing with the use of chimneys. (Filed 16th December 1893.)

No. 28 P.—The fee prescribed in Schedule 4 of Act V of 1888 has been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege during the period 8th November 1893 to 7th November 1894 in respect of the under-mentioned invention :—

No. 37 of 1888.—Thomas Toussaint Watson, Jabalpur, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Great Indian Peninsula Railway, for pulling punkhas by machine to be driven by water, or steam power, compressed air, electricity, vacuum or other motive power.

No. 29 P.—Whereas the inventors of the under-mentioned inventions have respectively failed to pay within the time limited in that behalf by the fourth schedule to the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) [or within the further time allowed under section 8, sub-section (4) of the said Act] the fee hereinafter mentioned, it is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 8, sub-section (2) of the said Act, the exclusive privilege of making, selling and using the said inventions in British India and of authorising others so to do has ceased :—

No. 155 of 1889.—Mr. G. F. Strawson's invention for a pneumatic machine for distributing seeds, manures and other solid or liquid substances over land under cultivation. (Specification filed 25th September 1889.)

No. 158 of 1889.—Messrs. H. Deveril and W. Gallagher's invention for improvement in photographic negatives and sensitised plates for use in photo-illustrative processes (Specification filed 26th September 1889.)

Fee in respect of the continuance of an exclusive privilege—

(a) After the filing of the specification and before the expiration of the fourth year from the date of the filing thereof—

The sum of Rs 50 for each of the said inventions.

NOTICES.

Applications and all communications relating to the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, should be placed under cover addressed "Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department (PATENTS BRANCH), CALCUTTA."

The Office of the Secretary under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, is open for the transaction of business on all days (except Sundays and Gazetted Holidays) from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Applications for the registration of Trade Marks as "Designs" under Part II of the "Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888)" are frequently received in the Office of the Secretary appointed under the said Act. It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of India are advised that Trade Marks are not "Designs" within the meaning of the said Act, and, therefore, are not capable of such registration.

G. W. FORREST,

*Secy. under the Inventions and
Designs Act, 1888.*

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enforced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th December, 1893.

PARTICULARS.	2½ PER CENT. TRANSFER LOAN OF 1853-54.	4 PER CENT. LOANS						4½ PER CENT. LOANS			TRANSFER LOAN OF 1879 SEVEN SHILLINGS PER CENT. PORTION.	5 PER CENT. LOAN OF 1850-51.	3½ PER CENT. LOAN OF 1850-51.	GRAND TOTAL.
		Of 1830-33.	Of 1835-38.	Of 1840-43.	Of 1850-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	TOTAL.	Of 1878.	Transfer Loan of 1879 4½ per cent. PORTION.				
Balance of 30th November, 1893	50,100	10,85,013	20,12,200	3,05,89,300	16,47,40,900	3,50,29,700	1,79,66,100	25,14,23,213	36,000	1,04,700	1,36,800	31,200	5,68,000	25,38,63,613
Add—														
Amount of 4¼ Notes transferred to 7¼ in London	...	...	...	...	...	6,300	...	6,300	...	...	...	...	...	6,300
Amount of 7¼ Stock transferred to London	...	...	...	...	...	42,500	...	42,500	...	...	...	...	...	42,500
Amount of transferred to in London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enforced at Madras between 1st and 15th December, 1893	...	...	...	...	2,200	...	...	2,200	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enforced at Bombay between 1st and 15th December, 1893	...	...	...	88,000	23,000	87,000	9,000	2,07,000	...	...	...	...	2,000	2,09,000
Amount enforced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th December, 1893	...	...	...	28,100	1,25,000	65,900	1,000	2,20,000	...	...	...	...	2,25,000	4,45,000
Deduct—														
Amount written off in the London Registers	50,100	10,85,013	20,12,200	3,07,05,400	16,48,91,100	3,52,31,400	1,79,76,100	25,19,01,213	36,000	1,04,700	1,36,800	31,200	7,95,000	25,45,68,613
Balance on 15th December, 1893	...	...	8,800	4,20,500	10,67,900	4,45,300	2,000	19,44,500	...	2,000	...	...	25,000	24,70,800
	50,100	10,85,013	20,03,400	3,02,84,900	16,38,23,200	3,47,86,100	1,79,74,100	24,99,56,713	36,000	1,02,700	1,36,800	31,200	7,70,000	25,20,97,813

NOTE.—From 9th June, 1891, to 15th Oct. 1893, enforced from India 8,261 lakhs; re-transferred from London 7,165 lakhs.

10th Oct. 1893, " 31st "	31
1st Nov. " " 15th Nov. "	25
16th " " " 30th "	13
1st Dec. " " 15th Dec. "	7
Total	8,437 lakhs.
Balance against India	1,166 lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, 28th December, 1893.

W. D. CRUICKSHANK,
Secretary and Treasurer.

